

City of White Salmon Recommendation to Planning Commission

Cherry Hill Estates Preliminary Plat WS-SUB-2024.001 and WS-SEPA-2024.001 Applicants: Alex Pedroza of HRK Engineering & Field Services, representing Cherry Hill NW, LLC and Cameron Curtis of Legacy Development Group

STAFF RECOMMENDATION Amended December 5, 2024

PROPOSAL

Alex Pedroza of HRK Engineering & Field Services, representing Cherry Hill NW, LLC and Cameron Curtis of Legacy Development Group filed a preliminary plat for purposes of subdividing 35-single family residential lots (Exhibit A). Preliminary plat applications are processed as a Type III applications with recommendations to Planning Commission and final approval towards City Council.



LEGAL DESCRIPTION

Parcel Number 03102475000400 LOT 4 SP 91-17 IN NENE 24-3-10, in the County of Klickitat and the State of Washington.

ADDRESS

Not assigned, located off of NW Spring St, between NW Cherry Hill Rd and Champion Ln in WHITE SALMON, WASHINGTON 98672

ACREAGE OF LOT

7.93 acres

SURROUNDING USES AND ZONING

The subject property is zoned Single-Family Residential (R-1).

- North Three parcels, a single family residence (03102411001200), City of White Salmon zoned R-1, a single family residence (03102417000400), Klickitat County zoned suburban residential, a funeral home/professional service (03111922000200), Klickitat County zoned General Commercial.
- *South* One parcel, a single-family residence (03102474000100), City of White Salmon zoned R-2.
- *East* Three parcels, one vacant (03102475000400), and two single family residences, City of White Salmon zoned R-1.
- West Six parcels, containing five single family residences and the public works operations facility (03102411000900), City of White Salmon zoned R-1 and PU Public, respectively.

PROJECT TIMELINE

- September 12, 2023 Application Received
- October 9, 2023 Request for additional information
- November 8, 2023 Response received
- November 21, 2023 Request for additional information
- December 4, 2023 Response received
- January 25, 2024 Notice of Application
- March 4, 2024 1st Consistency Review
- May 13, 2024 Response provided
- June 14, 2024 2nd Consistency Review
- July 26, 2024 Response provided
- September 25, 2024 Recommendation to Planning Commission
- December 5, 2024 Revised Recommendation to Planning Commission

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EXHIBITS

- 1. Preliminary Subdivision Application & Ownership Consent Affidavits
- 2. Preliminary Plat
- **3.** Site and Civil Plans
- **4.** Title Report
- 5. Easement Contact Information
- 6. SEPA Review and Determination
 - a. SEPA Checklist (11/28/2023)
 - b. SEPA Determination (9/6/2024)
- 7. Arborist Report (Braun Arboriculture 11/23/23)
- 8. Traffic Study
 - a. Traffic Impact Analysis (DKS, 7/22/24)
 - b. Traffic Impact Analysis Review (Gray & Osborne, Inc. 8/16/24)
- 9. Geotechnical Report (Earth Engineers Inc, 11/15/2021)
- 10. Notices
 - a. Notice of Application & SEPA Public Comment Period 1/25/24
 - b. Public Comments, including Ecology SEPA Comment, Klickitat County SEPA Comment and General comments
 - c. Notice of Public Hearing (9/9/24)
- **11.** Soil Sampling Results (March 25, 2024)
- **12.** Example CC&Rs
- **13.** City Comments
 - a. Notice of Incomplete Application 10/8/2023
 - b. Notice of Incomplete Application #2 11/21/2023
 - c. 1^{st} Consistency Review -3/4/24
 - d. 2nd Consistency Review 6/14/24
- 14. Memo the Chair Hohensee, including Public Works Letter Regarding NW Spring St 10/16/24

- **15.** Response letter from Applicant Traffic Engineer, DKS 11/2/2024
- 16. Memo to Chair Hohensee 12/5/2024
- G&O Public Right-of-Way Access Guidelines (PROWAG) walking surface requirements e-mail correspondence – 12/3/2024

PRELIMINARY REVIEW FACTS AND FINDINGS

SITE DESCRIPTION

The project site is approximately 7.93 acres on parcel 03102475000400 (unaddressed), a vacant piece of property mostly consisting of grassed areas with trees along the perimeter. Steep slope critical areas exist along the southwest boundary of the site.

WHITE SALMON MUNICIPAL CODE (WSMC)

TITLE 17 - ZONING

Chapter 17.24 R-1 Single-Family Residential District

WSMC 17.24.040 – Density provisions.

C. Minimum area of lot: three thousand square feet for each single-family structure.

FINDING – The proposed lots meet the minimum density requirements of three thousand square feet for each single-family structure. Development standards are subject to permit review procedures provided in WSMC Chapter 17.24.035 – Property development standards and 17.24.010 – Principal uses permitted outright.

TITLE 16 - LAND DIVISIONS

WSMC Chapter 16.15 Preliminary Procedures

WSMC 16.15.030 – Site Evaluation for Critical Areas

A. Prior to preparation of preliminary plans for a proposed subdivision and prior to site disturbing activities, the applicant shall meet with the administrator to assess whether the proposed development site includes one or more critical areas such as a wetland, waterbody, sensitive habitat area or geological hazard area as identified, classified and protected by city ordinance. The Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) shall be notified of all applications to divide land within the city limits prior to determination of completeness. A joint visit to the site may be necessary. If the administrator determines that a critical area is present or likely to be impacted by a proposed development, the applicant shall first complete a critical areas application, review and report, with appropriate protective measures identified, prior to preparation of preliminary development plans. The intent of this section is to minimize design conflicts, unnecessary costs and misunderstandings that could arise later, so that the applicant will be able to proceed with greater certainty about the physical limitations of a particular site.

FINDING – City staff reviewed WDFW's Priority Habitat Species (PHS) map to determine whether species mapped on site have a primary association with the site and result in management

recommendations via a Habitat Management Plan (WSMC 18.10.300). Post-review, no mapped priority habitats with a primary association to the site were observed. As a result, this parcel does not require a Habitat Management Plan for mapped PHS.

FINDING – As commented on by multiple members of the public, wildlife do utilize this area. So, a condition will be added to address WSMC 18.10.314 regarding fence standards.

CONDITION OF APPROVAL: Fence standards for black and mule tailed deer mapped habitat (per WDFW Priority Habitat Species Map) must be adhered under building permit review, per WSMC 18.10.314.

FINDING – Upon further review of site critical area constraints, a regulated steep slope exists along the southwestern boundary of the site, as mapped on sheet 2 of Exhibit 3. Per review of the project geotechnical report (Exhibit 9), the access easement does not impact this critical area or its proposed buffer.

WSMC 16.15.050 – Expiration of approval – Forfeiture of fees.

B. Preliminary plat approval shall be effective for five years from date of approval by the city, or such longer period as required by state law. If, during this period, a final plat is not filed with the administrator, the preliminary plat shall be null and void. Fees paid to the city clerk shall be forfeited.

FINDING – Staff finds that the Applicant shall file the final plat within five years of preliminary plat approval or the plat shall be null and void.

CONDITION OF APPROVAL: This preliminary short plat approval, should it be recommended by Planning Commission, will be valid five years from the date of City Council approval. All associated conditions of approval must be met prior to submittal of the final plat.

WSMC 16.45 Design Standards

WSMC 16.45.010 - General standards.

All roads, bridges, drains, culverts, sidewalks, curbs, storm sewers, fire protection systems, and related structures or devices shall be constructed in accordance with standards currently in effect at the time of construction. These standards shall be those contained in this article or those promulgated by the council or may be other than a city standard if accepted by the city engineer.

FINDING: Applicant shall follow standards as specified by the 2022 Construction Standard Specifications and Standard Plans for roads, drains, sidewalks, curbs, storm sewers.

CONDITION OF APPROVAL: Prior to final plat, Applicant shall demonstrate proposed streets meet the 2022 Construction Standard Specifications and Standard Plans.

FINDING: Applicant shall follow standards and fire protection systems as prescribed under WSMC 15.04.010 referencing WAC 51-54 International Fire Code (2021 edition) for hydrant placement.

CONDITION OF APPROVAL: Prior to final plat and as part of general public improvements, Applicant shall install fire hydrant(s) per WSMC 15.04.010 within the City. Hydrant(s) shall meet City standards and Applicant to verify sufficient water flow is available.

FINDING: Development plans under construction permitting will be reviewed for consistency with grading (WSMC 13.01.050) and temporary erosion control standards (WSMC 13.01.060).

CONDITION OF APPROVAL: Prior to commencing construction or grading, the Applicant shall provide the City with plans for grading, recontouring, and temporary erosion control that meet City standards and receive approval for such plans prior to grading or recontouring work.

WSMC 16.45.030 - Access

A. All subdivisions shall be served by one or more public roads providing ingress and egress to and from the subdivision at not less than two points, unless approved otherwise by the planning commission.

FINDING – Staff finds subject parcel has one formal access along NW Spring Street. Per the 3rd Party Traffic Review letter provided by Gray and Osborne (Exhibit 8b), no more than 30 residential structures can have one access per the International Fire Code.

CONDITION OF APPROVAL - Prior to building permit issuance for greater than 30 lots, improved right-of-way access via the Four Oaks Planned Unit Development (PUD) to the east must be approved by Public Works.

B. Road networks shall provide ready access for fire and other emergency vehicles and equipment, and routes of escape for inhabitants.

FINDING – Emergency vehicle turnarounds may be necessary, should the Four Oaks PUD access roads not be fully constructed.

CONDITION OF APPROVAL – Prior to final plat, provide proof that ingress-egress access via the Four Oaks Planned Unit Development (PUD) to the east is approved by Public Works. If not, construct a temporary hammerhead turnaround on-site or show evidence of agreement from neighboring property owner allowing temporary access on an improved surface for emergency vehicle turnaround or egress. Any interim agreements for access shall be indicated on the final plat map and recorded with Klickitat County.

WSMC 16.45.100 - Water, Sewer, utilities and drainage

A. Water and Sanitary Sewer Systems. Where a public water supply is the source of water, a potable water connection shall be provided for each lot within a subdivision by the subdivider. Where a public sanitary sewer is installed, a connection shall be provided for each lot within a subdivision by the subdivider. All facilities and devices of water supply and sanitary sewer systems shall meet the standards of the Southwest Washington Health District and any local or state regulations.

FINDING –The City Public Works Director, Andrew Dirks reviewed the application and found that public facilities serving the subject parcel appear adequate to serve the proposed lots. Public sewer and water are available to the proposed lots on the plat once the Four Oaks PUD is constructed. Water will be provided through the neighboring Four Oaks PUD via the City's North Main Booster Pump Station. Sewer will connect via the neighboring Four Oaks PUD via their connection to North Main Ave.

FINDING – Local standards for water and sanitary sewer include 2022 Public Works Standards and 2023 Construction Standard Specifications and Standard Plans.

CONDITION OF APPROVAL – Prior to final plat water and sewer lines must either be constructed or bonded for and must connect to constructed lines provided via the Four Oaks PUD. Utility lines, along with proposed hook-ups, shall be indicated on the stamped civil site plan meeting 2022 Public Works Standards and 2023 Construction Standard Specifications and Standard Plans.

CONDITION OF APPROVAL – All public utility mains serving residences shall be located in existing or proposed right of way to be dedicated to the City upon final plat.

CONDITION OF APPROVAL - Prior to issuance of future building permits, all residences shall be connected to public water and sewer utilities. Sewer and water connections and associated requirements shall be reviewed at the time of development or when building permits applications are received.

B. Utility Easement. Easement for electric, telephone, water, gas and similar utilities shall be of sufficient width to assure maintenance and to permit future utility installations.

FINDING - Staff finds that per the submitted preliminary plat, storm, water and sewer utilities proposed will be located in the right of way to be dedicated to the City. Underground power is also proposed. A five foot front yard easement exists within each of the residential lots. A 5-foot utility easement also exists on the east side of the access road running from Spring Street the project.

CONDITION OF APPROVAL – Prior to final plat the applicant must name which utilities will be utilizing the 5-foot utility easements and written confirmation from the appropriate utility district that this easement is sufficient width for maintenance purposes.

FINDING - The existing 30-foot City of White Salmon Waterline easement containing the existing 14" steel transmission main waterline must be relocated to accommodate the lot configuration proposed.

FINDING - The proposed 30-foot City of White Salmon Waterline easement containing a re-routed 14" steel transmission main waterline encumbers lots 1, 2, 10, and 11 of the proposed plat.

CONDITION OF APPROVAL – Prior to final plat the applicant must provide a new waterline utility easement agreement listing lots 1, 2, 10 11 to the City and request to vacate the existing water line easement for the transmission main.

CONDITION OF APPROVAL - No structures may be built on any existing or future easements.

C. Underground Utility Installations. In areas designated by the public utility district, underground utility installation is required.

FINDING - Staff finds the Applicants are subject to the above stated standards regarding underground utilities for future development. All new proposed utilities shall be underground.

CONDITION OF APPROVAL – Prior to final plat, the applicant shall provide written direction from Klickitat PUD whether existing power poles located on-site must be underground. **CONDITION OF APPROVAL** – All new utilities must be underground.

D. Drainage and Storm Sewer Easements. Easements for drainage channels and ways shall be of sufficient width to assure that the same may be maintained and improved. Easements for storm sewers shall be provided and shall be of sufficient width and proper location to permit future installation.

FINDING - Applicants have not provided drainage and storm sewer plans or information about related easements. Consistency with WSMC 13.01.050 will be needed.

CONDITION OF APPROVAL – Prior to final plat, the applicant shall provide stormwater runoff calculations, including a demonstration that Low Impact Development is infeasible per WSMC 13.01.050. Infiltration testing will be required with adequate equipment.

WSMC Chapter 16.60 Plat Standards and Specifications

WSMC 16.60.010 – Preliminary Plat

FINDING – The applicant has provided boundaries of the proposed subdivision, contour lines, layout of proposed streets, utility easements and example restrictive covenants/CC&Rs (Exhibit 11) to be utilized.

CONDITION OF APPROVAL – Prior to final plat, provide the finalized CC&Rs to the City for review prior to recording.

WSMC 16.60.020 - Final Plat

FINDING - The applicant's preliminary plans do still need to meet WSMC Chapter 16.60.020 regarding standards, subdivision map, section reference map, and survey seal.

CONDITION OF APPROVAL – The final plat must meet the standards of WSMC 16.60.020.

TITLE 12 – STREETS, SIDEWALKS, AND PUBLIC PLACES

TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS PLAN – APPLICABILITY

FINDING: Consistent with the City's efforts to construct complete streets (WSMC 12.26.030) and with the adopted Transportation Systems Plan "Lite" (TSP, Ordinance 2023-08-1148, 8/30/23), WSMC 12.02.003 outlines powers of the director to further the public health, safety and welfare within public right-of way. WSMC 12.02.009 – Specifications provides for all other standards, including the application of this TSP for purposes of improved access within the NW Spring St right-of-way to mitigate against traffic impacts from construction of new single-family development, as well as residents themselves when the project is finished.

FINDING: Figure 20 – High Priority Near-Term Projects and Appendix C of the TSP: Project List and Maps, of the Transportation System Plan "Lite", designates Spring St. to be a high priority project for bicycle and pedestrian pathways and a critical east-west corridor that provides connectivity between the two major collectors – Main St. and Estes Avenue - for residents living in the lower density neighborhoods. As such, NW Spring St. is a key nexus of transportation activity.

FINDING: The City has been unsuccessful in its latest application to the Washington Transportation Improvement Board to fully fund and construct full improvements to NW Spring Street, thereby capturing full build from the project site east to Main Street, running along NW Spring St.

FINDING: As verbally commented on by a member of the public during the October 9th, 2024 public hearing, the City has obligations to protect the health, safety and public welfare in its evaluation of proposed subdivisions, per RCW 58.17.110.

FINDING: Per RCW 47.04.300 and the adopted Safe Routes to School network shown on Figure 7 of the TSP and described on page 3-10 of the TSP (Exhibit 12b), staff finds shoulder improvements along NW Spring St, connecting the site to Main Street with a separated and protected paved shoulder, is consistent with RCW 58.17.110(2) for ensuring a proposed subdivision assures safe walking conditions for students to walk to school. A paved, protected shoulder is consistent Public Right-of-Way Access Guidelines (see Exhibit 17) by providing a stable, non-slip surface. If the City receives funding and constructs these SRTS improvements on the north side of NW Spring Street prior to when the applicant breaks ground, the City may elect to waive this requirement.

CONDITION OF APPROVAL: Prior to breaking ground on site improvements, a 4-foot wide protected paved walking path consistent with Public Right-of-Way Access Guidelines for accessible pedestrian access along the north end of Spring Street, separated by an asphalt rolled curb or similar, must be constructed.

Title 18 - ENVIRONMENT

WSMC 18.10 Critical Areas Ordinance

WSMC 18.10.415 Design standards-erosion and landslide hazard areas.

Development within an erosion or landslide hazard area and/or buffer shall be designed to meet the following basic requirements, unless it can be demonstrated that an alternative design that deviates from one or more of these standards provides greater long-term slope stability while meeting all other provisions of this chapter. The requirements for long-term slope stability shall exclude designs that require regular and periodic maintenance to maintain their level of function. The basic development design standards are:

- A. Structures and improvements shall be clustered to avoid landslide and erosion hazard areas.
- B. Structures and improvements shall minimize alterations to the natural contours of the slope, and foundations shall be tiered where possible to conform to existing topography.
- *C.* Structures and improvements shall be located to preserve the most critical portion of the site and its natural landforms and vegetation.
- D. The proposed development shall not result in greater risk or need for increased buffers on neighboring properties.
- *E.* The use of a retaining wall that allows the maintenance of existing natural slopes is preferred over graded artificial slopes
- *F.* Development shall be designed to minimize impervious lot coverage.

FINDING: A regulated steep slope exists along the southwest property boundary abutting the adjacent City Public Works Maintenance Facility. Per the Geotechnical Report (Exhibit 9), site observations indicate the site is stable. Further, the access road has been shifted to avoid cuts or retaining wall into this steep slope or proposed buffer. Further, no cuts are proposed in the steep slope itself that would undermine this critical area. Finally, heritage trees are targeted for retention in this immediate area, thereby acting as a way to retain soils in vicinity. **FINDING:** A critical areas tract (Notice on Title) is required per WSMC 18.10.215 to establish future protections of this steep slope critical area from development. A template notice of tract form is available by request.

CONDITION OF APPROVAL: Prior to building permit issuance, please record a Critical Area Notice on Title. City will review prior to recording.

WSMC 18.40 Special Provisions – Heritage trees

The City aims to enforce tree protection regulations for trees that meet the size threshold criteria for a Heritage tree, as follows:

- A. All heritage trees qualifying for protection provide valuable local habitat and shall be protected as critical areas. The tree protection area shall be equal to ten times the trunk diameter of the tree or the average diameter of the area enclosed within the outer edge of the drip line of the canopy, whichever is greater.
- B. Heritage trees include:
 - 1. Oregon White Oaks with a trunk diameter larger than fourteen inches,
 - 2. All other tree species with a trunk diameter greater than eighteen inches, and
 - 3. Any tree designated as a heritage tree by the city council in accordance with the nomination process detailed below.
 - •••
- *F.* Maintenance and preservation of heritage trees is required.
 - 1. Any owner or applicant shall use reasonable efforts to maintain and preserve all heritage trees located thereon in a state of good health pursuant to the provisions of this chapter. Failure to do so shall constitute a violation of this chapter. Reasonable efforts to protect heritage trees include:
 - a. Avoidance of grading, excavation, demolition or construction activity within the heritage tree protection area where possible. The city shall consider special variances to allow location of structures outside the building setback line of a heritage tree whenever it is reasonable to approve such variance to yard requirements or other set back requirements.
 - ...
 - 4. A heritage tree protection easement (HTPE) shall be required. A HTPE is an easement granted to the city for the protection of a heritage tree protection area. HTPEs shall be required as specified in these rules and shall be recorded on final development permits and all documents of title and with the county recorder at the applicant's expense. The required language is as follows:

"Dedication of a Heritage Tree Protection Easement (HTPE) conveys to the public a beneficial interest in the land within the easement. This interest includes the preservation of existing heritage tree for all purposes that benefit the public health, safety and welfare, including

control of surface water and erosion, maintenance of slope stability, visual and aural buffering, and protection of plant and animal habitat. The HTPE imposes upon all present and future owners and occupiers of land subject to the easement the obligation, enforceable on behalf of the public of the city of White Salmon, to leave undisturbed all heritage trees within the easement. The heritage tree protection area may not be impacted by grading, excavation, demolition or construction without express permission from the city of White Salmon, which permission must be obtained in writing."

FINDING – Staff acknowledges the arborist report, dated November 7th 2023 (Exhibit 7) including an assessment of trees on site.

FINDING - Due to the existing force main gas line along the west property line of the subject site, HTPE's are not required for the trees within this easement named to the El Paso Natural Gas Company (Exhibits 2 and 4).

CONDITION OF APPROVAL: Prior to final plat, Applicant shall retain heritage trees on the final plat map for and show their protective easements (HTPEs) on the face of plat for those encumbering the access road area as it approaches NW Spring St.

TITLE 19 – ADMINISTRATION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS

WSMC 19.10 Land Development Administration Procedures

19.10.150 Notice of Application

A. All public comments on the notice of application must be received in City Hall by five o'clock p.m. on the last day of the comment period. Comments may be mailed, personally delivered or sent by facsimile. Comments should be as specific as possible. Public comments may be provided at any time up to and during the public hearing. However, the city cannot ensure that comments provided after the comment period on the notice of application will be considered and addressed in staff reports on Type III projects. The SEPA threshold determination shall not be issued until after the expiration of the comment period following the notice of application. Regardless of the expiration of the notice of application comment period, any interested party may comment upon the SEPA threshold determination pursuant to applicable SEPA regulations.

FINDING: In the interest of notifying neighbors of land use actions, Staff mailed notifications to nearby property owners within 300-feet of the subject site. Seven (7) comments were provided, raising concerns regarding traffic impacts (Klickitat County and five residents), NW Spring St road and pedestrian quality, as well as soil contaminants (Department of Ecology).

Regarding traffic concerns a Traffic Impact Analysis Report was provided and updated (Exhibit 8a) and reviewed by the City's 3rd Party Traffic Consultant (Exhibit 8b). Recommendations were provided by the City's 3rd Party Traffic Consultant regarding street improvements beyond the amount requested. Exhibit 17 captures written initial agreement by the applicant to provide NW Spring St improvements, a condition that will be reviewed prior to breaking ground to further support Safe Routes to Schools under RCW 47.04.30 and the adopted TSP (see Condition of Approval #2 below and Title 12 Compliance above).

19.10.235 Planning commission review and recommendation (Type III).

- A. The planning commission shall review and make findings, conclusions and issue recommendations on all Type III permit applications.
- B. Staff Report. The administrator shall prepare a staff report on the proposed development or action summarizing the comments and recommendations of city departments, affected agencies and special districts, and evaluating the development's consistency with the city's development code, adopted plans and regulations. If requested by the planning commission, the staff report shall include proposed findings, conclusions and recommendations for disposition of the development application. The staff report shall include and consider all written public comments on the application.
- C. Planning Commission Hearing. The planning commission shall conduct a public hearing on Type III development proposals for the purpose of taking testimony, hearing evidence, considering the facts germane to the proposal, and evaluating the proposal for consistency with the city's development code, adopted plans and regulations. Notice of the planning commission hearing shall be in accordance with Section 19.10.190 of this code.
- D. Required Findings. In addition to the approval criteria listed in this code, the planning commission shall not recommend approval of a proposed development unless it first makes the following findings and conclusions:
 - 1. The development is consistent with the White Salmon comprehensive plan and meets the requirements and intent of the White Salmon Municipal Code;
 - 2. The development is not detrimental to the public health, safety and welfare;
 - 3. The development adequately mitigates impacts identified under Chapters 18.10 (Critical Areas Ordinance) and 18.20 (Environmental Protection/SEPA Review) of this code; and
- 4. For land division applications, findings and conclusions shall be issued in conformance with Sections 19.10.230 review and decision by the designated decision-making body (Type II) and 19.10.235 Planning commission review and recommendation (Type III) of this title, and RCW 58.17.110. E.

Recommendation. In the planning commission's recommendation decision regarding Type III actions, it shall adopt written findings and conclusions. The planning commission's recommendation following closure of an open record public hearing shall include one of the following actions:

- 1. Recommend approval;
- 2. Recommend approval with conditions; or
- 3. Recommend denial.

FINDING: The Planning Commission shall review and make recommendations based on the above criteria.

19.10.240 Procedures for public hearings.

Public hearings shall be conducted in accordance with the hearing body's rules of procedure and shall serve to create or supplement an evidentiary record upon which the body will base its decision. Questions directed to the staff or the applicant shall be posed by the chair at its discretion. In cases where scientific standards and criteria affecting project approval are at issue, the chair shall allow orderly cross-examination of expert witnesses presenting reports and/or scientific data and opinions. The hearing body may address questions to any party who testifies at a public hearing. The chair shall open the public hearing and, in general, observe the following sequence of events:

A. Staff presentation, including submittal of any administrative reports. Members of the hearing body may ask questions of the staff.

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- *B.* Applicant presentation, including submittal of any materials. Members of the hearing body may ask questions of the applicant.
- C. Testimony or comments by the public germane to the matter.
- D. Rebuttal, response or clarifying statements by the staff and the applicant.
- *E.* The evidentiary portion of the public hearing shall be closed and the hearing body shall deliberate on the matter before it.

FINDING: The Planning Commission shall conduct the meeting in accordance with the following procedures.

Comprehensive Plan Alignment

Neighborhoods Policy H-2.1: Establish standards to help protect White Salmon's small-town feel and other aspects of community character.

Finding – The purpose of a preliminary plat is to provide additional housing that will accommodate the growth in housing for the City of White Salmon. Providing housing is critical to the long-term success of the community. Single-family homes are a preferred housing choice as incomes rise and renters start families, making this housing type ideal for the community. This also increases housing stock for the City, potentially allowing additional units to become available at lower price ranges. The R1 zoning allows and encourages the development of single-family housing, as long as development can meet standards set forth in the White Salmon Municipal Code and Comprehensive Plan.

RCW 35A.63.080 Comprehensive Plan —Effect

From the date of approval by the legislative body the comprehensive plan, its parts and modifications thereof, shall serve as a basic source of reference for future legislative and administrative action: PROVIDED, That the comprehensive plan shall not be construed as a regulation of property rights or land uses: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That no procedural irregularity or informality in the consideration, hearing, and development of the comprehensive plan or a part thereof, or any of its elements, shall affect the validity of any zoning ordinance or amendment thereto enacted by the code city after the approval of the comprehensive plan.

Finding – The City Council further endorsed the current R1 zoning classification after the approval of the 2021 Comprehensive Plan. For clarification, White Salmon is a code City. RCW 35A.63.080 is clear in its intent that the Comprehensive Plan or a part thereof, or any of its elements, shall affect the validity of any zoning ordinance or amendment thereto enacted by the City code after the approval of the Comprehensive Plan. Therefore, Staff must base their decision on the applicable City of White Salmon Municipal Codes. However, it is essential to note that the elements of the Comprehensive Plan and their intent are represented clearly in the appropriate zoning and land division ordinance. Both present a clear need for housing opportunities within the residential zoning.

ADMINISTRATIVE RECOMMENDATION

Considering the proposed project and public comments provided in the open record hearing (see Exhibit 16 for Safe Routes To Schools summary to PC Chair, dated 12/5/24), the above findings support the Land

Use Planner or its designee's preliminary recommendations including recommended conditions of approval, as follows:

Conditions of Approval to be Met Prior to Final Plat

- 1. Prior to commencing construction or grading, the Applicant shall provide the City with plans for grading, recontouring, and temporary erosion control that meet City standards and receive approval for such plans prior to grading or recontouring work.
- Prior to breaking ground on site improvements, a 4-foot wide walking path consistent with Public Right-of-Way Access Guidelines for accessible pedestrian access along the north end of Spring Street, separated by a asphalt rolled curb or similar, must be constructed.
- 3. Prior to final plat, Applicant shall demonstrate proposed streets meet the 2022 Construction Standard Specifications and Standard Plans.
- 4. Prior to final plat and as part of general public improvements, Applicant shall install fire hydrant(s) per WSMC 15.04.010 within the City. Hydrant(s) shall meet City standards and Applicant to verify sufficient water flow is available.
- 5. Prior to final plat the applicant must provide a new waterline utility easement agreement listing lots 1, 2, 10 11 to the City and request to vacate the existing water line easement for the transmission main.
- 6. Prior to final plat, provide proof that ingress-egress access via the Four Oaks Planned Unit Development (PUD) to the east is approved by Public Works. If not, construct a temporary hammerhead turnaround on-site or show evidence of agreement from neighboring property owner allowing temporary access on an improved surface for emergency vehicle turnaround or egress. Any interim agreements for access shall be indicated on the final plat map and recorded with Klickitat County.
- Prior to final plat water and sewer lines must either be constructed or bonded for and must connect to constructed lines provided via the Four Oaks PUD. Utility lines, along with proposed hook-ups, shall be indicated on the stamped civil site plan meeting 2022 Public Works Standards and 2023 Construction Standard Specifications and Standard Plans.
- 8. All public utility mains serving residences shall be located in existing or proposed right of way to be dedicated to the City upon final plat.
- 9. Prior to final plat, the applicant shall provide stormwater runoff calculations, including a demonstration that Low Impact Development is infeasible per WSMC 13.01.050. Infiltration testing will be required with adequate equipment.
- 10. Prior to final plat, the applicant shall provide written direction from Klickitat PUD whether existing power poles located on-site must be underground.
- 11. Prior to final plat, provide the finalized CC&Rs to the City for review prior to recording.
- 12. The final plat must meet the standards of WSMC 16.60.020.
- 13. Prior to final plat, Applicant shall retain heritage trees on the final plat map for and show their protective easements (HTPEs) on the face of plat for those encumbering the access road area as it approaches NW Spring St.

Conditions of Approval to be Met Prior to Building Permit

14. Prior to building permit issuance for greater than 30 lots, improved right-of-way access via the Four Oaks Planned Unit Development (PUD) to the east must be approved by Public Works.

- 15. Prior to issuance of future building permits, all residences shall be connected to public water and sewer utilities. Sewer and water connections and associated requirements shall be reviewed at the time of development or when building permits applications are received.
- 16. Prior to building permit issuance, please record a Critical Area Notice on Title. City will review prior to recording.
- 17. Fence standards for black and mule tailed deer mapped habitat (per WDFW Priority Habitat Species Map) must be adhered under building permit review, per WSMC 18.10.314.

General Conditions of Approval

- 18. This preliminary short plat approval, should it be recommended by Planning Commission, will be valid five years from the date of City Council approval. All associated conditions of approval must be met prior to submittal of the final plat.
- 19. No structures may be built on any existing or future easements.
- 20. All public utility mains serving residences shall be located in existing public right of way or proposed right of way to be dedicated to the City upon final plat.
- 21. All new utilities must be underground.

Recommended By:

Alex Capron, AICP - Planning Consultant

APPEALS PROCEDURE

19.10.320 Judicial appeal.

- A. Appeals from the final decision of the city council and appeals from any other final decisions specifically authorized (subject to timely exhaustion of all administrative remedies) shall be made to Superior Court within twenty-one calendar days of the date the decision or action became final, as defined in Section 19.10.280(B) of this code, unless another time period is established by state law or local ordinance. All appeals must conform with procedures set forth in Chapter 36.70C RCW.
- B. Notice of the appeal and any other pleadings required to be filed with the court shall be served on the city clerk, and all persons identified in RCW 36.70C.040, within the applicable time period. This requirement is jurisdictional.
- C. The cost of transcribing and preparing all records ordered certified by the court or desired by the appellant for such appeal shall be borne by the appellant. Prior to the preparation of any records, the appellant shall post with the city clerk an advance fee deposit in the amount specified by the city clerk. Any overage will be promptly returned to the appellant.

EXHIBIT 1

CITY OF WHITE SALMON SUBDIVISION APPLICATION FORM

| Plat No Date Received |
|--|
| Environmental Checklist No. |
| Comprehensive Plan Zone Designation |
| Name of Plat <u>Cherry Hill Estates</u> |
| Owner Cherry Hill NW, LLC |
| Mailing Address: <u>PO Box 4, Hood River, OR 97031</u> |
| |
| Phone <u>541-490-6339</u> FAX <u>N/A</u> |
| Developer Cherry Hill NW, LLC |
| Address PO Box 4, Hood River, OR 97031 |
| Phone 541-490-6339 |
| Surveyor HRK Engineering & Field Services |
| Address 489 N 8th St, Ste 201, Hood River, OR 97031 |
| Phone <u>541-386-6480</u> |
| Engineer Same as above |
| Address |
| Phone |

Subdivision Application

| | Legal: Lot 4 SP 91-17 | 7 IN NENE; 24-3-10 |
|---------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Section | Township | Range |

Parcel No. from Tax Statement: 03102475000400

| General Vicinity off of NW Spring St, Between NW Cherry |
|---|
| Hill Rd and Champion Ln |
| Total Acreage 7.93 |
| Number of Residential Lots 33 |
| Smallest Lot Area 5,149sf Average Lot Area 5,962sf |
| Acreage in Park <u>N/A</u> Acreage in Commercial N/A |
| Length of Streets/Public <u>1679</u> ' Private N/A |
| Water Source <u>City</u> |
| Wastewater Source City |
| Road Classification Public 60' ROW – Major Collector. |
| Chapter 16.65.070, Figure 1 shows travel lane, curb, |
| planter and sidewalk; however to match Nancy White we |
| would have to go sidewalk then planter |

(To be assigned by City Public Works Director before submittal of Application).

| Road Plans | Profiles | Required |
|------------------|------------|----------|
| Utility Plans | _ Profiles | Required |
| Stormwater Plans | Profiles _ | Required |

*Signature of Director

What is the zoning for this area? <u>Residential</u> Explain <u>Usecode</u> 91

Is this proposal within 200 feet of a lake, river or street? No

If yes, which one?__

Please describe the present land use and physical characteristics of the proposal area and surroundings. <u>The property is vacant with various grass, scattered trees</u> <u>and blackberry bushes with general sloping of the property</u> to the northeast. It is surrounded by residential properties.

Attach a list of:

- All owners and mailing addresses of property within a radius of 300 feet from and parallel to the boundaries of this project.
- The names, addresses and telephone numbers of all persons, firms, and corporations holding interests in the said land. <u>Cherry Nill NW, LLC is sole owner</u>
- All agencies or individuals, and their mailing addresses that have recorded easements that are in effect on the project site.
- Attach all restrictive covenants proposed to be imposed upon land within the subdivision.
- Include 3 large copies and 2 8 ½ x 11 inch copies and 2 copies of the road/utility plan and utilities.
- Attach a completed Environmental Checklist.
- Attach a recent Title Certificate from a recognized Title Company defining legal description, interest holders, easements, encumbrances, etc.

The applicant(s) hereby certify that all of the above statements and the statements in any exhibits and plats are true, and the applicant(s) acknowledge that any action taken on this application may be revoked if it develops that any such statements are false.

| APPLICANT(s) SIGNATURE (s) | \bigcirc |
|----------------------------|------------|
| Dated: <u>9/8/23</u> | |

Subdivision Application

Subscribed and sworn to/by me, this day of Notary expires (11/25) Notary Public in and for the State of Oregon Residing at ____ ochts



We, the undersigned, hereby certify that we hold a vested interest of the said tract of land, that we give our consent for the proposed short subdivision of said land into lots as shown, and that the easements on the short plat are hereby granted for uses-thereon. Date President uf -Date Development Group The Da 1050 MW LL

STATE OF OREGON)

County of) On this day personally appeared before me Ittery S, lupt N to me known to be the individual described in and who executed the within and acknowledged to me that he/she/they signed the same as their free and voluntary act and deed for the purposes therein mentioned. Given under my hand and official seal this _____ day of 2023 sept Notary Public in and for the State of Oregon, residing at ... Notary expires $\underline{(11+1)}$ t-clik OFFICIAL STAMP JEFFERY CARL SCHOPFER NOTARY PUBLIC-OREGON

COMMISSION NO. 1013490

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES JUNE 14, 2025

OWNER: LEGACY DEVELOPMENT GROUP 403 HIGHWAY 35 HOOD RIVER, OR 97031

PLAT OF CHERRY HILL ESTATES SUBDIVISION PLATTING LOT 4 CHERRY HILL ESTATES, SHORT SECTION 24, TOWNSHIP 3 NORTH, RANGE 10 EAST, WILLAMETTE MERIDIAN PAGE 1 OF 2

AREA TABLE

| | 5 240 CO ET |
|--------|---------------|
| LOT 1 | 5,249 SQ.FT |
| LOT 2 | 6,328 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 3 | 15,447 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 4 | 11,792 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 5 | 7,617 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 6 | 7,610 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 7 | 7,665 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 8 | 13,520 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 9 | 17,733 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 10 | 6,895 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 11 | 6,088 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 12 | 6,086 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 13 | 6,084 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 14 | 6,082 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 15 | 6,080 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 16 | 6,078 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 17 | 6,076 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 18 | 6,189 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 19 | 5,631 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 20 | 5,323 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 21 | 5,323 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 22 | 5,323 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 23 | 5,323 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 24 | 5,323 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 25 | 5,323 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 26 | 5,323 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 27 | 5,387 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 28 | 5,322 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 29 | 5,322 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 30 | 5,322 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 31 | 5,322 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 32 | 5,322 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 33 | 5,322 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 34 | 5,322 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 35 | 5,322 SQ.FT. |
| LOT 36 | 5,399 SQ.FT. |
| • | |

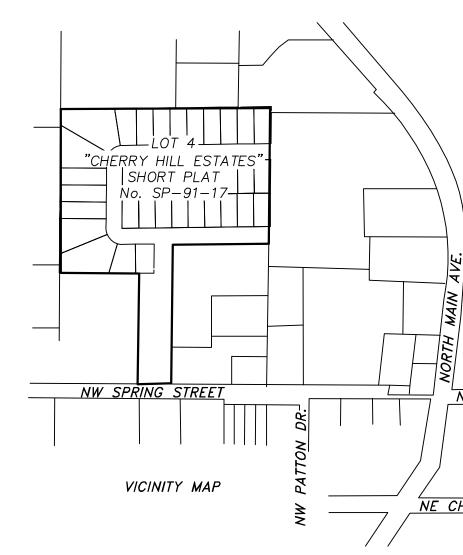
NARRATIVE:

THE PURPOSE OF THIS SURVEY IS TO CREATE A 36 LOT SUBDIVISION PLAT, NAMED CHERRY HILL ESTATES. THE PROPERTY WAS CREATED ON SHORT PLAT NO. SP-91-17. IN THE FIELD, WE RECOVERED AND HELD ORIGINAL MONUMENTS SET ON ORIGINAL PLAT, BEING THE SOUTH SOUTHEAST CORNER, NORTH SOUTHEAST AND SOUTHEAST CORNER. THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF LOT 4 WAS RECOVERED AS A 1-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP, L.S.15673. IT IS UNCLEAR WHEN THIS WAS SET, BUT ASSUME IT IS THE ORIGINAL MONUMENT. THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF LOT 4 WAS REPLACED BY HOLDING THE ORIGNAL PLAT DISTANCES FROM THE NORTHWEST AND SOUTHEAST CORNER MONUMENTS. THIS POSITION WAS VALIDATED BY RECOVERING A 5/8" IRON ROD WITH UNREADABLE CAP FOUND ALONG EAST LINE. WE ALSO RECOVERED MONUMENT FITTING THE BOUNDARY RESOLUTION ON THE WEST LINE THAT WERE SET ON THE WHITSON-HURN SUBDIVISION.

BASIS OF BEARING IS THE EASTERN SOUTH LINE OF LOT 4 OF CHERRY HILL ESTATE SHORT PLAT NO. 91–17, SHOWN WITH WASHINGTON STATE PLANE GRID BEARINGS.

REFERENCES:

ON FILE AT KLICKITAT COUNTY SURVEY RECORDS: AFN. 207520, SHORT PLAT NO. 87-07: DATED NOVEMBER 17, 1987. AFN. 229623, SHORT PLAT NO. 91-17: DATED JULY 24, 1992. AFN. 245222, SURVEY FOR THE CITY OF WHITE SALMON: DATED JANUARY 18, 1995. AFN. 252221, SHORT PLAT NO. 95-16: DATED MARCH 21, 1996. AFN. 1026503, SHORT PLAT NO. 2000-00003: DATED OCTOBER 26, 2001. AFN. 1093016, SHORT PLAT NO. 2009-10: DATED APRIL 29, 2011. AFN. 1099990, SHORT PLAT NO. 2010-010: DATED OCTOBER 2012. AFN. 1129497, PLAT OF WHITSON-HURN SUBDIVISION SUB-2017-002: DATED JUNE 25, 2018.



LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF TOTAL PARCEL:

LOT 4, CHERRY HILL ESTATES, SHORT PLAT NO. SP-91-17, ACCORDIN THE PLAT THEREOF, RECORDED JULY 24, 1992, IN BOOK 2, PAGE 112 AUDITOR'S FILE NO.229623, KLICKITAT COUNTY SHORT PLAT RECORDS, COUNTY OF KLICKITAT AND STATE OF WASHINGTON.

ACCESS EASEMENT

THE RIGHT TO USE SPRING LANE PRIVATE DRIVE OVER LOTS 1, 2 ANE CHERRY HILL ESTATES, SHORT PLAT NO. SP-91-17, RECORDED JULY IN BOOK 2, PAGE 112, AUDITOR'S FILE NO. 229623, KLICKITAT COUNT PLAT RECORD. (SEE TITLE EXCEPTION INST#1133874)

TITLE EXCEPTIONS:

BOOK 46, PAGE 277, PRIVATE POWER DISTRIBUTION EASEMENT GRAN PACIFIC POWER AND LIGHTS, DATED NOVEMBER 12, 1917. THIS EASE GIVES A GENERAL LOCATION.

BOOK 135, PAGE 310, PRIVATE 60 FOOT GAS LINE EASEMENT GRANT PASO NATURAL GAS COMPANY, DATED JANUARY 21, 1963. AS SHOW

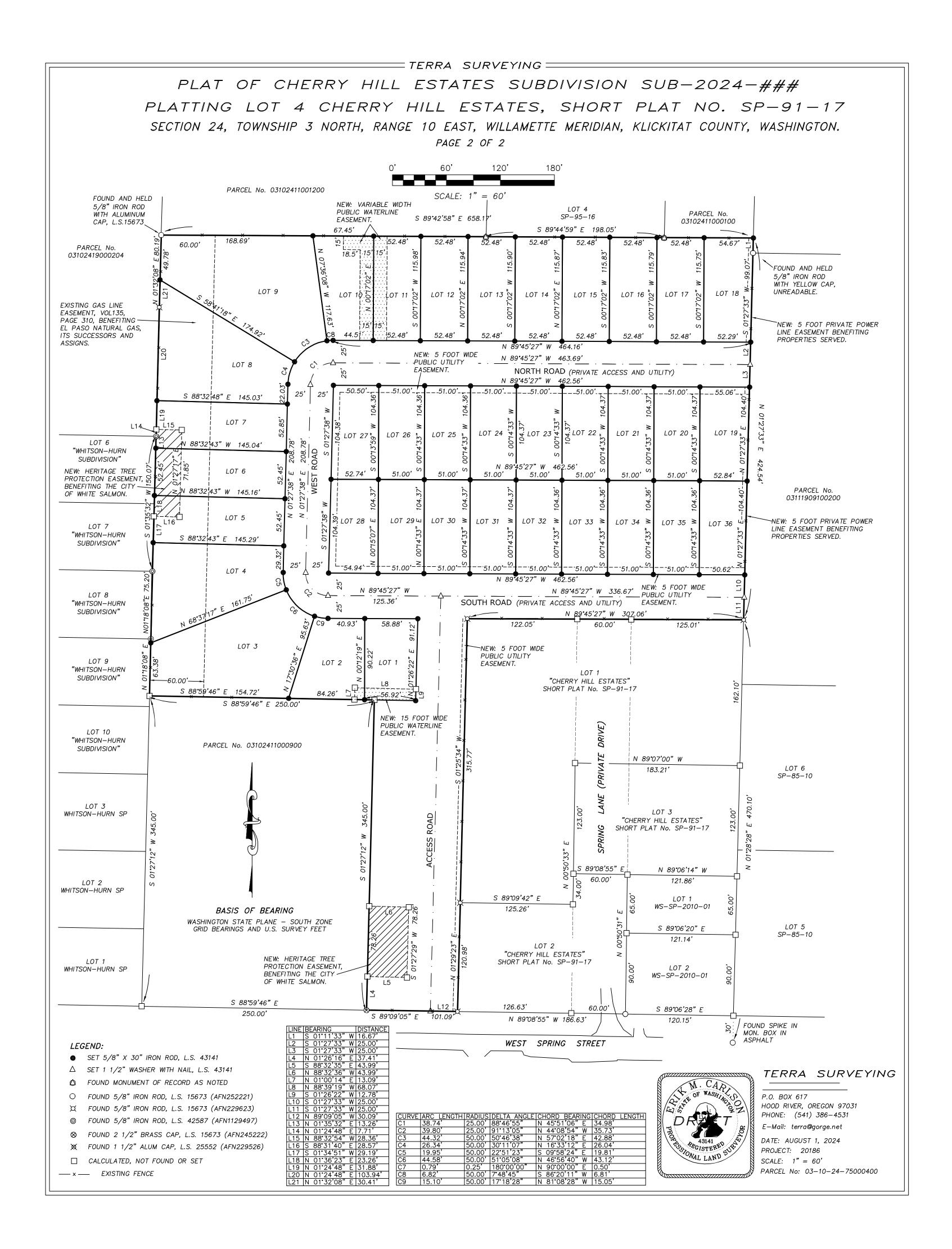
BOOK 143, PAGE 1, PRIVATE EASEMENT FOR WATER LINE GRANTED TO CITY OF WHITE SALMON. DATED AUGUST 4, 1966. THIS WATERLINE TO REDESIGNED, THE EASEMENT WILL NEED TO BE EXTINGUISHED.

BOOK 149, PAGE 478, PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT EASEMENT GRANTED KLICKITAT COUNTY, DATED SEPTEMBER 10, 1969. LOCATION UNCLEAR

BOOK 285, PAGE 861, COVENANTS, CONDITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS. JULY 24, 1992.

INST#1133874 MODIFICATION OF CCRS, DATED APRIL 29, 2019.

| N SUB—2024—# ₇ T PLAT NO. SP— N, KLICKITAT COUNTY, WA | 91-17 | I, CAMERON CURTIS, HEREBY DECLARE THAT THE DIVISION OF LAND HAS BEEN MADE WITH MY FREE CONSENT AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH MY DESIRES CONSENT TO THE SUBDIVISION OF SUCH LAND AND RECITING A DEDICATION BY THEM OF ALL LAND SHOWN ON THE PLAT TO BE DEDICATED FOR PUBLIC USES AND A WAIVER BY THEM AND THEIR SUCCESSORS OF ALL CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES AGAINST ANY GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY ARISING FROM THE CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OF PUBLIC FACILITIES AND PUBLIC PROPERTY WITHIN THE SUBDIVISION (WSMC 16.60.020.D(7)); |
|--|--|--|
| | | CAMERON CURTIS, MANAGING MEMBER. |
| | | NOTARY: WITNESS MY HAND AND OFFICIAL SEAL DATED THIS DAY OF, 2024. |
| | | NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR THE STATE OF |
| | | OREGON, RESIDING IN HOOD RIVER COUNTY. COMMISSION NUMBER: |
| | | MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: |
| | | SURVEYORS CERTIFICATE: I, ERIK M. CARLSON, REGISTERED AS A LAND SURVEYOR BY THE STATE OF WASHINGTON, CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAT IS BASED ON AN ACTUAL SURVEY OF THE LAND DESCRIBED HEREIN, CONDUCTED BY ME OR UNDER MY SUPERVISION, DURING THE MONTH OF JUNE 2024; THAT THE DISTANCES AND BEARINGS ARE SHOWN THEREON CORRECTLY AND THAT MONUMENTS, OTHER THAN THOSE APPROVED FOR SETTING AT A LATER DATE, HAVE BEEN SET AND LOT CORNERS STAKED ON THE GROUND AS DEPICTED ON THE PLAT. |
| | | ERIK M. CARLSON L.S. 43141 WA DATE |
| | | I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS SUBDIVISION HAS BEEN EXAMINED BY ME AND THAT IT CONTAINS ADEQUATE SAFE PROVISIONS FOR WATER SUPPLY AND ACCESS FOR PURPOSES OF FIRE PROTECTION. |
| | | WHITE SALMON FIRE CHIEF DATE |
| <u>NE SPRING STREET</u> | | I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS SUBDIVISION HAS BEEN REVIEWED AND EXAMINED BY ME AND THAT IT CONFORMS TO THE CITY OF WHITE SALMON STANDARDS FOR SURVEY DATA, LAYOUT FOR ROADS, ALLEY AND EASEMENTS, ROAD NAMES, AND NUMBERS, AND OTHER IMPROVEMENTS AS REQUIRED OR AS APPLICABLE. |
| HERRY STREET | | WHITE SALMON CITY ENGINEER/CITY ADMINISTRATOR DATE |
| | | I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS SUBDIVISION HAS BEEN EXAMINED BY ME AND THAT IT CONFORMS WITH THE CITY OF WHITE SALMON ZONING ORDINANCE, COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AND ANY OTHER APPLICABLE LAWS AND/OR POLICIES. |
| | | WHITE SALMON CITY PLANNER DATE |
| | | I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS SUBDIVISION HAS BEEN EXAMINED BY ME AND THAT IT CONTAINS ADEQUATE PROVISIONS FOR WATER SUPPLY AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL FOR DOMESTIC AND/OR COMMERCIAL USE. |
| | | WHITE SALMON PUBLIC WORKS |
| NG TO 2, 5, IN THE | M. CAP | I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT ALL TAXES, AND COMPENSATING TAXES AND/OR PENALTIES AND PROPERTY CONTAINED WITHIN THE PLAT SHOWN HEREIN HAVE BEEN PAID, DISCHARGED, OR SATISFIED PER WSMC 16.60.020.D(8). |
| D 3 OF | DI TO OF WASHING OU | KLICKITAT COUNTY TREASURER DATE |
| 24, 1992, TY SHORT | THOM ASIAI | EXAMINED AND APPROVED THIS DAY OF , 2024 WHITE SALMON CITY COUNCIL |
| ITED TO EMENT | THE LAND | MAYOR ATTEST: |
| TED TO EL WN. | TERRA SURVEYING | |
| TO THE S BEING | P.O. BOX 617 HOOD RIVER, OREGON 97031 | AUDITORS CERTIFICATE: SUBDIVISION FILED FOR RECORD AT THE REQUEST OF TERRA SURVEYING THIS DAY OF |
|) ТО R. | PHONE: (541) 386-4531 E-Mail: terra@gorge.net | 20, ATM AND RECORDED IN VOLUME OF PLATS, PAGE, RECORDS OF KLICKITAT COUNTY, WASHINGTON. |
| DATED | DATE: AUGUST 1, 2024 PROJECT: 20186 | AUDITOR'S FILE NO |
| | SCALE: 1" = 60' PARCEL No: 03–10–24–75000400 | KLICKITAT COUNTY AUDITOR DEPUTY |



ENGINEERING & FIELD SERVICES

489 N 8TH STREET - SUITE 201 HOOD RIVER, OREGON 97031 541-386-6480 - WWW.HRKUS.COM

PROJECT MANAGER:

CARLOS A. GARRIDO, PRINCIPAL PH: 541-490-4923 EM:CGARRIDO@HRKUS.COM

PROJECT ENGINEER:

ALEX PEDROZA PH: 541-806-3629 EM:APEDROZA@HRKUS.COM

CLIENT:

LEGACY DEVELOPMENT GROUP 403 HIGHWAY 35 HOOD RIVER, OR 97031 CONTACT: CAMERON CURTIS PH: 541-490-6339 EM: CAMERON@CURTISHOMESLLC.COM

PERMITTING JURISDICTION:

CITY OF WHITE SALMON PUBLIC WORKS 100 N MAIN STREET WHITE SALMON, WA 98672 DIRECTOR: ANDREW DIRKS CONTACT: ERIKA CASTRO-GUZMAN PH: 509-493-1133 #209 EM: ERIKAC@CI.WHITE-SALMON.WA.US

ENGINEER OF RECORD:

THOMAS CAMERO, PE PH: 541-386-6480 EM: TCAMERO@HRKUS.COM

SITE ADDRESS:

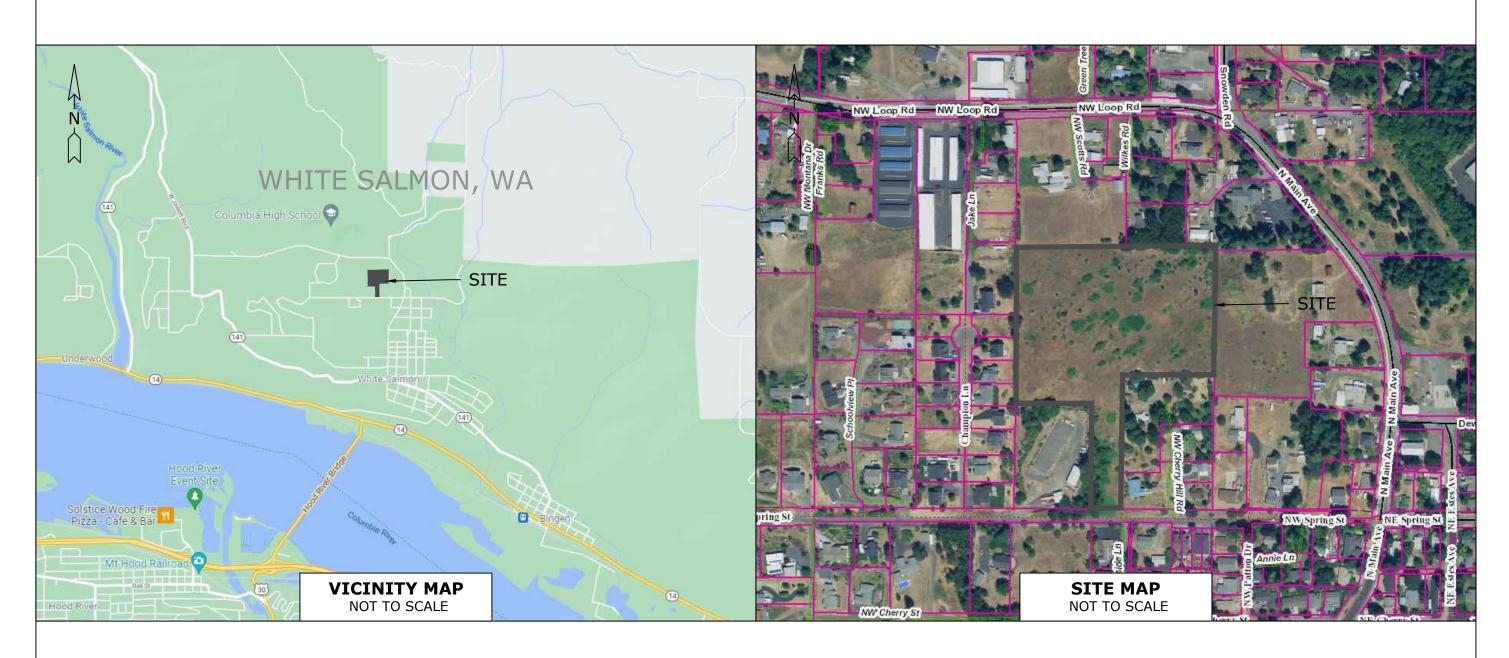
SPRING STREET WHITE SALMON, WA 98672

SANITARY/WATER/STORM:

KLICKITAT PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT No 1 110 NE ESTES AVENUE WHITE SALMON, WA 98672 CONTACT: MIKE BLUMENSTEIN PH: 509-493-2255



CHERRY HILL ESTATES SUBDIVISION





CALL BEFORE YOU DIG:

ONE CALL UTILITY LOCATE (WASHINGTON) - 811 ATTENTION EXCAVATORS: WASHINGTON LAW REQUIRES THE CONTRACTOR TO FOLLOW RULES ADOPTED BY THE WASHINGTON UTILITY NOTIFICATION CENTER. THOSES RULES ARE SET FORTH IN RCW 19.122.10 THROUGH RCW 19.122.901. THE CONTRACTOR MAY OBTAIN COPIES OF THESE RULES FROM THE CENTER BY CALLING 800-424-5555 OR BY ACCESSING THE INTERNET AT APPS.LEG.WA.GOV/RWC/. THE CONTRACTOR MUST NOTIFY THE CENTER AT LEAST 2 BUSINESS DAYS, BUT NOT MORE THAN 10 BUSINESS DAYS, BEFORE COMMENCING AN EXCAVATION. CALL 811.

INDEX:

| SITE PLAN I | REVIEW DRAW |
|-------------|-------------|
| 1 | COVER SHE |
| 2 | EXISTING C |
| 3 | SITE PLAN |
| 4 | GRADING PL |

EXHIBIT 3 DEVELOPMENT GROUP INC

CONSTRUCTION OF 35 RESIDENTIAL LOTS.

TAX LOT 0310247500400, NE 1/4 OF NE 1/4 OF SECTION 24, TOWNSHIP 3 NORTH, RANGE 10 EAST, W.M., CITY OF WHITE SALMON, KLICKITAT COUNTY, WASHINGTON

PROJECT #: 21-002 - FEBRUARY 2021

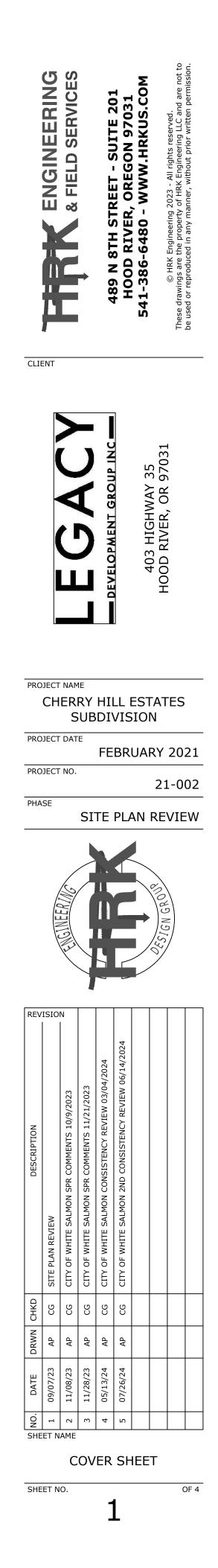
SITE PLAN REVIEW

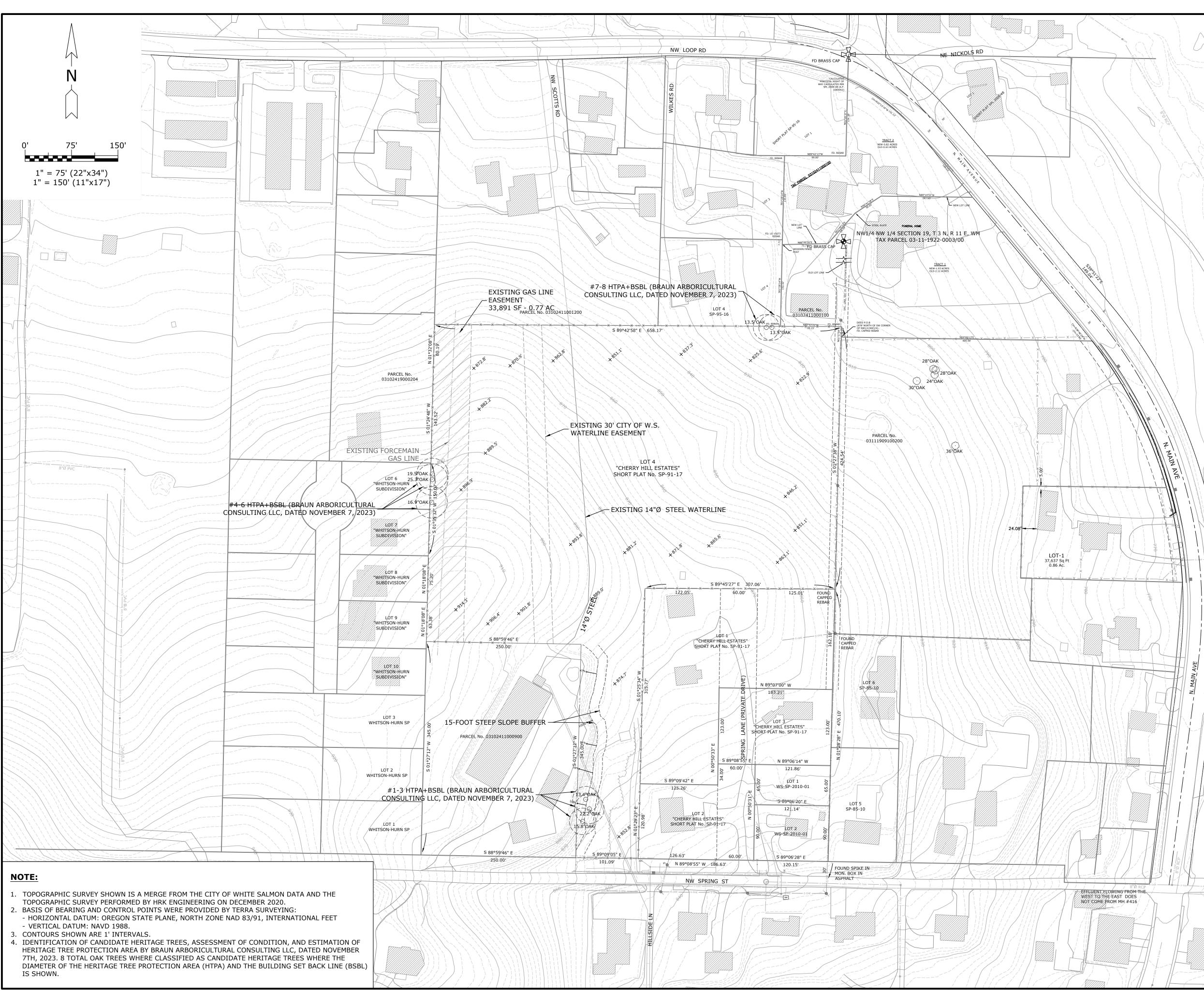
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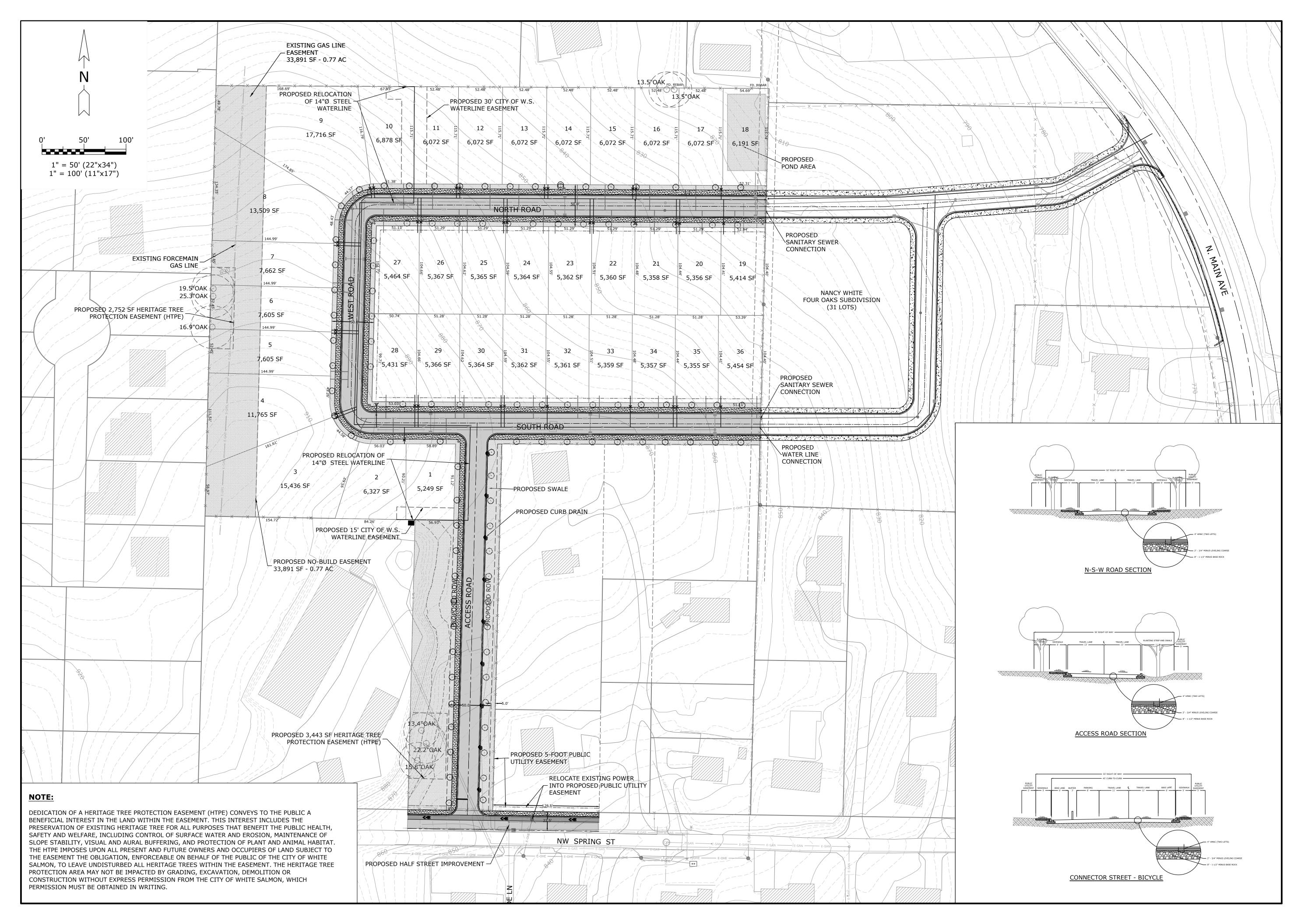
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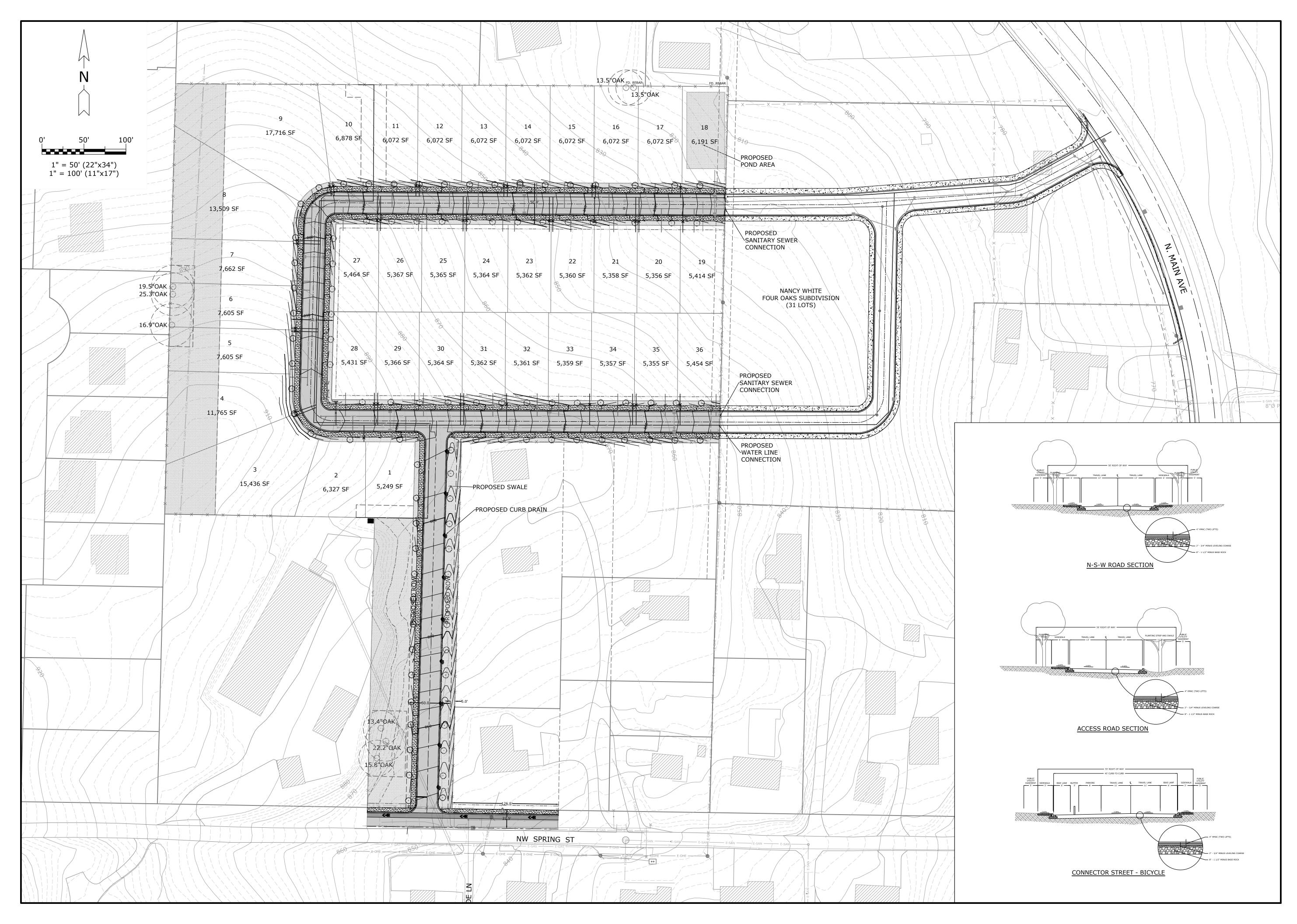
ENGINEERING & FIELD SERVICES I STREET - SUITE 201 VER, OREGON 97031 80 - WWW.HRKUS.COM 8TH 8 RIV 489 N 8 HOOD | 11-386-(CLIENT 403 HIGHWAY 35 HOOD RIVER, OR 9703 PROJECT NAME CHERRY HILL ESTATES SUBDIVISION PROJECT DATE FEBRUARY 2021 PROJECT NO. 21-002 PHASE SITE PLAN REVIEW REVISION SPR SPR ZND SAL SAL SAL PLAN REVIE OF WHITE OF WHITE OF WHITE 8 8 8 8 8 AP AP AP 0 1 0 1 0 SHEET NAME EXISTING CONDITIONS

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OF 4



| | & FIELD SERVICES | | 180 N STU CTDEET - SUITTE 201 | HOOD RIVER ORFGON 97031 | 541-386-6480 - WWW.HRKUS.COM | © HRK Engineering 2023 - All rights reserved. | These drawings are the property of HRK Engineering LLC and are not to be used or reproduced in any manner, without prior written permission. | |
|--|---|--|--|--|------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | > し < じ = | ーノてフレー | DEVELOPMENT GROUP INC | | 403 HIGHWAY 35 | HOOD RIVER, OR 97031 | | |
| PROJECT PROJECT PROJECT PHASE | IER S | RY SUB E | FE | VIS BR | _ | N RY 2 21- | 5 021 002 IEW | |
| DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION | CITY OF WHITE SALMON SPR COMMENTS 10/9/2023 | CITY OF WHITE SALMON SPR COMMENTS 11/21/2023 | CITY OF WHITE SALMON CONSISTENCY REVIEW 03/04/2024 | CITY OF WHITE SALMON 2ND CONSISTENCY REVIEW 06/14/2024 | | | | |
| DRWN CHKD AP CG | APCG | APCG | APCG | AP CG | | | | |
| NO. DATE 1 09/07/23 | 2 11/08/23 | 3 11/28/23 | 4 05/13/24 | 5 07/26/24 | | | | |
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| SHEET | 10. | | | 3 | | | OF 4 | |



| CLI | | & FIELD SERVICES | | 180 N STU STBEET - SUITTE 201 | HOOD RIVER, OREGON 97031 | 541-386-6480 - WWW.HRKUS.COM | | © HRK Engineering 2023 - All rights reserved. These drawings are the property of HRK Engineering LLC and are not to | be used or reproduced in any manner, without prior written permission. |
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| | | > し < じ = | ーノてり」」 | DEVELOPMENT GROUP INC | | | 403 RIGRWAT 33 HOOD RIVER OB 07031 | | |
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| DESCRIPTION | SITE PLAN REVIEW | CITY OF WHITE SALMON SPR COMMENTS 10/9/2023 | CITY OF WHITE SALMON SPR COMMENTS 11/21/2023 | CITY OF WHITE SALMON CONSISTENCY REVIEW 03/04/2024 | CITY OF WHITE SALMON 2ND CONSISTENCY REVIEW 06/14/2024 | | | | |
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| | ET N | G | RAI | | ig 1 | PL/ | AN | | OF 4 |

EXHIBIT 4

CHICAGO TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY

Policy No. 72156-48322157

GUARANTEE

CHICAGO TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY, a Florida corporation, herein called the Company, guarantees the Assured against actual loss not exceeding the liability amount stated in Schedule A which the Assured shall sustain by reason of any incorrectness in the assurances set forth in Schedule A.

- 1. No guarantee is given nor liability assumed with respect to the identity of any party named or referred to in Schedule A or with respect to the validity, legal effect or priority of any matter shown therein.
- 2. The Company's liability hereunder shall be limited to the amount of actual loss sustained by the Assured because of reliance upon the assurance herein set forth, but in no event shall the Company's liability exceed the liability amount set forth in Schedule A.

PLEASE NOTE CAREFULLY THE LIABILITY EXCLUSIONS AND LIMITATIONS AND THE SPECIFIC ASSURANCES AFFORDED BY THIS GUARANTEE. IF YOU WISH ADDITIONAL LIABILITY, OR ASSURANCES OTHER THAN AS CONTAINED HEREIN. PLEASE CONTACT THE COMPANY FOR FURTHER INFORMATION AS TO THE AVAILABILITY AND COST.

Dated: September 18, 2023

Issued by: AmeriTitle, LLC 165 NE Estes Ave. - PO Box 735 White Salmon, WA 98672 (509)493-1965

Arika Klawitter

Authorized Signer

CHICAGO TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY

(gmi Main 1_ Josef 2. 01_

Note: This endorsement shall not be valid or binding until countersigned by an authorized signatory.

Subdivision Guarantee Policy Number: 72156-48322157

SUBDIVISION GUARANTEE

Order No.: 608926AM Guarantee No.: 72156-48322157 Dated: September 18, 2023 Liability: \$1,000.00 Fee: \$350.00 Tax: \$24.50

Your Reference:

Assured: Curtis Homes, LLC

The assurances referred to on the face page are:

That, according to those public records with, under the recording laws, impart constructive notice of matters relative to the following described real property:

See attached Exhibit 'A'

Title to said real property is vested in:

Cherry Hill NW, LLC, an Oregon limited liability company

END OF SCHEDULE A

(SCHEDULE B)

Order No: 608926AM Policy No: 72156-48322157

Subject to the matters shown below under Exceptions, which Exceptions are not necessarily shown in the order of their priority.

EXCEPTIONS:

- 1. Taxes or assessments which are not shown as existing liens by the records of any taxing authority that levies taxes or assessments on real property or by the public records.
- 2. Unpatented mining claims; reservations or exceptions in the United States Patents or in Acts authorizing the issuance thereof; water rights, claims or title to water.
- 3. Title to any property beyond the lines of the real property expressly described herein, or title to streets, roads, avenues, lanes, ways or waterways on which such real property abuts, or the right to maintain therein vaults, tunnels, ramps, or any other structure or improvement; or any rights or easements therein unless such property, rights or easements are expressly and specifically set forth in said description.
- 4. The rights of the public in and to that portion of the herein described property lying within the limits of public roads, streets or highways.
- An easement including the terms and provisions thereof, affecting the portion of said premises and for the purposes stated therein as set forth in instrument: Granted To: Pacific Power & Light Company Book: 46, Page: 277 View Document
- An easement including the terms and provisions thereof, affecting the portion of said premises and for the purposes stated therein as set forth in instrument: Granted To: El Paso Natural Gas Company, a corporation Recorded: January 21, 1963 Book: 135, Page: 310 View Document
- 7. An easement for Water Line including the terms and provisions thereof, affecting the portion of said premises and for the purposes stated therein as set forth in instrument: Granted To: Town of White Salmon, a municipal corporation Recorded: August 4, 1966 Instrument No.: 123626 Book: 143, Page: 1 View Document
- An easement including the terms and provisions thereof, affecting the portion of said premises and for the purposes stated therein as set forth in instrument: Granted To: Public Utility District No. 1 for Klickitat County Recorded: September 10, 1969 Instrument No.: 134029 Book: 149, Page: 478 <u>View Document</u>
- 9. Covenants, conditions and restrictions, but omitting any covenant or restriction based on race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, disability, handicap, familial status, marital status, ancestry,

Subdivision Guarantee Policy Number: 72156-48322157

national origin or source of income, as set forth in applicable state or federal laws, except to the extent that said covenant or restriction is permitted by applicable law. Recorded: July 24, 1992 Instrument No.: 229622 Book: 285, Page: 861 Including, but not limited to, the following: A. Easement B. Road Maintenance Provisions <u>View Document</u>

Modification(s) of said covenants, conditions and restrictions: Recorded: April 29, 2019 Instrument No: 1133874 <u>View Documents</u>

- Matters as shown on Short Plat No. SP-91-17, including but not limited to: Recorded: July 24, 1992 Instrument No.: 229623 Book: 2, Page: 112 A. Open Space Provision/Restriction B. Easements C. Break Line D. Fence Line Locations E. County Road Right-of-Way
 - View Document
- Agreement and the terms and conditions contained therein Between: City of White Salmon And: The Public Purpose: Annexation Ordinance Recorded: June 7, 2019 Instrument No.: 1134475 View Document

Amendment to Annexation Ordinanace, including the terms and provisions thereof; Recorded: July 16, 2019 Instrument No.: 1135037 <u>View Document</u>

 A Deed of Trust, including the terms and provisions thereof, to secure the amount noted below and other amounts secured thereunder, if any: Amount: \$1,900,000.00 Trustor/Grantor: Cherry Hill NW, LLC, an Oregon Limited Liability Company Trustee: AmeriTitle, LLC Beneficiary: Deltalon JV Limited Partnership, an Oregon Limited Partnership Dated: February 10, 2021 Recorded: February 23, 2021 Instrument No.: 1145755

END OF EXCEPTIONS

Notes:

Note No. 1: Any map or sketch enclosed as an attachment herewith is furnished for information purposes only to assist in property location with reference to streets and other parcels. No representation is made as to accuracy and the company assumes no liability for any loss occurring by reason of reliance thereon.

Note No. 2: All documents recorded in Washington State must include an abbreviated legal description and tax parcel number on the first page of the document. The abbreviated description for this property is: Lot 4, SP-91-17, Bk. 2, Pg. 112, KCSPR.

Note No. 3: Taxes, including any assessments collected therewith, for the year shown below are paid: Amount: \$6,633.15 Year: 2023 Parcel No.: 03-10-2475-0004/00 Taxes as paid include the following exemptions: None

NOTE: In the event any contracts, liens, mortgages, judgments, etc. which may be set forth herein are not paid off and released in full, prior to or immediately following the recording of the forthcoming plat (short plat), this Company will require any parties holding the beneficial interest in any such matters to join in on the platting and dedication provisions of the said plat (short plat) to guarantee the insurability of any lots or parcels created thereon. We are unwilling to assume the risk involved created by the possibility that any matters dedicated to the public, or the plat (short plat) in its entirety, could be rendered void by a foreclosure action of any such underlying matter if said beneficial party has not joined in on the plat (short plat).

END OF GUARANTEE

EXHIBIT 'A'

File No. 608926AM

PARCEL 1:

Lot 4, CHERRY HILL ESTATES, SHORT PLAT NO. SP-91-17, according to the Plat thereof, recorded July 24, 1992, in Book 2, Page 112, Auditor's File No. 229623, Klickitat County Short Plat Records, in the County of Klickitat and State of Washington.

PARCEL 2: Access Easement

The right to use Spring Lane Private Drive over Lots 1, 2 and 3 of CHERRY HILL ESTATES, SHORT PLAT NO. SP-91-17, recorded July 24, 1992, in Book 2, Page 112, Auditor's File No. 229623, Klickitat County Short Plat Records.

EXHIBIT 5

Recorded Easement Information regarding Cherry Hill Estates:

Pacific Power

PH: 503-813-6800 constructionproject@pacificcorp.com

Northwest Natural

Ryan Winfree 218 NE 66th St., Vancouver, WA 98662 (503) 226-4211 EXT. 2045

City of White Salmon Public Works

Andrew Dirks 100 N Main Ave, White Salmon, WA 98672 (509) 493-1133

Public Utility District No 1 for Klickitat County

Mike Blumenstein 110 NE Estes Ave., White Salmon, WA 98672 (509) 493-2255



EXHIBIT 6A ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST GUIDANCE

Cherry Hills Estate, White Salmon (WA)

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| | |

AMENDED: NOVEMBER 28, 2023, BY HRK ENGINEERING & FIELD SERVICES

A. BACKGROUND

1. Name of the proposed project, if applicable:

Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision

2. Name of applicant:

Legacy Development Group

3. Address and phone number of applicant and contact person:

Include e-mail, phone numbers and addresses of everyone listed under question #2.

Email: cameron@curtishomesllc.com

Phone Numbers: (541)490-6339

Address: PO Box 1935 Hood River, OR 97031

4. Date checklist prepared:

September 2023

Amended November 28th, 2023

5. Agency requesting checklist:

City of White Salmon

6. Proposed timing or schedule (including phasing, if applicable):

December 1, 2023, to December 31, 2025

7. Do you have any plans for future additions, expansion, or further activity related to or connected with this proposal? If yes, explain.

No

8. List any environmental information you know about that has been prepared, or will be prepared, directly related to this proposal.

There are no major concerns regarding this project. Since the project will not disturb sensitive areas such as wetlands, waterbodies, sensitive ecological area, or areas within known historical/archaeological features.

A Stormwater Pollution and Prevention Plan (SWPPP) will be required to determine stormwater management.

Also, on November 7th, 2023, an Arborist Report was written by Braun Arboricultural Consulting LLC, to evaluate the presence of heritage trees on the site. From the report, 8 oak trees were identified and were determined to be in fair or good health and low risk. Also, the diameter of

the Heritage Tree Protection Area and the Building Set Back Line were provided in the Report and recommendations for mitigation were provided and will be followed (See Appendix 7 for Arborist Report).

9. Do you know whether applications are pending for governmental approvals of other proposals directly affecting the property covered by your proposal? If yes, explain.

There are no applications pending at the time of this submittal.

10. List any government approvals or permits that will be needed for your proposal, if known.

The permits that will be required by the City of White Salmon pertain to fill/grading, construction, plat, utility, and the site plan.

11. Give a brief, complete description of your proposal, including the proposed uses and the size of the project and site. There are several questions later in this checklist that ask you to describe certain aspects of your proposal. You do not need to repeat those answers on this page. (Lead agencies may modify this form to include additional specific information on project description.)

The project consists of converting a vacant orchard into a residential subdivision on 7.93 acres of parcel 0310247500400. The lot will require activities such as minor grading, the removal of vegetative debris (e.g., Himalayan blackberry, burnt trees, etc.), the removal of miscellaneous debris (e.g., irrigation pipes, wood, metal, etc.), the addition of utilities, roads and the building of the units.

12. Location of the proposal. Give sufficient information for a person to understand the precise location of your proposed project, including a street address, if any, and section, township, range, if known. If a proposal would occur over a range of area, provide the range or boundaries of the site(s). Provide a legal description, site plan, vicinity map, and topographic map, if reasonably available. While you should submit any plans required by the agency, you are not required to duplicate maps or detailed plans submitted with any permit applications related to this checklist.

The Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision project site is located on parcel 0310247500400 (Lot 4 SP 91-17 IN NEME: 24-3-10) at 45°44'13.0"N 121°29'17.4"W. This parcel is within the city limits of White Salmon, WA (Klickitat County), Section 24, Township 3N, Range 10E, WM.

B: ENVIRONMENTAL ELEMENTS

1. EARTH

a. General description of the site (circle one): Flat, rolling, hilly, steep slopes, mountainous, other...

The site sits on the top of Cherry Hill in the City of White Salmon, where the site is **hilly**.

A portion of the westerly edge of the southerly leg of the property experiences steep slopes of 40% or greater (See Appendix 8 for Statement from Terra Surveying). However, based on the Geotechnical Report by Earths Engineers, Inc, dated November 15, 2021, it's stated that the subject property is not considered to be over steepened and at risk of sliding. It also states that

slopes steeper than 2H:1V along the proposed access road should be regraded to be 2H:1V to void the risk of shallow soil movement (See Appendix 9 for Geotechnical Report).

There are no water bodies in the immediate vicinity of the project site.

The Columbia River is located 1 mile to the south, the White Salmon River is located 1.7 miles to the West and Jewett Creek is located 0.55 miles to the East.

The Site is not susceptible to landslides due to the high basaltic compositions of the bedrock and soil parent material (see Appendix 3).

b. What is the steepest slope on the site (approximate percent slope)?

The steepest slope on the project site is approximately 40% on the westerly edge of the southerly leg of the property (See Appendix 8 for Statement from Terra Surveying).

c. What general types of soils are found on the site (for example, clay, sand, gravel, peat, muck)? If you know the classification of agricultural soils, specify them and note any agricultural land of long-term commercial significance and whether the proposal results in removing any of these soils.

The soils are classified as 86B Chemawa ashy loam (8 to 15 percent slopes) and 86C Chemawa ashy loam (15-30 percent slope). They are both in hydraulic group B (see Appendix 1 and 2). The proposal does not have the aim of removing soil from the site as any grading activities will relocate soil within the site boundaries.

d. Are there surface indications or history of unstable soils in the immediate vicinity? If so, describe

There is no history or evidence of unstable soils on the project site, according to the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service and the Department of Ecology landslide information.

e. Describe the purpose, type, total area, and approximate quantities and total affected area of any filling, excavation, and grading proposed. Indicate source of fill.

The project will include 7.93 acres of disturbance. The work will consist of clearing, grading, and building the units. If additional fill is required, it will be sourced from WSDOT approved sources.

f. Could erosion occur because of clearing, construction, or use? If so, generally describe.

General erosion considerations are to be considered with site development of converting a decommissioned orchard into a residential neighborhood. A Stormwater Pollution Prevention Report and Plan will need to be done in order to minimize the impacts of erosion on the project site and the local area.

g. About what percent of the site will be covered with impervious surfaces after project construction (for example, asphalt or buildings)?

Approximately 75% of the land will be covered by impervious material and the site plan will include mitigation measures to reduce surface runoff.

h. Proposed measures to reduce or control erosion, or other impacts to the earth, if any:

Best management Practices (BMPs), and a SWPPP will aid in reducing erosion impacts from construction activities, such as mass grading or trenching for utilities.

2. AIR

a. What types of emissions to the air would result from the proposal during construction, operation, and maintenance when the project is completed? If any, generally describe and give approximate quantities if known.

Construction: Standard emissions associated with construction equipment (e.g., excavators, backhoe, etc.), and construction materials (asphalt, concrete, aggregate, painting, grading, etc.).

Post-Construction: Standard household emission associated with a residential area (e.g., houses, cars, etc.).

b. Are there any off-site sources of emissions or odor that may affect your proposal?

No, there are no off-site sources of emissions or odor that will affect this site.

c. Proposed measures to reduce or control emissions or other impacts to air if any:

There are currently no proposed management practices. The site, applicant and contractor will comply with all local air quality rules.

3. WATER

a. Surface

Is there any surface waterbody on or in the immediate vicinity of the site (including year-round and seasonal streams, saltwater, lakes, ponds, wetlands)? If yes, describe type and provide names. If appropriate, state what stream or river it flows into.

There are no water bodies in the immediate vicinity of the project site (\sim 300 ft or 0.05 mi). The Columbia River is located 1 mile to the south, the White Salmon River is located 1.7 miles to the West and Jewett Creek is located 0.55 miles to the East.

2. Will the project require any work over, in, or adjacent to (within 200 feet) the described waters? If yes, please describe and attach available plans.

No work will be required in or adjacent to any of the described water bodies for this project.

3. Estimate the amount of fill and dredge material that would be placed in or removed from the surface water or wetlands and indicate the area of the site that would be affected. Indicate the source of fill material.

No fill will be placed in or removed from surface water or wetlands.

4. Will the proposal require surface water withdrawals or diversions? Give general description, purpose, and approximate quantities if known.

There are no existing surface or ground water sources that would require withdrawals or diversions.

5. Does the proposal lie within a 100-year floodplain? If so, note location on the site plan.

No. The proposal does not lie within a 100-year floodplain.

6. Does the proposal involve any discharge of waste materials into surface waters? If so, describe the type of waste and anticipated volume of discharge.

No. The proposal does not involve any discharge of waste material into surface waters.

b. Ground:

1. Will groundwater be withdrawn from a well for drinking water or other purposes? If so, give a general description of the well, proposed uses and approximate quantities withdrawn from the well? Will water be discharged to groundwater? Give general description, purpose, and approximate quantities if known.

No water well is proposed. Water will be provided via the City of White Salmon municipal system.

2. Describe waste material that will be discharged into the ground from septic tanks or other sources, if any (for example: Domestic sewage; industrial, containing the following chemicals...; agricultural; etc.). Describe the general size of the system, the number of such systems, the number of houses to be served (if applicable), or the number of animals or humans the system(s) are expected to serve.

No waste material will be discharged into the ground from septic tanks or other sources. Waste material will be removed via sewer lines which will hook up to the municipal sewer system.

c. Water runoff (including storm water):

1. Describe the sources of runoff and method of collection and disposal, if any (include quantities, if known). Where will this water flow? Will this water flow into other waters? If so, describe.

The only major potential source for runoff will be during the construction phase. However, a SWPPP will been made which will include a detention system and consider construction and post-construction run off. BMPs will also be put into action to reduce sources of runoff.

2. Could waste materials enter ground or surface waters?

No. All domestic waste materials will be captured, contained, and transported off the site in sewer system network connected to the municipal system.

3. Does the proposal alter or otherwise affect drainage patterns in the vicinity of the site? If so, describe?

No. The proposal will not alter or affect drainage patterns in the vicinity of the site.

d. Proposed measures to reduce or control surface, ground, runoff water, and drainage pattern impacts, if any:

Surface runoff from impervious surfaces will be collected into a drainage control system consisting of pipes, catch basins and manholes. The runoff will be collected and directed to discharge into the planned storm water management system. Storm water detention will be provided as needed at the downhill area of the site.

4. PLANTS

- a. Check the types of vegetation found on the site:
- Deciduous tree: Alder, maple, aspen, other
- Evergreen tree: Fir, cedar, pine, other
- Shrubs
- Grass
- Pasture
- Crop or grain
- Orchards, vineyards or other permanent crops.
- Wet soil plants: Cattail, buttercup, bullrush, skunk cabbage, other
- Water plants: Water lily, eelgrass, milfoil, other

- Other types of vegetation

The vegetative landscape consists of an old cherry orchard. There are grasses, weeds, burnt trees, blackberry bushes, shrubs, and a few live trees such as cedar, oak, and maple.

b. What kind and amount of vegetation will be removed or altered?

The entire area of the site will have to be cleared of most of the vegetation prior to construction activities. There is a minimal number of alive trees, due to the majority being burnt, on site which will be removal. Any volunteer cherry trees will be removed if necessary. The trees that do not need to get removed are located near fence lines, such as the oak, or the vegetation located on the natural gas embankment which does have native species such as snowberries.

The 8 oak Candidate Heritage Trees on the site will not be removed or altered.

c. List threatened or endangered species known to the on or near the site

There are no threatened or endangered plant species known to be near or on the site. Most of the plants are cherry trees, grasses and shrubs that are nonnative.

d. Proposed landscaping, use of native plants, or other measures to preserve or enhance vegetation on the site, if any:

Landscaping will adhere to White Salmon requirements for residential development. The project will prioritize the planting of native plants. This will have a beneficial effect on the local fauna, insects and reduce irrigation needs on the sites.

From Arborist Report, the 8 total oak Candidate Heritage Trees will be protected following the reports recommendations (See Appendix 7).

e. List all noxious weeds and invasive species known to be on or near the site.

Blackberry (Himalayan), wild carrot (See Appendix 5)

5. ANIMALS

a. List any birds and other animals, which have been observed on or near the site or are known to be on or near the site. Examples include: Birds: Hawk, heron, eagle, songbirds, other: Mammals: Deer, bear, elk, beaver, other: Fish: Bass, salmon, trout, herring, shellfish, other:

There are a few birds and mammals present in the vicinity of the site. Examples include quail, deer, hawks, and songbirds.

b. List any threatened and endangered species known to be on or near the site

There are no threatened species known to be in the vicinity of the site (see Appendix 4).

c. Is the site part of a migration route?

The site is not part of a migration route.

d. Proposed measures to preserve or enhance wildlife if any:

There are no planned impacts on wildlife for this proposed project. Some measures to preserve or enhance wildlife is through the encouragement of planting native plants such as shrubs, trees, grasses, and flowers. This will help the local populations of insects, birds, mammals, and amphibians.

e. List any invasive animal species known to be on or near the site.

No known invasive species on site

6. ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

a. What kinds of energy (electric, natural gas, oil, wood stove, solar) will be used to meet the completed project's energy needs? Describe whether it will be used for heating, manufacturing, etc.

Construction: Energy will be used for the construction of the project. Diesel and gasoline will be used by construction equipment and vehicles.

Post Construction: Electric and natural gas utilities will be installed, to provide services for residential purposes.

b. Would your project affect the potential use of solar energy by adjacent properties? If so, generally describe.

No. The project will not affect the potential use of solar energy by adjacent property needs.

c. What kinds of energy conservation features are included in the plans of this proposal? List other proposed measures to reduce or control energy impacts, if any:

Currently, no energy conservation features are included in the plans of this proposal. However, the contractor may choose materials with lower transportation and other energy costs, using renewable energy sources, or designing the subdivision with maintenance measures that help reduce energy consumption and promote energy generation.

7. ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

a. Are there any environmental health hazards, including exposure to toxic chemicals, risk of fire and explosion, spill, or hazardous waste, that could occur because of this proposal? If so, describe.

There are no known health hazards, toxic chemicals, risk of explosion or fire, spill, or hazardous waste concerns associated with the project area and scope of work.

1. Describe any known or possible contamination at the site from present or past uses.

There are no known contaminants located in the project boundary. The project site sits on a decommissioned orchard. The orchard may have used pesticides and fertilizers, but further testing will have to be done to determine the level of contamination.

2. Describe existing hazardous chemicals and conditions that might affect project development and design. This includes underground hazardous liquid and gas transmission pipelines located within the project area and in the vicinity.

The site has gas and utility lines running through out, which will need to be rerouted before the construction of the site. The gas line sits on the western side going in the north-south direction. Before construction the lines will be located.

3. Describe any toxic or hazardous chemicals that might be stored, used, or produced during the project's development or construction, or at any time during the operating life of the project.

A limited amount of diesel fuel and machine lubricants will be used and stored on the project site for the use of excavation and construction equipment during the site development activities.

4. Describe special emergency services that might be required.

No special emergency services will be required.

5. Proposed measures to reduce or control environmental health hazards, if any:

Best Management Practices will be utilized during the site development process. The hazards will be minimized by mapping out the different utilities prior to construction to have a negligible impact on human and environmental health. Spill kits will be stored on site to ensure that all potential pollutants, if spilled, are absorbed/removed and the area cleaned to original condition.

b. Noise

1. What types of noise exist in the area that may affect your project?

There are no noises in the area which will affect the project.

2. What types and levels of noise would be created by or associated with the project on a short-term or a long-term basis?

The level of noise during the construction phase will be limited to standard workday hours. Post construction noise levels will be standard residential noises, which are to be expected.

3. Proposed measures to reduce or control noise impacts, if any:

To control noise levels, all construction will adhere to currently existing noise regulations or noise ordinance requirements (Klickitat County and/or City of White Salmon as applicable).

8. LAND AND SHORELINE USE

a. What is the current use of the site and adjacent properties? Will the proposal affect current land uses on nearby or adjacent properties? If so, describe.

The current usage of the project area is a vacant decommissioned orchard. The proposal will have no effect on the land usage of nearby/adjacent properties. site is in a residential neighborhood in the White Salmon UGB, zoned R-1 residential low density. There are no adverse effects that are anticipated.

b. Has the project site been used as working farmlands or working forest lands? If so, describe. How much agricultural or forest land of long-term commercial significance will be converted to other uses as a result of the proposal, if any? If resource lands have not been designated, how many acres in farmland or forest land tax status will be converted to non-farm or non-forest use?

This site was used an orchard (farmland). There will be no significant long-term commercial impacts because the lot has been vacant for a long time. The project will convert 100% of the lot into residential lands.

1. Will the proposal affect or be affected by surrounding working farm or forest land normal business operations, such as oversize equipment access, the application of pesticides, tilling, and harvesting? If so, how: Know Your Farming Neighbors.

This project will not influence the surrounding working farm or forested lands.

c. Describe any structures on the site.

There are currently no structures on site.

d. Will any structures be demolished? If so, what?

There are currently no structures on site that need to be demolished.

e. What is the current zoning classification of the site?

The current zoning is R1 (Single Family Residential). The parcel will be split up into 35 lots with dwelling units adhering to the City of White Salmon Municipal Code (Chapter 17.24 - R1 SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT)

f. What is the current comprehensive plan designation of the site?

2012 Comprehensive Plan Designation (Residential Low Density)

g. If applicable, what is the current shoreline master program designation of the site?

The area is not included within the Shoreline Master Program and is not within 200 feet of any of the listed water bodies within the Klickitat County SMP.

h. Has any part of the site been classified as a critical area by the city or county? If so, specify.

The site has not been classified as a critical area by the city or county.

i. Approximately how many people would reside or work in the completed project?

Approximately 72 to 100 people will be residing on the site once the project is complete. 2 persons per residence *35 = 70

2.8 persons per residence $\frac{1}{35} = 98$

j. Approximately how many people would the completed project displace?

This project would not be displacing any residents as the site is vacant.

k. Proposed measures to avoid or reduce displacement impacts, if any:

The site is vacant and will create housing.

I. Proposed measures to ensure the proposal is compatible with existing and projected land uses and plans, if any:

Project proposal complies with current zoning and projected residential land use.

m. Proposed measures to ensure the proposal is compatible with nearby agricultural and forestlands of long-term commercial significance, if any:

Not Applicable.

9. HOUSING

a. Approximately how many units would be provided, if any?

Approximately there will be 35 single family, fair market value units will be developed

b. Approximately how many units, if any, would be eliminated?

None. The lot is currently vacant.

c. Proposed measures to reduce or control housing impacts, if any.

There is no proposed measure to reduce or control housing impacts.

10. AESTHETICS

a. What is the tallest height of any proposed structure(s), not including antennas; what is the principle exterior building material(s) proposed?

White Salmon Municipal Code regulates residential building height to twenty-eight feet or less; exterior cladding will be residential siding.

b. What views in the immediate vicinity would be altered or obstructed?

Undeveloped site will become a residential neighborhood. Views will not be obstructed.

c. Proposed measures to reduce or control aesthetic impacts, if any:

There is no proposed measure to reduce or control aesthetic impacts as the aim is to construct high quality residential homes in conformance with local building code standards.

11. LIGHT AND GLARE

a. What type of light or glare will the proposal produce? What time of day will it mainly occur?

Minimal glare from residential windows may be present during extremely sunny days. Streetlights will be installed along new circulatory routes conforming to local regulations on placement and brightness.

b. Could light or glare from the finished project be a safety hazard or interfere with views?

No.

c. What existing off-site sources of light or glare may affect your proposal?

None.

12. RECREATION

a. What designated and informal recreational opportunities are in the immediate vicinity?

There are no recreation facilities within the project boundary. Within a mile of the project there are two city parks and a school.

b. Would the proposed project displace any existing recreational uses?

No.

c. Proposed measures to reduce or control impacts on recreation, including recreation opportunities to be provided by the project or applicant, if any:

There are currently no proposed measures to mitigate impacts on recreation.

13. HISTORIC AND CULTURAL PRESERVATION

a. Are there any buildings, structures, or sites, located on or near the site that are over 45 years old listed in or eligible for listing in national, state, or local preservation registers located on or near the site? If so, specifically describe.

There are no structures present on the site.

b. Are there any landmarks, features, or other evidence of Indian or historic use or occupation. This may include human burials or old cemeteries. Are there any material evidence, artifacts, or areas of cultural importance on or near the site? Please list any professional studies conducted at the site to identify such resources.

There are no landmarks on the site.

c. Describe the methods used to assess the potential impacts to cultural and historic resources on or near the project site. Examples include consultation with tribes and the department of archeology and historic preservation, archaeological surveys, historic maps, GIS data, etc.

The current method used to reduce impacts to cultural and historical resources will be to halt construction if an object is found. Then consult the Inadvertent Discovery Plan (IDP) prepared by the Department of Ecology (Appendix 6). The IDP outlines the protocols and procedures involved is a discovery is made and will also include the appropriate list of contacts to notify such as the local archaeological department, historic preservation societies and local tribes.

d. Proposed measures to avoid, minimize, or compensate for loss, changes to, and disturbance to resources. Please include plans for the above and any permits that may be required.

There are no anticipated impacts to archaeological resources for this project, and as such avoidance/ minimization/ compensation measures are not proposed at this time.

14. TRANSPORTATION

a. Identify public streets and highways serving the site or affected geographic area and describe proposed access to the existing street system. Show on site plans, if any.

The parcel has direct connection to Spring Street which is connected to Main Avenue. A second means of egress is proposed to the East that will connect to Main Avenue through a neighboring parcel that is being developed in tandem.

b. Is the site or affected geographic area currently served by public transit? If so, generally describe. If not, what is the approximate distance to the nearest transit stop?

There are currently no public transit operations near the site. The Mount Adams Transportation Service (MATS) offers transportation in this region and is located approximately 3000 feet away from the project site.

A traffic control plan will be prepared.

c. Will the proposal require any new, or improvements to, existing roads, streets, pedestrian, bicycle, or state transportation facilities, not including driveways? If so, generally describe (indicate whether public or private).

The proposal will require installation of a new road network, to include pedestrian sidewalks within the parcel to facilitate adequate circulation. The streets and sidewalks will be a dedicated Right of Way for the City of White Salmon.

Also, the proposal will require extended frontage improvements along NW Spring Street following the Typical Cross-Section for Connector Street on the Bicycle Network per the City`s recently adopted Transportation System Plan (TSP) "Lite", (August 30, 2023).

d. Will the project or proposal use (or occur in the immediate vicinity of) water, rail, or air transportation? If so, generally describe.

No. There will be no water, rail, or air transportation in the immediate vicinity of the project site.

e. How many vehicular trips per day would be generated by the completed project or proposal? If known, indicate when peak volumes would occur and what percentage of the volume would be trucks (such as commercial and non-passenger vehicles). What data or transportation models were used to make these estimates?

A maximum of 80 trips per day would be generated with peak ours being from 6-9 am and 3-6 pm. Please note that with the increase of work from home offices there is more variation in trips.

f. Will the proposal interfere with, affect, or be affected by the movement of agricultural and forest products on roads or streets in the area? If so, generally describe.

No.

g. Proposed measures to reduce or control transportation impacts, if any: Identify public streets and highways serving the site and describe proposed access to the existing street system.

A Traffic Control Plan (TCP) might be needed in order to determine traffic impacts prior to construction.

15. PUBLIC SERVICES

a. Would the project result in an increased need for public services (for example: Fire protection, police protection, public transit, health care, schools, other)? If so, generally describe.

The impacts of additional home sites on public services have not been quantified.

b. Proposed measures to reduce or control direct impacts on public services, if any.

There are no proposed measures to reduce or control direct impacts on public services at the moment.

16. UTILITIES

a. Circle utilities currently available at the site: Electricity, natural gas, water, refuse service, telephone, sanitary sewer, septic system, other.

All are available but need to be connected to the site, except there will be not septic system.

b. Describe the utilities that are proposed for the project, the utility providing the service, and the general construction activities on the site or in the immediate vicinity that might be needed.

A water and a sanitary sewer system will be added to the project site, these services are available and will be integrated into the city's infrastructure.

Electric, natural gas and other utilities are also present in the site vicinity and will be added accordingly.

SECTION C. SIGNATURE

The above answers are true and complete to the best of my knowledge. I understand that the lead agency is relying on them to make its decision.

Signature:



Name of Signee: Carlos Garrido

Position and Agency/Organization: Project Manager, HRK Engineering & Field Services

Date Submitted: September 8, 2023

Amended: November 28, 2023

- 1. Soil Map
- 2. Soil Types
 - a. 86C
 - b. 86B
- 3. Liquefaction Susceptibility Map of Klickitat County, Washington
- 4. State Listed Species AND Priority Habitats and Species on the Site
- 5. Invasive and Noxious Weed List
- 6. Inadvertent Discovery Plan (IDP)
- 7. Arborist Report
- 8. Statement of Critical Slopes by Terra Surveying
- 9. Geotechnical Report



National Cooperative Soil Survey

Conservation Service

11/1/2021 Page 1 of 3

| MA | P LEGEND | MAP INFORMATION |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Area of Interest (AOI) | Spoil Area | The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at |
| Area of Interest (AC | | 1:24,000. |
| Soils | M Very Stony Spot | Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. |
| Soil Map Unit Polyg | | Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause |
| Map Unit Lines | | misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil |
| Soil Map Unit Point | | line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed |
| Special Point Features | | scale. |
| (i) Blowout | Water Features Streams and Canals | Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map |
| Borrow Pit | Transportation | measurements. |
| 💥 Clay Spot | Rails | Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service |
| Closed Depression | Interstate Highways | Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) |
| Gravel Pit | US Routes | Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercato |
| Gravelly Spot | Major Roads | projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts |
| 🙆 Landfill | Local Roads | distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more |
| Lava Flow | Background | accurate calculations of distance or area are required. |
| Marsh or swamp | Aerial Photography | This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data a of the version date(s) listed below. |
| Mine or Quarry | | Soil Survey Area: Klickitat County Area, Washington |
| Miscellaneous Wate | er | Survey Area Data: Version 16, Aug 31, 2021 |
| Perennial Water | | Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales |
| Rock Outcrop | | 1:50,000 or larger. |
| Saline Spot | | Date(s) aerial images were photographed: May 28, 2020—Ma 29, 2020 |
| Sandy Spot | | The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were |
| Severely Eroded Sp | pot | compiled and digitized probably differs from the background |
| Sinkhole | | imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident. |
| 🕉 Slide or Slip | | saliting of map unit boundaries may be evident. |
| jø Sodic Spot | | |
| | | |



Map Unit Legend

| Map Unit Symbol | Map Unit Name | Acres in AOI | Percent of AOI |
|-----------------------------|--|--------------|----------------|
| 86B | Chemawa ashy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes | 6.1 | 77.5% |
| 86C | Chemawa ashy loam, 15 to 30 percent slopes | 1.8 | 22.5% |
| Totals for Area of Interest | • | 7.8 | 100.0% |



Klickitat County Area, Washington

86B—Chemawa ashy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2kmy Elevation: 600 to 2,100 feet Mean annual precipitation: 45 to 65 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 48 degrees F Frost-free period: 110 to 160 days Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Chemawa and similar soils: 95 percent Minor components: 5 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Chemawa

Setting

Landform: Terraces Parent material: Volcanic ash

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 26 inches: ashy loam H2 - 26 to 60 inches: ashy silt loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 8 to 15 percent Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Drainage class: Well drained Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.57 to 1.98 in/hr) Depth to water table: More than 80 inches Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: High (about 11.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e Hydrologic Soil Group: B Ecological site: F006XC003WA - Cool Frigid Moist Xeric Mountain Slopes (Grand fir Cool, Moist Shrub /Herb) Other vegetative classification: grand fir/vanillaleaf (CWS524) Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Timberhead

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

| USDA | Na |
|------|----|
| | Co |

Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey 11/2/2021 Page 1 of 2 Map Unit Description: Chemawa ashy loam, 15 to 30 percent slopes---Klickitat County Area, Washington

Klickitat County Area, Washington

86C—Chemawa ashy loam, 15 to 30 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2kmz Elevation: 500 to 2,200 feet Mean annual precipitation: 45 to 65 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 48 degrees F Frost-free period: 110 to 160 days Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Chemawa and similar soils: 90 percent Minor components: 10 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Chemawa

Setting

Landform: Terraces Parent material: Volcanic ash

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 26 inches: ashy loam H2 - 26 to 60 inches: ashy silt loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 15 to 30 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water
 (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: High (about 11.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e Hydrologic Soil Group: B Ecological site: F006XC003WA - Cool Frigid Moist Xeric Mountain Slopes (Grand fir Cool, Moist Shrub /Herb) Other vegetative classification: grand fir/vanillaleaf (CWS524) Hydric soil rating: No

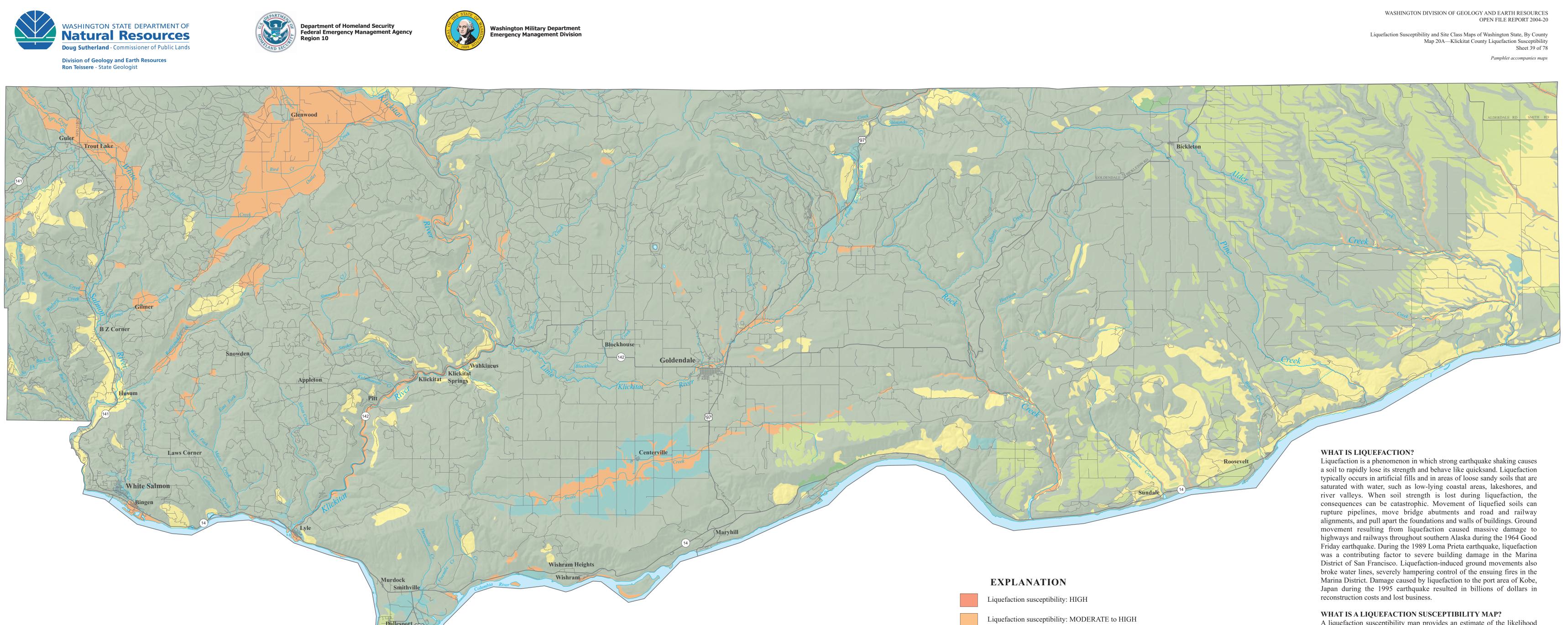
Minor Components

Timberhead

Percent of map unit: 5 percent *Hydric soil rating:* No

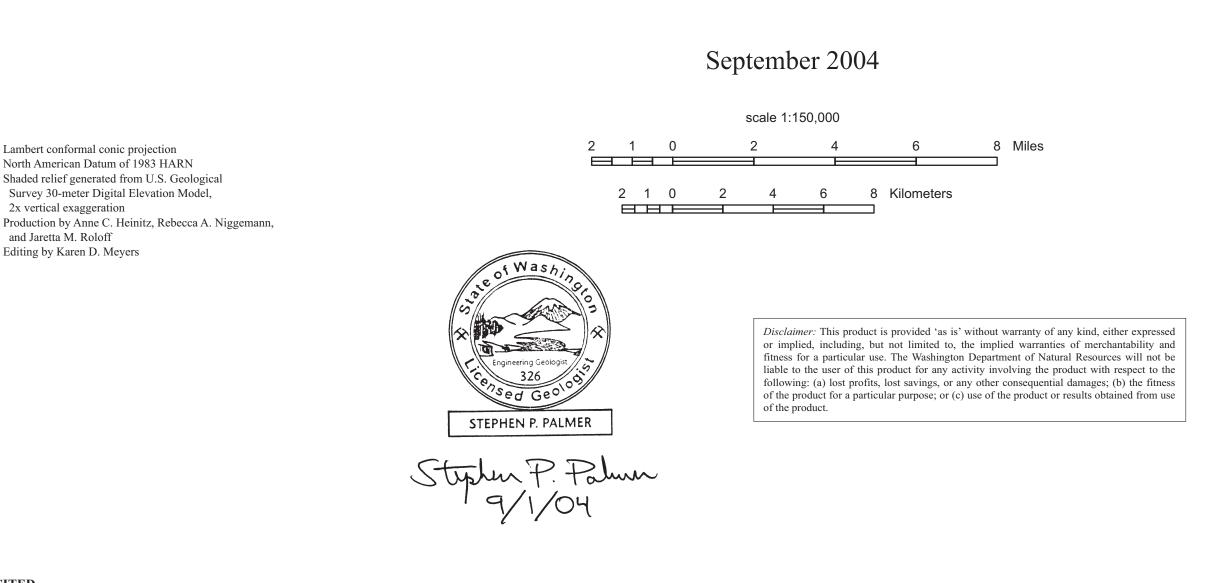
| USDA | Na |
|------|----|
| | Co |

Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey 11/2/2021 Page 1 of 2



Liquefaction Susceptibility Map of Klickitat County, Washington

by Stephen P. Palmer, Sammantha L. Magsino, Eric L. Bilderback, James L. Poelstra, Derek S. Folger, and Rebecca A. Niggemann



REFERENCES CITED

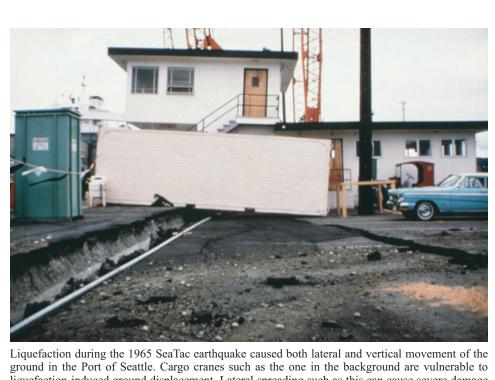
- Grant, W. P.; Perkins, W. J.; Youd, T. L., 1998, Evaluation of liquefaction potential in Seattle, Washington. In Rogers, A. M.; Walsh, T. J.; Kockelman, W. J.; Priest, G. R., editors, Assessing earthquake hazards and reducing risk in the Pacific Northwest: U.S. Geological Survey Professional Paper 1560, v. 2, p. 441-473, 1 plate. [accessed Sep. 9, 2004 at http://
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- Palmer, S. P.; Magsino, S. L.; Poelstra, J. L.; Niggemann, R. A., in press, Liquefaction susceptibility map of Clark County, Washington: Washington Division of Geology and Earth Resources, 1 sheet, scale 1:100,000.
- Palmer, S. P.; Perkins, W. J.; Grant, W. P., 2003, Liquefaction susceptibility of the greater Tacoma urban area, Pierce and King Counties, Washington: Washington Division of Geology and Earth Resources Geologic Map GM-51, 1 sheet, scale 1:30,000

with 11 p. text. [accessed Sep. 9, 2004 at http://www.dnr.wa.gov/ geology/pdf/gm51.zip] Palmer, S. P.; Schasse, H. W.; Norman, D. K., 1994, Liquefaction

- susceptibility for the Des Moines and Renton 7.5-minute quadrangles, Washington: Washington Division of Geology and Earth Resources Geologic Map GM-41, 2 sheets, scale 1:24,000, with 15 p. text.
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- Washington Division of Geology and Earth Resources staff, 2001, Digital geologic maps of the 1:100,000 quadrangles of Washington: Washington Division of Geology and Earth Resources Digital Report 2, June 2003 version, 1 CD-ROM disk. Youd, T. L.; Perkins, D. M., 1978, Mapping liquefaction-induced ground failure potential: American Society of Civil Engineers, Journal of the Geotechnical Engineering Division, v. 104, no. GT4, p. 433-446.



ground in the Port of Seattle. Cargo cranes such as the one in the background are vulnerable to liquefaction-induced ground displacement. Lateral spreading such as this can cause severe damage to both above-ground structures and underground utilities. Photo courtesy of the Karl V Steinbrugge Collection, Earthquake Engineering Research Center [http://nisee.berkeley.edu/visual_ resources/steinbrugge collection.html].

- Liquefaction susceptibility: MODERATE
- Liquefaction susceptibility: LOW to MODERATE
- Liquefaction susceptibility: LOW

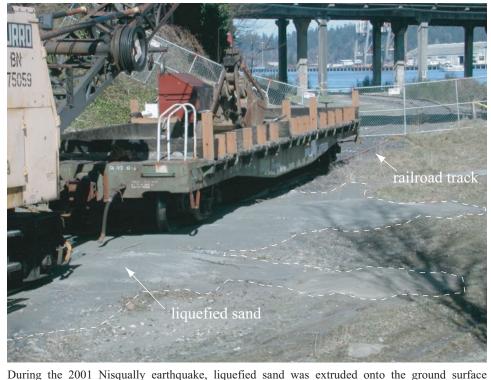
Bedrock

Ice

- Liquefaction susceptibility: VERY LOW to LOW
- Liquefaction susceptibility: VERY LOW

Peat is not susceptible to liquefaction but may Peat deposit undergo permanent displacement or loss of strength as a result of earthquake shaking.

This explanation is standardized for this series of county-based liquefaction maps; some categories may not appear on this map.



beneath the railroad tracks near Capitol Lake in Olympia. The vented sand is called a sand blow, and is clear evidence of liquefaction of the underlying soil. Photo by Stephen P. Palmer.

A liquefaction susceptibility map provides an estimate of the likelihood that soil will liquefy as a result of earthquake shaking. This type of map depicts the relative susceptibility in a range that varies from very low to high. Areas underlain by bedrock or peat are mapped separately as these earth materials are not liquefiable, although peat deposits may be subject to permanent ground deformation caused by earthquake shaking.

This map is based solely on surficial geology published at a scale of 1:100,000 by the Washington State Department of Natural Resources, Division of Geology and Earth Resources (Washington Division of Geology and Earth Resources staff, 2001). We have assigned liquefaction susceptibility based on published geologic correlations (Youd and Perkins, 1978) and similarity of the geologic units in the map area to units that have been subjected to a quantitative susceptibility analysis (Grant and others, 1998; Palmer, 1995; Palmer and others, 1994, 1995, 1999, 2002, 2003, in press). The assignment of liquefaction susceptibility represents our best professional judgment.

HOW CAN THIS MAP BE USED?

Liquefaction susceptibility maps such as this can be used for many different purposes by a variety of users. For example:

- Emergency managers can determine which critical facilities and lifelines are located in hazardous areas.
- Building officials and engineers can select areas where detailed geotechnical studies should be performed before new construction or retrofitting of older structures.
- Facilities managers can assess the vulnerability of corporate and public facilities, including schools, and recommend actions required to maximize public safety and minimize earthquake damage and loss.
- Insurance providers can determine relative seismic risk to aid in the calculation of insurance ratings and premiums.
- Land-use planners can reduce vulnerability by recommending appropriate zoning and land use in high hazard areas to promote long-term mitigation of earthquake losses.
- Private property owners can guide their decisions on purchasing, retrofitting, and upgrading their properties.

This map is meant only as a general guide to delineate areas prone to liquefaction. It is not a substitute for site-specific investigation to assess the potential for liquefaction for any development project. Because the data used in the liquefaction susceptibility assessment have been subdivided on the basis of regional geologic mapping, this map cannot be used to determine the presence or absence of liquefiable soils beneath any specific locality. This determination requires a site-specific geotechnical investigation performed by a qualified practitioner.

This map is intended to be printed at a scale of 1:150,000 in order to present the entire study area on a single standard-size plate. However, the map was generated using 1:100,000-scale digital coverages of the geologic mapping; therefore, the digital data reflect the original 1:100,000-scale of the hazard mapping. As with all maps, it is recommended that the user does not apply this map, either digitally or on paper, at scales greater than the source data.

STATE LISTED SPECIES

Revised October 2021



Washington Department of FISH and WILDLIFE

The Washington Fish and Wildlife Commission has classified the following 46 species as Endangered, Threatened, or Sensitive. The federal status of species under the Endangered Species Act differs in some cases from state status; federal status is indicated by: Federal Endangered (FE), Threatened (FT), Candidate (FC), USFWS has made a 90-day finding that listing may be warranted (90d), or a NOAA Species of Concern (FSC).

| STATE ENDANGERED | STATE THREATENED | STATE SENSITIVE | |
|---|--|--|--|
| A species native to the State of | A species native to the state of Washington | A species native to the state that is | |
| Washington that is seriously threatened | that is likely to become endangered within | vulnerable or declining and is likely to | |
| with extinction throughout all or a | the foreseeable future throughout a | become endangered or threatened in | |
| significant portion of its range within the | significant portion of its range within the | a significant portion of its range | |
| state. | state without cooperative management or | within the state without cooperative | |
| | removal of threats. | management or removal of threats. | |
| The 35 State Endangered species listed below | , | The 6 State Sensitive species are | |
| are designated in Washington Administrative | The 5 State Threatened species are designated in | designated in Washington Administrative | |
| Code 220-610-010 | Washington Administrative Code 220-200-100 | Code 220-200-100 | |
| MAMMALS (14) | MAMMALS (3) | MAMMALS (1) | |
| Fin Whale F | | Gray Whale FE [#] | |
| Sei Whale F | Western Gray Squirrel - | [#] Western North Pacific Stock | |
| Blue Whale F | Mazama Pocket Gopher | | |
| Humpback Whale FT/FE | subsp. glacialis, pugetensis, tumuli, yelmensis FT | BIRDS (1) | |
| <pre>#Mexico DPS=T; Central America DPS=E</pre> | subsp. couchi, louiei ^x , melanops - | Common Loon - | |
| North Pacific Right Whale F | | | |
| Sperm Whale F | DINUS(1) | FISH (3) | |
| Killer Whale Fl | American White Pelican - | Pygmy Whitefish - | |
| #Southern Residents only | | Margined Sculpin - | |
| Gray Wolf 90 Grizzly Bear F | REPTILES (1) | Olympic Mudminnow - | |
| , | Groop Sop Turtlo | | |
| Lynx F Fisher - | | AMPHIBIAN (1) | |
| Columbian White-tailed Deer F | | Larch Mountain Salamander - | |
| Woodland Caribou ^x F | | | |
| Pygmy Rabbit F | | | |
| BIRDS (12) | | | |
| Sandhill Crane | | | |
| Snowy Plover F | | | |
| Upland Sandpiper ^x | ^These species are, or may be, extirpated from all | | |
| Marbled Murrelet F | of their historical range in Washington | | |
| Tufted Puffin | | | |
| Columbian Sharp-tailed Grouse - | | | |
| Greater Sage-Grouse | | | |
| Ferruginous Hawk - | | | |
| Northern Spotted Owl F | | | |
| Yellow-billed Cuckoo ^x F | For more information, check our website: | | |
| Streaked Horned Lark F | https://wdfw.wa.gov/species_habitats/species | | |
| Oregon Vesper Sparrow 90 | https://warmingov/species habitats/species | | |
| REPTILES (3) | | | |
| Western Pond Turtle 90 | Or contact us at: | | |
| Leatherback Sea Turtle F | | | |
| Loggerhead Sea Turtle F | | | |
| | Wildlife Program (360) 902-2515 | | |
| AMPHIBIANS (2) | Eich Drogram (260) 002 2700 | | |
| Oregon Spotted Frog F | 1311 1051011 (3007 302 2700 | | |
| Northern Leopard Frog - | | | |
| INVERTEBRATES (4) | For more information on federal status, check the | | |
| Oregon Silverspot Butterfly ^x F | | | |
| Taylor's Checkerspot F | Marine Fisheries Service | | |
| Mardon Skipper | | | |
| | | | |

STATE CANDIDATE SPECIES

Revised October 2021

Washington Department of FISH and WILDLIFE

The Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife has designated the following 71 species as Candidates for listing in Washington as State Endangered, Threatened, or Sensitive. The Department reviews species for listing following procedures in Washington Administrative Code 220-610-110. The federal status of species under the Endangered Species Act differs in some cases from state status; federal status is indicated by: Federal Endangered (FE), Threatened (FT), Candidate (FC), USFWS has made a 90-day finding that listing may be warranted (90d), or a NOAA Fisheries Species of Concern (FSC).

MAMMALS (10)

| Townsend's Big-eared Bat |
|----------------------------|
| Keen's Myotis Bat |
| White-tailed Jackrabbit |
| Black-tailed Jackrabbit |
| Washington Ground Squirrel |
| Townsend's Ground Squirrel |
| South of the Yakima River |
| Olympic Marmot |
| Cascade Red Fox |
| Wolverine |
| Pacific Harbor Porpoise |

BIRDS (14)

FC

| Western Grebe | - |
|--|----|
| Clark's Grebe | - |
| Short-tailed Albatross | FE |
| Northern Goshawk | - |
| Golden Eagle | - |
| Cassin's Auklet | - |
| Flammulated Owl | - |
| Burrowing Owl | - |
| White-headed Woodpecker | - |
| Black-backed Woodpecker | - |
| Loggerhead Shrike | - |
| Slender-billed White-breasted Nuthatch | - |
| Sage Thrasher | - |
| Sagebrush Sparrow | - |
| | |

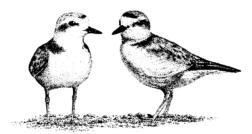
REPTILES and AMPHIBIANS (10)

| Sagebrush Lizard | - |
|-------------------------------|-----|
| Common Sharp-tailed Snake | - |
| California Mountain Kingsnake | - |
| Striped Whipsnake | - |
| Dunn's Salamander | - |
| Van Dyke's Salamander | - |
| Cascade Torrent Salamander | 90d |
| Western Toad | - |
| Columbia Spotted Frog | - |
| Rocky Mountain Tailed Frog | - |
| | |

| FISH (10) | |
|-----------------|----|
| Mountain Sucker | - |
| Lake Chub | - |
| Leopard Dace | - |
| Umatilla Dace | - |
| River Lamprey | - |
| Steelhead | |
| Snake River | FT |
| Upper Columbia | FT |
| Middle Columbia | FT |
| Lower Columbia | FT |
| Bull Trout | FT |
| | |

MOLLUSKS (7)

| Shortface Lanx | - |
|------------------------------|-----|
| Ashy (Columbia) Pebblesnail | - |
| California Floater | - |
| Columbia Oregonian (snail) | 90d |
| Poplar Oregonian (snail) | - |
| Dalles Sideband (snail) | 90d |
| Blue-gray Taildropper (slug) | - |



Many species of uncertain conservation need are listed in our State Wildlife Action Plan: https://wdfw.wa.gov/species-habitats/atrisk/swap

Beller's Ground Beetle Mann's Mollusk-eating Ground Beetle Columbia River Tiger Beetle

INSECTS (18)

| Hatch's Click Beetle | - |
|-------------------------------|-----|
| Columbia Clubtail (dragonfly) | - |
| Pacific Clubtail | - |
| Sand-verbena Moth | - |
| Yuma Skipper | - |
| Makah Copper | - |
| Chinquapin Hairstreak | - |
| Johnson's Hairstreak | - |
| Juniper Hairstreak | - |
| Puget Blue | - |
| Valley Silverspot | - |
| Silver-bordered Fritillary | - |
| Great Arctic | - |
| Island Marble | FE |
| Western Bumble Bee | 90d |

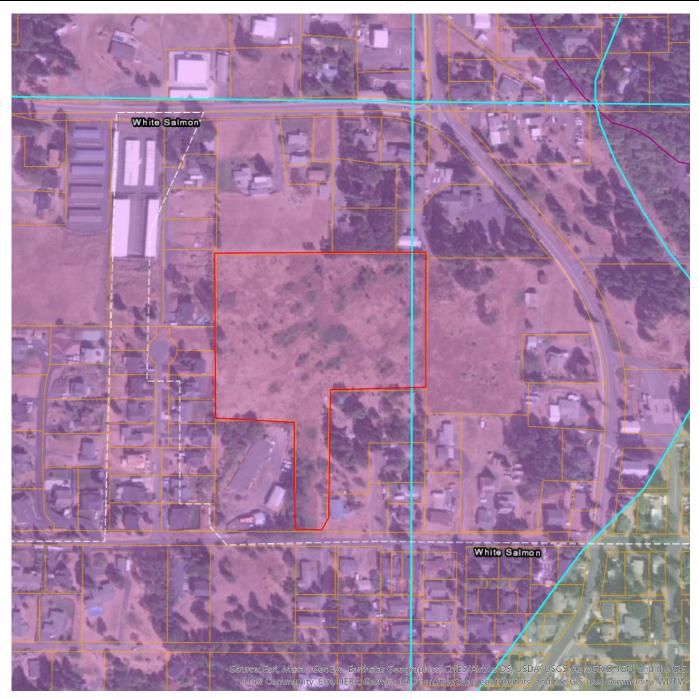
OTHER INVERTEBRATES (2)

| Giant Palouse Earthworm | - |
|-------------------------|---|
| Leschi's Millipede | - |

For more information, check our website: https://wdfw.wa.gov/specieshabitats/species Or contact us: Wildlife Program (360) 902-2515 Fish Program (360) 902-2700



Priority Habitats and Species on the Web



Report Date: 10/29/2021

PHS Species/Habitats Overview:

| Occurence Name | Federal Status | State Status | Sensitive Location |
|-------------------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Mule and black-tailed deer | N/A | N/A | No |
| California mountain kingsnake | N/A | Candidate | Yes |
| Northern Spotted Owl | Threatened | Endangered | Yes |
| Little Brown Bat | N/A | N/A | Yes |
| Yuma myotis | N/A | N/A | Yes |

PHS Species/Habitats Details:

| Mule and black-tailed deer | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Scientific Name | Odocoileus hemionus |
| Priority Area | Regular Concentration |
| Site Name | LOWER WHITE SALMON WINTER RANGE DAMAGE AREAS |
| Accuracy | 1/4 mile (Quarter Section) |
| Notes | BLACK-TAIL DEER WINTER RANGE AGRICULTURAL LAND AND RURAL HOUSING ALONG THE LOWER WHITE SALMON RIVER USED CONSISTANTLY BY WINTERING DEER RESULTING IN DAMAGE COMPLAINTS |
| Source Record | 905012 |
| Source Dataset | PHSREGION |
| Source Name | BICKNELL, BOB WDW |
| Source Entity | WA Dept. of Fish and Wildlife |
| Federal Status | N/A |
| State Status | N/A |
| PHS Listing Status | PHS LISTED OCCURRENCE |
| Sensitive | Ν |
| SGCN | Ν |
| Display Resolution | AS MAPPED |
| ManagementRecommendations | http://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/pub.php?id=00612 |
| Geometry Type | Polygons |

| California mountain kingsnake | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Scientific Name | Lampropeltis zonata |
| Notes | This polygon mask represents one or more records of the above species or habitat occurrence. Contact PHS Data Release (360-902-2543) for obtaining information about masked sensitive species and habitats. |
| Federal Status | N/A |
| State Status | Candidate |
| PHS Listing Status | PHS Listed Occurrence |
| Sensitive | Y |
| SGCN | Y |
| Display Resolution | QTR-TWP |
| ManagementRecommendations | http://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/pub.php?id=00025 |

PHS Report

| California mountain kingsnake | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Scientific Name | Lampropeltis zonata |
| Notes | This polygon mask represents one or more records of the above species or habitat occurrence. Contact PHS Data Release (360-902-2543) for obtaining information about masked sensitive species and habitats. |
| Federal Status | N/A |
| State Status | Candidate |
| PHS Listing Status | PHS Listed Occurrence |
| Sensitive | Y |
| SGCN | Y |
| Display Resolution | QTR-TWP |
| ManagementRecommendations | http://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/pub.php?id=00025 |

| Northern Spotted Owl | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Scientific Name | Strix occidentalis |
| Notes | This polygon mask represents one or more records of the above species or habitat occurrence. Contact PHS Data Release (360-902-2543) for obtaining information about masked sensitive species and habitats. |
| Federal Status | Threatened |
| State Status | Endangered |
| PHS Listing Status | PHS Listed Occurrence |
| Sensitive | Y |
| SGCN | Y |
| Display Resolution | TOWNSHIP |
| ManagementRecommendations | http://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/pub.php?id=00026 |

| Little Brown Bat | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Scientific Name | Myotis lucifugus |
| Notes | This polygon mask represents one or more records of the above species or habitat occurrence. Contact PHS Data Release (360-902-2543) for obtaining information about masked sensitive species and habitats. |
| Federal Status | N/A |
| State Status | N/A |
| PHS Listing Status | PHS Listed Occurrence |
| Sensitive | Y |
| SGCN | Ν |
| Display Resolution | TOWNSHIP |
| ManagementRecommendations | http://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/pub.php?id=00605 |

PHS Report

| Northern Spotted Owl | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Scientific Name | Strix occidentalis |
| Notes | This polygon mask represents one or more records of the above species or habitat occurrence. Contact PHS Data Release (360-902-2543) for obtaining information about masked sensitive species and habitats. |
| Federal Status | Threatened |
| State Status | Endangered |
| PHS Listing Status | PHS Listed Occurrence |
| Sensitive | Y |
| SGCN | Y |
| Display Resolution | TOWNSHIP |
| ManagementRecommendations | http://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/pub.php?id=00026 |

| Yuma myotis | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Scientific Name | Myotis yumanensis |
| Notes | This polygon mask represents one or more records of the above species or habitat occurrence. Contact PHS Data Release (360-902-2543) for obtaining information about masked sensitive species and habitats. |
| Federal Status | N/A |
| State Status | N/A |
| PHS Listing Status | PHS Listed Occurrence |
| Sensitive | Y |
| SGCN | Ν |
| Display Resolution | TOWNSHIP |
| ManagementRecommendations | http://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/pub.php?id=00605 |

DISCLAIMER. This report includes information that the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) maintains in a central computer database. It is not an attempt to provide you with an official agency response as to the impacts of your project on fish and wildlife. This information only documents the location of fish and wildlife resources to the best of our knowledge. It is not a complete inventory and it is important to note that fish and wildlife resources may occur in areas not currently known to WDFW biologists, or in areas for which comprehensive surveys have not been conducted. Site specific surveys are frequently necessary to rule out the presence of priority resources. Locations of fish and wildlife resources are subject to variation caused by disturbance, changes in season and weather, and other factors. WDFW does not recommend using reports more than six months old.

Class C Weeds

Class C weeds are non-native weeds found in Washington. Many of these species are widespread in the state. Long-term programs of suppression and control are a local option, depending upon local threats and the feasibility of control in local areas.

Common name

Austrian fieldcress * black henbane buffalobur * common St. Johnswort * common teasel * Eurasian watermilfoil * hvbrid hairy whitetop * hoary cress * Italian arum * jointed goatgrass * jubata grass longspine sandbur * nonnative cattail species & hybrids (reminder, does not include the native common cattail. *Typha latifolia*) oxeye daisy Pampas grass * spikeweed * spiny cocklebur * spotted jewelweed * Swainsonpea * thistle. Canada * tree-of-heaven * wild carrot * yellow flag iris *

Scientific name Rorippa austriaca Hyoscyamus niger Solanum rostratum Hypericum perforatum Dipsacus fullonum Myriophyllum spicatum x Myriophyllum sibiricum Lepidium appelianum Lepidium draba Arum italicum Aegilops cylindrica Cortaderia jubata Cenchrus longispinus Typha species

Leucanthemum vulgare Cortaderia selloana Centromadia pungens Xanthium spinosum Impatiens capensis Sphaerophysa salsula Cirsium arvense Ailanthus altissima Daucus carota Iris pseudacorus

* indicates known population in Klickitat County

To find out more about weeds and weed control in Washington, contact:

Klickitat County Noxious Weed Control Board 228 West Main St., MS-CH-23 Goldendale, WA 98620 509-773-5810 Email: noxiousweed@klickitatcounty.org Web site: https://www.klickitatcounty.org/562/Weed-Control

or

Washington State Noxious Weed Control Board 1111 Washington Street P.O. Box 42560 Olympia, WA 98504-2560 360-725-5764 Email: noxiousweeds@agr.wa.gov Web site: http://www.nwcb.wa.gov/

or

Washington State Department of Agriculture 21 North First Avenue #103 Yakima, WA 98902 509-225-2604



2021

Klickitat County Noxious Weed List



Turkish thistle, *Carduus cinereus*, is a new Class A noxious weed for 2021. This annual thistle is found close to Washington in northeastern Oregon and the adjacent area in Idaho. Eradication is required of Turkish thistle when found in Washington

Noxious weeds are non-native plants introduced to Washington through human actions. Because of their aggressive growth and lack of natural enemies in the state, these species can be highly destructive, competitive or difficult to control. These exotic species can reduce crop yields, destroy native plant and animal habitat, damage recreational opportunities, clog water-ways, lower land values and poison humans and livestock.

To help protect the county's resources, the Klickitat County Noxious Weed Control Board adopts a County Noxious Weed List each year. This list categorizes weeds into three major classes - A, B and C – according to the seriousness of the threat they pose to the county.

Class A Weeds

Class A weeds are non-native species with a limited distribution in Washington. Preventing new infestations and eradicating existing infestations is the highest priority. Eradication is required by law.

Common name common crupina cordgrass, common cordgrass, saltmeadow cordgrass, smooth dyer's woad eggleaf spurge * false brome floating primrose-willow flowering rush French broom garlic mustard giant hogweed * goatsrue hydrilla Johnsongrass * knapweed, bighead * knapweed, Vochin * kudzu

meadow clarv

purple starthistle

reed sweetgrass

ricefield bulrush

Spanish broom

Texas blueweed

thistle, Italian

thistle. Turkish

thistle, milk

sage, clary

Scientific name

Crupina vulgaris Spartina anglica cordgrass, dense-flowered Spartina densiflora Spartina patens Spartina alterniflora Isatis tinctoria Euphorbia oblongata Brachypodium sylvaticum Ludwigia peploides Butomus umbellatus Genista monspessulana Alliaria petiolata *Heracleum mantegazzianum* Galega officinalis *Hydrilla verticillata* Sorghum halepense *Centaurea macrocephala* Centaurea nigrescens Pueraria montana var. lobata Salvia pratensis oriental clematis * Clematis orientalis *Centaurea* calcitrapa Glyceria maxima Schoenoplectus mucronatus Salvia sclarea sage, Mediterranean * Salvia aethiopis silverleaf nightshade Solanum elaeagnifolium small-flowered jewelweed Impatiens parviflora South American spongeplant Limnobium laevigatum Spartium junceum Zygophyllum fabago Syrian beancaper Helianthus ciliaris *Carduus pycnocephalus* Silvbum marianum Carduus tenuiflorus thistle, slenderflower Carduus cinereus variable-leaf milfoil Myriophyllum heterophyllum wild four o'clock Mirabilis nyctaginea

Class B Weeds

Class B weeds are non-native species presently limited to portions of the state. Class B species are designated for control in regions where they are not yet widespread. Preventing infestations in these areas is a high priority. In regions where a Class B species is already abundant, control is decided at the local level, with containment as the primary goal.

Class B Designate Weeds in Klickitat County

Common name blueweed Brazilian elodea bugloss, annual bugloss, common camelthorn common fennel, (except bulbing fennel) common reed, nonnative fanwort gorse grass-leaved arrowhead hawkweed oxtongue hawkweed, orange hawkweeds: All nonnative species/hybrids of the WALL subgenus herb-Robert * knapweed, black knapweeed, brown knotweed, Bohemian * knotweed, giant * knotweed. Himalavan knotweed, Japanese * loosestrife, garden loosestrife, purple * loosestrife, wand Malta starthistle parrotfeather policeman's helmet saltcedar * (unless intentionally planted prior to 2004) shiny geranium spurge flax spurge laurel spurge, leafy * spurge, myrtle * thistle, musk * thistle, plumeless *

Egeria densa Lycopsis arvensis Anchusa officinalis Alhagi maurorum Foeniculum vulgare Phragmites australis Cabomba caroliniana Ulex europaeus Sagittaria graminea Picris hieracioides Hieracium aurantiacum

Hieracium, subgenus

Hieracium

Scientific name

Echium vulgare

Geranium robertianum *Centaurea nigra* Centaurea jacea Fallopia x bohemica *Fallopia sachalinensis* Persicaria wallichii Fallopia japonica Lysimachia vulgaris Lythrum salicaria Lythrum virgatum Centaurea melitensis *Myriophyllum aquaticum* Impatiens glandulifera Tamarix ramosissima Geranium lucidum Thymelaea passerina Daphne laureola Euphorbia virgata Euphorbia myrsinites Carduus nutans Carduus acanthoides

thistle. Scotch * velvetleaf water primrose white bryony wild chervil yellow archangel * yellow floatingheart **Onopordum** acanthium Abutilon theophrasti Ludwigia hexapetala Brvonia alba Anthriscus sylvestris Lamiastrum galeobdolon Nymphoides peltata

Class B Non-Designate Weeds in Klickitat County

Scientific name Common name butterfly bush * Buddleja davidii Dalmatian toadflax * Linaria dalmatica ssp. dalmatica Eurasian watermilfoil * *Myriophyllum spicatum* European coltsfoot Tussilago farfara hairy willowherb * Epilobium hirsutum hawkweeds: All non-Hieracium, subgenus native species/hybrids Pilosella of the MEADOW subgenus hoary alyssum * Berteroa incana houndstongue * Cynoglossum officinale indigobush * Amorpha fruticosa knapweed, diffuse * Centaurea diffusa knapweed, meadow * *Centaurea x gerstlaueri* knapweed, Russian * Rhaponticum repens knapweed, spotted * *Centaurea stoebe* kochia * Bassia scoparia Ficaria verna lesser celandine * perennial pepperweed * Lepidium latifolium poison hemlock * Conium maculatum puncturevine * Tribulus terrestris Ravenna grass Tripidium ravennae rush skeletonweed * Chondrilla juncea Scotch broom * *Cytisus scoparius* sulfur cinquefoil * Potentilla recta tansy ragwort * Jacobaea vulgaris vellow nutsedge * *Cyperus esculentus* vellow starthistle * Centaurea solstitialis

Class C Weeds

| 01833 0 | VVEEUS |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| absinth wormwood | Artemisia absinthium |
| Austrian fieldcress | Rorippa austriaca |
| babysbreath | Gypsophila paniculata |
| black henbane | Hyoscyamus niger |
| blackgrass | Alopecurus myosuroides |
| buffalobur | Solanum rostratum |
| cereal rye | Secale cereale |
| common barberry | Berberis vulgaris |
| common catsear | Hypochaeris radicata |
| common groundsel | Senecio vulgaris |
| common St. Johnswort | Hypericum perforatum |
| common tansy | Tanacetum vulgare |
| common teasel | Dipsacus fullonum |
| curlyleaf pondweed | Potamogeton crispus |
| English hawthorn | Crataegus monogyna |
| English ivy - four cultivars | Hedera helix 'Baltica', |
| only | 'Pittsburgh', and 'Star', and |
| , | H. hibernica 'Hibernica' |
| Eurasian watermilfoil | Myriophyllum spicatum x |
| hybrid | Myriophyllum sibiricum |
| evergreen blackberry | Rubus laciniatus |
| field bindweed | Convolvulus arvensis |
| fragrant waterlily | Nymphaea odorata |
| hairy whitetop | Lepidium appelianum |
| Himalayan blackberry | Rubus bifrons (Rubus |
| | armeniacus) |
| hoary cress | Lepidium draba |
| Italian arum | Arum italicum |
| Japanese eelgrass | Nanozostera japonica |
| jubata grass | Cortaderia jubata |
| jointed goatgrass | Aegilops cylindrica |
| lawnweed | Soliva sessilis |
| longspine sandbur | Cenchrus longispinus |
| medusahead | Taeniatherum caput- |
| | medusae |
| nonnative cattail species | Typha species |
| and hybrids (reminder, | |
| does not include the | |
| native common cattail, | |
| Typha latifolia) | |
| old man's beard | Clematis vitalba |
| oxeye daisy | Leucanthemum vulgare |
| Pampas grass | Cortaderia selloana |
| perennial sowthistle | Sonchus arvensis |
| reed canarygrass | Phalaris arundinacea |
| | |

Class C Weeds continued

| <u>elace e 1100</u> | do oominidou |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| Russian olive | Elaeagnus angustifolia |
| scentless mayweed | Tripleurospermum |
| | inodorum |
| smoothseed alfalfa dodder | Cuscuta approximata |
| spikeweed | Centromadia pungens |
| spiny cocklebur | Xanthium spinosum |
| spotted jewelweed | Impatiens capensis |
| Swainsonpea | Sphaerophysa salsula |
| thistle, bull | Cirsium vulgare |
| thistle, Canada | Cirsium arvense |
| tree-of-heaven | Ailanthus altissima |
| ventenata | Ventenata dubia |
| white cockle | Silene latifolia |
| wild carrot (except where | Daucus carota |
| commercially grown) | |
| yellow flag iris | Iris pseudacorus |
| yellow toadflax | Linaria vulgaris |
| wild carrot (except where commercially grown) yellow flag iris | Daucus carota Iris pseudacorus |

To learn more about noxious weeds and noxious weed control in Washington State, please contact:

WA State Noxious Weed Control Board

P.O. Box 42560 Olympia, WA 98504-2560 (360) 725-5764

Email: noxiousweeds@agr.wa.gov Website: http://www.nwcb.wa.gov

Or

WA State Department of Agriculture (509) 249-6973

Or

Your County Noxious Weed Control Board

Please help protect Washington's economy and environment from noxious weeds!

Cover photo of Turkish thistle by Mark Porter, Oregon Department of Agriculture

2021 Washington State Noxious Weed List



Turkish thistle, *Carduus cinereus*, is a new Class A noxious weed for 2021. This annual thistle is found close to Washington in northeastern Oregon and the adjacent area in Idaho. Eradication is required of Turkish thistle when found in Washington.

List arranged alphabetically by: COMMON NAME



<u>Class A Weeds</u>: Non-native species whose distribution in Washington is still limited. Preventing new infestations and eradicating existing infestations are the highest priority. **Eradication of all Class A plants is required by law.**

<u>Class B Weeds:</u> Non-native species presently limited to portions of the State. Species are **designated** for required control in regions where they are not yet widespread. Preventing new infestations in these areas is a high priority. In regions where a Class B species is already abundant, control is decided at the local level, with containment as the primary goal. Please contact your County Noxious Weed Control Board to learn which species are designated for control in your area.

<u>Class C Weeds:</u> Noxious weeds that are typically widespread in WA or are of special interest to the state's agricultural industry. The Class C status allows county weed boards to require control if locally desired, or they may choose to provide education or technical consultation.

Class A Weeds Eradication is required

| common crupina | Crupina vulgaris |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| cordgrass, common | Spartina anglica |
| cordgrass, dense-flowered | Spartina densiflora |
| cordgrass, saltmeadow | Spartina patens |
| cordgrass, smooth | Spartina alterniflora |
| dyer's woad | Isatis tinctoria |
| eggleaf spurge | Euphorbia oblongata |
| false brome | Brachypodium sylvaticum |
| floating primrose-willow | Ludwigia peploides |
| flowering rush | Butomus umbellatus |
| French broom | Genista monspessulana |
| garlic mustard | Alliaria petiolata |
| giant hogweed | Heracleum |
| | mantegazzianum |
| goatsrue | Galega officinalis |
| hydrilla | Hydrilla verticillata |
| Johnsongrass | Sorghum halepense |
| knapweed, bighead | Centaurea macrocephala |
| knapweed, Vochin | Centaurea nigrescens |
| kudzu | Pueraria montana var. |
| | lobata |
| meadow clary | Salvia pratensis |
| oriental clematis | Clematis orientalis |
| purple starthistle | Centaurea calcitrapa |
| reed sweetgrass | Glyceria maxima |
| | |

| ricefield bulrush | Schoenoplectus |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| | mucronatus |
| sage, clary | Salvia sclarea |
| sage, Mediterranean | Salvia aethiopis |
| silverleaf nightshade | Solanum elaeagnifolium |
| small-flowered jewelweed | Impatiens parviflora |
| South American | Limnobium laevigatum |
| spongeplant | |
| Spanish broom | Spartium junceum |
| Syrian beancaper | Zygophyllum fabago |
| Texas blueweed | Helianthus ciliaris |
| thistle, Italian | Carduus pycnocephalus |
| thistle, milk | Silybum marianum |
| thistle, slenderflower | Carduus tenuiflorus |
| thistle, Turkish | Carduus cinereus |
| variable-leaf milfoil | Myriophyllum |
| | heterophyllum |
| wild four-o'clock | Mirabilis nyctaginea |

Class B Weeds

| blueweed | Echium vulgare |
|---|--|
| Brazilian elodea | Egeria densa |
| bugloss, annual | Lycopsis arvensis |
| bugloss, common | Anchusa officinalis |
| butterfly bush | Buddleja davidii |
| camelthorn | Alhagi maurorum |
| common fennel, (except bulbing fennel) | Foeniculum vulgare except F. vulgare var. azoricum) |
| common reed (nonnative genotypes only) | Phragmites australis |
| Dalmatian toadflax | Linaria dalmatica ssp. dalmatica |
| Eurasian watermilfoil | Myriophyllum spicatum |
| European coltsfoot | Tussilago farfara |
| fanwort | Cabomba caroliniana |
| gorse | Ulex europaeus |
| grass-leaved arrowhead | Sagittaria graminea |
| hairy willowherb | Epilobium hirsutum |
| hawkweed oxtongue | Picris hieracioides |
| hawkweed, orange | Hieracium aurantiacum |
| hawkweeds: All nonnative species and hybrids of the meadow subgenus | Hieracium, subgenus Pilosella |
| hawkweeds: All nonnative species and hybrids of the wall subgenus | Hieracium, subgenus Hieracium |
| herb-Robert | Geranium robertianum |
| | |

| hoary alyssum | Berteroa incana |
|--------------------------------|---|
| houndstongue | Cynoglossum officinale |
| indigobush | Amorpha fruticosa |
| knapweed, black | Centaurea nigra |
| knapweed, brown | Centaurea jacea |
| knapweed, diffuse | Centaurea diffusa |
| knapweed, meadow | Centaurea × gerstlaueri |
| knapweed, Russian | Rhaponticum repens |
| knapweed, spotted | Centaurea stoebe |
| knotweed, Bohemian | Fallopia × bohemica |
| knotweed, giant | , Fallopia sachalinensis |
| knotweed, Himalayan | Persicaria wallichii |
| knotweed, Japanese | Fallopia japonica |
| kochia | Bassia scoparia |
| lesser celandine | Ficaria verna |
| loosestrife, garden | Lysimachia vulgaris |
| loosestrife, purple | Lythrum salicaria |
| loosestrife, wand | Lythrum virgatum |
| Malta starthistle | Centaurea melitensis |
| parrotfeather | Myriophyllum aquaticum |
| perennial pepperweed | Lepidium latifolium |
| poison hemlock | Conium maculatum |
| policeman's helmet | Impatiens glandulifera |
| puncturevine | Tribulus terrestris |
| Ravenna grass | Tripidium ravennae |
| rush skeletonweed | Chondrilla juncea |
| saltcedar | Tamarix ramosissima |
| Scotch broom | Cytisus scoparius |
| shiny geranium | Geranium lucidum |
| spurge flax | Thymelaea passerina |
| spurge laurel | Daphne laureola |
| spurge, leafy | Euphorbia virgata |
| spurge, myrtle | Euphorbia myrsinites |
| sulfur cinquefoil | Potentilla recta |
| tansy ragwort | Jacobaea vulgaris |
| thistle, musk | Carduus nutans |
| thistle, plumeless | Carduus acanthoides |
| thistle, Scotch | Onopordum acanthium |
| velvetleaf | Abutilon theophrasti |
| | Ludwigia hexapetala |
| water primrose white bryony | Bryonia alba |
| wild chervil | |
| yellow archangel | Anthriscus sylvestris Lamiastrum galeobdolon |
| · | |
| yellow floating heart | Nymphoides peltata Cyperus esculentus |
| | |
| yellow nutsedge | Centaurea solstitialis |



INADVERTENT DISCOVERY PLAN PLAN AND PROCEDURES FOR THE DISCOVERY OF CULTURAL RESOURCES AND HUMAN SKELETAL REMAINS

To request ADA accommodation, including materials in a format for the visually impaired, call Ecology at 360-407-6000 or visit <u>https://ecology.wa.gov/accessibility</u>. People with impaired hearing may call Washington Relay Service at 711. People with a speech disability may call TTY at 877-833-6341.

Site Name(s):

Location:

Project Lead/Organization:

County:

If this Inadvertent Discovery Plan (IDP) is for multiple (batched) projects, ensure the location information covers all project areas.

1. INTRODUCTION

The IDP outlines procedures to perform in the event of a discovery of archaeological materials or human remains, in accordance with applicable state and federal laws. An IDP is required, as part of Agency Terms and Conditions for all grants and loans, for any project that creates disturbance above or below the ground. An IDP is not a substitute for a formal cultural resource review (Executive 21-02 or Section 106).

Once completed, **the IDP should always be kept at the project site** during all project activities. All staff, contractors, and volunteers should be familiar with its contents and know where to find it.

2. CULTURAL RESOURCE DISCOVERIES

A cultural resource discovery could be prehistoric or historic. Examples include (see images for further examples):

- An accumulation of shell, burned rocks, or other food related materials.
- Bones, intact or in small pieces.
- An area of charcoal or very dark stained soil with artifacts.
- Stone tools or waste flakes (for example, an arrowhead or stone chips).
- Modified or stripped trees, often cedar or aspen, or other modified natural features, such as rock drawings.
- Agricultural or logging materials that appear older than 50 years. These could include equipment, fencing, canals, spillways, chutes, derelict sawmills, tools, and many other items.
- Clusters of tin cans or bottles, or other debris that appear older than 50 years.
- Old munitions casings. Always assume these are live and never touch or move.
- Buried railroad tracks, decking, foundations, or other industrial materials.
- Remnants of homesteading. These could include bricks, nails, household items, toys, food containers, and other items associated with homes or farming sites.

The above list does not cover every possible cultural resource. When in doubt, assume the material is a cultural resource.

3. ON-SITE RESPONSIBILITIES

If any employee, contractor, or subcontractor believes that they have uncovered cultural resources or human remains at any point in the project, take the following steps to *Stop-Protect-Notify*. If you suspect that the discovery includes human remains, also follow Sections 5 and 6.

STEP A: Stop Work.

All work must stop immediately in the vicinity of the discovery.

STEP B: Protect the Discovery.

Leave the discovery and the surrounding area untouched and create a clear, identifiable, and wide boundary (30 feet or larger) with temporary fencing, flagging, stakes, or other clear markings. Provide protection and ensure integrity of the discovery until cleared by the Department of Archaeological and Historical Preservation (DAHP) or a licensed, professional archaeologist.

Do not permit vehicles, equipment, or unauthorized personnel to traverse the discovery site. Do not allow work to resume within the boundary until the requirements of this IDP are met.

STEP C: Notify Project Archaeologist (if applicable).

If the project has an archaeologist, notify that person. If there is a monitoring plan in place, the archaeologist will follow the outlined procedure.

STEP D: Notify Project and Washington Department of Ecology (Ecology) contacts.

Project Lead Contacts

| Primary Contact | Alternate Contact |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Name: | Name: |
| Organization: | Organization: |
| Phone: | Phone: |
| Email: | Email: |

Ecology Contacts (completed by Ecology Project Manager)

| Ecology Project Manager | Alternate or Cultural Resource Contact | |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| Name: | Name: | |
| Program: | Program: | |
| Phone: | Phone: | |
| Email: | Email: | |

STEP E: Ecology will notify DAHP.

Once notified, the Ecology Cultural Resource Contact or the Ecology Project Manager will contact DAHP to report and confirm the discovery. To avoid delay, the Project Lead/Organization will contact DAHP if they are not able to reach Ecology.

DAHP will provide the steps to assist with identification. DAHP, Ecology, and Tribal representatives may coordinate a site visit following any necessary safety protocols. DAHP may also inform the Project Lead/Organization and Ecology of additional steps to further protect the site.

Do not continue work until DAHP has issued an approval for work to proceed in the area of, or near, the discovery.

DAHP Contacts:

Name: Rob Whitlam, PhD Title: State Archaeologist Cell: 360-890-2615 Email: <u>Rob.Whitlam@dahp.wa.gov</u> Main Office: 360-586-3065

Human Remains/Bones:

Name: Guy Tasa, PhD Title: State Anthropologist Cell: 360-790-1633 (24/7) Email: <u>Guy.Tasa@dahp.wa.gov</u>

4. TRIBAL CONTACTS

In the event cultural resources are discovered, the following tribes will be contacted. See Section 10 for Additional Resources.

| Tribe: | Tribe: |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| Name: | Name: |
| Title: | Title: |
| Phone: | Phone: |
| Email: | Email: |
| | |
| Tribe: | Tribe: |
| Tribe: Name: | Tribe: Name: |
| | |
| Name: | Name: |

Please provide contact information for additional tribes within your project area, if needed, in Section 11.

5. FURTHER CONTACTS (if applicable)

If the discovery is confirmed by DAHP as a cultural or archaeological resource, or as human remains, and there is a partnering federal or state agency, Ecology or the Project Lead/Organization will ensure the partnering agency is immediately notified.

| Federal Agency: | State Agency: |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Agency: | Agency: |
| Name: | Name: |
| Title: | Title: |
| Phone: | Phone: |
| Email: | Email: |

6. SPECIAL PROCEDURES FOR THE DISCOVERY OF HUMAN SKELETAL MATERIAL

Any human skeletal remains, regardless of antiquity or ethnic origin, will at all times be treated with dignity and respect. Follow the steps under **Stop-Protect-Notify.** For specific instructions on how to handle a human remains discovery, see: <u>RCW 68.50.645</u>: <u>Skeletal human remains</u>—<u>Duty to notify</u>—<u>Ground disturbing activities</u>—<u>Coroner determination</u>—<u>Definitions</u>.

Suggestion: If you are unsure whether the discovery is human bone or not, contact Guy Tasa with DAHP, for identification and next steps. Do not pick up the discovery.

Guy Tasa, PhD State Physical Anthropologist Guy.Tasa@dahp.wa.gov (360) 790-1633 (Cell/Office)

For discoveries that are confirmed or suspected human remains, follow these steps:

1. Notify law enforcement and the Medical Examiner/Coroner using the contacts below. **Do not call 911** unless it is the only number available to you.

Enter contact information below (required):

- Local Medical Examiner or Coroner name and phone:
- Local Law Enforcement main name and phone:
- Local Non-Emergency phone number (911 if without a non-emergency number):
- 2. The Medical Examiner/Coroner (with assistance of law enforcement personnel) will determine if the remains are human or if the discovery site constitutes a crime scene and will notify DAHP.
- 3. DO NOT speak with the media, allow photography or disturbance of the remains, or release any information about the discovery on social media.
- 4. If the remains are determined to be non-forensic, Cover the remains with a tarp or other materials (not soil or rocks) for temporary protection and to shield them from being photographed by others or disturbed.

Further activities:

- Per <u>RCW 27.44.055</u>, <u>RCW 68.50</u>, and <u>RCW 68.60</u>, DAHP will have jurisdiction over non-forensic human remains. Ecology staff will participate in consultation. Organizations may also participate in consultation.
- Documentation of human skeletal remains and funerary objects will be agreed upon through the consultation process described in <u>RCW 27.44.055</u>, RCW 68.50, and RCW 68.60.
- When consultation and documentation activities are complete, work in the discovery area may resume as described in Section 8.

If the project occurs on federal lands (such as a national forest or park or a military reservation) the provisions of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act of 1990 (NAGPRA) apply and the responsible federal agency will follow its provisions. Note that state highways that cross federal lands are on an easement and are not owned by the state.

If the project occurs on non-federal lands, the Project Lead/Organization will comply with applicable state and federal laws, and the above protocol.

7. DOCUMENTATION OF ARCHAEOLOGICAL MATERIALS

Archaeological resources discovered during construction are protected by state law <u>RCW 27.53</u> and assumed eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion D until a formal Determination of Eligibility is made.

The Project Lead/Organization must ensure that proper documentation and field assessment are made of all discovered cultural resources in cooperation with all parties: the federal agencies (if any), DAHP, Ecology, affected tribes, and the archaeologist.

The archaeologist will record all prehistoric and historic cultural material discovered during project construction on a standard DAHP archaeological site or isolate inventory form. They will photograph site overviews, features, and artifacts and prepare stratigraphic profiles and soil/sediment descriptions for minimal subsurface exposures. They will document discovery locations on scaled site plans and site location maps.

Cultural features, horizons, and artifacts detected in buried sediments may require the archaeologist to conduct further evaluation using hand-dug test units. They will excavate units in a controlled fashion to expose features, collect samples from undisturbed contexts, or to interpret complex stratigraphy. They may also use a test unit or trench excavation to determine if an intact occupation surface is present. They will only use test units when necessary to gather information on the nature, extent, and integrity of subsurface cultural deposits to evaluate the site's significance. They will conduct excavations using standard archaeological techniques to precisely document the location of cultural deposits, artifacts, and features.

The archaeologist will record spatial information, depth of excavation levels, natural and cultural stratigraphy, presence or absence of cultural material, and depth to sterile soil, regolith, or bedrock for each unit on a standard form. They will complete test excavation unit level forms, which will include plan maps for each excavation level and artifact counts and material types, number, and vertical provenience (depth below surface and stratum association where applicable) for all recovered artifacts. They will draw a stratigraphic profile for at least one wall of each test excavation unit.

The archaeologist will screen sediments excavated for purposes of cultural resources investigation through 1/8-inch mesh, unless soil conditions warrant 1/4-inch mesh.

The archaeologist will analyze, catalogue, and temporarily curate all prehistoric and historic artifacts collected from the surface and from probes and excavation units. The ultimate disposition of cultural materials will be determined in consultation with the federal agencies (if any), DAHP, Ecology, and the affected tribe(s).

Within 90 days of concluding fieldwork, the archaeologist will provide a technical report describing any and all monitoring and resultant archaeological excavations to the Project Lead/Organization, who will forward the report to Ecology, the federal agencies (if any), DAHP, and the affected tribe(s) for review and comment.

If assessment activities expose human remains (burials, isolated teeth, or bones), the archaeologist and Project Lead/Organization will follow the process described in **Section 6**.

8. PROCEEDING WITH WORK

The Project Lead/Organization shall work with the archaeologist, DAHP, and affected tribe(s) to determine the appropriate discovery boundary and where work can continue.

Work may continue at the discovery location only after the process outlined in this plan is followed and the Project Lead/Organization, DAHP, any affected tribe(s), Ecology, and the federal agencies (if any) determine that compliance with state and federal laws is complete.

9. ORGANIZATION RESPONSIBILITY

The Project Lead/Organization is responsible for ensuring:

- This IDP has complete and accurate information.
- This IDP is immediately available to all field staff at the sites and available by request to any party.
- This IDP is implemented to address any discovery at the site.
- That all field staff, contractors, and volunteers are instructed on how to implement this IDP.

10. ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

Informative Video

Ecology recommends that all project staff, contractors, and volunteers view this informative video explaining the value of IDP protocol and what to do in the event of a discovery. The target audience is anyone working on the project who could unexpectedly find cultural resources or human remains while excavating or digging. The video is also posted on DAHP's inadvertent discovery language website.

Ecology's IDP Video (https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ioX-4cXfbDY)

Informational Resources

DAHP (https://dahp.wa.gov)

Washington State Archeology (DAHP 2003)

(https://dahp.wa.gov/sites/default/files/Field%20Guide%20to%20WA%20Arch_0.pdf)

Association of Washington Archaeologists (https://www.archaeologyinwashington.com)

Potentially Interested Tribes

Interactive Map of Tribes by Area

(https://dahp.wa.gov/archaeology/tribal-consultation-information)

WSDOT Tribal Contact Website

(https://wsdot.wa.gov/tribal/TribalContacts.htm)

11. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Please add any additional contact information or other information needed within this IDP.

Chipped stone artifacts.

Examples are:

- Glass-like material.
- Angular material.
- "Unusual" material or shape for the area.
- Regularity of flaking.
- Variability of size.



Stone artifacts from Oregon.



Biface-knife, scraper, or pre-form found in NE Washington. Thought to be a well knapped object of great antiquity. Courtesy of Methow Salmon Rec. Foundation.



Stone artifacts from Washington.

Ground stone artifacts.

Examples are:

- Unusual or unnatural shapes or unusual stone.
- Striations or scratching.
- Etching, perforations, or pecking.
- Regularity in modifications.
- Variability of size, function, or complexity.



Above: Fishing Weight - credit <u>CRITFC</u> Treaty Fishing Rights website.



Artifacts from unknown locations (left and right images).



Bone or shell artifacts, tools, or beads.

Examples are:

- Smooth or carved materials.
- Unusual shape.
- Pointed as if used as a tool.
- Wedge shaped like a "shoehorn".
- Variability of size.
- Beads from shell (-----) or tusk.





Upper Left: Bone Awls from Oregon.

Upper Center: Bone Wedge from California.

Upper Right: *Plateau dentalium choker and bracelet, from <u>Nez</u> <u>Perce National Historical Park</u>, 19th century, made using <u>Antalis</u> <u>pretiosa</u> shells Credit: Nez Perce - Nez Perce National Historical Park, NEPE 8762, <u>Public Domain</u>.*

Above: Tooth Pendants. Right: Bone Pendants. Both from Oregon and Washington.





Culturally modified trees, fiber, or wood artifacts.

Examples are:

- Trees with bark stripped or peeled, carvings, axe cuts, de-limbing, wood removal, and other human modifications.
- Fiber or wood artifacts in a wet environment.
- Variability of size, function, and complexity.

Left and Below: *Culturally modified tree and an old carving on an aspen (Courtesy of DAHP).*

Right, Top to Bottom: *Artifacts from Mud Bay, Olympia: Toy war club, two strand cedar rope, wet basketry.*









Strange, different, or interesting looking dirt, rocks, or shells.

Human activities leave traces in the ground that may or may not have artifacts associated with them. Examples are:

- "Unusual" accumulations of rock (especially fire-cracked rock).
- "Unusual" shaped accumulations of rock (such as a shape similar to a fire ring).
- Charcoal or charcoal-stained soils, burnt-looking soils, or soil that has a "layer cake" appearance.
- Accumulations of shell, bones, or artifacts. Shells may be crushed.
- Look for the "unusual" or out of place (for example, rock piles in areas with otherwise few rocks).



Shell Midden pocket in modern fill discovered in sewer trench.



Underground oven. Courtesy of DAHP.

Shell midden with fire cracked rock.





Hearth excavated near Hamilton, WA.

ECY 070-560 (rev. 06/21)

Historic period artifacts (historic archaeology considered older than 50 years).

Examples are:

- Agricultural or logging equipment. May include equipment, fencing, canals, spillways, chutes, derelict sawmills, tools, etc.
- Domestic items including square or wire nails, amethyst colored glass, or painted stoneware.



Left: Top to Bottom: *Willow pattern* serving bowl and slip joint pocket knife discovered during Seattle Smith Cove shantytown (45-KI-1200) excavation.

Right: Collections of historic artifacts discovered during excavations in eastern Washington cities.







Historic period artifacts (historic archaeology considered older than 50 years).

Examples are:

- Railway tokens, coins, and buttons.
- Spectacles, toys, clothing, and personal items.
- Items helping to understand a culture or identity.
- Food containers and dishware.



Main Image: Dishes, bottles, workboot found at the North Shore Japanese bath house (ofuro) site, Courtesy Bob Muckle, Archaeologist, Capilano University, B.C. This is an example of an above ground resource.





Right, from Top to Bottom: Coins, token, spectacles and Montgomery Ward pitchfork toy discovered during Seattle Smith Cove shantytown (45-KI-1200) excavation.





- Old munition casings if you see ammunition of any type *always assume they are live and never touch or move!*
- Tin cans or glass bottles with an older manufacturer's technique maker's mark, distinct colors such as turquoise, or an older method of opening the container.









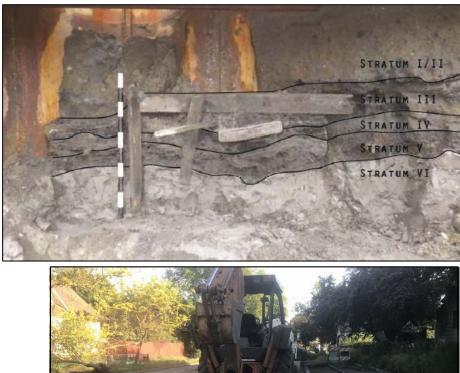
Tatum & Co. between 1924 to 1938 (Lockhart et al. 2016).



You see historic foundations or buried structures. Examples are:

- Foundations.
- Railroad and trolley tracks.
- Remnants of structures.







Counter Clockwise, Left to Right: *Historic structure 45Kl924, in WSDOT right of way for SR99 tunnel. Remnants of Smith Cove shantytown (45-KI-1200) discovered during Ecology CSO excavation, City of Spokane historic trolley tracks uncovered during stormwater project, intact foundation of historic home that survived the Great Ellensburg Fire of July 4, 1889, uncovered beneath parking lot in Ellensburg.*

Potential human remains.

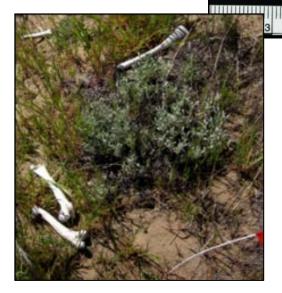
Examples are:

- Grave headstones that appear to be older than 50 years.
- Bones or bone tools--intact or in small pieces. It can be difficult to differentiate animal from human so they must be identified by an expert.
- These are all examples of animal bones and are not human.

Center: Bone wedge tool, courtesy of Smith Cove Shantytown excavation (45KI1200).

Other images (Top Right, Bottom Left, and Bottom) Center: Courtesy of DAHP.











Directly Above: This is a real discovery at an Ecology sewer project site.

What would you do if you found these items at a site? Who would be the first person you would call?

Hint: Read the plan!

APPENDIX 7

Preliminary Report: Identification of Candidate Heritage Trees, Assessment of Condition, and Estimation of Heritage Tree Protection Areas

Cameron Curtis

Curtis Homes LLC

by

David M. Braun Braun Arboricultural Consulting LLC Hood River OR November 7th, 2023

Background

I was contacted by Cameron Curtis in early November 2023 regarding the need for an arborist's assessment of candidate heritage trees potentially present on a lot and covered by the White Salmon Heritage Tree Ordinance. The lot is on the north side of Spring St. in White Salmon (Lot 4, Klickitat County Tax Lot #0310247500400, 7.93 ac.; Klickitat County, 2023).

Mr. Curtis requires an arborist's assessment of Candidate Heritage Trees to facilitate final development plans and obtain permit approvals. The focus of this Report is to provide location and condition information on trees likely qualifying as Heritage Trees based on the Heritage Tree portion (18.10.317- Special Provisions-Heritage Trees) of the White Salmon Critical Areas Ordinance (Chapter 18.10) of Title 18 – Environment, White Salmon Code of Ordinances.

The following is my interpretation of the meaning and application of Section 18.10.317:

HTPAs: designation of Heritage Tree Protection Areas (HTPAs) is required for qualifying trees; dimensions are 10 times tree diameter at breast height (diameter at 4.5 ft.) plus a 15 ft. wide Building Set Back Line (BSBL), e.g., a 20 in. diameter oak would require a circle 200 in. (16.7 ft.) wide plus 15 ft. on all sides, adding up to a 46.7 ft. (47 ft.) wide protection zone (alternative is average crown width plus BSBL). Trees over 14 in. dbh (Oregon White Oak) or 18 in. dbh (other species) may be designated Heritage Trees. I refer to such trees as "Candidate Heritage Trees" before a final determination is made by the City as to what trees will be retained (see Tree removal, below). Significant incursions that are likely to significantly decrease tree health or stability are not allowed, such as cuts, fills, buried utilities, or building footprints over a significant portion of a HTPA; mitigation including fencing, mulching, temporary irrigation, are recommended to reduce impacts by minor incursions inside or work outside the HTPA.

Tree removal: If a property can't be reasonably developed based on zoning due to extensive coverage of the parcel area by HTPAs, some Candidate Heritage Trees may be removed; dead, high risk, "weed" tree species such as *Ailanthus altissima* (Tree of Heaven), non-maintained fruit trees, or trees in very poor condition may also be removed even if they meet diameter requirements. Key sections of the Heritage Tree Ordinance are included at the end of this report.

Scope

Two objectives are the subject of this report:

Describe the large trees on the property: their species, location, size (diameter, height, and spread), and overall condition. Trees over 14 in. dbh (Oregon White Oak) or 18 in. dbh (other species) may be designated Heritage Trees and protected during and after construction activities under the White Salmon Critical Areas Ordinance.

Identify Candidate Heritage Trees and estimate Heritage Tree Protection Areas (HTPAs) in relation to development plans. A Heritage Tree Protection Plan (HTPP) for mitigation of impacts to specific HTPAs will be prepared as a supplement to this Preliminary Report upon request that describes likely construction impacts and proposes mitigation. The HTTP will be based on this preliminary report, updated with revised recommendations for mitigation of likely construction impacts to Heritage Trees, and include a revised schematic showing the HTPAs, BSBLs, and building and other construction footprints; this schematic would ideally be prepared by the surveyor producing plans for the site.

Methods

Candidate Heritage Trees

Identify species and measure the diameter using a diameter tape. Visually assess trees for condition and defects. This involves viewing all sides from the root crown to the top of the crown.

Establish approximate tree locations. This was done with photographs and visually estimated position relative to fence lines likely to be near property lines; candidate trees are located on a schematic (Figure I). More exact locations were not determined at this time because only one marker from the 2022 survey was observed, and because survey work to produce final plans for the site can more efficiently define tree locations.

Site

Walk the property and observe approximate property boundaries. Determine past disturbance history that may have affected the large trees. Identify Candidate Heritage Trees based on species and diameter.

Results

Number and Species of Candidate Heritage Trees

Eight Candidate Heritage Trees were identified by the assessor: all were Oregon White Oak (*Quercus garryana*) (Table I). Other tree species included Bitter Cherry (*Prunus avium*), Bigleaf Maple (*Acer macrophyllum*), Black Locust (*Robina pseudoacacia*), and Oregon Ash (*Fraxinus*)

latifolia); none of these were 18 in. dbh. Some fruit trees, cherries, were present that may have approached or exceeded 18 in. dbh, but these were non-maintained and in very poor condition.

| # | Sps | dbh | Ht. | Cond. | Impacts | Diameter (ft.) | Notes |
|---|-----|------|-----|-------|---------|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | Oak | 15.8 | 40 | Fair | None | 43 | High crown, lean to SE |
| 2 | Oak | 22.2 | 40 | Fair | Slight | 48 | High crown, lean to SE, basal |
| | | | | | | | opening |
| 3 | Oak | 13.4 | 35 | Fair | None | 42 | High crown, suppressed by maple, |
| | | | | | | | lean to S |
| 4 | Oak | 16.9 | 25 | Good | None | 44 | Full crown, old, barbed wire |
| | | | | | | | embedded |
| 5 | Oak | 25.3 | 30 | Good | None | 51 | Full crown to E, old, barbed wire |
| | | | | | | | embedded, adjacent to #6 to W |
| 6 | Oak | 19.5 | 30 | Good | None | 47 | Full crown to W, adjacent to #5 to E |
| 7 | Oak | 13.5 | 35 | Fair | None | 42 | One-sided crown to S, suppressed by |
| | | | | | | | #8 |
| 8 | Oak | 13.5 | 35 | Fair | None | 42 | One sided high narrow crown to N |
| | | | | | | | (in clump NE of #7 and a third |
| | | | | | | | smaller stem) |

Likely Cons. HTPA+BSBL

Table I. Candidate Heritage Trees. All trees were measured at 4.5 ft. (dbh) from soil line on side-hill, except for trees #2 and #8, which were measured at the narrowest point at about 3 ft. Height and distance from fence lines ("boundaries") were visually estimated. Trees in fair condition (1,2,3,7,8) had one sided crowns lacking low branches or suppressed by a taller tree nearby. Trees in good condition had larger crowns and were open grown (although #5 and #6 were a pair, and therefore had one-sided crowns). All were relatively young (estimated 30 - 50 years) and fast growing; some had light crown die-back likely caused by anthracnose disease (which the species tolerates); all were likely of sprout origin from old stumps; an old stump protruded from the basal opening of #2, and was within the clump made up of #7, #8, and a third smaller stem. The oak diameters of 13.4, 13.5, and 13.5 in. were considered to be 14 in. based on rounding and allowance for measurement error.

Tree Locations and Protected Areas

All trees were within the property lines based on old fence lines observed on site, and within property lines based on inspection of the Klickitat County Tax Lot Map (Klickitat County, 2023) and the 1992 property survey (Trantow Surveying, 1992). One surveyor lath stake (marked "PROPERTY CORNER LOT 3") was observed 20 ft. north of oak #6 on the newer west fence line; this likely was from the 2022 survey referred to by Mr. Curtis. Trees depicted in Figure I.

Incursion into Protected Areas by Proposed Construction

Although the footprints of hardscapes, buried utilities, or buildings are not known at this time, construction impacts to the Candidate Heritage Trees are likely to be minimal. Mr. Curtis described the plans for the area as a multi home development, with the access road leaving Spring St. and traversing the narrow portion (101 ft. wide) to access the larger rectangular area to the north where the homes would be located (Klickitat County, 2023; Figure I). The first three oaks are 10 - 20 ft. from the west property line in the narrow area; the other trees are closer to

other boundaries (< 1 to 4 ft.). Construction impacts to trees #2 - #8 are estimated to be "none" based on current information, but this assessment could change based on final plans (Table I).

Oak #2 would be closest to the access road of the three trees in the narrow area; its HTPA would be 18.3 ft. (22 in. dbh * 10) + a BSBL of (15 ft.)*2 ft., or a circle 48 ft. in diameter. This would put the edge of the protection area about 44 ft. from the west property line and 6 ft. west of the center of the 101 ft. wide area (the tree is about 20 ft. from the west boundary).



Figure I. Candidate Heritage Trees. Eight Oregon White Oaks qualify as Heritage Trees based on species and diameter. Condition was fair or good, and all were determined to be at a hazard level of "low risk", based on improvements such as homes, common areas, sidewalks, and roads built within 1.5 tree heights of the trees. Diameter ranged from 14 to 25 in., and heights from 25 - 40 ft. Trees are near property boundaries: Oaks #1, #2, and #3 are along the west boundary in the southern, narrow neck of the property; oaks #4, #5, and #6 are along the west boundary, and oaks #7 and #8 are along the north boundary. Oak #2 was the farthest from a boundary, about 20 ft. east of the west boundary along the narrow neck of the property at bottom. The property approximated by the black lines is Tax Lot 4, 7.93 ac., # 0310247500400. Aerial photo date is July 24th, 2021.

Discussion

Heritage Tree Protection Areas (HTPAs) and Setbacks (BSBLs)

Heritage Trees receive protection in the form of Heritage Tree Protection Areas (HTPAs) and Building Set Back Lines (BSBLs), and the trees and protection areas are included on plans. Assuming the eight Candidate Heritage Trees will appear on final plans as Heritage Trees, entry into the protected zones is unlikely except for Oak #2. Retaining some of the existing trees and shrubs around the eight identified trees would also benefit the trees, although removal or pruning of some competing Bitter Cherry, Bigleaf Maple and Black Locust would improve vigor of trees #1 - #3.

Fate of Candidate Heritage Trees

All the Candidate Heritage Trees were determined to be in fair or good health and low risk (Dunster, 2017). The trees can be retained as Heritage Trees, represent a benefit to the property, and will maintain other environmental benefits: the goal of the Critical Area Ordinance. Given all the activities on a home construction site, designation of HTPAs plus BSBLs and application of the mitigation discussed, at minimum, should ensure that this occurs.

Risk Assessment

Tree risk assessment assigns a risk rating to trees based on the likelihood that a tree or tree part will fail and contact a target; overall risk is assigned based on the probability of that contact and the consequence (Dunster et al, 2017). Based on the assumption that buildings or roads or other improvements will be within 1.5 tree heights of the trees, overall risk was estimated to be minimal due to low failure risk, small tree size, and the types of targets.

Mitigation

Besides erection of fencing, mulching and supplemental irrigation will likely be recommended once the development footprints are known. Grade changes or footings near or slightly in HTPAs will affect root health, so trees will benefit from this mitigation; it is of critical importance in the dry summer months. Removal or crown reduction of nearby trees will also improve health.

Recommendations

The surveyor would ideally include tree locations, HTPAs and BSBLs for the flagged Candidate Heritage Trees on plans that depict grade changes, footings, roads, buildings, and buried utilities.

Depending on the type and location of construction related disturbance near the trees, mitigation can be recommended by a qualified arborist in a HTTP as a brief supplement to this report.

Key Sections of the Heritage Tree Ordinance Relating to this Report

18.10.317-Special Provisions—Heritage Trees

- A. "...All heritage trees...shall be protected as critical areas. The tree protection area shall be equal to ten times the trunk diameter of the tree or the average diameter of the area enclosed by the outer edge of the drip line of the canopy, whichever is greater."
- B. "Heritage trees include:
 - 1. Oregon White Oaks with a trunk diameter larger than fourteen inches,
 - 2. All tree species with a trunk diameter greater than eighteen inches, or
 - 3. Any tree designated as a heritage tree by the city council in accordance with the nomination process detailed below."

E. Maintenance and preservation of heritage trees is required.

- 1. Any owner or applicant shall use reasonable efforts to maintain and preserve all heritage trees located thereon in a state of good health. ..."
 - a. Avoidance of grading, excavation, demolition, or construction activity within heritage tree protection area where possible.
 - b. Grading, excavation, demolition, or construction within the heritage tree protection area shall require submittal of a tee protection plan..."
- 2. The critical area report ...shall include a heritage tree protection plan and shall be prepared by a certified arborist. The plan shall address issues related to protective fencing and protective techniques to minimize impacts ..."
- 3. Building setback lines stipulated by subsection 18.10.212 shall be measured from the outer line of the tree protection area for heritage trees (18.10.212-Building Setback Line (BSBL): "Unless otherwise specified, a minimum BSBL of fifteen feet is required from the edge...").
- G. Exceptions to the provisions in this section include:
 - 1. A heritage tree can be removed if it is dead, dangerous, or a nuisance, as attested by an arborists' report..."
 - 2. A heritage tree in or very close to the "building area" of an approved single-family residence design can be replaced by another tree. A heritage tree can be removed if its presence reduces the building area of the lot by more than 50 percent after all potential alternatives including possible setbacks to minimum yard depth and width requirements have been considered.

References

City of White Salmon 2021. Chapter 18.10 – Critical Areas Ordinance, including 18.10.317-Special Provisions—Heritage Trees (18.10.317-Special Provisions—Heritage Trees) Accessed and downloaded November 3rd, 2023.

https://library.municode.com/wa/white_salmon/codes/code_of_ordinances?nodeId=TIT18EN_CH18.10CRAROR

- Dunster, J. A., T. Smiley, N. Matheny, and S. Lilly, 2017. Tree Risk Assessment Manual. International Society of Arboriculture, Champaign, Il. 194 pgs.
- Google 2023. Google Earth Pro used to produce schematic based on aerial imagery, Tax Lot Map, and Trantow Survey. Schematic based on an image dated July 24th, 2021, and accessed November 4th, 2023. Google Earth Pro 7.3.3.7786(32-bit) Build Date July 21, 2020. Copywrite 2020 Google LLC.
- Klickitat County 2023. Klickitat County Tax Lot Maps. Accessed and downloaded Map on November 4th, 2023. Approximate boundaries transferred to schematic with drawing tools in Google Earth Pro. <u>https://imap.klickitatcounty.org/#10/45.8283/120.7404/c22ecdf827df6af49a</u>
- Trantow Surveying, 1992. Klickitat County WA Short Plat No. SP 91 17 NW ¼ NE1/4 SEC. 24, T. 3N., R. 10 E., W.M. "Cherry Hill Estates". T. N. Trantow Surveying P. L. S., Bingen, WA. Filed in Klickitat County, July 24th, 1992. Obtained via link from Tax Lot Map (Klickitat County, 2023).

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Assessors Credentials

David M. Braun Ph.D., Owner, Braun Arboricultural Consulting LLC
Cell: 541-806-0347 <u>dave@braunarborcare.com</u> <u>www.braunarborcare.com</u>
Ph.D., Forest Ecology, 1998 College of Forest Resources, University of Washington, Seattle, Washington.
M.F.S., Forest Ecology, 1986. School of Forestry and Environmental Studies, Yale University, New Haven, Connecticut.
B. S., Biology, 1982. Fairfield University, Fairfield, Connecticut.

Memberships, Certifications, Licenses

Certified Arborist, International Society of Arboriculture (ISA) #PN-6114A TRAQ Tree Risk Assessment Credential, ISA (being renewed) Member, American Society of Consulting Arborists (ASCA) Oregon CCB #188757; Washington Registration # BRAUNAC908DQ Oregon Commercial Pesticide Operator License AG-L1017983CPO Oregon Commercial Pesticide Applicator License AG-L1017982CPA (being renewed) Washington Commercial Pesticide Applicator License: 82597

Insurance and Bond

David M. Braun and Braun Arboricultural Consulting LLC, Reg. Num. 354066-93 (Nov. 2007), is insured with a standard business insurance policy through Columbia River Insurance, Hood River, OR. Phone: 541-386-2444. Coverage includes: \$1,000,000 Liability and Medical Expenses, \$2,000,000 Products –Completed Operations, \$1,000,000 Professional Liability Insurance, Workman's Compensation Insurance, and a \$20,000 surety bond.

Assumptions and Limiting Conditions

- 1. Any legal description provided to the assessor (David M. Braun) is assumed to be correct. Any titles and ownerships to any property are assumed to be good and marketable. No responsibility is assumed for matters legal in character. Any and all property is assessed or evaluated as though free and clear, under responsible ownership and competent management.
- 2. Care has been taken to obtain all information from reliable sources. All data has been verified insofar as possible; however, the assessor can neither guarantee nor be responsible for the information provided by others.
- 3. The assessor shall not be required to give testimony or attend court by reason of this report unless subsequent contractual arrangements are made, including payment of an additional fee for such services as described in the fee schedule and contract of engagement.
- 4. Loss or alteration of this report invalidates the entire report.
- 5. Possession of this report or a copy thereof does not imply right of publication or use for any purpose by any other than the person to whom it is addressed, without the prior expressed written or verbal consent of the assessor.
- 6. Neither all or any part of the contents of this report, nor copy thereof, shall be conveyed by anyone, including the client, to the public through advertising, public relations, news, sales, or other media, without the prior expressed written or verbal consent of the assessor particularly as to the conclusions or recommendations, identity of the assessor, or any reference to any professional society or institute or designation conferred upon the assessor as stated in his qualification.
- 7. This report and conclusions expressed herein, represents the opinion of the assessor, and the assessor's fee is in no way contingent upon the reporting of a specified value, stipulated results, and the occurrence of a subsequent event nor upon any finding to be reported.
- 8. Unless expressed otherwise: (1) information contained in this report covers only those items that were examined and reflects the condition of those items at the time of inspection; and (2) the inspection is limited to visual examination of accessible items without dissection, excavation, probing, or coring, except for those minimally invasive procedures that were preformed and described in the report. There is no warranty or guarantee, expressed or implied, that problems or deficiencies of the tree or property in question may not arise in the future.

Certification of Performance

Location of Assessed Trees: Lot 4, Tax Lot #0310247500400, Spring St., White Salmon, Washington I, David M. Braun certify to the best of my knowledge and belief that:

- 1. That the statements of fact contained in this Heritage Tree report are true and correct.
- 2. That the assessment, analysis, opinions, and conclusions are limited only by the reported assumptions and limiting conditions, and that they are my personal, unbiased professional analysis, opinions, and conclusions.
- 3. That I have no present or prospective interest in the trees that are the subject of the assessment, and that I have no personal interest or bias with respect to the client. Because Braun Arboricultural Consulting LLC provides multiple services, including appraisal, risk assessment, tree pruning, diagnosis and treatment of injurious insects and diseases, and tree removal, a bid for possible future work on the subject trees may be provided to the client, or the property owners, if one or more are requested. David M. Braun states that the methods, observations, conclusions, and recommendations contained in this tree Risk Assessment report were in no way influenced by a desire for a particular outcome that could form the basis of additional work on the subject trees; he also urges the client and property owners to obtain additional bids from other contractors if one is requested from Braun Arboricultural Consulting LLC.
- 4. That my compensation is not contingent upon a predetermined result or the occurrence of a subsequent event.
- 5. That my analysis, conclusions, and opinions were developed, and this assessment has been prepared, in conformity with industry standards and guidelines.
- 6. That methods found in this assessment were based on a request by the client to determine risk posed by the tree and provide recommendations for reducing it.
- 7. That my assessment is based on information known to me at this time. If more information is disclosed, I may have further opinions.
- 8. That, as a result of my examination, investigations, and analysis of the trees and all of the data pertinent thereto, and in the light of my experience, the recommendations for removing trees or retaining them while mitigating health impacts may be acted on with some assurance of success.

I further certify that I am a registered member in good standing of the American Society of Consulting Arborists (ASCA) and the International Society of Arboriculture (ISA), that I have a Tree Risk Assessment Qualification (TRAQ) and that I have been active in the field of Arboriculture for a period of 15 years.

va M. M. raun

Signed

<u>November 7th, 2023</u> Date

APPENDIX 8



November 6, 2023

The City of White Salmon, Community Department Attn: Erika Castro Guzman 100 N. Main Street White Salmon, WA 98672

Re: Statement regarding slopes on Cherry Hill Estates

Erika,

The purpose of this statement is to verify the existence of steep slope critical areas being defined by slopes exceeding 40 percent on the Cherry Hill Estates project. The topographic detail being used for design was derived by using the State of Washington Lidar data, wasco-B, data blocks. This data was field checked in December 2020 with a grid of ground shots for quality control. The majority of the property is well under the 40 percent slope, however the portion on the westerly edge of the southerly leg of the property does have slope at or exceeding the 40 percent slope.

Please reach out if you have questions.

Erik M. Carlson, P.L.S. President Terra Surveying

TERRA SURVEYING 1406 12th Street, Suite 100 Hood River, Oregon Email: <u>terra@gorge.net</u>

APPENDIX 9



November 15, 2021

Legacy Development Group PO Box 4 Hood River, Oregon 97031 Attention: Cameron Curtis, President

Phone: (541) 490-6339 E-mail: <u>cameron@curtishomesllc.com</u>

Subject: Geotechnical Investigation Report Proposed Spring Street Subdivision Klickitat County Tax Lot No. 0310247500400 Intersection of Northwest Spring Street and Northwest Cherry Hill Road White Salmon, Klickitat County, Washington EEI Report No. 20-071-1

Dear Mr. Curtis:

Earth Engineers, Inc. (EEI) is pleased to provide our attached Geotechnical Investigation Report for the above referenced project. This report includes the results of our field investigation, an evaluation of geotechnical factors that may influence the proposed construction, and geotechnical recommendations for the proposed structures and general site development.

We appreciate the opportunity to perform this geotechnical study and look forward to continued participation during the design and construction phases of this project. If you have any questions pertaining to this report, or if we may be of further service, please contact our office.

Sincerely, **Earth Engineers, Inc.**

Josphall

Troy Hull, P.E. Principal Geotechnical Engineer

Jacqui Boyer Geotechnical Engineering Associate

Attachment: Geotechnical Investigation Report

Distribution (electronic copy only): Addressee

GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION REPORT



Earth Engineers, Inc.

For the:

Proposed Spring Street Subdivision Klickitat County Tax Lot No. 0310247500400 Intersection of Northwest Spring Street and Northwest Chery Hill Road White Salmon, Klickitat County, Washington

Prepared for:

Legacy Development Group PO Box 4 Hood River, Oregon 97031 Attention: Cameron Curtis

Prepared by:

Earth Engineers, Inc. 2411 Southeast 8th Avenue Camas, Washington 98607 Phone: 360-567-1806

EEI Report No. 21-071-1

November 15, 2021

Jacqui Boyer Geotechnical Engineering Associate



Troy Hull, P.E. Principal Geotechnical Engineer

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APPENDICES: Appendix A – Site Location Plan

Appendix B – Exploration Location Plan

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Appendix D – Soil Classification Legend

Appendix E – Surcharge-Induced Lateral Earth Pressures for Wall Design

1.0 PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 Project Authorization

Earth Engineers, Inc. (EEI) has completed a geotechnical investigation report for the proposed development to be located on Klickitat County Tax Lot No. 0310247500400 off of Northwest Spring Street near the intersection with Northwest Cherry Hill Road in White Salmon, Klickitat County, Washington. Our geotechnical services were authorized by Cameron Curtis with Legacy Development Group on September 24, 2021 by signing our Proposal No. 21-P066-R1 issued on February 18, 2021 and revised on May 6, 2021.

1.2 Project Description

Our current understanding of the project is based on the information Greg Hagbery (formerly with Legacy Development Group) provided to EEI Geotechnical Engineering Associate Jacqui Boyer via e-mail on February 17, 2021. We have also been provided with the following documents pertaining to the project:

- A survey titled "Cherry Hill Estates" prepared by T.N. Trantrow Surveying, P.L.S. dated July 21, 1992. This survey shows the boundaries of the subject property with respect to the surrounding properties. The survey indicates that the subject 7.93-acre property is Lot 4 of the Cherry Hill Estates.
- A conceptual plan titled "Pre-App Proposal" prepared by Legacy Development Group Inc. dated January 2021. This plan shows the preliminary neighborhood layout of the proposed subdivision, including the proposed roadway and lot divisions on the property. See Figure 1 below. The plan also shows a site location map for the subject property with respect to its vicinity. It should be noted that it is our understanding these plans are preliminary.
- A survey titled "Property Boundary Survey for Curtis Homes, Location: Tract of Land Located in the Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter of Section 24, Township 3 North, Range 10 East, Willamette Meridian, Klickitat County, Washington" prepared by Terra Surveying, dated December 2020. This topographic property survey shows the existing property topography with 1-foot contour lines, and elevations based on the N.A.V.D. 99 vertical datum.

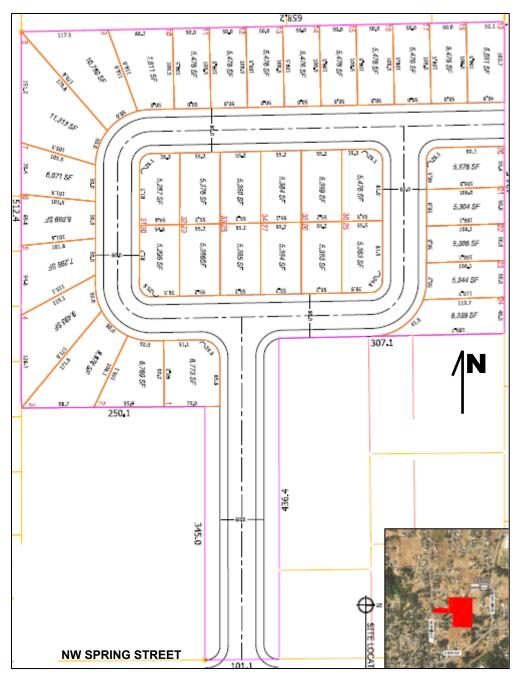


Figure 1: Preliminary site plan for the subject property. The subject property is outlined in pink and the proposed lots are outlined in orange. Base plan source: referenced above.

As shown on Figure 1 above, we understand that the plan is to divide the subject property into 36 residential lots ranging in size from 5,287 square feet to 11,313 square feet. The plan indicates that the proposed roadway is 60-feet wide, and accesses the property from Northwest Spring Street to the south.

At this time, we have not been provided detailed design drawings for the project. For the purposes of this report, we are assuming maximum house foundation loads of 3 kips per linear foot for wall footings, 40 kips for column footings, and 150 psf for floor slabs. We also assume maximum cuts

and fills will be minimal, on the order of 2 feet. Finally, we have assumed that the proposed subdivision residences will be constructed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code (IRC).

1.3 Purpose and Scope of Services

In order to provide geotechnical recommendations for the proposed development, we performed a subsurface investigation to better define the subsurface soil, rock, and groundwater properties. We performed 11 test pits (TP-1 through TP-11) around the subject property. The depths of the explorations ranged from 4 to 9.5 feet. In order to characterize soil strength, we supplemented some of the test pits with drive probe testing.

Select soil samples collected from the test pits were tested in the laboratory to determine the material's properties for our evaluation. Laboratory testing was accomplished in general accordance with ASTM procedures.

This report briefly outlines the testing procedures, presents available project information, describes the site and subsurface conditions, and presents geotechnical recommendations regarding the development of the single family residential lots as follows:

- A discussion of subsurface conditions encountered including pertinent soil and rock properties as well as the encountered groundwater conditions.
- Geotechnical related recommendations for foundation design including allowable bearing capacity and estimated settlements.
- A qualitative evaluation of slope stability.
- Seismic design parameters in accordance with the ASCE 7-16.
- Structural fill recommendations, including an evaluation of whether the in-situ soils can be used as structural fill.
- Floor slab support recommendations.
- Retaining wall design parameter recommendations, including earth pressures, backfill and drainage.
- Construction recommendations including wet/dry weather site preparation and drainage recommendations.
- Asphaltic concrete pavement section thickness design recommendations based on an assumed CBR value, as well as assumed traffic loading conditions.
- Discussions on geotechnical issues that may impact the project.

2.0 SITE AND SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

2.1 Site Location and Description

As noted above, the project area is located on Klickitat County Tax Lot No. 0310247500400 in White Salmon, Washington. The property is accessed from Northwest Spring Street to the south, and is bounded by residential properties to the west, north and east. See Figure 2 below for the project vicinity map.

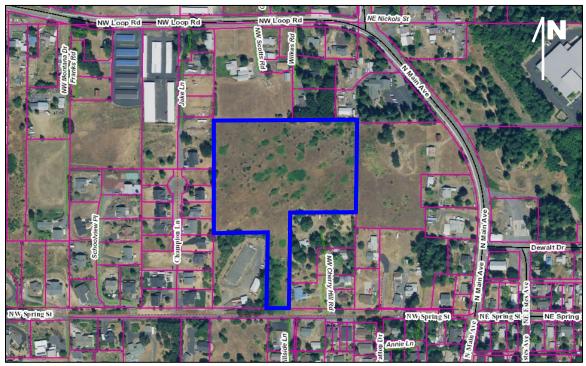


Figure 2: Vicinity map (base map source - http://imap.klickitatcounty.org/). The subject property is outlined in blue.

At the time of our investigation, the property was vacant. The site was vegetated with grass, shrubs, scattered trees, and blackberry bushes. It should be noted that some of the vegetation appeared burned. There is also an access road in the southern portion of the property off of Northwest Spring Street.

In terms of topography, the subject property is generally sloping down to the northeast at about 7H:1V (Horizontal:Vertical). Slopes in the area of the proposed lots (i.e. the northern portion of the property) are up to about 3.5H:1V. The steepest slope on the subject property is located along the access road (i.e. the southern portion of the property), up to 1.9H:1V. See Appendix B for the site topography taken from the survey referenced above.

While on site, we did not observe signs of previous or current soil movement, such as leaning tree trunks, clearly identifiable landslide head scarps, or surface cracking in the soils. See Photos 1 through 4 below for current site conditions.



Photo 1: Current site conditions (taken from TP-3, facing northeast).



Photo 2: Current site conditions (taken from TP-4, facing north).



Photo 3: Current site conditions (taken from TP-8, facing southwest).



Photo 4: Current site conditions (taken from TP-11, facing Northwest Spring Street to the south).

2.2 Mapped Geology and Soils

The underlying geologic unit mapped in the area of the subject property is Qtb – Olivine basalt and andesite from the upper Miocene to Quaternary¹.

We reviewed the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Soil Survey² to define the surface soils on the subject property. The USDA maps the soils on the subject property to be Unit 86B-Chemawa ashy loam on 8 to 15 percent slopes, and 86C-Chemawa ashy loam on 15 to 30 percent slopes. This well drained soil unit is formed on terraces from a parent material of volcanic ash. A typical profile for this soil unit is ashy loam overlying ashy silt loam with a depth to a restrictive feature of more than 80 inches.

As part of our due diligence for this report, we reviewed the Washington State Department of Natural Resources (DNR) Geologic Information Portal (<u>https://geologyportal.dnr.wa.gov/</u>). According to the DNR portal, portions of the property are mapped within a moderate susceptibility to shallow landslides. It should be noted that the portal does not map any historic landslide deposits or fault lines on or in proximity to the subject property. In addition, the portal does not map the subject property within a liquefaction susceptibility area due to the presence of shallow bedrock.

According to the USGS Fault and Fold Database of the United States, the Hood River fault zone is located approximately 2.9 miles south of the site and the Faults near the Dalles is approximately 5.5 miles northeast of the site. The Hood River fault zone defines the eastern margin of a half graben, and is described to contain normal right lateral faults with a slip rate of less than 0.2mm/year³. The Faults near the Dalles are described as northwest striking, right-lateral strike slip faults, and are categorized as having a slip rate of less than 0.2mm/year, although no slip data in Quaternary deposits are available⁴.

2.3 Subsurface Materials

As stated above, we explored the site with 11 test pits (TP-1 through TP-11) located around the subject property. The test pits were advanced by Legacy Development Group of Hood River, Oregon using an excavator with a 2-foot wide toothed bucket. In addition, we performed supplemental drive probe testing at TP-5, TP-8, and TP-10. For the approximate exploration locations, see the "Exploration Location Plan" in Appendix B. Results of the test pits are reported in Appendix C. Upon completion, the test pits were loosely backfilled with the excavated soil and tamped down with the excavator bucket.

¹ Bela, J.L, 1982, Geologic and Neotectonic Evaluation of North-Central Oregon: The Dalles 1 degree x 2 degree Quadrangle, Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries, Geological Map Series 27, scale 1:250,000.

² Soil Survey Staff, Natural Resources Conservation Service, United States Department of Agriculture. Web Soil Survey. Available online at <u>http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/</u>.

³ Personius, S.F., compiler, 2002, Fault number 866, Hood River fault zone, in Quaternary fault and fold database of the United States: U.S. Geological Survey website, <u>https://earthquakes.usgs.gov/hazards/qfaults</u>.

⁴ Personius, S.F., and Lidke, D.J., compilers, 2003, Fault number 580, Faults near The Dalles, in Quaternary fault and fold database of the United States: U.S. Geological Survey website, <u>https://earthquakes.usgs.gov/hazards/qfaults</u>.

Drive probe tests extended from the ground surface at the locations referenced above to the depth of drive probe refusal. The drive probe test is based on a "relative density" exploration device used to determine the distribution and to estimate strength of the subsurface soil units. The resistance to penetration is measured in blows-per-1/2-foot of an 11-pound hammer which free falls roughly 39 inches driving a 3/4-inch outside diameter pipe with a 1-inch diameter endcap into the ground. This measure of resistance to penetration can be used to estimate relative density of soils. For a more detailed description of this geotechnical exploration method, please refer to the Slope Stability Reference Guide for National Forests in the United States, Volume I, USDA, EM-7170-13, August 1994, P 317-321. Results of the drive probe tests are reported in the exploration logs in Appendix C.

Select soil samples were tested in the laboratory to determine material properties for our evaluation. Laboratory testing was accomplished generally in accordance with ASTM procedures. The testing performed included moisture content tests (ASTM D2216), and fines content determinations (ASTM D1140). The test results have been included on the exploration logs located in Appendix C.

Generally, we encountered a surficial layer of topsoil overlying fill soils, overlying native soils with decomposed rock, which eventually transitioned to bedrock with depth. The thickness of the strata varied across the site. Each individual stratum encountered is discussed in further detail below.

TOPSOIL

The surficial layer encountered in all of our explorations consisted of a dry to moist, light brown sandy silt with rootlets. The thickness of this stratum in our test pits was 6 to 12 inches.

FILL/TILLED SOILS

In all of our test pits, we encountered what we interpret to be fill/tilled soils underlying the surficial topsoil layer. The soil was generally a light brown to brown sandy silt to silty sand with rootlets, wood chips and charcoal pieces. We also encountered boulders, as well as wood, plastic and metal debris within this stratum. It is possible these organic soils are the result of agricultural tilling or clearing the area in the past. Laboratory moisture content testing on samples obtained within this stratum ranged from 9 to 12 percent, indicating a dry condition. Fines content laboratory testing for samples obtained within this stratum ranged from 39 to 89 percent passing the #200 sieve. Based on the excavator digging effort and supplementary drive probe testing, we consider this stratum to be medium stiff/medium dense to very stiff/very dense. The fill/tilled soils extended to depths ranging from 2 to 4 feet bgs in our explorations. It should be noted that this stratum extended to the terminal depth of our exploration at TP-6 due to practical digging refusal on a boulder.

NATIVE SOILS

In all of our explorations (except for TP-6), we encountered native soils underlying the fill soils. The soil was generally an orange-brown to reddish brown to dark brown silt with varying amounts of sand. We also encountered decomposed rock fragments in this stratum (red to black to gray to white). Laboratory moisture content testing on samples obtained within this stratum ranged from

8 to 50 percent, indicating a dry to wet condition. It should be noted that the relatively high moisture content was likely a result of the decomposed rock encountered in this stratum (i.e. the material may hold a significant amount of moisture, but it did not visually appear wet). While in the field, the native soils generally appeared to be moist. Fines content testing on samples obtained within this stratum ranged from 60 to 98 percent passing the #200 sieve. Based on the excavator digging effort and supplementary drive probe testing, we consider this native silt stratum to be very stiff to hard. The silt stratum extended to the terminal depths of our explorations at depths ranging from 5 to 9.5 feet bgs. It should be noted that all of our test pits terminated due to practical digging refusal on hard soil/decomposed rock, except for TP-5 and TP-8 which were terminated due to practical excavator reach.

The above subsurface description is of a generalized nature to highlight the major subsurface stratification features and material characteristics. The exploration logs included in the Appendices should be reviewed for specific information at specific locations. These records include soil descriptions, stratifications, and locations of the samples. The stratifications shown on the logs represent the conditions only at the actual exploration locations. Variations may occur and should be expected between locations. The stratifications represent the approximate boundary between subsurface materials and the actual transition may be gradual. The fill extent at each exploration location was estimated based on an examination of the soil samples, the presence of foreign materials, field measurements, and the subsurface data. The explorations performed are not adequate to accurately identify the full extent of existing fill soil across the site. Consequently, the actual fill soil extent may be much greater than that shown on the exploration logs and discussed herein. The samples that were not altered by laboratory testing will be retained for at least 90 days from the date of this report and then will be discarded.

2.4 Groundwater Information

Groundwater was not observed during out subsurface investigation. According to a historical well log (available from <u>http://apps.wrd.state.or.us/apps/gw/well_log/</u>) drilled approximately 700 feet north of the property, static groundwater was encountered 325 feet below the ground surface.

Although a static groundwater level was not encountered at the time of our subsurface investigation, it is possible for a perched groundwater level to be present within the depths explored at some future time depending upon climatic and rainfall conditions. In general, we do not expect that groundwater will influence the proposed construction.

2.5 Seismic Design Parameters and Hazards

In accordance with ASCE 7-16, we recommend a Site Class C (very dense soil and soft rock profile) for this site when considering the average of the upper 100 feet of bearing material beneath the foundations. This recommendation is based on the results of our subsurface investigation as well as our understanding of the local geology.

Inputting our recommended Site Class as well as the site latitude and longitude into the Seismic Design Maps (SEAOC/OSHPD) website (<u>http://seismicmaps.org</u>), we obtained the seismic design parameters shown in Table 1 below.

| Parameter | Recommendation |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| Site Class | С |
| Ss | 0.512g |
| S ₁ | 0.235g |
| Fa | 1.295 |
| Fv | 1.500 |
| S _{MS} (=S _s x F _a) | 0.663g |
| S _{M1} (=S ₁ x F _v) | 0.353g |
| S _{DS} (=2/3 x S _s x F _a) | 0.442g |
| Design PGA (=S _{DS} /2.5) | 0.177g |
| MCE _G PGA | 0.228g |
| F _{PGA} | 1.200 |
| PGA_M (=MCE _G PGA x F _{PGA}) | 0.273g |
| Noto: Site latituda = 45 726023 | $\frac{1}{2}$ longitudo - 121 400020 |

Table 1: Seismic Design Parameter Recommendations (ASCE 7-16)

Note: Site latitude = 45.736933, longitude = -121.488038

The return interval for these ground motions is 2 percent probability of exceedance in 50 years.

As stated above, the property is not mapped within a liquefaction hazard zone; which coincides with the findings of our subsurface investigation. Because we do not consider the soils to be liquefiable (and because there are not any significant slopes on the property), there is not a risk of seismically induced lateral spreading.

With respect to slope stability, we do not consider the subject property to be oversteepened and at risk of sliding given the subject property slopes are generally not steeper than 2H:1V (except for a portion of the proposed access road). The slopes steeper than 2H:1V along the access road should be regraded to be 2H:1V to avoid the risk of shallow soil movement.

3.0 EVALUATION AND FOUNDATION RECOMMENDATIONS

3.1 Geotechnical Discussion

The following geotechnical factors may influence the proposed construction:

- 1. Presence of possible fill/tilled soils As stated above, we encountered rootlets in the upper soils at all of our test pits to depths ranging from 2 to 4 feet bgs. It is possible these organic soils are the result of agricultural tilling or clearing the area in the past. The presence of such materials could result in excess settlements and unsatisfactory foundation performance. As such, for structures (i.e. buildings, pavement, retaining walls, etc.) we recommend overexcavating the fill/tilled soils down to the hard native soils encountered at depths of 2 to 4 feet bgs (i.e. any new foundations for the proposed subdivision penetrate through the compressible soils to bear on the sandy silt soils).
- 2. Moisture sensitive soils The fine-grained portion of the soils encountered at the site are expected to be moisture sensitive. The increase in moisture content during periods of wet weather can cause significant reduction in the soil strength and support capabilities and will also be slow to dry. As such, water should not be allowed to collect in foundation excavations or on prepared subgrades, and care should be taken when operating construction equipment on the exposed subgrade. While not required, we recommend consideration be given to performing construction in the dry summer months to reduce the risk of damaging the site soils with the construction equipment. See more detailed recommendations for drainage in Section 4.1.
- 3. Practical digging refusal encountered In our subsurface investigation, all of the test pits terminated with practical excavation refusal on hard soil/decomposed rock (except for TP-5 and TP-8 which were terminated due to practical excavator reach). The depth to practical excavation refusal ranged from 4 to 9.5 feet in our explorations. Excavations through this stratum may be difficult and require specialized equipment.
- 4. Lack of detailed design drawings We have not been provided with a detailed design drawing set for the proposed construction. Once the drawings for the project are complete, we should review those drawings to determine if the design complies with our recommendations or if our recommendations need to be modified.

In summary, provided the recommendations in this report are adhered to, we do not foresee any major issues that would preclude the proposed construction. The above-mentioned factors are listed to draw the attention of the reader to the issues to address during design and construction of the proposed development.

3.2 General Site Preparation

Prior to the start of any earthwork, the test pit locations performed for our subsurface investigation, that fall under or adjacent to structurally improved areas, should be located, excavated to their bottoms, and backfilled with well-graded granular structural fill in properly compacted lifts, under the observation of a representative of the Geotechnical Engineer.

We envision that the topsoil, vegetation, roots, soft soils, and any other deleterious soils will need to be stripped from beneath the proposed building areas and proposed roadways. Topsoil in our test pits ranged from about 6 to 12 inches thick. In addition, as stated above, beneath new structures we recommend overexcavating the fill/tilled soils encountered across the property to depths ranging from 2 feet to 4 feet. It should be expected that the depth of these materials may vary across the site. A representative of the Geotechnical Engineer should determine the depth of removal at the time of construction.

After stripping and excavating to the proposed subgrade level, as required, the building areas and roadways should be inspected by a representative of the Geotechnical Engineer and proofrolled with a fully loaded, tandem axle, rubber tire dump truck or water truck. Soils that are observed to rut or deflect excessively under the moving load, or are otherwise judged to be unsuitable, should be undercut and replaced with properly compacted fill. If the subgrade cannot be accessed with a dump truck, then the subgrade will need to be visually evaluated by a representative of the Geotechnical Engineer by soil probing.

Any utilities present beneath the proposed construction will need to be located and rerouted as necessary and any abandoned pipes or utility conduits should be removed to inhibit the potential for subsurface erosion. Utility trench excavations should be backfilled with properly compacted structural fill as discussed in Section 3.3 below.

3.3 Structural Fill

Structural fill should be free of organics or other deleterious materials, have a maximum particle size less than 3 inches, be relatively well graded, and have a liquid limit less than 45 and plasticity index less than 25. In our professional opinion the onsite native soils are likely not appropriate for use as structural fill due to their variable, fine grained, moisture sensitive nature. As such, it may be more practical to import granular, well graded, crushed rock gravel structural fill. We recommend all structural fill be moisture conditioned to within 3 percentage points below and 2 percentage points above optimum moisture as determined by ASTM D1557 (Modified Proctor). If water must be added, it should be uniformly applied and thoroughly mixed into the soil by disking or scarifying.

Fill should be placed in relatively uniform horizontal lifts on the prepared subgrade which has been stripped of deleterious materials and approved by the Geotechnical Engineer or their representative. If loose soils exist on the prepared subgrades, they should be re-compacted. Each loose lift should be about 1-foot thick. The type of compaction equipment used will ultimately

determine the maximum lift thickness. Structural fill should be compacted to at least 92 percent of the maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D1557. Each lift of compacted engineered fill should be tested by a representative of the Geotechnical Engineer prior to placement of subsequent lifts.

Any structural fill placed on slopes at or greater than 5H:1V should be properly benched. Level benches excavated into the existing slope should be a minimum of 4 feet wide laterally, and should be cut into the slope for no more than every five feet of vertical rise. The placement of fill should begin at the base of the fill. All benches should be inspected by a representative of the Geotechnical Engineer and approved prior to placement of structural fill lifts. If evidence of seepage is observed in the bench excavations, a supplemental drainage system may need to be designed and installed to prevent hydrostatic pressure buildup behind the fill. Final fill and/or cut slopes should be kept at or below a slope of 2H:1V. The fill should extend horizontally outward beyond the exterior perimeter of the building and pavements at least 5 feet and 3 feet respectively, prior to sloping.

To reiterate, each lift of compacted engineered fill should be tested by a representative of the Geotechnical Engineer prior to placement of subsequent lifts.

3.4 Foundation Recommendations

Once the site has been properly prepared as discussed above, the proposed residences can be supported on a conventional shallow foundation system. Spread footings for building columns and continuous footings for bearing walls can be designed for an allowable soil bearing pressure of up to 2,000 psf for foundations bearing on the very stiff to hard native soils first encountered in our test pits at depths of about 2 to 4 feet bgs, or on properly compacted, granular structural fill overlying the native soils. The above allowable soil bearing pressure can be increased by one-third when including short-term wind or seismic loads. Minimum footing dimensions should be in compliance with the 2018 IRC.

Lateral frictional resistance between the base of footings and the subgrade can be expressed as the applied vertical load multiplied by a coefficient of friction of 0.30 for concrete foundations bearing directly on the very stiff to hard native soils or structural fill. In addition, lateral loads may be resisted by passive earth pressures based on an equivalent fluid pressure of 300 pounds per cubic foot (pcf) for footings poured "neat" against the above-mentioned soil. These are ultimate values—we recommend a factor of safety of 1.5 be applied to the equivalent fluid pressure, which is appropriate due to the amount of movement required to develop full passive resistance. To be clear, no safety factor has been applied to the friction factor recommended above either.

Exterior footings and foundations in unheated areas should be located at a depth of at least 18 inches below the final exterior grade to provide adequate frost protection. If the residences are to be constructed during the winter months or if the foundation soils will likely be subjected to freezing temperatures after foundation construction, then the foundation soils should be

adequately protected from freezing. Otherwise, interior foundations can be located at nominal depths compatible with architectural and structural considerations.

The foundation excavations should be observed by a representative of the Geotechnical Engineer prior to steel or concrete placement to assess that the foundation materials are capable of supporting the design loads and are consistent with the materials discussed in this report. Unsuitable soil zones encountered at the bottom of the foundation excavations should be removed and replaced with properly compacted structural fill as directed by the Geotechnical Engineer.

After opening, foundation excavations should be observed and concrete placed as quickly as possible to avoid exposure of the excavation to wetting and drying. Surface run-off water should be drained away from the excavations and not be allowed to pond. If possible, the foundation concrete should be placed during the same day the excavation is made. If the soils will be exposed for more than 2 days or for any length of time during precipitation events, consideration should be given to placing a thin layer of rock atop the exposed subgrade to protect it from the elements.

Based on the known subsurface conditions we anticipate that properly designed and constructed foundations could experience maximum total and differential settlements on the order of 1-inch and 1/2-inch, respectively.

We recommend that the perimeter foundations include footing drains on the exterior of the buildings. The footing drains typically consist of a 3 or 4 inch diameter perforated drain pipe placed in a trench excavated next to the base of the footing and surrounded on the sides and above by drain rock. To increase the drain pipe life, we recommend it be sleeved with a sock (i.e. filter fabric). Footing drains do a have a useful life and eventually need to be replaced—because they can get silted up. Footing drains should be discharged to an approved outlet point and should not be connected directly to crawl space drains or storm drains, unless there is a backflow preventer installed to prevent the different drain lines from backing up into each other.

3.5 Floor Slab Recommendations

For the purposes of this report, we have assumed that maximum floor slab loads will not exceed 150 psf. Based on the existing soil conditions, the design of slabs-on-grade can be based on a subgrade modulus (k) of 150 pci. This subgrade modulus value represents an anticipated value which would be obtained in a standard in-situ plate test with a 1-foot square plate.

It is our professional opinion that the floor slabs can be grade supported on a minimum of 6 inches of properly compacted well-graded granular structural fill placed on the very stiff to hard native soils first encountered in our test pits at depths of about 2 to 4 feet bgs. The structural fill should be placed as outlined in Section 3.3 above. The floor slabs should have an adequate number of joints to reduce cracking resulting from any differential movement and shrinkage.

Where feasible, the slab area native subgrade should be proof-rolled with a heavily loaded tandem axel dump truck, or similar rubber-tired vehicle, to identify as "soft" spots prior to the placement of any structural fill. Soils that are observed to rut or deflect excessively under the moving load, or are otherwise judged to be unsuitable, should be undercut and replaced with properly compacted structural fill. In the case that the subgrade area is not accessible to a large rubber-tired vehicle, the Geotechnical Engineer's representative may need to approve the slab subgrade using a steel probe rod.

The 6-inch thick well graded granular structural fill should provide a capillary break to limit migration of moisture through the slab. If additional protection against moisture vapor is desired, a vapor retarding membrane may also be incorporated into the design. Factors such as cost, special considerations for construction, and the floor covering suggest that decisions on the use of vapor retarding membranes be made by the project design team, the contractor, and the owner.

3.6 Retaining Wall Recommendations

While we are not aware of any specific retaining walls for the project, we are providing these general recommendations for preliminary planning purposes. Once more detailed plans are known about retaining walls, we should be provided the drawings so that we can update our recommendations if necessary. For the purposes of this report, we have assumed that no walls will be greater than 10 feet tall.

Retaining wall footings should be designed in accordance with the recommendations contained in Section 3.4 above. Lateral earth pressures on walls, which are not restrained at the top, may be calculated on the basis of an "active" equivalent fluid pressure of 35 pcf for level backfill, and 60 pcf for sloping backfill with a maximum 2H:1V slope. Lateral earth pressures on walls that are restrained from yielding at the top (i.e. stem walls) may be calculated on the basis of an "at-rest" equivalent fluid pressure of 55 pcf for level backfill, and 90 pcf for sloping backfill with a maximum 2H:1V slope. The stated equivalent fluid pressures do not include surcharge loads, such as foundation, vehicle, equipment, etc., adjacent to walls, hydrostatic pressure buildup, or earthquake loading. Surcharge loads on walls should be calculated based on the attached formulas shown in Appendix E.

We recommend that retaining walls be designed for an earth pressure determined using the Mononobe-Okabe method to mitigate future seismic forces. Our calculations were based on one-half of the Design Peak Ground Acceleration (PGA) value of 0.177g, which was obtained from Table 1 above. We have assumed that the retained soil/rock will have a minimum friction angle of 29 degrees and a total unit weight of about 115 pounds per cubic foot. For seismic loading on retaining walls with level backfill, new research indicates that the seismic load is to be applied at 1/3 H of the wall instead of 2/3 H, where H is the height of the wall⁵. We recommend that a Mononobe-Okabe earthquake thrust per linear foot of 4.7 psf * H² be applied at 1/3 H, where H is the height of the wall measured in feet. Note that the recommended earthquake thrust value is appropriate for slopes

⁵ Lew, M., et al (2010). "Seismic Earth Pressures on Depp Building Basements," SEAOC 2010 Convention Proceedings, Indian Wells, CA.

behind the retaining wall of up to 10 degrees. For a maximum 2H:1V slope, we recommend 16 psf * H². This assumes a granular backfill retained by the walls.

All backfill for retaining walls should be select granular material, such as sand or crushed rock with a maximum particle size between $\frac{3}{4}$ and 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches, having less than 5 percent material passing the No. 200 sieve. Because of their fines content, the native soils do not meet this requirement, and it will be necessary to import material to the project for wall backfill. Non-expansive soils can be used for the last 18 to 24 inches of backfill, thus acting as a seal to the granular backfill. All backfill behind retaining walls should be moisture conditioned to within ± 2 percent of optimum moisture content, and compacted to a minimum of 90 percent of the material's maximum dry density as determined in accordance with ASTM D1557 (Modified Proctor). This recommendation applies to all backfill located within a horizontal distance equal to 75 percent of the wall height, but should be no less than 4 feet.

An adequate subsurface drain system will need to be designed and installed behind retaining walls to prevent hydrostatic buildup. A waterproofing system should be designed for any basement walls where moisture intrusion is not desirable.

3.7 Pavement Section Thickness Recommendations

After the site has been stripped and prepared in accordance with Section 3.2 of this report (i.e. the fill is overexcavated), the pavement subgrade should be proofrolled with a fully loaded dual axle dump truck. Areas found to be soft or yielding under the weight of a dump truck should be overexcavated as recommended by the Geotechnical Engineer's representative and replaced with additional crushed rock gravel fill.

The pavement section thickness recommendations presented below in Tables 2 and 3 are considered typical and minimum for the assumed parameters. In order to achieve the assumed 20-year design life, pavement does need regular maintenance to protect the underlying subgrade from being damaged. The primary concern is subgrade water saturation which can cause it to weaken. Proper site drainage should be maintained to protect pavement areas. In addition, cracks that develop in the pavement should be sealed on a regular basis.

Using the AASHTO method of flexible pavement design, the following design parameters have been assumed:

- An assumed California Bearing Ratio (CBR) value of 20 for the very stiff to hard native soils.
- A pavement life of 20 years.
- A terminal serviceability (Pt) of 2 (i.e. poor pavement condition).
- A regional factor (R) of 3.0.
- Assumed total car trips of:
 - 10 cars per day for car parking (which equates to 2.2 daily equivalent single axle loads, ESALs)

- 60 cars per day for drive lanes (which equates to 13.4 daily equivalent single axle loads, ESALs)

The project Civil Engineer should review our assumptions to confirm they are appropriate for the anticipated traffic loading. See Tables 2 and 3 below for recommended pavement section thicknesses based on the above assumptions.

| Pavement Materials | Parking Areas | Drive Lanes |
|---|---------------|-------------|
| Asphaltic Concrete | 2.5 inches | 3 inches |
| Crushed Aggregate Base Course (less than 5% fines) | 6 inches | 6 inches |

Table 2: Asphaltic Concrete - Recommended Minimum Thicknesses (inches)

| Pavement Materials | Parking Areas | Drive Lanes |
|---|---------------|-------------|
| Portland Cement Concrete | 6 inches | 6 inches |
| Crushed Aggregate Base Course (less than 5% fines) | 6 inches | 6 inches |

Asphaltic concrete materials should be compacted to at least 91 percent of the material's theoretical maximum density as determined in general accordance with ASTM D2041 (Rice Specific Gravity). The crushed aggregate base course should consist of well-graded crushed stone with a maximum particle size no greater than 2 inches. Aggregate base course materials should be free of organics or other deleterious materials, be relatively clean (i.e. less than 5 percent soil passing the U.S. #200 sieve), well graded, and have a liquid limit less than 45 and plasticity index less than 25. The base course should be moisture conditioned to within 2 percent of optimum and compacted to a minimum of 95 percent of ASTM D1557 as outlined in Section 3.3 of this report. When placed, the lift base course thickness should generally not exceed 12 inches prior to compacting. The type of compaction equipment used will ultimately determine the maximum lift thickness. In addition, we recommend that the structural fill be placed within +/- 2 percent of the optimum moisture for that material.

4.0 CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS

EEI should be retained to provide observation and testing of construction activities involved in the foundation, earthwork, and related activities of this project. EEI cannot accept any responsibility for any conditions that deviate from those described in this report, nor for the performance of the foundations if not engaged to also provide construction observation for this project.

4.1 Moisture Sensitive Soils/Weather Related Concerns

The soils encountered at this site are expected to be sensitive to disturbances caused by construction traffic and to changes in moisture content. During wet weather periods, increases in the moisture content of the soil can cause significant reduction in the soil strength and support capabilities. In addition, soils that become wet may be slow to dry and thus significantly retard the progress of grading and compaction activities. It will, therefore, be advantageous to perform earthwork and foundation construction activities during dry weather.

4.2 Drainage and Groundwater Considerations

Water should not be allowed to collect in the foundation excavations or on prepared subgrades for the floor sections during construction. Positive site drainage should be maintained throughout construction activities. Undercut or excavated areas should be sloped toward one corner to facilitate removal of any collected rainwater, groundwater, or surface runoff. If groundwater is encountered, a system of sumps and pumps may be required to keep footing excavations drained until the footing is placed to prevent softening of the subgrade soils.

A site grading plan should be developed to provide rapid drainage of surface water permanently away from the building areas and to inhibit infiltration of surface water around the perimeter of the building and beneath slabs. The grades should be sloped away from the building areas. Roof runoff should be piped (tightlined) away from the subdivision residences and commercial buildings. As discussed in Section 3.4, we recommend the foundations include footing drains on the exterior of the homes.

4.3 Excavations

In Federal Register, Volume 54, No. 209 (October 1989), the United States Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) amended its "Construction Standards for Excavations, 29 CFR, part 1926, Subpart P". This document and subsequent updates were issued to better insure the safety of workmen entering trenches or excavations. It is mandated by this federal regulation that excavations, whether they be utility trenches, basement excavations or footing excavations, be constructed in accordance with the new OSHA guidelines. It is our

understanding that these regulations are being strictly enforced and if they are not closely followed, the owner and the contractor could be liable for substantial penalties.

The contractor is solely responsible for designing and constructing stable, temporary excavations and should shore, slope, or bench the sides of the excavations as required to maintain stability of both the excavation sides and bottom. The contractor's "responsible person", as defined in 29 CFR Part 1926, should evaluate the soil exposed in the excavations as part of the contractor's safety procedures. In no case should slope height, slope inclination, or excavation depth, including utility trench excavation depth, exceed those specified in local, state, and federal safety regulations.

We are providing this information solely as a service to our client. EEI does not assume responsibility for construction site safety or the contractor's compliance with local, state, and federal safety or other regulations.

5.0 REPORT LIMITATIONS

As is standard practice in the geotechnical industry, the conclusions contained in our report are considered preliminary because they are based on assumptions made about the soil, rock, and groundwater conditions exposed at the site during our subsurface investigation. A more complete extent of the actual subsurface conditions can only be identified when they are exposed during construction. Therefore, EEI should be retained as your consultant during construction to observe the actual conditions and to provide our final conclusions. If a different geotechnical consultant is retained to perform geotechnical inspection during construction, then they should be relied upon to provide final design conclusions and recommendations and should assume the role of geotechnical engineer of record, as is the typical procedure required by the governing jurisdiction.

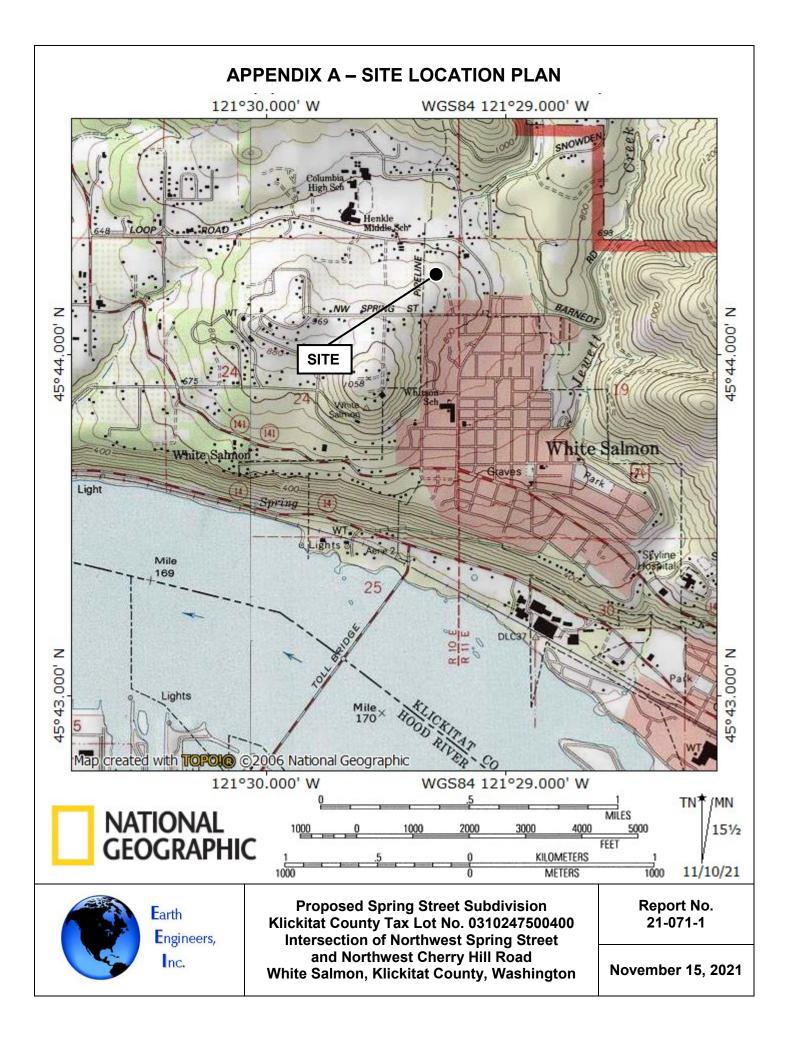
The geotechnical recommendations presented in this report are based on the available project information, and the subsurface materials described in this report. If any of the noted information is incorrect, please inform EEI in writing so that we may amend the recommendations presented in this report, if appropriate, and if desired by the client. EEI will not be responsible for the implementation of its recommendations when it is not notified of changes in the project.

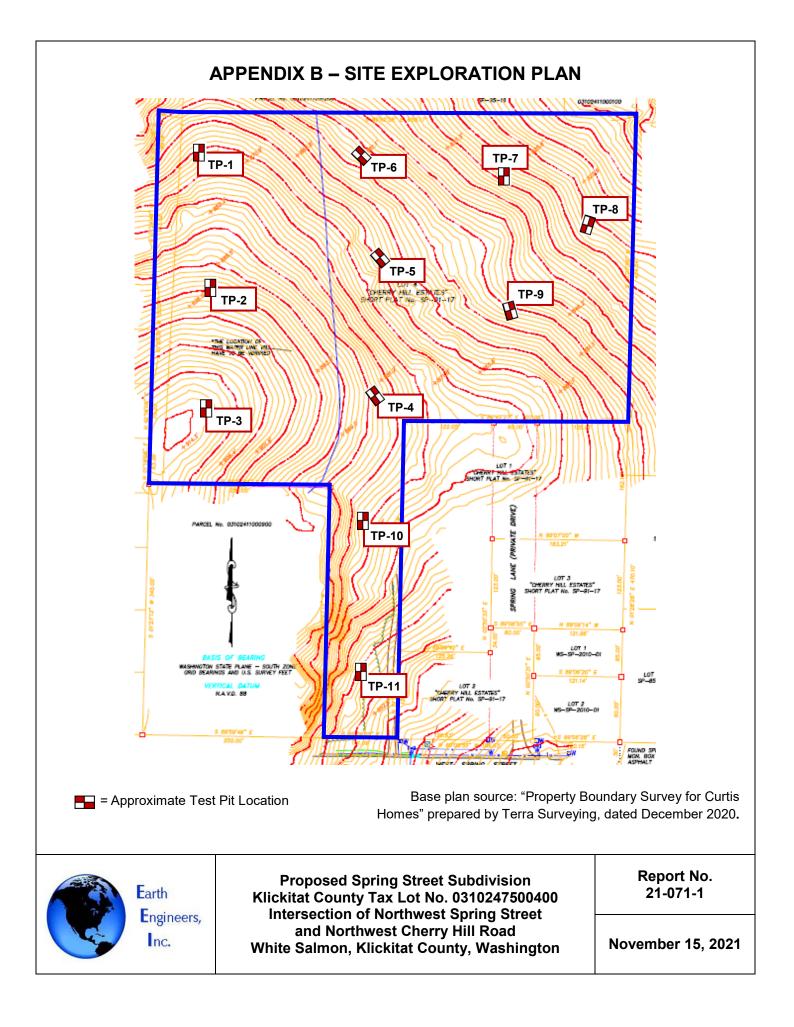
Once construction plans are finalized and a grading plan has been prepared, EEI should be retained to review those plans, and modify our existing recommendations related to the proposed construction, if determined to be necessary.

The Geotechnical Engineer warrants that the findings, recommendations, specifications, or professional advice contained herein have been made in accordance with generally accepted professional geotechnical engineering practices in the local area. No other warranties are implied or expressed.

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of our client, Legacy Development Group for the proposed Spring Street Subdivision located on Klickitat County Tax Lot No. 0310247500400 off of Spring Street near the intersection with Northwest Cherry Hill Road in White Salmon, Klickitat County, Washington. EEI does not authorize the use of the advice herein nor the reliance upon the report by third parties without prior written authorization by EEI.

APPENDICES





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| - 6 | | | dark brown to red to decomposed basalt | | GRAB 4 | | | | | | 19 | 95 | | | practical digging refusal on hard soil/decomposed rock |
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Client: Legacy Development Group Project: Proposed Spring Street Subdivision Site Address: Tax Lot No. 0310247500400 White Salmon, Klickitat County, Washington Location of Exploration: See Appendix B Logged By: Jacqui Boyer United Salmon, Klickitat County, Washington Digged By: Jacqui Boyer Easy Topsoil - light brown sandy silt with rootlets, dry to moist (6-inches thick) Easy Fill - brown sandy silt with rootlets, wood chips and charcoal pieces, dry, medium stiff to hard Mod. Silt (ML) - reddish brown sandy silt with decomposed rock fragments (black to red), moist, hard Hard | Earth Engineers, Inc. Client: Legacy Development Group Project: Proposed Spring Street Subdivision Site Address: Tax Lot No. 0310247500400 Unite Salmon, Klickital County, Washington Location of Exploration: See Appendix B Logged By: Jacqui Boyer Image: Solit and Rock Strata Image: Solit and Rock Strata< | Earth Engineers, Inc. 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Client: Legacy Development Group Project: Proposed Spring Street Subdivision Sile Address: Tax Lot No. 0310247500400 White Satmon, Klickiat County, Washington Location of Exploration: See Appendix B Report Number: 21-071-1 Excavation Contractor: Legac Excavation Method: Excavato Excavation Method: Excavato Excavation Method: Excavato Excavation Method: Excavato Excavation Contractor: Legac Excavation Contractor: Legac Excavation Contractor: Legac Excavation Contractor: Legac Excavation Method: Excavato Excavation Method: Excavato Bioms Period Bioms Period Bio</td> | Earth Engineers, Inc. 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Client: Legacy Development Group Project: Proposed Spring Street Subdivision Sile Address: Tax Lot No. 0310247500400 White Satmon, Klickiat County, Washington Location of Exploration: See Appendix B Report Number: 21-071-1 Excavation Contractor: Legac Excavation Method: Excavato Excavation Method: Excavato Excavation Method: Excavato Excavation Method: Excavato Excavation Contractor: Legac Excavation Contractor: Legac Excavation Contractor: Legac Excavation Contractor: Legac Excavation Method: Excavato Excavation Method: Excavato Bioms Period Bioms Period Bio |

| | | | Engineers, Inc. | Client: Legacy Development Project: Proposed Spring Sti Site Address: Tax Lot No. 03 White Salmon, Klickitat Cour Location of Exploration: See Logged By: Jacqui Boyer | reet Su 310247 nty, Wa | bdivisio 500400 ashingto |) | | Ex Ex Ex Ap | cavatic cavatic cavatic proxim te of E | on Meth on Equi ate Gr xplorat | tractor: nod: Ex pment ound S ion: Oc | Legac cavato Takeu Surface | y Development Group r with 2 foot toothed bucket ichi TB240 Elevation (ft msl): 857 15, 2021 |
|---|-------------|--------|---|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|----------------------------|----------------------|--|---|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Water Level | Symbol | Geologi | _ithology c Description of nd Rock Strata | Sample Number | Digging Effort | Blov | e Probe ws Per nches | Pocket Pen. (tsf) | (% | % Passing #200 Sieve | riquid Limit | | Remarks |
| - | | | to moist (6-inches thi Fill - brown silty sand | sandy silt with rootlets, dry ck) with rootlets, wood chips es, dry, medium dense to | | Easy | | | | | | | | possible tilled soils |
| | | | boulder encountered | | GRAB 1 | Mod. | | | | 12 | 39 | | | practical digging refusal on boulder |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Earth | lix C: Test Pit TP-7 Sheet 1 of 1 |
|--|---|
| Client: Legacy Development Group Project: Proposed Spring Street Subdivision Site Address: Tax Lot No. 0310247500400 White Salmon, Klickitat County, Washington Location of Exploration: See Appendix B Logged By: Jacqui Boyer | Report Number: 21-071-1 Excavation Contractor: Legacy Development Group Excavation Method: Excavator with 2 foot toothed bucket Excavation Equipment: Takeuchi TB240 Approximate Ground Surface Elevation (ft msl): 840 Date of Exploration: October 15, 2021 |
| Lithology | Sampling Data |
| Depth Geologic Description of Matter Le Bli Or Humble Soli and Rock Strata Soli and Rock Strata | About the second sec |
| 0 Topsoil - light brown sandy silt with rootlets, dry Easy to moist (8-inches thick) | |
| 1 Fill - light brown sandy silt with rootlets, wood chips and charcoal pieces, dry, medium stiff to very stiff white plastic debris encountered (abandoned pipe) 2 — | possible tilled soils |
| 3 | 41 |
| 5 — _ 6 | practical digging refusal on hard soil/decomposed rock |
| | |
| | |
| 15 Notes: Test pit terminated at a depth of approximately 6 feet bgs. Groundwater was n with excavated soil on 10/15/2021. Approximate elevation interpolated from survey titl | ot encountered at the time of the exploration. Test pit loosely backfilled |

| | 10 | | in the second se | Earth | | Ар | pe | ndix C | :: T | es | t P | it T | 'P-8 | B Sheet 1 of 1 |
|--|-------------|------------|--|--|--|-------------------|-------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---|
| | | | | Engineers, Inc. | Client: Legacy Development GroupReport Number: 21-071-1Project: Proposed Spring Street SubdivisionExcavation Contractor: Legacy Development GrSite Address: Tax Lot No. 0310247500400Excavation Method: Excavator with 2 foot tootherWhite Salmon, Klickitat County, WashingtonExcavation Equipment: Takeuchi TB240Location of Exploration: See Appendix BApproximate Ground Surface Elevation (ft msl):Logged By: Jacqui BoyerDate of Exploration: October 15, 2021 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Τ | | | l | ithology | | - | | _ | | Sampli | ng Data | а | |
| Depth (ft) | Water Level | Lithologic | Indinite | Soil ar | c Description of nd Rock Strata | Sample Number | Digging Effort | Drive Probe Blows Per 6 Inches | Pocket Pen. (tsf) | Moisture Content (%) | % Passing #200 Sieve | Liquid Limit | Plastic Limit | Remarks |
| 0 | | | | Topsoil - light brown to moist (10-inches the | sandy silt with rootlets, dry nick) | | Easy | • 6 | | | | | | |
| 1 — 2 — 3 — | | | | Fill - light brown sand | ly silt with rootlets, wood eces, dry, medium stiff to | GRAB 1 | | 5 11 16 18 21 24 29 | | 12 | | | | possible tilled soils |
| 4 — 5 — 6 — 7 — 8 — 9 — | | | | Silt (ML) - light brown decomposed rock fra moist, very stiff to har weathered rock fragn | | GRAB 3 GRAB 2 | Mod. Hard | ●50 | | 24 | 91 | | | drive probe refusal at 2-inches practical refusal due to excavator reach |
| enco | un | tered | at th | e time of the explorat | approximately 9.5 feet bgs. Do n. Test pit loosely backfilled | Drive p with 6 | excavat | ed soil on 10/ | 15/202 | 21. App | proxima | ately 4. ate elev | .5 feet vation i | bgs. Groundwater was not |

| | | | Earth | Appendix C: Test Pit TP-9 | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|---|------------------------|---|--|-------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------|---|
| | | | Engineers, Inc. | Client: Legacy Development Project: Proposed Spring Str Site Address: Tax Lot No. 03 White Salmon, Klickitat Cour Location of Exploration: See Logged By: Jacqui Boyer | ent GroupReport Number: 21-071-1Street SubdivisionExcavation Contractor: Legacy Development Group. 0310247500400Excavation Method: Excavator with 2 foot toothed bucketounty, WashingtonExcavation Equipment: Takeuchi TB240Gee Appendix BApproximate Ground Surface Elevation (ft msl): 859 | | | | | | | | r with 2 foot toothed bucket Jchi TB240 Elevation (ft msl): 859 |
| | | | | Lithology | | | | | | Sampli | - | а | |
| Depth (ft) | Water Level | Lithologic Symbol | Soil a | c Description of nd Rock Strata | Sample Number | Digging Effort | Drive Probe Blows Per 6 Inches | Pocket Pen. (tsf) | Moisture Content (%) | % Passing #200 Sieve | Liquid Limit | Plastic Limit | Remarks |
| 0 | Topsoil - light brown sandy silt with rootlets, dry to moist (8-inches thick) Fill - light brown sandy silt with rootlets, wood chips and charcoal pieces, dry to moist, medium stiff to very stiff | | | | | Easy | | | | | | | possible tilled soils |
| 3 — 4 — 5 — | | Silt (ML) - brown to dark brown silt with few sand, decomposed rock fragments (black to red), moist, very stiff to hard | | | | Mod. | | | 44 | | | | practical digging refusal on hard soil/decomposed rock |
| 6 — - 7 — 8 — | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 — - 0 — | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 — | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 — | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 — | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 — - | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 Note | s: 1 | Fest pit te | erminated at a depth o | f approximately 5.5 feet bgs. (/2021. Approximate elevation | Ground | lwater | was not enco | untered | d at the | e time | of the | explora | ation. Test pit loosely |

| | Inc. | | | Client: Legacy Development GroupReport Number: 21-071-1Project: Proposed Spring Street SubdivisionExcavation Contractor: Legacy Development GroupSite Address: Tax Lot No. 0310247500400Excavation Method: Excavator with 2 foot toothed bucketWhite Salmon, Klickitat County, WashingtonExcavation Equipment: Takeuchi TB240Location of Exploration: See Appendix BApproximate Ground Surface Elevation (ft msl): 876Logged By: Jacqui BoyerDate of Exploration: October 15, 2021 | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|-------------|----------------------|--|--|------------------|-------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| Depth (ft) | Water Level | Lithologic Symbol | Geologi | Lithology c Description of nd Rock Strata | Sample Number | Digging Effort | Drive Probe Blows Per 6 Inches | Pocket Pen. (tsf) | Moisture Content (%) | % Passing % #200 Sieve | ng Data | | Remarks |
| Dep | N Na | Syn | Topsoil - light brown | sandy silt with rootlets, dry | Sar Nur | | 0 20 40 60 | Poc Per | Moi Cor | % F #20 | Liquid Limit | Plastic Limit | |
| | | | to moist (6-inches thi Fill - light brown sand chips and charcoal p stiff to hard | dy silt with rootlets, wood ieces, dry to moist, medium od debris encountered | | Easy | • 7 • 6 • 7 • 22 • 49 • 43 | | | | | | possible tilled soils |
| | | | Silt (ML) - gray-brow to little sand and gra fragments (black to r | n to dark brown silt with few vel, decomposed rock ed), moist, hard | GRAB 1 | Mod. Hard | ●50 | | 29 | 90 | | | drive probe refusal at 3-inches |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | Earth | Appendix C: Test Pit TP-11 | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|---|---|---|--|-------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------|--|
| | | | Engineers, Inc. | Client: Legacy Development (Project: Proposed Spring Stre Site Address: Tax Lot No. 03' White Salmon, Klickitat Coun Location of Exploration: See Logged By: Jacqui Boyer | Report Number: 21-071-1 Excavation Contractor: Legacy Development Group Excavation Method: Excavator with 2 foot toothed buck Excavation Equipment: Takeuchi TB240 Approximate Ground Surface Elevation (ft msl): 860 Date of Exploration: October 15, 2021 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | l | ithology | | | | _ | | Sampli | ng Dat | а | |
| | Water Level | Lithologic Symbol | Soil ar | c Description of nd Rock Strata | Sample Number | Digging Effort | Drive Probe Blows Per 6 Inches | cket 1. (tsf) | Moisture Content (%) | % Passing #200 Sieve | Liquid Limit | Plastic Limit | Remarks |
| 0 1 — 2 — | | | to moist (8-inches thi Fill - light brown sand | sandy silt with rootlets, dry ck) ly silt with rootlets, wood leces, dry to moist, medium | 4B 1 | Easy | | | | | | | possible tilled soils |
| 3 4 | | | Silt (ML) - red to brou | un sandy silt with | GRAB 2 GRAB | Mod. | | | 9 | | | | |
| - | | Silt (ML) - red to brown sandy silt with decomposed rock fragments (black to red), dry to moist, very stiff to hard | | | | Hard | | | 8 | 81 | | | practical digging refusal on hard soil/decomposed rock |
| 6 — 7 — 8 — 9 — 10 — 11 — 12 — 13 — 14 — | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 Notes with e | S: T | Fest pit te | rminated at a depth of | approximately 5 feet bgs. Gro | oundv | vater wa | as not encou | Intered | at the t | ime of | the ex | ploratio | on. Test pit loosely backfilled |

APPENDIX D: SOIL CLASSIFICATION LEGEND

| APPA | APPARENT CONSISTENCY OF COHESIVE SOILS (PECK, HANSON & THORNBURN 1974, AASHTO 1988) | | | | | | | |
|--------------|---|----------------------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Descriptor | SPT N ₆₀ (blows/foot)* | Pocket Penetrometer, Qp (tsf) | Torvane (tsf) | Field Approximation | | | | |
| Very Soft | < 2 | < 0.25 | < 0.12 | Easily penetrated several inches by fist | | | | |
| Soft | 2 – 4 | 0.25 – 0.50 | 0.12 – 0.25 | Easily penetrated several inches by thumb | | | | |
| Medium Stiff | 5 – 8 | 0.50 – 1.0 | 0.25 – 0.50 | Penetrated several inches by thumb w/moderate effort | | | | |
| Stiff | 9 – 15 | 1.0 – 2.0 | 0.50 – 1.0 | Readily indented by thumbnail | | | | |
| Very Stiff | 16 – 30 | 2.0 - 4.0 | 1.0 – 2.0 | Indented by thumb but penetrated only with great effort | | | | |
| Hard | > 30 | > 4.0 | > 2.0 | Indented by thumbnail with difficulty | | | | |

 * Using SPT N_{60} is considered a crude approximation for cohesive soils.

| APPARENT DENSITY OF COHESIONLESS SOILS (AASHTO 1988) | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Descriptor | SPT N ₆₀ Value (blows/foot) | | | | |
| Very Loose | 0 - 4 | | | | |
| Loose | 5 – 10 | | | | |
| Medium Dense | 11 – 30 | | | | |
| Dense | 31 – 50 | | | | |
| Very Dense | > 50 | | | | |

| PERCENT OR PROPORTION OF SOILS (ASTM D2488-06) | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Descriptor | Criteria | | | | |
| Trace | Particles are present but estimated < 5% | | | | |
| Few 5 – 10% | | | | | |
| Little | 15 – 25% | | | | |
| Some | 30 – 45% | | | | |
| Mostly | 50 – 100% | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Percentages are estimated to nearest 5% in the field. Use "about" unless percentages are based on laboratory testing. | | | | | |

| MOISTURE (ASTM D2488-06) | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Descriptor | Criteria | | | |
| Dry | Absence of moisture, dusty, dry to the touch, well below optimum moisture content (per ASTM D698 or D1557) | | | |
| Moist | Damp but no visible water | | | |
| Wet | Visible free water, usually soil is below water table, well above optimum moisture content (per ASTM D698 or D1557) | | | |

| SOIL PARTICLE SIZE (ASTM D2488-06) | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Descriptor | Size | | | | |
| Boulder | > 12 inches | | | | |
| Cobble | 3 to 12 inches | | | | |
| Gravel - Coarse Fine | ³ / ₄ inch to 3 inches No. 4 sieve to ³ / ₄ inch | | | | |
| Sand - Coarse Medium Fine | No. 10 to No. 4 sieve (4.75mm) No. 40 to No. 10 sieve (2mm) No. 200 to No. 40 sieve (.425mm) | | | | |
| Silt and Clay ("fines") | Passing No. 200 sieve (0.075mm) | | | | |

| | U | NIFIED SO | IL CLASSI | FICATION SYSTEM (ASTM D2488) | | |
|--------------|--|------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| | Major Division | | | Description | | |
| Coarse | Gravel (50% or | Clean | GW | Well-graded gravels and gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines | | |
| Grained | more retained | Gravel | GP | Poorly graded gravels and gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines | | |
| Soils | on No. 4 sieve) | Gravel | GM | Silty gravels and gravel-sand-silt mixtures | | |
| | off NO. 4 Sieve) | with fines | GC | Clayey gravels and gravel-sand-clay mixtures | | |
| (more than | Sand (> E00/ | Clean | SW | Well-graded sands and gravelly sands, little or no fines | | |
| 50% retained | Sand (> 50% passing No. 4 sieve) | sand | SP | Poorly-graded sands and gravelly sands, little or no fines | | |
| on #200 | | Sand | SM | Silty sands and sand-silt mixtures | | |
| sieve) | Sieve) | with fines | SC | Clayey sands and sand-clay mixtures | | |
| Fine Grained | Silt and Clay | | ML | Inorganic silts, rock flour and clayey silts | | |
| Soils | (liquid limit < 50) | | CL | Inorganic clays of low-medium plasticity, gravelly, sandy & lean clays | | |
| | (iiquiu iiiiii < 50) | | OL | Organic silts and organic silty clays of low plasticity | | |
| (50% or more | Silt and Clay | | MH | Inorganic silts and clayey silts | | |
| passing #200 | Silt and Clay (liquid limit > 50) | | CH | Inorganic clays or high plasticity, fat clays | | |
| sieve) | (114010 111111 > 50) | | OH | Organic clays of medium to high plasticity | | |
| Hig | hly Organic Soils | | PT | Peat, muck and other highly organic soils | | |



| GRAPHIC SYMBOL LEGEND | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| GRAB | imes | Grab sample | | | | |
| SPT | | Standard Penetration Test (2" OD), ASTM D1586 | | | | |
| ST | | Shelby Tube, ASTM D1587 (pushed) | | | | |
| DM | | Dames and Moore ring sampler (3.25" OD and 140-pound hammer) | | | | |
| CORE | | Rock coring | | | | |

APPENDIX E: SURCHARGE-INDUCED LATERAL EARTH PRESSURES FOR WALL DESIGN

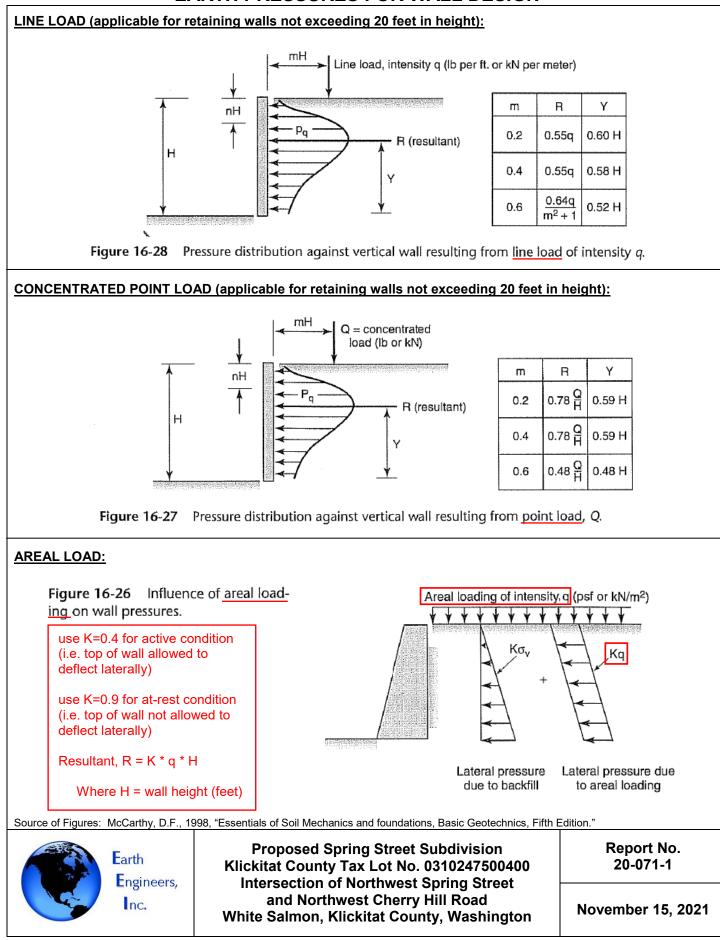




EXHIBIT 6B CITY OF WHITE SALMON CITY HALL OFFICE

Date: September 6, 2024

To:

Klickitat County: Assessor, Treasurer, Engineer, Environmental Health. Washington State Department of Transportation Washington State Department of Ecology Washington State Department of Fish and Wildlife Washington State Department of Natural Resources Washington State Department of Archaeological & Historic Preservation The Confederated Tribes and Bands of the Yakima Nation The Confederated Tribes of Warm Springs Nez Perce Tribe Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation **Columbia Gorge News** Hospital Dist. #2 PUD #1 of Klickitat County Yakima Nation **NW** Natural City of Bingen City of White Salmon Property Owners within 300-ft Radius of the Project

From: City of White Salmon Planning Department

Subject:SEPA Determination of Non-significance (DNS)Cherry Hills Estates Preliminary Plat, File #WS-SEPA-2024-001Notice of SEPA Determination of Non-Significance

Enclosed is a Determination of Non-significance (DNS) for the proposed Cherry Hills Estates Preliminary Plat to subdivide a parcel for future residential development. Please see the attached subdivision and SEPA Checklist.



CITY OF WHITE SALMON CITY HALL OFFICE

Per the White Salmon Municipal Code 18.20.170 - environmental protection (SEPA review) Appeal, any agency or person may appeal this DNS to the city council. The proponent or any aggrieved party may perfect such appeal by giving notice to the responsible official within fourteen days of the decision being appealed. Appeals shall not be deemed complete without payment of the appeal fees applicable, payable to the City of White Salmon. Appeals must be filed by no later than 5:00pm on Monday, September 23rd.

Thank you for your attention to this matter. The City contact person and e-mail for any questions on this review is Erika Castro Guzman, Community Development/Special Project Coordinator erikac@ci.white-salmon.wa.us.



SEPA DETERMINATION OF NONSIGNIFICANCE (DNS)

Environmental Checklist No: WS-SEPA-2024-001

Description of Proposal: Alex Pedroza of HRK Engineering & Field Services, representing Cherry Hill NW, LLC and Cameron Curtis of Legacy Development Group filed a State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA) checklist (File WS-SEPA-2024.001) as part of a preliminary plat for purposes of subdividing 35-single family residential lots.

Cherry Hill NW, LLC **Proponent:**

City of White Salmon Planning Department Lead agency: PO Box 2139 White Salmon, WA 98672

The City of White Salmon has determined that this proposal will not have a probable significant adverse impact on the environment. An environmental impact statement (EIS) is not required under RCW 43.21C.030. After reviewing a completed environmental checklist and other information on file with the lead agency, this decision was made. This information is available to the public upon request.

This determination is based on the following findings and conclusions: This project is a 35-lot preliminary plat application on a vacant 7.93 Acres with connection to NW Spring Street and secondary access to Main Street through the Four Oaks Planned Unit Development. The subject site is zoned R1. Street improvements to a portion of NW Spring Street will occur. Steep slope critical areas exist, though will not be impacted by this project. Otherwise, there are no planned disturbances to sensitive areas such as wetlands, waterbodies, sensitive ecological areas, or areas with known historical/archaeological features.

September 23, 2024, at 5:00 PM **Appeal Period Ends:**



CITY OF WHITE SALMON CITY HALL OFFICE

Responsible Official:

Troy Rayburn City Administrator PO Box 2139 White Salmon, WA 98672 Ph. 509-493-1133 administrator@whitesalmonwa.gov

DATED this 6th day of September 2024

Carbern Troy Rayburn

SEPA Responsible Official

EXHIBIT 7

Preliminary Report: Identification of Candidate Heritage Trees, Assessment of Condition, and Estimation of Heritage Tree Protection Areas

for

Cameron Curtis Curtis Homes LLC by

David M. Braun Braun Arboricultural Consulting LLC Hood River OR November 7th, 2023

Background

I was contacted by Cameron Curtis in early November 2023 regarding the need for an arborist's assessment of candidate heritage trees potentially present on a lot and covered by the White Salmon Heritage Tree Ordinance. The lot is on the north side of Spring St. in White Salmon (Lot 4, Klickitat County Tax Lot #0310247500400, 7.93 ac.; Klickitat County, 2023).

Mr. Curtis requires an arborist's assessment of Candidate Heritage Trees to facilitate final development plans and obtain permit approvals. The focus of this Report is to provide location and condition information on trees likely qualifying as Heritage Trees based on the Heritage Tree portion (18.10.317- Special Provisions-Heritage Trees) of the White Salmon Critical Areas Ordinance (Chapter 18.10) of Title 18 – Environment, White Salmon Code of Ordinances.

The following is my interpretation of the meaning and application of Section 18.10.317:

HTPAs: designation of Heritage Tree Protection Areas (HTPAs) is required for qualifying trees; dimensions are 10 times tree diameter at breast height (diameter at 4.5 ft.) plus a 15 ft. wide Building Set Back Line (BSBL), e.g., a 20 in. diameter oak would require a circle 200 in. (16.7 ft.) wide plus 15 ft. on all sides, adding up to a 46.7 ft. (47 ft.) wide protection zone (alternative is average crown width plus BSBL). Trees over 14 in. dbh (Oregon White Oak) or 18 in. dbh (other species) may be designated Heritage Trees. I refer to such trees as "Candidate Heritage Trees" before a final determination is made by the City as to what trees will be retained (see Tree removal, below). Significant incursions that are likely to significantly decrease tree health or stability are not allowed, such as cuts, fills, buried utilities, or building footprints over a significant portion of a HTPA; mitigation including fencing, mulching, temporary irrigation, are recommended to reduce impacts by minor incursions inside or work outside the HTPA.

Tree removal: If a property can't be reasonably developed based on zoning due to extensive coverage of the parcel area by HTPAs, some Candidate Heritage Trees may be removed; dead, high risk, "weed" tree species such as *Ailanthus altissima* (Tree of Heaven), non-maintained fruit trees, or trees in very poor condition may also be removed even if they meet diameter requirements. Key sections of the Heritage Tree Ordinance are included at the end of this report.

Scope

Two objectives are the subject of this report:

Describe the large trees on the property: their species, location, size (diameter, height, and spread), and overall condition. Trees over 14 in. dbh (Oregon White Oak) or 18 in. dbh (other species) may be designated Heritage Trees and protected during and after construction activities under the White Salmon Critical Areas Ordinance.

Identify Candidate Heritage Trees and estimate Heritage Tree Protection Areas (HTPAs) in relation to development plans. A Heritage Tree Protection Plan (HTPP) for mitigation of impacts to specific HTPAs will be prepared as a supplement to this Preliminary Report upon request that describes likely construction impacts and proposes mitigation. The HTTP will be based on this preliminary report, updated with revised recommendations for mitigation of likely construction impacts to Heritage Trees, and include a revised schematic showing the HTPAs, BSBLs, and building and other construction footprints; this schematic would ideally be prepared by the surveyor producing plans for the site.

Methods

Candidate Heritage Trees

Identify species and measure the diameter using a diameter tape. Visually assess trees for condition and defects. This involves viewing all sides from the root crown to the top of the crown.

Establish approximate tree locations. This was done with photographs and visually estimated position relative to fence lines likely to be near property lines; candidate trees are located on a schematic (Figure I). More exact locations were not determined at this time because only one marker from the 2022 survey was observed, and because survey work to produce final plans for the site can more efficiently define tree locations.

Site

Walk the property and observe approximate property boundaries. Determine past disturbance history that may have affected the large trees. Identify Candidate Heritage Trees based on species and diameter.

Results

Number and Species of Candidate Heritage Trees

Eight Candidate Heritage Trees were identified by the assessor: all were Oregon White Oak (*Quercus garryana*) (Table I). Other tree species included Bitter Cherry (*Prunus avium*), Bigleaf Maple (*Acer macrophyllum*), Black Locust (*Robina pseudoacacia*), and Oregon Ash (*Fraxinus*)

latifolia); none of these were 18 in. dbh. Some fruit trees, cherries, were present that may have approached or exceeded 18 in. dbh, but these were non-maintained and in very poor condition.

| # | Sps | dbh | Ht. | Cond. | Impacts | Diameter (ft.) | Notes | | | | | | |
|---|-----|------|-----|-------|---------|----------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | Oak | 15.8 | 40 | Fair | None | 43 | High crown, lean to SE | | | | | | |
| 2 | Oak | 22.2 | 40 | Fair | Slight | 48 | High crown, lean to SE, basal | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | opening | | | | | | |
| 3 | Oak | 13.4 | 35 | Fair | None | 42 | High crown, suppressed by maple, | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | lean to S | | | | | | |
| 4 | Oak | 16.9 | 25 | Good | None | 44 | Full crown, old, barbed wire | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | embedded | | | | | | |
| 5 | Oak | 25.3 | 30 | Good | None | 51 | Full crown to E, old, barbed wire | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | embedded, adjacent to #6 to W | | | | | | |
| 6 | Oak | 19.5 | 30 | Good | None | 47 | Full crown to W, adjacent to #5 to E | | | | | | |
| 7 | Oak | 13.5 | 35 | Fair | None | 42 | One-sided crown to S, suppressed by | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | #8 | | | | | | |
| 8 | Oak | 13.5 | 35 | Fair | None | 42 | One sided high narrow crown to N | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | (in clump NE of #7 and a third | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | smaller stem) | | | | | | |

Likely Cons. HTPA+BSBL

Table I. Candidate Heritage Trees. All trees were measured at 4.5 ft. (dbh) from soil line on side-hill, except for trees #2 and #8, which were measured at the narrowest point at about 3 ft. Height and distance from fence lines ("boundaries") were visually estimated. Trees in fair condition (1,2,3,7,8) had one sided crowns lacking low branches or suppressed by a taller tree nearby. Trees in good condition had larger crowns and were open grown (although #5 and #6 were a pair, and therefore had one-sided crowns). All were relatively young (estimated 30 - 50 years) and fast growing; some had light crown die-back likely caused by anthracnose disease (which the species tolerates); all were likely of sprout origin from old stumps; an old stump protruded from the basal opening of #2, and was within the clump made up of #7, #8, and a third smaller stem. The oak diameters of 13.4, 13.5, and 13.5 in. were considered to be 14 in. based on rounding and allowance for measurement error.

Tree Locations and Protected Areas

All trees were within the property lines based on old fence lines observed on site, and within property lines based on inspection of the Klickitat County Tax Lot Map (Klickitat County, 2023) and the 1992 property survey (Trantow Surveying, 1992). One surveyor lath stake (marked "PROPERTY CORNER LOT 3") was observed 20 ft. north of oak #6 on the newer west fence line; this likely was from the 2022 survey referred to by Mr. Curtis. Trees depicted in Figure I.

Incursion into Protected Areas by Proposed Construction

Although the footprints of hardscapes, buried utilities, or buildings are not known at this time, construction impacts to the Candidate Heritage Trees are likely to be minimal. Mr. Curtis described the plans for the area as a multi home development, with the access road leaving Spring St. and traversing the narrow portion (101 ft. wide) to access the larger rectangular area to the north where the homes would be located (Klickitat County, 2023; Figure I). The first three oaks are 10 - 20 ft. from the west property line in the narrow area; the other trees are closer to

other boundaries (< 1 to 4 ft.). Construction impacts to trees #2 - #8 are estimated to be "none" based on current information, but this assessment could change based on final plans (Table I).

Oak #2 would be closest to the access road of the three trees in the narrow area; its HTPA would be 18.3 ft. (22 in. dbh * 10) + a BSBL of (15 ft.)*2 ft., or a circle 48 ft. in diameter. This would put the edge of the protection area about 44 ft. from the west property line and 6 ft. west of the center of the 101 ft. wide area (the tree is about 20 ft. from the west boundary).



Figure I. Candidate Heritage Trees. Eight Oregon White Oaks qualify as Heritage Trees based on species and diameter. Condition was fair or good, and all were determined to be at a hazard level of "low risk", based on improvements such as homes, common areas, sidewalks, and roads built within 1.5 tree heights of the trees. Diameter ranged from 14 to 25 in., and heights from 25 - 40 ft. Trees are near property boundaries: Oaks #1, #2, and #3 are along the west boundary in the southern, narrow neck of the property; oaks #4, #5, and #6 are along the west boundary, and oaks #7 and #8 are along the north boundary. Oak #2 was the farthest from a boundary, about 20 ft. east of the west boundary along the narrow neck of the property at bottom. The property approximated by the black lines is Tax Lot 4, 7.93 ac., # 0310247500400. Aerial photo date is July 24th, 2021.

Discussion

Heritage Tree Protection Areas (HTPAs) and Setbacks (BSBLs)

Heritage Trees receive protection in the form of Heritage Tree Protection Areas (HTPAs) and Building Set Back Lines (BSBLs), and the trees and protection areas are included on plans. Assuming the eight Candidate Heritage Trees will appear on final plans as Heritage Trees, entry into the protected zones is unlikely except for Oak #2. Retaining some of the existing trees and shrubs around the eight identified trees would also benefit the trees, although removal or pruning of some competing Bitter Cherry, Bigleaf Maple and Black Locust would improve vigor of trees #1 - #3.

Fate of Candidate Heritage Trees

All the Candidate Heritage Trees were determined to be in fair or good health and low risk (Dunster, 2017). The trees can be retained as Heritage Trees, represent a benefit to the property, and will maintain other environmental benefits: the goal of the Critical Area Ordinance. Given all the activities on a home construction site, designation of HTPAs plus BSBLs and application of the mitigation discussed, at minimum, should ensure that this occurs.

Risk Assessment

Tree risk assessment assigns a risk rating to trees based on the likelihood that a tree or tree part will fail and contact a target; overall risk is assigned based on the probability of that contact and the consequence (Dunster et al, 2017). Based on the assumption that buildings or roads or other improvements will be within 1.5 tree heights of the trees, overall risk was estimated to be minimal due to low failure risk, small tree size, and the types of targets.

Mitigation

Besides erection of fencing, mulching and supplemental irrigation will likely be recommended once the development footprints are known. Grade changes or footings near or slightly in HTPAs will affect root health, so trees will benefit from this mitigation; it is of critical importance in the dry summer months. Removal or crown reduction of nearby trees will also improve health.

Recommendations

The surveyor would ideally include tree locations, HTPAs and BSBLs for the flagged Candidate Heritage Trees on plans that depict grade changes, footings, roads, buildings, and buried utilities.

Depending on the type and location of construction related disturbance near the trees, mitigation can be recommended by a qualified arborist in a HTTP as a brief supplement to this report.

Key Sections of the Heritage Tree Ordinance Relating to this Report

18.10.317-Special Provisions—Heritage Trees

- A. "...All heritage trees...shall be protected as critical areas. The tree protection area shall be equal to ten times the trunk diameter of the tree or the average diameter of the area enclosed by the outer edge of the drip line of the canopy, whichever is greater."
- B. "Heritage trees include:
 - 1. Oregon White Oaks with a trunk diameter larger than fourteen inches,
 - 2. All tree species with a trunk diameter greater than eighteen inches, or
 - 3. Any tree designated as a heritage tree by the city council in accordance with the nomination process detailed below."

E. Maintenance and preservation of heritage trees is required.

- 1. Any owner or applicant shall use reasonable efforts to maintain and preserve all heritage trees located thereon in a state of good health. ..."
 - a. Avoidance of grading, excavation, demolition, or construction activity within heritage tree protection area where possible.
 - b. Grading, excavation, demolition, or construction within the heritage tree protection area shall require submittal of a tee protection plan..."
- 2. The critical area report ...shall include a heritage tree protection plan and shall be prepared by a certified arborist. The plan shall address issues related to protective fencing and protective techniques to minimize impacts ..."
- 3. Building setback lines stipulated by subsection 18.10.212 shall be measured from the outer line of the tree protection area for heritage trees (18.10.212-Building Setback Line (BSBL): "Unless otherwise specified, a minimum BSBL of fifteen feet is required from the edge...").
- G. Exceptions to the provisions in this section include:
 - 1. A heritage tree can be removed if it is dead, dangerous, or a nuisance, as attested by an arborists' report..."
 - 2. A heritage tree in or very close to the "building area" of an approved single-family residence design can be replaced by another tree. A heritage tree can be removed if its presence reduces the building area of the lot by more than 50 percent after all potential alternatives including possible setbacks to minimum yard depth and width requirements have been considered.

References

City of White Salmon 2021. Chapter 18.10 – Critical Areas Ordinance, including 18.10.317-Special Provisions—Heritage Trees (18.10.317-Special Provisions—Heritage Trees) Accessed and downloaded November 3rd, 2023.

https://library.municode.com/wa/white_salmon/codes/code_of_ordinances?nodeId=TIT18EN_CH18.10CRAROR

- Dunster, J. A., T. Smiley, N. Matheny, and S. Lilly, 2017. Tree Risk Assessment Manual. International Society of Arboriculture, Champaign, Il. 194 pgs.
- Google 2023. Google Earth Pro used to produce schematic based on aerial imagery, Tax Lot Map, and Trantow Survey. Schematic based on an image dated July 24th, 2021, and accessed November 4th, 2023. Google Earth Pro 7.3.3.7786(32-bit) Build Date July 21, 2020. Copywrite 2020 Google LLC.
- Klickitat County 2023. Klickitat County Tax Lot Maps. Accessed and downloaded Map on November 4th, 2023. Approximate boundaries transferred to schematic with drawing tools in Google Earth Pro. <u>https://imap.klickitatcounty.org/#10/45.8283/120.7404/c22ecdf827df6af49a</u>
- Trantow Surveying, 1992. Klickitat County WA Short Plat No. SP 91 17 NW ¼ NE1/4 SEC. 24, T. 3N., R. 10 E., W.M. "Cherry Hill Estates". T. N. Trantow Surveying P. L. S., Bingen, WA. Filed in Klickitat County, July 24th, 1992. Obtained via link from Tax Lot Map (Klickitat County, 2023).

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Assessors Credentials

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Ph.D., Forest Ecology, 1998 College of Forest Resources, University of Washington, Seattle, Washington.
M.F.S., Forest Ecology, 1986. School of Forestry and Environmental Studies, Yale University, New Haven, Connecticut.
B. S., Biology, 1982. Fairfield University, Fairfield, Connecticut.

Memberships, Certifications, Licenses

Certified Arborist, International Society of Arboriculture (ISA) #PN-6114A TRAQ Tree Risk Assessment Credential, ISA (being renewed) Member, American Society of Consulting Arborists (ASCA) Oregon CCB #188757; Washington Registration # BRAUNAC908DQ Oregon Commercial Pesticide Operator License AG-L1017983CPO Oregon Commercial Pesticide Applicator License AG-L1017982CPA (being renewed) Washington Commercial Pesticide Applicator License: 82597

Insurance and Bond

David M. Braun and Braun Arboricultural Consulting LLC, Reg. Num. 354066-93 (Nov. 2007), is insured with a standard business insurance policy through Columbia River Insurance, Hood River, OR. Phone: 541-386-2444. Coverage includes: \$1,000,000 Liability and Medical Expenses, \$2,000,000 Products –Completed Operations, \$1,000,000 Professional Liability Insurance, Workman's Compensation Insurance, and a \$20,000 surety bond.

Assumptions and Limiting Conditions

- 1. Any legal description provided to the assessor (David M. Braun) is assumed to be correct. Any titles and ownerships to any property are assumed to be good and marketable. No responsibility is assumed for matters legal in character. Any and all property is assessed or evaluated as though free and clear, under responsible ownership and competent management.
- 2. Care has been taken to obtain all information from reliable sources. All data has been verified insofar as possible; however, the assessor can neither guarantee nor be responsible for the information provided by others.
- 3. The assessor shall not be required to give testimony or attend court by reason of this report unless subsequent contractual arrangements are made, including payment of an additional fee for such services as described in the fee schedule and contract of engagement.
- 4. Loss or alteration of this report invalidates the entire report.
- 5. Possession of this report or a copy thereof does not imply right of publication or use for any purpose by any other than the person to whom it is addressed, without the prior expressed written or verbal consent of the assessor.
- 6. Neither all or any part of the contents of this report, nor copy thereof, shall be conveyed by anyone, including the client, to the public through advertising, public relations, news, sales, or other media, without the prior expressed written or verbal consent of the assessor particularly as to the conclusions or recommendations, identity of the assessor, or any reference to any professional society or institute or designation conferred upon the assessor as stated in his qualification.
- 7. This report and conclusions expressed herein, represents the opinion of the assessor, and the assessor's fee is in no way contingent upon the reporting of a specified value, stipulated results, and the occurrence of a subsequent event nor upon any finding to be reported.
- 8. Unless expressed otherwise: (1) information contained in this report covers only those items that were examined and reflects the condition of those items at the time of inspection; and (2) the inspection is limited to visual examination of accessible items without dissection, excavation, probing, or coring, except for those minimally invasive procedures that were preformed and described in the report. There is no warranty or guarantee, expressed or implied, that problems or deficiencies of the tree or property in question may not arise in the future.

Certification of Performance

Location of Assessed Trees: Lot 4, Tax Lot #0310247500400, Spring St., White Salmon, Washington I, David M. Braun certify to the best of my knowledge and belief that:

- 1. That the statements of fact contained in this Heritage Tree report are true and correct.
- 2. That the assessment, analysis, opinions, and conclusions are limited only by the reported assumptions and limiting conditions, and that they are my personal, unbiased professional analysis, opinions, and conclusions.
- 3. That I have no present or prospective interest in the trees that are the subject of the assessment, and that I have no personal interest or bias with respect to the client. Because Braun Arboricultural Consulting LLC provides multiple services, including appraisal, risk assessment, tree pruning, diagnosis and treatment of injurious insects and diseases, and tree removal, a bid for possible future work on the subject trees may be provided to the client, or the property owners, if one or more are requested. David M. Braun states that the methods, observations, conclusions, and recommendations contained in this tree Risk Assessment report were in no way influenced by a desire for a particular outcome that could form the basis of additional work on the subject trees; he also urges the client and property owners to obtain additional bids from other contractors if one is requested from Braun Arboricultural Consulting LLC.
- 4. That my compensation is not contingent upon a predetermined result or the occurrence of a subsequent event.
- 5. That my analysis, conclusions, and opinions were developed, and this assessment has been prepared, in conformity with industry standards and guidelines.
- 6. That methods found in this assessment were based on a request by the client to determine risk posed by the tree and provide recommendations for reducing it.
- 7. That my assessment is based on information known to me at this time. If more information is disclosed, I may have further opinions.
- 8. That, as a result of my examination, investigations, and analysis of the trees and all of the data pertinent thereto, and in the light of my experience, the recommendations for removing trees or retaining them while mitigating health impacts may be acted on with some assurance of success.

I further certify that I am a registered member in good standing of the American Society of Consulting Arborists (ASCA) and the International Society of Arboriculture (ISA), that I have a Tree Risk Assessment Qualification (TRAQ) and that I have been active in the field of Arboriculture for a period of 15 years.

va M. M. raun

Signed

<u>November 7th, 2023</u> Date

Selected Photos of Candidate Heritage Trees,

for

Cameron Curtis Curtis Homes LLC by

David M. Braun Braun Arboricultural Consulting LLC Hood River OR November 7th, 2023



Photo 9725. View south along fence line towards southwest corner of property. Oak #2 in foreground, Oak #1 in background. Photo David M. Braun., November 3rd, 2023

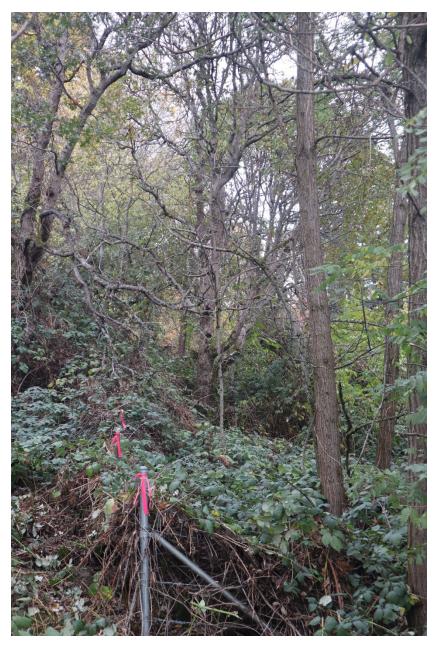


Photo 9718. View north from Spring St. of southwest corner of property and along west fence line. Oak #1 at center, Oak #3 beyond it to left; Oak #2 obscured by blackberries behind and to right of Oak #1. Trees to right are Black Locust < 18 in. dbh. Photo David M. Braun., November 3rd, 2023

EXHIBIT 8A

WHITE SALMON CHERRY HILL SUBDIVISION TRANSPORTATION IMPACT STUDY

JULY 2024

PREPARED FOR:

Curtis Homes, LLC



PREPARED BY:

Jenna Bogert, P.E.

Casey Dobbert







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INTRODUCTION

This study evaluates the transportation impacts associated with the proposed Cherry Hill housing development located in White Salmon, Washington. The project sponsor desires to build a subdivision of 36 single-family homes on a vacant 7.93-acre parcel north of Spring Street and west of Main Avenue. The development will have access onto Spring Street as well as N Main Avenue through the recently approved adjacent development, Four Oaks. The Four Oaks subdivision will construct a new public street east-west through their site that will intersect N Main Ave and continue west into the Cherry Hill Subdivision.

The purpose of this transportation impact analysis is to identify potential mitigation measures needed to offset transportation impacts that the proposed development may have on the nearby transportation network. The impact analysis is focused on the study intersections, which were selected for evaluation in coordination with City staff.¹ The intersections are listed below and shown in Figure 1.

- 1. Main Avenue/Loop Road (Two-Way Stop-Controlled)
- Main Avenue/New Public Street/Business Driveway (Two-Way Stop-Controlled)
- Main Avenue/Spring Street (Two-Way Stop-Controlled)

Table 1 on the following page lists important characteristics of the study area and proposed project.



FIGURE 1. PROJECT LOCATION AND STUDY INTERSECTIONS

¹ Phone conversation between Lacy Brown (DKS) and Pat Munyan (White Salmon Public Works Director) on March 3, 2021.

TABLE 1: STUDY AREA AND PROPOSED PROJECT CHARACTERISTICS

| STUDY AREA | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| NUMBER OF STUDY INTERSECTIONS | Three |
| ANALYSIS PERIODS | Weekday AM peak hour (7:00 am – 9:00 am) and PM peak hour (4:00 pm – 6:00 pm) |
| PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT | |
| SIZE AND LAND USE | Single-family subdivision on 7.93-acre parcel containing 36 units |
| PROJECT TRIPS | 29 AM peak hour trips, 38 PM peak hour trips, and 394 daily trips |
| VEHICLE ACCESS POINTS | One new, full-access driveway to the site will be provided on Spring Street. A new street connection will also provide access to N Main Ave. |
| OTHER TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES | |
| PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLE FACILITIES | There are no sidewalks or marked bicycle facilities along Spring Street near the project site. Sidewalks are provided on the west side of Main Avenue from Loop Road to past Spring Street. |
| TRANSIT FACILITIES | There are two bus stops approximately 0.8 miles from the project site in downtown White Salmon which is served by Mount Adams Transportation Services. |

EXISTING CONDITIONS

This chapter provides documentation of existing study area conditions including the roadway network, pedestrian and bicycle facilities, and existing traffic volumes and operations.

STUDY AREA ROADWAY NETWORK

Key roadways in the study area are summarized in Table 2 along with their existing roadway characteristics. The functional classifications for the County streets are provided in the Klickitat County Regional Transportation Plan (RTP).² The functional classification for the City streets is provided in the City's Urbanization Study.³

| ROADWAY | JURISDICTION | FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION | LANES | POSTED SPEED | SIDE- WALKS | BIKE FACILITIES |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| SPRING STREET | City of White Salmon | Major Collector | 2 | 20 mph | None | None |
| MAIN | City of White Salmon ^a | Major Collector | - 2 | 25 mph | Partial ^c | None |
| AVENUE | Klickitat County ^b | Rural Major Collector | - 2 | 25 11101 | Faitiai | None |
| LOOP ROAD | Klickitat County | Rural Major Collector | 2 | 25 mph | Both Sides | None |

TABLE 2: STUDY AREA ROADWAY CHARACTERISTICS

^a City jurisdiction south of Spring Street

^b County jurisdiction north of Spring Street

° Sidewalks on west side only of Main Avenue north of Spring Street and both sides of Main Avenue south of Spring Street.

BICYCLE AND PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES

There are no marked bicycle lanes or sidewalks that currently exist on either side of Spring Street fronting the project site. Sidewalks (5 feet wide) are provided on the west side of Main Avenue from Loop Road to past Spring Street. There are no marked bicycle facilities on Main Avenue in the study area.

PUBLIC TRANSIT SERVICE

DKS

Mount Adams Transportation Service (MATS) provides public transportation services within White Salmon and Bingen. There are four bus stops located in downtown White Salmon, the closest stops are approximately 0.8 miles from the project site. Service is provided Monday through Friday with six daily loops provided between 9am and 4pm.

² Klickitat County Regional Transportation Plan, Adopted November 2018.

³ White Salmon Urbanization Study, Columbia Planning + Design, June 2009.

PLANNED TRANSPORTATION PROJECTS

The City of White Salmon has a Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)⁴ and an Urbanization Study (2009) which list the City's desired transportation projects. Klickitat County Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) also provides a list of future planned transportation projects. A list of projects located near the proposed project site from these three documents are described below.

City of White Salmon Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)

• Spring Street (from Estes Avenue to east City Limits) – Reconstruction and sidewalk on one side, approximately 0.27 miles.

White Salmon Urbanization Study (2009)

• Main Avenue/Loop Road: Either remove the stop sign from eastbound Loop Road or install stop signs at all three approaches.

Klickitat County Regional Transportation Plan (RTP)

• No projects in the study area

The City of White Salmon is currently in the process of developing a Transportation Plan Lite, which will identify key transportation projects that will improve the access and walkability through town for residents and visitors.

EXISTING TRAFFIC VOLUMES

Intersection traffic counts were collected in March 2021 that include pedestrian volumes, bicycle volumes, and heavy truck percentages for the AM peak period (7:00-9:00 a.m.) and PM peak period (4:00-6:00 p.m.) at the following study intersections:

- 1. Main Avenue/Loop Road (Two-Way Stop-Controlled)
- 2. Main Avenue/Innovative Composite Engineering Driveway (Two-Way Stop-Controlled)
- 3. Main Avenue/Spring Street (Two-Way Stop-Controlled)

The unadjusted 2-hour traffic counts are provided in the appendix.

Due to COVID-19 restrictions, the collected traffic count data was adjusted to account for the current atypical travel patterns. Although no traffic count data on City or County streets in the study area prior to COVID-19 were available, historic traffic data on WSDOT facilities (i.e., State Route 14) were available and utilized to estimate the adjustment factor needed.

Using the traffic count data from Permanent Traffic Recorder (R076W: SR 14 at MP 100), the difference between 2019 and 2020 traffic volumes was an average decrease of 12% for the months

⁴ Six Year Transportation Improvement Program 2020 - 2025

of August to November (most recent months of data available in 2020). Therefore, a factor of 1.12 was applied to the study intersection traffic counts to account for COVID-19 impacts.

For comparison, the traffic volume difference between 2019 and 2021 was a decrease of 6% in late March for all of Washington and SR 14 (near Vancouver).⁵ As another comparison, the traffic volume difference between 2019 and 2021 was a decrease of 1% for weekdays on I-84 in Oregon. In general, the difference in pre-COVID-19 volumes and current volumes seem to be decreasing in 2021. It should be noted that both of these percentages represent more urban areas of SR 14 and I-84 and are not as representative of rural areas like White Salmon. But these numbers still help provide context to the impacts of COVID-19 restrictions on 2021 conditions across the region as a whole.

Figure 2 shows the adjusted 2021 AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes for the study intersections, along with the lane configurations and traffic control.

⁵ https://www.wsdot.wa.gov/about/covid-19-transportation-report

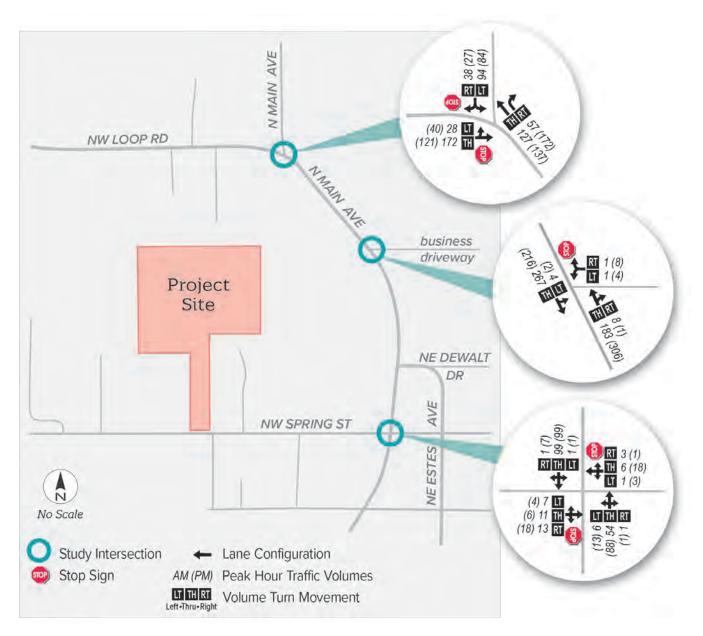


FIGURE 2: 2021 EXISTING TRAFFIC VOLUMES, LANE GEOMETRIES, AND TRAFFIC CONTROL

INTERSECTION PERFORMANCE MEASURES

Agency operating standards often require intersections to meet level of service (LOS) or volume-to-capacity (V/C) intersection operation thresholds. Additional details about LOS and delay are provided in the Appendix.

• The intersection LOS is similar to a "report card" rating based upon average vehicle delay. Level of service A, B, and C indicate conditions where traffic moves without significant delays over periods of peak hour travel demand. Level of service D and E are progressively worse operating conditions. Level of service F represents conditions where average vehicle delay has become excessive and demand has exceeded capacity. This condition is typically evident in long queues and delays.

• The volume-to-capacity (v/c) ratio represents the level of saturation of the intersection or individual movement. It is determined by dividing the peak hour traffic volume by the maximum hourly capacity of an intersection or turn movement. When the V/C ratio approaches 0.95, operations become unstable and small disruptions can cause the traffic flow to break down, resulting in the formation of excessive queues.

City of White Salmon: The City of White Salmon does not have any specified transportation operating standards. Therefore, any City intersections will be compared to Klickitat County operations standards.

Klickitat County: The Klickitat RTP does not provide any v/c ratio or LOS standards for non-state facilities. Therefore, the LOS standard for <u>state facilities</u> in Klickitat County shall apply to the study intersections for the project, which is LOS C.

EXISTING INTERSECTION OPERATIONS

An analysis of the 2021 existing intersection operations was performed at the three study intersections to determine the current operating conditions of the study area. Intersection operations were analyzed for the AM and PM peak hours using Highway Capacity Manual (HCM) 6th Edition methodology.⁶ The volume to capacity (v/c) ratio, delay, and level of service (LOS) of each study intersection are presented in Table 3.

It should be noted that the Main Avenue/Loop Road intersection has three approaches with stop signs on two of the approaches (southbound Main Avenue and eastbound Loop Road). This configuration cannot be analyzed using typical HCM analysis software. Therefore, the intersection was evaluated assuming only the southbound Main Avenue approach is stop-controlled and the westbound Main Avenue and eastbound Loop Road approaches are free. This traffic control configuration is the most conservative estimate of operations using HCM analysis software.

⁶ Highway Capacity Manual, 6th Edition, Transportation Research Board, 2017.

TABLE 3: EXISTING 2021 STUDY INTERSECTION OPERATIONS

| | | OPERATING | АМ | РЕАК НС | DUR | PM PEAK HOUR | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|------|---------|-----|--------------|-------|-----------|--|
| GINTERSECTION | JURISDICTION | STANDARD | V/C | DELAY | LOS | V/C | DELAY | LOS | |
| UNSIGNALIZED | | | | | | | | | |
| MAIN AVE/ LOOP RD | Klickitat County | LOS C | 0.34 | 14.6 | A/B | 0.20 | 12.0 | A/B | |
| MAIN AVE/ ENGINEERING SITE | Klickitat County | LOS C | 0.01 | 11.4 | A/B | 0.02 | 10.9 | A/B | |
| MAIN AVE/ SPRING ST | City of White Salmon | LOS C | 0.07 | 10.4 | A/B | 0.04 | 10.6 | A/B | |
| , | Salmon | LOS C | 0.07 | 10.4 | A/B | | 0.04 | 0.04 10.6 | |

Two-Way Stop (TWSC) Intersections:

Delay = Average Stopped Delay per Vehicle (sec) of Worst Movement LOS = Level of Service (Major Street/Minor Street)

v/c = Volume-to-Capacity Ratio of Worst Movement

As shown, all study intersections meet the operating standard for the existing conditions. The HCM reports are provided in the Appendix.

CRASH ANALYSIS

The most recent five years (2018 - 2022) of available crash data for the study area was obtained from the WSDOT crash database⁷. A total of 4 collisions occurred along the study area roadways in the vicinity of the project site. There were no fatalities or serious injury crashes in the study area. A list of the four collisions is provided below:

- 2018: One crash at Loop Street/Main Street intersection, no apparent injury
- **2020:** Three crashes at Main Street/Spring Street intersection, two with no apparent injury and one with possible injury

Based on the crash history, there are no safety concerns in the vicinity of this project.

⁷ https://remoteapps.wsdot.wa.gov/highwaysafety/collision/data/portal/public/

PROJECT IMPACTS

This chapter reviews the impacts that the proposed development may have on the study area transportation system. This analysis includes site plan evaluation, trip generation, trip distribution, and future year traffic volumes and operating conditions for the four study intersections.

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

The proposed Cherry Hill subdivision will include up to 36 single family homes on a vacant 7.93acre parcel north of Spring Street and west of Main Avenue. The development will access onto Spring Street, and onto Main Ave through the adjacent Four Oaks development. It is assumed that the development will be completed and occupied by 2027.

FUTURE ANALYSIS SCENARIOS

Operating conditions were analyzed at the study intersections for the following future traffic scenarios. The future year 2027 was selected as it is the estimated year of project completion. The comparison of the following scenarios enables the assessment of project impacts:

- 2027 No Build Conditions
- 2027 Build Conditions

The future 2027 No Build and Build Conditions include the vehicle trips generated by the adjacent Four Oaks Subdivision, which will include 31 single-family homes on the property just east of the Cherry Hill Subdivision.

TRIP GENERATION

DKS

Trip generation is the method used to estimate the number of vehicles added to site driveways and the adjacent roadway network by a development during a specified period (e.g., the PM peak hour). For this study, the number of trips generated by the proposed development was based on the fitted curve equation for Land Use 210 from the ITE Trip Generation Manual, 11th Edition. The total trip generation for the proposed development is shown in Table 4. The project trips at the study intersections are shown in Figure 3 in the following section.

TABLE 4: VEHICLE TRIP GENERATION

| TRIP GENERATOR | DA | ILY TRI | PS | AM PE | AK HOUR | TRIPS | PM PEAK HOUR TRIPS | | | |
|--|-----|---------|-------|-------|---------|-------|--------------------|-----|-------|--|
| CATEGORIES | IN | ουτ | TOTAL | IN | ουτ | TOTAL | IN | ουτ | TOTAL | |
| LAND USE 210: SINGLE-FAMILY HOUSING | 197 | 197 | 394 | 7 | 22 | 29 | 24 | 14 | 38 | |

As shown, the proposed development (at the highest anticipated density of 36 units) is expected to generate a total of 394 daily trips, 29 AM peak hour trips, and 38 PM peak hour trips on a typical weekday day.

VEHICLE TRIP DISTRIBUTION

Vehicle trip distribution provides an estimation of where vehicles would be coming from and going to. It is given as a percentage at key gateways to the study area and is used to route project trips through the study intersections. Figure 3 shows the trip distribution for the proposed site. The trip distribution was based on the existing traffic counts at Spring Street and Main Avenue. Based on the counts, it is assumed that approximately 5% of site-generated trips will travel west on Spring Street, 15% will travel north of the project site, 45% will travel south to Downtown and SR 14, and 35% will travel east on Spring Street.

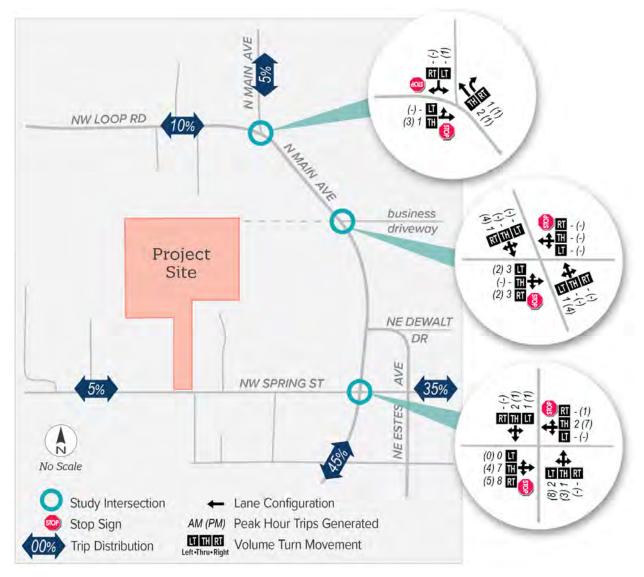


FIGURE 3: TRIP DISTRIBUTION AND PROJECT TRIPS

FUTURE TRAFFIC VOLUMES

DKS

A traffic study for the adjacent Four Oaks subdivision development, conducted in April 2024, determined a growth rate of 2%. In keeping consistent with this finding for the adjacent area, this study also assumed a projected growth rate of 2%. This growth rate was applied to all of the 2021 traffic counts to estimate the 2027 No Build volumes. The vehicle trips generated by the Four Oak subdivision was included in the 2027 No Build volumes. The 2027 Build volumes are the sum of the 2027 No Build volumes and the Cherry Hill subdivision estimated trip generation (Table 4). Figure 4 and Figure 5 show the peak hour traffic volumes for the No Build and Build scenarios, respectively.

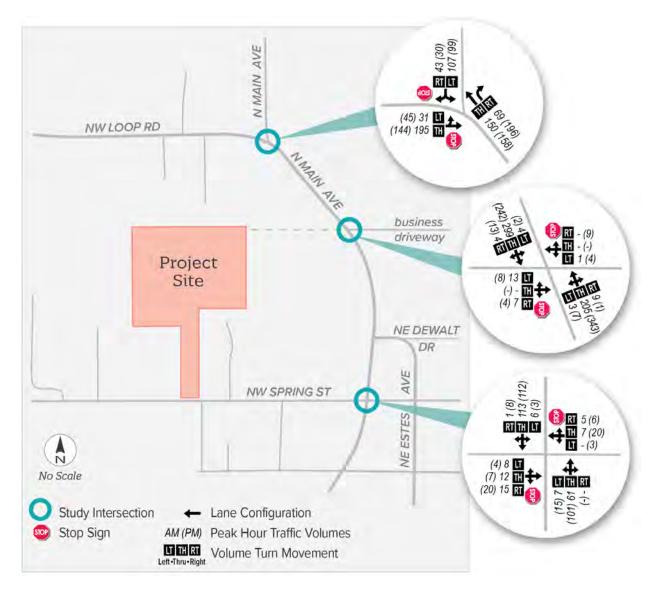


FIGURE 4: FUTURE 2027 NO BUILD AM & PM PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC VOLUMES

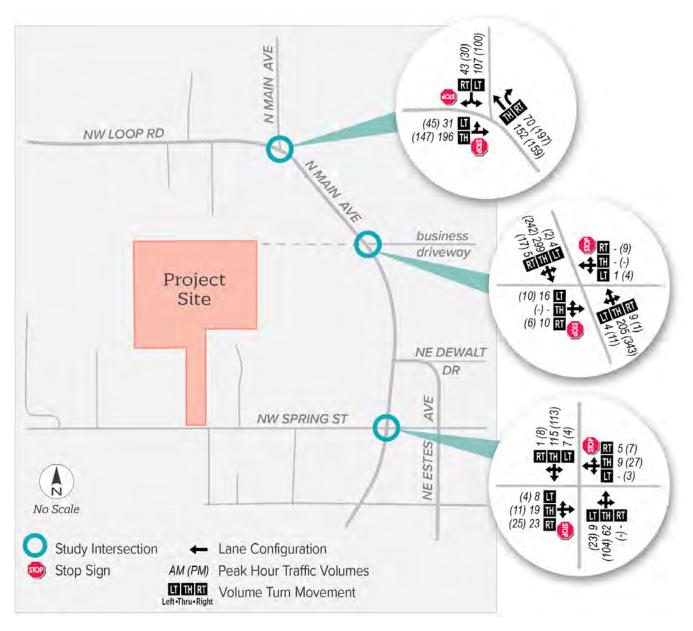


FIGURE 5: FUTURE 2027 BUILD AM & PM PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC VOLUMES

FUTURE INTERSECTION OPERATIONS

DKS

All future analysis scenarios assume the same traffic control as 2021 existing conditions. Future operating conditions were analyzed based on the traffic volumes shown in Figure 4 and Figure 5. The intersection operations for the future scenarios are shown in

Table 5. The HCM reports can be found in the Appendix. As shown, the study intersections are expected to meet the operating standard under the future analysis scenarios.

It should be noted that the Main Avenue/Loop Road intersection has three approaches with stop signs on two of the approaches (southbound Main Avenue and eastbound Loop Road). This configuration cannot be analyzed using typical HCM analysis software. Therefore, the intersection

was evaluated assuming only the southbound Main Avenue approach is stop-controlled and the westbound Main Avenue and eastbound Loop Road approaches are free. This traffic control configuration is the most conservative estimate of operations using HCM analysis software.

| | | OPERATING | АМ | РЕАК НС | DUR | PM PEAK HOUR | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|------|---------|-----|--------------|-------|-----|--|
| INTERSECTION | JURISDICTION | STANDARD | V/C | DELAY | LOS | V/C | DELAY | LOS | |
| FUTURE 2027 NO BUILD | | | | | | | | | |
| MAIN AVE/ LOOP RD | Klickitat County | LOS C | 0.42 | 17.2 | С | 0.26 | 13.2 | В | |
| MAIN AVE/ ENGINEERING SITE | Klickitat County | LOS C | 0.01 | 15.8 | С | 0.29 | 13.2 | В | |
| MAIN AVE/ SPRING ST | City of White Salmon | LOS C | 0.08 | 10.8 | В | 0.05 | 10.7 | В | |
| FUTURE 2027 BUILD | | | | | | | | | |
| MAIN AVE/ LOOP RD | Klickitat County | LOS C | 0.43 | 17.3 | С | 0.26 | 13.3 | В | |
| MAIN AVE/ ENGINEERING SITE | Klickitat County | LOS C | 0.01 | 16 | С | 0.03 | 11.8 | В | |
| MAIN AVE/ SPRING ST | City of White Salmon | LOS C | 0.12 | 11.1 | В | 0.06 | 11 | В | |
| SPRING ST/ SITE DRIVEWAY | City of White Salmon | LOS C | 0.04 | 9.0 | A | 0.02 | 9.0 | A | |

TABLE 5: FUTURE 2027 NO BUILD AND BUILD STUDY INTERSECTION OPERATIONS

Two-Way Stop (TWSC) Intersections:

Delay = Average Stopped Delay per Vehicle (sec) of Worst Movement

LOS = Level of Service (Major Street/Minor Street)

v/c = Volume-to-Capacity Ratio of Worst Movement

SITE REVIEW

DKS

The following sections discuss the access spacing, sight distance, frontage improvements, on-site pedestrian and bicycle facilities, and the parking for the proposed development.

Access to N Main Avenue will be provided through the adjacent Four Oaks property, which will be responsible for constructing a new east-west street that will connect the Cherry Hill Subdivision to N Main Avenue. The site plan is provided in the Appendix.

SITE ACCESS REQUIREMENTS

Based on the site plan, there is a direct access to the site on Spring Street. According to the City's Development Code⁸, the site access location and design shall comply with the requirements of the city official. The code also states that the driveway grades shall be compatible with the adjoining roadway profile and shall be designed to prevent access conflicts, spacing problems, or any similar safety problems relative to the right-of-way. Based on a field visit, there are no concerns for access conflicts with nearby accesses or any other safety problems.

SIGHT DISTANCE

With a posted speed of 20 miles per hour, the design speed of the roadway is assumed to be 25 mph. Based on this and the AASHTO standards,⁹ the sight distance required for vehicles to safely turn left out of the proposed driveway along Spring Street is 280 feet. A preliminary sight distance evaluation was completed at the proposed driveway location on Spring Street. The sight distance was found to be sufficient to meet the stated requirement, exceeding 550 feet in both directions, despite some steep grades to the west and east of the proposed driveway. Prior to occupancy, sight distance at any new or modified access points will need to be verified, documented, and stamped by a registered professional Civil or Traffic Engineer licensed in the State of Washington.

FRONTAGE IMPROVEMENTS

The project parcel is adjacent to Spring Street, which is under the jurisdiction of White Salmon and is classified as a Major Collector. Based on City Development Code¹⁰, the developer is responsible for providing appropriate accommodation for bicyclists, pedestrians, transit users and persons of all abilities in a comprehensive and connected network.

The developer should coordinate with the City Public Works department to determine the appropriate right-of-way dedication or frontage improvements necessary along the project frontage on Spring Street. Because the project frontage along Spring Street is very limited (approximately 100 feet in total, including a driveway and apron) and no bicycle or pedestrian facilities are currently present on Spring Street, it may be impractical to construct frontage improvements. However, the developer should ensure that the design of the access onto Spring Street will accommodate any future bicycle and pedestrian facilities.

⁸ White Salmon Code of Ordinances, 13.01.070, Updated September 11, 2023.

⁹ American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), 2018, Table 9-7.

¹⁰ White Salmon Code of Ordinances, 12.26.030, Updated September 11, 2023.

SUMMARY OF PROJECT IMPACTS

The key findings of the transportation impact study for proposed Cherry Hill subdivision in White Salmon, WA are discussed below.

- The proposed Cherry Hill subdivision will include up to 36 single family homes on a vacant 7.93-acre parcel north of Spring Street and west of Main Avenue. The development will have access to Spring Street and N Main Avenue.
- The proposed development is expected to generate a total of 394 daily trips, 29 AM peak hour trips, and 38 PM peak hour trips on a typical weekday day.
- The traffic operations at the three study intersections and project driveway are expected to operate within operating standards under all analysis scenarios.
- There are no concerns for access conflicts with nearby accesses nor any other safety concerns at the proposed driveway on Spring Street.
- A preliminary sight distance evaluation was completed at the proposed driveway location on Spring Street and was found to be sufficient to meet AASHTO requirements. Prior to occupancy, sight distance at any new or modified project access points will need to be verified, documented, and stamped by a registered professional Civil or Traffic Engineer licensed in the State of Washington.
- The developer should coordinate with the City Public Works department to determine the appropriate right-of-way dedication or frontage improvements necessary along the (approximately) 100 feet of project frontage on Spring Street.

APPENDIX

CONTENTS

- A. TRAFFIC COUNT DATA
- **B. LOS DESCRIPTION**
- C. HCM REPORT EXISTING CONDITIONS
- D. HCM REPORT FUTURE 2027 NO BUILD
- E. HCM REPORT FUTURE 2027 BUILD
- F. SITE PLAN



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APPENDIX A.

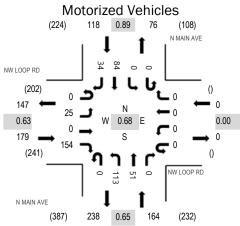
TRAFFIC COUNT DATA

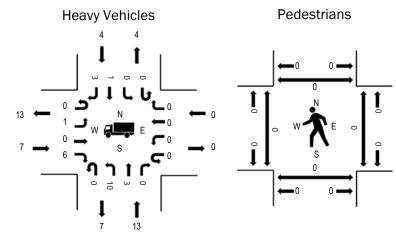
DKS



Location: 1 N MAIN AVE & NW LOOP RD AM Date: Tuesday, March 23, 2021 Peak Hour: 07:35 AM - 08:35 AM Peak 15-Minutes: 07:55 AM - 08:10 AM

Peak Hour





Note: Total study counts contained in parentheses.

| | , | |
|-----|------|------|
| | HV% | PHF |
| EB | 3.9% | 0.63 |
| WB | 0.0% | 0.00 |
| NB | 7.9% | 0.65 |
| SB | 3.4% | 0.89 |
| All | 5.2% | 0.68 |
| | | |

Traffic Counts - Motorized Vehicles

| Interval | | NW LO Eastt | DOP RD | | | West | DOP RD bound | | | North | N AVE | | | South | N AVE | | | Rolling |
|-------------|--------|----------------|--------|-------|--------|------|-----------------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| Start Time | U-Turn | Left | Thru | Right | U-Turn | Left | Thru | Right | U-Turn | Left | Thru | Right | U-Turn | Left | Thru | Right | Total | Hour |
| 7:00 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 1 | 19 | 323 |
| 7:05 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 11 | 363 |
| 7:10 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 16 | 406 |
| 7:15 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 4 | 15 | 428 |
| 7:20 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 21 | 454 |
| 7:25 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 2 | 25 | 455 |
| 7:30 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 1 | 25 | 458 |
| 7:35 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 1 | 25 | 461 |
| 7:40 AM | 0 | 2 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 2 | 33 | 455 |
| 7:45 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 38 | 448 |
| 7:50 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 39 | 433 |
| 7:55 AM | 0 | 4 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 56 | 411 |
| 8:00 AM | 0 | 3 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 5 | 59 | 374 |
| 8:05 AM | 0 | 6 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 5 | 54 | |
| 8:10 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 38 | |
| 8:15 AM | 0 | 3 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 3 | 41 | |
| 8:20 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 3 | 22 | |
| 8:25 AM | 0 | 2 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 28 | |
| 8:30 AM | 0 | 2 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 28 | |
| 8:35 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 19 | |
| 8:40 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 2 | 26 | |
| 8:45 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 2 | 23 | |
| 8:50 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 17 | |
| 8:55 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 19 | |
| Count Total | 0 | 31 | 0 | 210 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 155 | 77 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 177 | 47 | 697 | |
| Peak Hour | 0 | 25 | 0 | 154 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 113 | 51 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 84 | 34 | 461 | |

Traffic Counts - Heavy Vehicles, Bicycles on Road, and Pedestrians/Bicycles on Crosswalk

| Interval | | | | | | | | Bicycle | es on Road | dway | Interval Bicycles on Roadway | | | | | | |
|-------------|----|----|----|----|-------|-------------|----|---------|------------|------|------------------------------|-------------|----|----|----|----|-------|
| Start Time | EB | NB | WB | SB | Total | Start Time | EB | NB | WB | SB | Total | Start Time | EB | NB | WB | SB | Total |
| 7:00 AM | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7:00 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:00 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7:05 AM | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7:05 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:05 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7:10 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:10 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:10 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7:15 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:15 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:15 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7:20 AM | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 7:20 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:20 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7:25 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7:25 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:25 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7:30 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7:30 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7:30 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7:35 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:35 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:35 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7:40 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 7:40 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:40 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7:45 AM | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 7:45 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:45 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7:50 AM | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 7:50 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:50 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7:55 AM | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 7:55 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:55 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:00 AM | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 8:00 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:00 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:05 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8:05 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:05 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:10 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:10 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:10 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:15 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 8:15 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:15 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:20 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:20 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:20 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:25 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8:25 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:25 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:30 AM | 1 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 8:30 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8:30 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:35 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:35 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:35 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:40 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 8:40 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:40 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:45 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8:45 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:45 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:50 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8:50 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 8:50 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:55 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 8:55 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:55 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Count Total | 11 | 18 | 0 | 6 | 35 | Count Total | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 3 | Count Total | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Peak Hour | 7 | 13 | 0 | 4 | 24 | Peak Hour | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Peak Hour | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |



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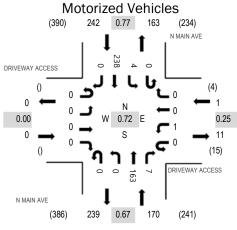
Date: Tuesday, March 23, 2021

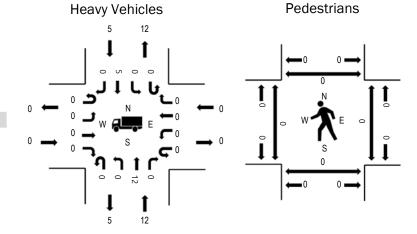
Peak Hour: 07:30 AM - 08:30 AM

Peak 15-Minutes: 07:55 AM - 08:10 AM

Location: 2 N MAIN AVE & DRIVEWAY ACCESS AM

Peak Hour





Note: Total study counts contained in parentheses.

| | HV% | PHF |
|-----|------|------|
| EB | 0.0% | 0.00 |
| WB | 0.0% | 0.25 |
| NB | 7.1% | 0.67 |
| SB | 2.1% | 0.77 |
| All | 4.1% | 0.72 |

Traffic Counts - Motorized Vehicles

| | moto | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--------|------|--------|-------|--------|------|--------|-------|--------|------|-------|-------|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|---------|
| | D | | Y ACCE | SS | D | | Y ACCE | SS | | | N AVE | | | N MAI | | | | |
| Interval | | | oound | | | | bound | | | | bound | | | | nbound | | | Rolling |
| Start Time | U-Turn | Left | Thru | Right | U-Turn | Left | Thru | Right | U-Turn | Left | Thru | Right | U-Turn | Left | Thru | Right | Total | Hour |
| 7:00 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 16 | 296 |
| 7:05 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 9 | 328 |
| 7:10 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 16 | 365 |
| 7:15 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 10 | 385 |
| 7:20 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 22 | 409 |
| 7:25 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 15 | 0 | 22 | 409 |
| 7:30 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 24 | 413 |
| 7:35 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 17 | 0 | 25 | 412 |
| 7:40 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 30 | 403 |
| 7:45 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 38 | 397 |
| 7:50 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 0 | 34 | 381 |
| 7:55 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 23 | 0 | 50 | 372 |
| 8:00 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 0 | 48 | 339 |
| 8:05 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 27 | 0 | 46 | |
| 8:10 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 0 | 36 | |
| 8:15 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 27 | 0 | 34 | |
| 8:20 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 22 | |
| 8:25 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 13 | 0 | 26 | |
| 8:30 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 23 | |
| 8:35 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 16 | |
| 8:40 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 24 | |
| 8:45 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 22 | |
| 8:50 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 14 | 0 | 25 | |
| 8:55 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 17 | |
| Count Total | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 233 | 8 | 0 | 7 | 383 | 0 | 635 | |
| Peak Hour | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 163 | 7 | 0 | 4 | 238 | 0 | 413 | |

Traffic Counts - Heavy Vehicles, Bicycles on Road, and Pedestrians/Bicycles on Crosswalk

| Interval | | Hea | avy Vehicle | es | | Interval | | Bicycle | es on Road | dway | | Interval | Pe | destrians/E | Bicycles or | n Crosswa | ılk |
|-------------|----|-----|-------------|----|-------|-------------|----|---------|------------|------|-------|-------------|----|-------------|-------------|-----------|-------|
| Start Time | EB | NB | WB | SB | Total | Start Time | EB | NB | WB | SB | Total | Start Time | EB | NB | WB | SB | Total |
| 7:00 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7:00 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:00 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7:05 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:05 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:05 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7:10 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:10 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:10 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7:15 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:15 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:15 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7:20 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 7:20 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:20 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7:25 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:25 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7:25 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7:30 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7:30 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:30 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7:35 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:35 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:35 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7:40 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:40 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 7:40 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7:45 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 7:45 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:45 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7:50 AM | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 7:50 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:50 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7:55 AM | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 7:55 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:55 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:00 AM | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 8:00 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:00 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:05 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8:05 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:05 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:10 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:10 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:10 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:15 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:15 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:15 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:20 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:20 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:20 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:25 AM | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 8:25 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8:25 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:30 AM | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 8:30 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:30 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:35 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:35 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:35 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:40 AM | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 8:40 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:40 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:45 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 8:45 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:45 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:50 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8:50 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:50 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8:55 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 8:55 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:55 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Count Total | 0 | 19 | 1 | 11 | 31 | Count Total | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 3 | Count Total | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Peak Hour | 0 | 12 | 0 | 5 | 17 | Peak Hour | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | Peak Hour | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |



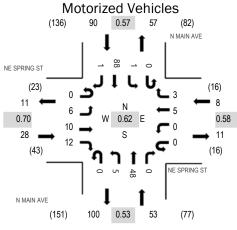
www.alltrafficdata.net

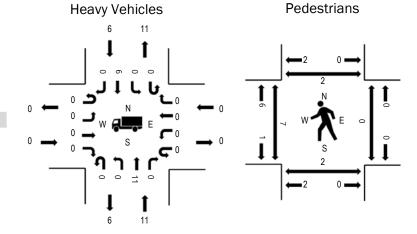
Location: 3 N MAIN AVE & NE SPRING ST AM Date: Tuesday, March 23, 2021

Peak Hour: 07:35 AM - 08:35 AM

Peak 15-Minutes: 07:55 AM - 08:10 AM

Peak Hour





Note: Total study counts contained in parentheses.

| | HV% | PHF |
|-----|-------|------|
| EB | 0.0% | 0.70 |
| WB | 0.0% | 0.58 |
| NB | 20.8% | 0.53 |
| SB | 6.7% | 0.57 |
| All | 9.5% | 0.62 |
| | | |

Traffic Counts - Motorized Vehicles

| Interval | | | RING ST | | | | RING ST bound | | | | N AVE | | | N MAI South | N AVE bound | | | Rolling |
|-------------|--------|------|---------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-------|--------|------|-------|-------|--------|----------------|----------------|-------|-------|---------|
| Start Time | U-Turn | Left | Thru | Right | U-Turn | Left | Thru | Right | U-Turn | Left | Thru | Right | U-Turn | Left | Thru | Right | Total | Hour |
| 7:00 AM | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 10 | 109 |
| 7:05 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 122 |
| 7:10 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 146 |
| 7:15 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 155 |
| 7:20 AM | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 11 | 166 |
| 7:25 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 162 |
| 7:30 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 7 | 175 |
| 7:35 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 10 | 179 |
| 7:40 AM | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 8 | 175 |
| 7:45 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 11 | 176 |
| 7:50 AM | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 15 | 172 |
| 7:55 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 22 | 177 |
| 8:00 AM | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 23 | 163 |
| 8:05 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 27 | |
| 8:10 AM | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 14 | |
| 8:15 AM | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 15 | |
| 8:20 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 7 | |
| 8:25 AM | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 16 | |
| 8:30 AM | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 11 | |
| 8:35 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 6 | |
| 8:40 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 9 | |
| 8:45 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 7 | |
| 8:50 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 20 | |
| 8:55 AM | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 8 | |
| Count Total | 0 | 10 | 13 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 3 | 0 | 7 | 69 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 131 | 3 | 272 | _ |
| Peak Hour | 0 | 6 | 10 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 48 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 88 | 1 | 179 | 1 |

Traffic Counts - Heavy Vehicles, Bicycles on Road, and Pedestrians/Bicycles on Crosswalk

| Interval | | Hea | avy Vehicle | es | | Interval | | Bicycle | es on Road | dway | | Interval | Pe | Pedestrians/Bicycles on Crosswalk | | | | | |
|-------------|----|-----|-------------|----|-------|-------------|----|---------|------------|------|-------|-------------|----|-----------------------------------|----|----|-------|--|--|
| Start Time | EB | NB | WB | SB | Total | Start Time | EB | NB | WB | SB | Total | Start Time | EB | NB | WB | SB | Total | | |
| 7:00 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7:00 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:00 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 7:05 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:05 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:05 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | |
| 7:10 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:10 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:10 AM | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | |
| 7:15 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:15 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:15 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 7:20 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 7:20 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:20 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 7:25 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:25 AM | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 7:25 AM | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | | |
| 7:30 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:30 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:30 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 7:35 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7:35 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:35 AM | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | | |
| 7:40 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:40 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:40 AM | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 4 | | |
| 7:45 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 7:45 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:45 AM | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | |
| 7:50 AM | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 7:50 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:50 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 7:55 AM | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 7:55 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7:55 AM | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | |
| 8:00 AM | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 8:00 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:00 AM | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | | |
| 8:05 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8:05 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:05 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 8:10 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:10 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:10 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 8:15 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:15 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:15 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 8:20 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:20 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:20 AM | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | |
| 8:25 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:25 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:25 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 8:30 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 8:30 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:30 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 8:35 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:35 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:35 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 8:40 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:40 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:40 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 8:45 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:45 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:45 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 8:50 AM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8:50 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:50 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 8:55 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8:55 AM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Count Total | 0 | 13 | 0 | 8 | 21 | Count Total | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Count Total | 8 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 14 | | |
| Peak Hour | 0 | 11 | 0 | 6 | 17 | Peak Hour | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Peak Hour | 7 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 11 | | |



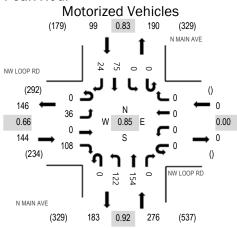
 Location:
 1 N MAIN AVE & NW LOOP RD PM

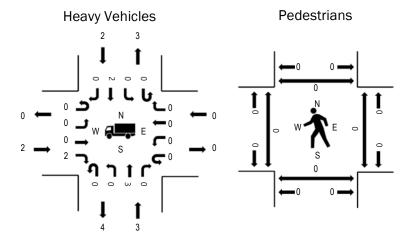
 Date:
 Tuesday, March 23, 2021

 Peak Hour:
 04:45 PM - 05:45 PM

 Peak 15-Minutes:
 05:20 PM - 05:35 PM

Peak Hour





Note: Total study counts contained in parentheses.

| | • | |
|-----|------|------|
| | HV% | PHF |
| EB | 1.4% | 0.66 |
| WB | 0.0% | 0.00 |
| NB | 1.1% | 0.92 |
| SB | 2.0% | 0.83 |
| All | 1.3% | 0.85 |
| | | |

Traffic Counts - Motorized Vehicles

| Interval | | East | DOP RD | | | West | DOP RD bound | | | North | N AVE | | | South | N AVE nbound | | | Rolling |
|-------------|--------|------|--------|-------|--------|------|-----------------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-----------------|-------|-------|---------|
| Start Time | U-Turn | Left | Thru | Right | U-Turn | Left | Thru | Right | U-Turn | Left | Thru | Right | U-Turn | Left | Thru | Right | Total | Hour |
| 4:00 PM | 0 | 2 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 34 | 442 |
| 4:05 PM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 30 | 453 |
| 4:10 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 42 | 471 |
| 4:15 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 3 | 40 | 466 |
| 4:20 PM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 37 | 468 |
| 4:25 PM | 1 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 36 | 493 |
| 4:30 PM | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 34 | 494 |
| 4:35 PM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 37 | 513 |
| 4:40 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 37 | 516 |
| 4:45 PM | 0 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 37 | 519 |
| 4:50 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 1 | 39 | 519 |
| 4:55 PM | 0 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 39 | 514 |
| 5:00 PM | 0 | 2 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 2 | 45 | 508 |
| 5:05 PM | 0 | 4 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 48 | |
| 5:10 PM | 0 | 2 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 37 | |
| 5:15 PM | 0 | 4 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 42 | |
| 5:20 PM | 0 | 4 | 0 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 5 | 62 | |
| 5:25 PM | 0 | 5 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 37 | |
| 5:30 PM | 0 | 5 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 53 | |
| 5:35 PM | 0 | 3 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 40 | |
| 5:40 PM | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 2 | 40 | |
| 5:45 PM | 0 | 2 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 37 | |
| 5:50 PM | 0 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 34 | |
| 5:55 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 33 | |
| Count Total | 1 | 48 | 0 | 185 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 256 | 281 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 144 | 35 | 950 | |
| Peak Hour | 0 | 36 | 0 | 108 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 122 | 154 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 75 | 24 | 519 | |

Traffic Counts - Heavy Vehicles, Bicycles on Road, and Pedestrians/Bicycles on Crosswalk

| Interval | | Hea | avy Vehicle | es | | Interval | | Bicycle | es on Road | dway | | Interval | Pedestrians/Bicycles on Crosswalk | | | | | |
|-------------|----|-----|-------------|----|-------|-------------|----|---------|------------|------|-------|-------------|-----------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|--|
| Start Time | EB | NB | WB | SB | Total | Start Time | EB | NB | WB | SB | Total | Start Time | EB | NB | WB | SB | Total | |
| 4:00 PM | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4:00 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:00 PM | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| 4:05 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:05 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:05 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 4:10 PM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4:10 PM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4:10 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 4:15 PM | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4:15 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4:15 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 4:20 PM | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4:20 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:20 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 4:25 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:25 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:25 PM | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| 4:30 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4:30 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:30 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 4:35 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:35 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:35 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 4:40 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:40 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:40 PM | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | |
| 4:45 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:45 PM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4:45 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 4:50 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:50 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:50 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 4:55 PM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4:55 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:55 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 5:00 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5:00 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:00 PM | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| 5:05 PM | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5:05 PM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5:05 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 5:10 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:10 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:10 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 5:15 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5:15 PM | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5:15 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 5:20 PM | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5:20 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:20 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 5:25 PM | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5:25 PM | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5:25 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 5:30 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:30 PM | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5:30 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 5:35 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:35 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:35 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 5:40 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:40 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:40 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 5:45 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:45 PM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5:45 PM | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| 5:50 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:50 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5:50 PM | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| 5:55 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:55 PM | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 5:55 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Count Total | 3 | 9 | 0 | 3 | 15 | Count Total | 4 | 6 | 0 | 3 | 13 | Count Total | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | |
| Peak Hour | 2 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 7 | Peak Hour | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 7 | Peak Hour | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |



www.alltrafficdata.net

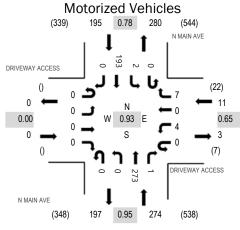
Date: Tuesday, March 23, 2021

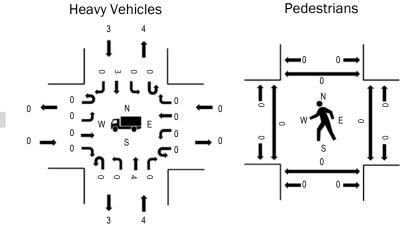
Location: 2 N MAIN AVE & DRIVEWAY ACCESS PM

Peak Hour: 04:45 PM - 05:45 PM

Peak 15-Minutes: 05:20 PM - 05:35 PM

Peak Hour





Note: Total study counts contained in parentheses.

| HV% | PHF |
|------|------------------------------|
| 0.0% | 0.00 |
| 0.0% | 0.65 |
| 1.5% | 0.95 |
| 1.5% | 0.78 |
| 1.5% | 0.93 |
| | 0.0% 0.0% 1.5% 1.5% |

Traffic Counts - Motorized Vehicles

| | 111010 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--------|---------------|--------|-------|--------|------|--------|-------|--------|------|--------|-------|----------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-----------------|
| | D | | Y ACCE | SS | D | | Y ACCE | SS | | | N AVE | | | N MAI | | | | |
| Interval Start Time | U-Turn | Eastt Left | bound | Diskt | U-Turn | | bound | Disht | U-Turn | | nbound | Disht | LI Turre | | bound | Disclut | Tatal | Rolling Hour |
| | | | Thru | Right | | Left | Thru | Right | | Left | Thru | Right | U-Turn | Left | Thru | Right | Total | |
| 4:00 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 33 | 438 |
| 4:05 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 29 | 448 |
| 4:10 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 33 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 43 | 464 |
| 4:15 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 39 | 452 |
| 4:20 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 34 | 447 |
| 4:25 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 35 | 469 |
| 4:30 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 33 | 460 |
| 4:35 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 36 | 474 |
| 4:40 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 38 | 479 |
| 4:45 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 14 | 0 | 39 | 480 |
| 4:50 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 0 | 44 | 476 |
| 4:55 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 35 | 461 |
| 5:00 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 43 | 461 |
| 5:05 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 45 | |
| 5:10 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 31 | |
| 5:15 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 34 | |
| 5:20 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 31 | 0 | 56 | |
| 5:25 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 26 | |
| 5:30 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 47 | |
| 5:35 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 41 | |
| 5:40 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 39 | |
| 5:45 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 35 | |
| 5:50 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 29 | |
| 5:55 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 35 | |
| Count Total | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 533 | 5 | 0 | 2 | 337 | 0 | 899 | |
| Peak Hour | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 273 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 193 | 0 | 480 |) |

Location: 2 N MAIN AVE & DRIVEWAY ACCESS PM

Traffic Counts - Heavy Vehicles, Bicycles on Road, and Pedestrians/Bicycles on Crosswalk

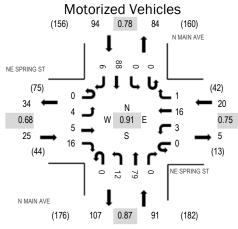
| Interval | | Hea | avy Vehicle | es | | Interval | | Bicycle | es on Road | dway | | Interval | Peo | destrians/E | Bicycles or | n Crosswa | lk |
|-------------|----|-----|-------------|----|-------|-------------|----|---------|------------|------|-------|-------------|-----|-------------|-------------|-----------|-------|
| Start Time | EB | NB | WB | SB | Total | Start Time | EB | NB | WB | SB | Total | Start Time | EB | NB | WB | SB | Total |
| 4:00 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:00 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:00 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4:05 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4:05 PM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4:05 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4:10 PM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4:10 PM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4:10 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4:15 PM | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4:15 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4:15 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4:20 PM | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4:20 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:20 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4:25 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:25 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:25 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4:30 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4:30 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:30 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4:35 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:35 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:35 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4:40 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:40 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:40 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4:45 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:45 PM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4:45 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4:50 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:50 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:50 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4:55 PM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4:55 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:55 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5:00 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5:00 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:00 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5:05 PM | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5:05 PM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5:05 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5:10 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:10 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:10 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5:15 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5:15 PM | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5:15 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5:20 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:20 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:20 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5:25 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5:25 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5:25 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5:30 PM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5:30 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 5:30 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5:35 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:35 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:35 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5:40 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:40 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:40 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5:45 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:45 PM | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 5:45 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5:50 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:50 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5:50 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5:55 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:55 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:55 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Count Total | 0 | 10 | 0 | 5 | 15 | Count Total | 0 | 6 | 1 | 5 | 12 | Count Total | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Peak Hour | 0 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 7 | Peak Hour | 0 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 7 | Peak Hour | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

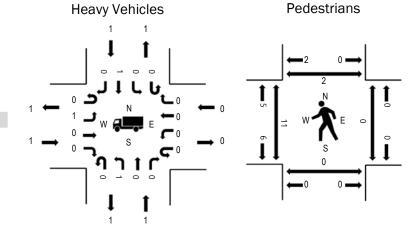


www.alltrafficdata.net

Location: 3 N MAIN AVE & NE SPRING ST PM Date: Tuesday, March 23, 2021 Peak Hour: 04:35 PM - 05:35 PM Peak 15-Minutes: 05:10 PM - 05:25 PM

Peak Hour





Note: Total study counts contained in parentheses.

| HV% | PHF |
|------|------------------------------|
| 4.0% | 0.68 |
| 0.0% | 0.75 |
| 1.1% | 0.87 |
| 1.1% | 0.78 |
| 1.3% | 0.91 |
| | 4.0% 0.0% 1.1% 1.1% |

Traffic Counts - Motorized Vehicles

| Interval | | | RING ST | | | | RING ST bound | | | | N AVE bound | | | N MAI South | N AVE | | | Rolling |
|-------------|--------|------|---------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-------|--------|------|----------------|-------|--------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| Start Time | U-Turn | Left | Thru | Right | U-Turn | Left | Thru | Right | U-Turn | Left | Thru | Right | U-Turn | Left | Thru | Right | Total | Hour |
| 4:00 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 13 | 214 |
| 4:05 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 12 | 220 |
| 4:10 PM | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 20 | 222 |
| 4:15 PM | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 1 | 16 | 222 |
| 4:20 PM | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 22 | 225 |
| 4:25 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 17 | 227 |
| 4:30 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 18 | 225 |
| 4:35 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 16 | 230 |
| 4:40 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 1 | 19 | 225 |
| 4:45 PM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 20 | 223 |
| 4:50 PM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 21 | 221 |
| 4:55 PM | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 20 | 212 |
| 5:00 PM | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 19 | 210 |
| 5:05 PM | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 14 | |
| 5:10 PM | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 20 | |
| 5:15 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 19 | |
| 5:20 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 24 | |
| 5:25 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 15 | |
| 5:30 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 1 | 23 | |
| 5:35 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 11 | |
| 5:40 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 17 | |
| 5:45 PM | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 18 | |
| 5:50 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 12 | |
| 5:55 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 1 | 18 | |
| Count Total | 0 | 6 | 11 | 27 | 0 | 5 | 35 | 2 | 0 | 29 | 152 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 144 | 11 | 424 | _ |
| Peak Hour | 0 | 4 | 5 | 16 | 0 | 3 | 16 | 1 | 0 | 12 | 79 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 88 | 6 | 230 |) |

Traffic Counts - Heavy Vehicles, Bicycles on Road, and Pedestrians/Bicycles on Crosswalk

| Interval | | Hea | avy Vehicle | es | - | Interval | | Bicycle | es on Road | dway | | Interval | Pe | destrians/E | Bicycles or | n Crosswa | alk |
|-------------|----|-----|-------------|----|-------|-------------|----|---------|------------|------|-------|-------------|----|-------------|-------------|-----------|-------|
| Start Time | EB | NB | WB | SB | Total | Start Time | EB | NB | WB | SB | Total | Start Time | EB | NB | WB | SB | Total |
| 4:00 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:00 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:00 PM | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
| 4:05 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:05 PM | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4:05 PM | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| 4:10 PM | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 4:10 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:10 PM | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| 4:15 PM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4:15 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4:15 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4:20 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:20 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:20 PM | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 4:25 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:25 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:25 PM | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 4:30 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:30 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:30 PM | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 4:35 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:35 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:35 PM | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| 4:40 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:40 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:40 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4:45 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:45 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:45 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4:50 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:50 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:50 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4:55 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:55 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4:55 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5:00 PM | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5:00 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:00 PM | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| 5:05 PM | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5:05 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:05 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5:10 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:10 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:10 PM | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| 5:15 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:15 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:15 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5:20 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:20 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:20 PM | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 5:25 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5:25 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:25 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5:30 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:30 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5:30 PM | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| 5:35 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:35 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| 5:40 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:40 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:40 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5:45 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:45 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:45 PM | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| 5:50 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:50 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:50 PM | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| 5:55 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:55 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5:55 PM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Count Total | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 5 | Count Total | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | Count Total | 20 | 4 | 7 | 6 | 37 |
| Peak Hour | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 | Peak Hour | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | Peak Hour | 11 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 15 |

APPENDIX B

LOS DESCRIPTION

DKS

TRAFFIC LEVELS OF SERVICE

Analysis of traffic volumes is useful in understanding the general nature of traffic in an area, but by itself indicates neither the ability of the street network to carry additional traffic nor the quality of service afforded by the street facilities. For this, the concept of level of service has been developed to subjectively describe traffic performance. Level of service can be measured at intersections and along key roadway segments.

Levels of service categories are similar to report card ratings for traffic performance. Intersections are typically the controlling bottlenecks of traffic flow and the ability of a roadway system to carry traffic efficiently is generally diminished in their vicinities. Levels of Service A, B and C indicate conditions where traffic moves without significant delays over periods of peak travel demand. Level of service D and E are progressively worse peak hour operating conditions and F conditions represent where demand exceeds the capacity of an intersection. Most urban communities set level of service D as the minimum acceptable level of service for peak hour operation and plan for level of service C or better for all other times of the day. The Highway Capacity Manual provides level of service calculation methodology for both intersections and arterials¹. The following two sections provide interpretations of the analysis approaches.

¹ 2000 Highway Capacity Manual, Transportation Research Board, Washington D.C., 2000, Chapter 16 and 17.

UNSIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS (Two-Way Stop Controlled)

Unsignalized intersection level of service is reported for the major street and minor street (generally, left turn movements). The method assesses available and critical gaps in the traffic stream which make it possible for side street traffic to enter the main street flow. The 2010 Highway Capacity Manual describes the detailed methodology. It is not unusual for an intersection to experience level of service E or F conditions for the minor street left turn movement. It should be understood that, often, a poor level of service is experienced by only a few vehicles and the intersection as a whole operates acceptably.

Unsignalized intersection levels of service are described in the following table.

| Control Delay | LOS by Volume-to | -Capacity Ratio |
|---------------|------------------|-----------------|
| (s/vehicle) | $v/c \leq 1.0$ | v/c > 1.0 |
| 0-10 | А | F |
| >10-15 | В | F |
| >15-25 | С | F |
| >25-35 | D | F |
| >35-50 | Е | F |
| >50 | F | F |

Level-of-Service Criteria: Automobile Mode

Note: The LOS criteria apply to each lane on a given approach and to each approach on the minor street. LOS is not calculated for major-street approaches or for the intersection as a whole

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS

For signalized intersections, level of service is evaluated based upon average vehicle delay experienced by vehicles entering an intersection. Control delay (or signal delay) includes initial deceleration delay, queue move-up time, stopped delay, and final acceleration delay. In previous versions of this chapter of the HCM (1994 and earlier), delay included only stopped delay. As delay increases, the level of service decreases. Calculations for signalized and unsignalized intersections are different due to the variation in traffic control. The 2000 Highway Capacity Manual provides the basis for these calculations.

| Level of | | |
|----------|---------------|---|
| Service | Delay (secs.) | Description |
| А | <10.00 | Free Flow/Insignificant Delays: No approach phase is fully utilized by traffic and no vehicle waits longer than one red indication. Most vehicles do not stop at all. Progression is extremely favorable and most vehicles arrive during the green phase. |
| В | 10.1-20.0 | Stable Operation/Minimal Delays: An occasional approach phase is fully utilized. Many drivers begin to feel somewhat restricted within platoons of vehicles. This level generally occurs with good progression, short cycle lengths, or both. |
| С | 20.1-35.0 | Stable Operation/Acceptable Delays: Major approach phases fully utilized. Most drivers feel somewhat restricted. Higher delays may result from fair progression, longer cycle lengths, or both. Individual cycle failures may begin to appear at this level, and the number of vehicles stopping is significant. |
| D | 35.1-55.0 | Approaching Unstable/Tolerable Delays: The influence of congestion becomes more noticeable. Drivers may have to wait through more than one red signal indication. Longer delays may result from some combination of unfavorable progression, long cycle lengths, or high v/c ratios. The proportion of vehicles not stopping declines, and individual cycle failures are noticeable. |
| E | 55.1-80.0 | Unstable Operation/Significant Delays: Volumes at or near capacity. Vehicles may wait though several signal cycles. Long queues form upstream from intersection. These high delay values generally indicate poor progression, long cycle lengths, and high v/c ratios. Individual cycle failures are a frequent occurrence. |
| F | >80.0 | Forced Flow/Excessive Delays: Represents jammed conditions. Queues may block upstream intersections. This level occurs when arrival flow rates exceed intersection capacity, and is considered to be unacceptable to most drivers. Poor progression, long cycle lengths, and v/c ratios approaching 1.0 may contribute to these high delay levels. |

Source: 2000 Highway Capacity Manual, Transportation Research Board, Washington D.C.

APPENDIX C

HCM REPORT – EXISTING CONDITIONS



| Intersection | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|
| Int Delay, s/veh | 4.7 | | | | | | | |
| Movement | FBI | FBT | WRT | WBR | SBL | SBR | | |

| wovernent | EDL | EDI | VVDI | WDR | SPL | SDK | |
|------------------------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|---|
| Lane Configurations | | ŧ | 1 | 1 | Y | | |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 28 | 172 | 127 | 57 | 94 | 38 | 1 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 28 | 172 | 127 | 57 | 94 | 38 | 1 |
| Conflicting Peds, #/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |) |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |) |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | Free | - | None | : |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | 125 | 0 | - | |
| Veh in Median Storage | , # - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - | • |
| Grade, % | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - | |
| Peak Hour Factor | 68 | 68 | 68 | 68 | 68 | 68 | 6 |
| Heavy Vehicles, % | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | |
| Mvmt Flow | 41 | 253 | 187 | 84 | 138 | 56 | i |
| | | | | | | | |

| Major/Minor | Major1 | N | lajor2 | ľ | Minor2 | |
|--|--------|-------------|--------|------|--------------|-------|
| Conflicting Flow All | 187 | 0 | - | 0 | 522 | 187 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 187 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 335 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.14 | - | - | - | 6.4 | 6.29 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.4 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.4 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.236 | - | - | - | | 3.381 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1375 | - | - | 0 | 519 | 837 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | 0 | 850 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | 0 | 729 | - |
| Platoon blocked, % | | - | - | | | |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | | - | - | - | 501 | 837 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 501 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 820 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 729 | - |
| | | | | | | |
| Approach | EB | | WB | | SB | |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 1.1 | | 0 | | 14.6 | |
| HCM LOS | | | | | В | |
| | | | | | | |
| Minor Long/Major Mur | | EBL | EBT | WBT | 201.51 | |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvr | ш | | EDI | VVDI | | |
| Capacity (veh/h) HCM Lane V/C Ratio | | 1375 | - | - | 566 0.343 | |
| | 1 | 0.03 7.7 | -0 | - | 14.6 | |
| HCM Control Delay (s HCM Lane LOS |) | 7.7 A | A | | 14.0 B | |
| HCM 95th %tile Q(ver | N | 0.1 | A | - | 1.5 | |
| | 1) | 0.1 | - | - | 1.5 | |

Intersection

| Int Delay, s/veh | 0.1 | | | | | |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Movement | WBL | WBR | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT |
| Lane Configurations | Y | | t, | | | ŧ |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 1 | 1 | 183 | 8 | 4 | 267 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 1 | 1 | 183 | 8 | 4 | 267 |
| Conflicting Peds, #/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, | # 0 | - | 0 | - | - | 0 |
| Grade, % | 0 | - | 0 | - | - | 0 |
| Peak Hour Factor | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 |
| Heavy Vehicles, % | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 1 | 1 | 254 | 11 | 6 | 371 |

| Minor1 | М | ajor1 | Ν | lajor2 | |
|--------|---|--|--|--|--|
| 643 | 260 | 0 | 0 | 265 | 0 |
| 260 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 383 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 6.4 | 6.2 | - | - | 4.1 | - |
| 5.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 5.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3.5 | 3.3 | - | - | 2.2 | - |
| 441 | 784 | - | - | 1311 | - |
| 788 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 694 | - | - | - | - | - |
| | | - | - | | - |
| 438 | 784 | - | - | 1311 | - |
| 438 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 788 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 690 | - | - | - | - | - |
| | | | | | |
| WB | | NB | | SB | |
| 11.4 | | 0 | | 0.1 | |
| | 643 260 383 6.4 5.4 3.5 441 788 694 438 438 788 690 WB | 643 260 260 - 383 - 6.4 6.2 5.4 - 5.5 3.3 441 784 788 - 694 - 438 784 438 - 788 - 690 - WB - | 643 260 0 260 - - 383 - - 6.4 6.2 - 5.4 - - 5.4 - - 3.5 3.3 - 441 784 - 788 - - 438 784 - 788 - - 438 784 - 690 - - WB NB NB | 643 260 0 0 260 - - - 383 - - - 6.4 6.2 - - 5.4 - - - 5.4 - - - 3.5 3.3 - - 441 784 - - 788 - - - 438 784 - - 788 - - - 694 - - - WB NB NB - | 643 260 0 0 265 260 - - - - 383 - - - - 6.4 6.2 - - 4.1 5.4 - - - - 3.5 3.3 - 2.2 2.2 441 784 - 1311 788 - - - 694 - - - 788 - - - 690 - - - WB NB SB SB |

HCM LOS В

| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | NBT | NBRW | /BLn1 | SBL | SBT |
|-----------------------|-----|------|-------|-------|-----|
| Capacity (veh/h) | - | - | 562 | 1311 | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | - | - | 0.005 | 0.004 | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | - | - | 11.4 | 7.8 | 0 |
| HCM Lane LOS | - | - | В | А | Α |
| HCM 95th %tile Q(veh) | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |

Intersection

| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR | |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| Lane Configurations | | 4 | | | 4 | | | 4 | | | 4 | 02.1 | |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 7 | 11 | 13 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 6 | 54 | 1 | 1 | 99 | 1 | |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 7 | 11 | 13 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 6 | 54 | 1 | 1 | 99 | 1 | |
| Conflicting Peds, #/hr | 3 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | |
| Sign Control | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | |
| RT Channelized | - | - | None | |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Veh in Median Storage, | ,# - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | |
| Grade, % | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | |
| Peak Hour Factor | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | |
| Heavy Vehicles, % | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | |
| Mvmt Flow | 11 | 18 | 21 | 2 | 10 | 5 | 10 | 87 | 2 | 2 | 160 | 2 | |

| Major/Minor | Minor2 | | Ν | 1inor1 | | I | Major1 | | Ν | lajor2 | | | |
|----------------------|--------|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|--------|---|---|--------|---|---|--|
| Conflicting Flow All | 288 | 278 | 169 | 297 | 278 | 91 | 166 | 0 | 0 | 89 | 0 | 0 | |
| Stage 1 | 169 | 169 | - | 108 | 108 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 119 | 109 | - | 189 | 170 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 4.1 | - | - | 4.1 | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 3.5 | 4 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 4 | 3.3 | 2.2 | - | - | 2.2 | - | - | |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 668 | 633 | 880 | 659 | 633 | 972 | 1424 | - | - | 1519 | - | - | |
| Stage 1 | 838 | 763 | - | 902 | 810 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 890 | 809 | - | 817 | 762 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Platoon blocked, % | | | | | | | | - | - | | - | - | |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 649 | 626 | 874 | 623 | 626 | 970 | 1419 | - | - | 1519 | - | - | |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | 649 | 626 | - | 623 | 626 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 1 | 830 | 760 | - | 896 | 804 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 867 | 803 | - | 775 | 759 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Approach | EB | WB | NB | SB | |
|----------------------|------|------|-----|-----|--|
| HCM Control Delay, s | 10.4 | 10.3 | 0.7 | 0.1 | |
| HCM LOS | В | В | | | |

| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | NBL | NBT | NBR E | BLn1V | VBLn1 | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|-----------------------|-------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| Capacity (veh/h) | 1419 | - | - | 717 | 700 | 1519 | - | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.007 | - | - | 0.07 | 0.023 | 0.001 | - | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 7.6 | 0 | - | 10.4 | 10.3 | 7.4 | 0 | - |
| HCM Lane LOS | А | А | - | В | В | А | А | - |
| HCM 95th %tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |

Intersection

| Int Delay, s/veh | 4 | | | | | |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | | ŧ | 1 | 1 | Y | |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 40 | 121 | 137 | 172 | 84 | 27 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 40 | 121 | 137 | 172 | 84 | 27 |
| Conflicting Peds, #/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | Free | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | 125 | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, | # - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, % | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| Heavy Vehicles, % | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mvmt Flow | 47 | 142 | 161 | 202 | 99 | 32 |

| Major/Minor | Major1 | Ν | /lajor2 | I | /linor2 | |
|----------------------|--------|-------|---------|------|---------|-----|
| Conflicting Flow All | 161 | 0 | - | 0 | 397 | 161 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 161 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 236 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.1 | - | - | - | 6.4 | 6.2 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.4 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.4 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.2 | - | - | - | 3.5 | 3.3 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1430 | - | - | 0 | 612 | 889 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | 0 | 873 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | 0 | 808 | - |
| Platoon blocked, % | | - | - | | | |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | | - | - | - | 590 | 889 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | r - | - | - | - | 590 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 842 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 808 | - |
| | | | | | | |
| Approach | EB | | WB | | SB | |
| HCM Control Delay, s | s 1.9 | | 0 | | 12 | |
| HCM LOS | | | | | В | |
| | | | | | | |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvi | mt | EBL | EBT | WBTS | SBI n1 | |
| Capacity (veh/h) | | 1430 | - | - | 643 | |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | | 0.033 | - | | 0.203 | |
| HCM Control Delay (s | 5) | 7.6 | 0 | _ | 12 | |
| HCM Lane LOS | | A | A | - | B | |
| HCM 95th %tile Q(vel | h) | 0.1 | - | - | 0.8 | |
| | 11) | 0.1 | - | - | 0.0 | |

Intersection

| Int Delay, s/veh | 0.3 | | | | | |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Movement | WBL | WBR | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT |
| Lane Configurations | Y | | ţ, | | | ŧ |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 4 | 8 | 306 | 1 | 2 | 216 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 4 | 8 | 306 | 1 | 2 | 216 |
| Conflicting Peds, #/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, | ,# 0 | - | 0 | - | - | 0 |
| Grade, % | 0 | - | 0 | - | - | 0 |
| Peak Hour Factor | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 |
| Heavy Vehicles, % | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 4 | 9 | 329 | 1 | 2 | 232 |

| Major/Minor | Minor1 | М | ajor1 | Ν | /lajor2 | |
|----------------------|--------|-----|-------|---|---------|---|
| Conflicting Flow All | 566 | 330 | 0 | 0 | 330 | 0 |
| Stage 1 | 330 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 2 | 236 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 6.4 | 6.2 | - | - | 4.1 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | 5.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | 5.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 3.5 | 3.3 | - | - | 2.2 | - |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 489 | 716 | - | - | 1241 | - |
| Stage 1 | 733 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 2 | 808 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Platoon blocked, % | | | - | - | | - |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - 488 | 716 | - | - | 1241 | - |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - 488 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 1 | 733 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 2 | 806 | - | - | - | - | - |
| | | | | | | |
| Approach | WB | | NB | | SB | |
| | | | | | | |

| Approach | WB | NB | SB |
|----------------------|------|----|-----|
| HCM Control Delay, s | 10.9 | 0 | 0.1 |
| HCM LOS | В | | |

| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | NBT | NBRW | /BLn1 | SBL | SBT |
|-----------------------|-----|------|-------|-------|-----|
| Capacity (veh/h) | - | - | 620 | 1241 | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | - | - | 0.021 | 0.002 | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | - | - | 10.9 | 7.9 | 0 |
| HCM Lane LOS | - | - | В | А | А |
| HCM 95th %tile Q(veh) | - | - | 0.1 | 0 | - |

Intersection

| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR | |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| Lane Configurations | | 4 | | | 4 | | | 4 | | | 4 | •= | |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 4 | 6 | 18 | 3 | 18 | 1 | 13 | 88 | 1 | 1 | 99 | 7 | |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 4 | 6 | 18 | 3 | 18 | 1 | 13 | 88 | 1 | 1 | 99 | 7 | |
| Conflicting Peds, #/hr | 5 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | |
| Sign Control | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | |
| RT Channelized | - | - | None | |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Veh in Median Storage, | # - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | |
| Grade, % | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | |
| Peak Hour Factor | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | |
| Heavy Vehicles, % | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | |
| Mvmt Flow | 4 | 7 | 20 | 3 | 20 | 1 | 14 | 97 | 1 | 1 | 109 | 8 | |

| Major/Minor | Minor2 | | Ν | 1inor1 | | | Major1 | | M | Major2 | | | |
|----------------------|--------|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|--------|---|---|--------|---|---|--|
| Conflicting Flow All | 258 | 243 | 121 | 261 | 247 | 103 | 119 | 0 | 0 | 98 | 0 | 0 | |
| Stage 1 | 117 | 117 | - | 126 | 126 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 141 | 126 | - | 135 | 121 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy | 7.35 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 4.18 | - | - | 4.1 | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | 6.35 | 5.5 | - | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | 6.35 | 5.5 | - | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 3.725 | 4 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 4 | 3.3 | 2.272 | - | - | 2.2 | - | - | |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 650 | 662 | 936 | 696 | 659 | 957 | 1432 | - | - | 1508 | - | - | |
| Stage 1 | 835 | 803 | - | 883 | 796 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 810 | 796 | - | 873 | 800 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Platoon blocked, % | | | | | | | | - | - | | - | - | |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 625 | 653 | 930 | 667 | 650 | 953 | 1430 | - | - | 1508 | - | - | |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | 625 | 653 | - | 667 | 650 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 1 | 825 | 801 | - | 874 | 788 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 778 | 788 | - | 842 | 798 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Approach | EB | WB | NB | SB | |
|----------------------|-----|------|----|-----|--|
| HCM Control Delay, s | 9.7 | 10.6 | 1 | 0.1 | |
| HCM LOS | А | В | | | |

| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | NBL | NBT | NBR | EBLn1\ | VBLn1 | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|-----------------------|------|-----|-----|--------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| Capacity (veh/h) | 1430 | - | - | 801 | 662 | 1508 | - | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.01 | - | - | 0.038 | 0.037 | 0.001 | - | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 7.5 | 0 | - | 9.7 | 10.6 | 7.4 | 0 | - |
| HCM Lane LOS | А | А | - | А | В | А | А | - |
| HCM 95th %tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |

APPENDIX D

HCM REPORT - FUTURE 2027 NO BUILD

DKS

| 07/17/202 | 24 |
|-----------|----|
|-----------|----|

| Intersection | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Int Delay, s/veh | 5.4 | | | | | |
| | | | MOT | | 0.01 | 000 |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | | ् भी | ↑ | 1 | ۰Y | |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 31 | 195 | 150 | 69 | 107 | 43 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 31 | 195 | 150 | 69 | 107 | 43 |
| Conflicting Peds, #/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | - | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | 125 | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, | ,# - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, % | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 68 | 68 | 68 | 68 | 68 | 68 |
| Heavy Vehicles, % | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| Mvmt Flow | 46 | 287 | 221 | 101 | 157 | 63 |
| | | | | | | |

| Major/Minor | Major1 | Ν | lajor2 | N | /linor2 | |
|--|---------|--------------|--------|------|---------|-------|
| Conflicting Flow All | 221 | 0 | - | 0 | 599 | 221 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 221 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 378 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.14 | - | - | - | 6.4 | 6.29 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.4 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.4 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.236 | - | - | - | | 3.381 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1337 | - | - | 0 | 468 | 802 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | 0 | 821 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | 0 | 697 | - |
| Platoon blocked, % | | - | - | | | |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | | - | - | - | 449 | 802 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 449 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 788 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 697 | - |
| | | | | | | |
| Approach | EB | | WB | | SB | |
| HCM Control Delay, s | /v 1.07 | | 0 | | 17.17 | |
| HCM LOS | | | | | С | |
| | | | | | | |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvr | nt | EBL | EBT | WBTS | RI n1 | |
| | 111 | 247 | LDI | | 514 | |
| Capacity (veh/h) HCM Lane V/C Ratio | | 0.034 | - | - | 0.429 | |
| HCM Control Delay (s | (vob) | 0.034 7.8 | - | - | 17.2 | |
| HCM Lane LOS | /venj | 7.0 A | A | - | C | |
| HCM 95th %tile Q(veh |)) | 0.1 | - | - | 2.1 | |
| | 1) | 0.1 | _ | _ | Z. I | |

Intersection

| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR | |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| Lane Configurations | | 4 | | | 4 | | | 4 | | | 4 | | |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 13 | 0 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 205 | 9 | 4 | 299 | 4 | |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 13 | 0 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 205 | 9 | 4 | 299 | 4 | |
| Conflicting Peds, #/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Sign Control | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | |
| RT Channelized | - | - | None | |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Veh in Median Storage, | # - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | |
| Grade, % | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | |
| Peak Hour Factor | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | |
| Heavy Vehicles, % | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | |
| Mvmt Flow | 18 | 0 | 10 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 285 | 13 | 6 | 415 | 6 | |

| Major/Minor | Minor2 | | Ν | 1inor1 | | 1 | Major1 | | Ν | 1ajor2 | | | |
|----------------------|--------|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|--------|---|---|--------|---|---|--|
| Conflicting Flow All | 722 | 735 | 418 | 726 | 731 | 291 | 421 | 0 | 0 | 297 | 0 | 0 | |
| Stage 1 | 429 | 429 | - | 299 | 299 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 293 | 306 | - | 426 | 432 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 4.1 | - | - | 4.1 | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 3.5 | 4 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 4 | 3.3 | 2.2 | - | - | 2.2 | - | - | |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 345 | 349 | 639 | 343 | 351 | 753 | 1149 | - | - | 1276 | - | - | |
| Stage 1 | 608 | 587 | - | 714 | 670 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 719 | 665 | - | 610 | 586 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Platoon blocked, % | | | | | | | | - | - | | - | - | |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 341 | 346 | 639 | 334 | 348 | 753 | 1149 | - | - | 1276 | - | - | |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | 341 | 346 | - | 334 | 348 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 1 | 604 | 584 | - | 711 | 667 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 716 | 663 | - | 597 | 582 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Approach | EB | WB | NB | SB | |
|----------------|----------------|-------|------|-----|--|
| HCM Control De | elay, s/v14.48 | 15.82 | 0.11 | 0.1 | |
| HCM LOS | В | С | | | |

| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | NBL | NBT | NBR | EBLn1V | WBLn1 | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|---------------------------|-------|-----|-----|--------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| Capacity (veh/h) | 25 | - | - | 408 | 334 | 23 | - | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.004 | - | - | 0.068 | 0.004 | 0.004 | - | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s/veh) | 8.1 | 0 | - | 14.5 | 15.8 | 7.8 | 0 | - |
| HCM Lane LOS | А | А | - | В | С | А | А | - |
| HCM 95th %tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | 0.2 | 0 | 0 | - | - |

Intersection

| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR | |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---|
| Lane Configurations | | 4 | | TIDE | 4 | | | 4 | | | 4 | | _ |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 8 | 12 | 15 | 0 | 7 | 5 | 7 | 61 | 0 | 6 | 113 | 1 | |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 8 | 12 | 15 | 0 | 7 | 5 | 7 | 61 | 0 | 6 | 113 | 1 | |
| Conflicting Peds, #/hr | 3 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | |
| Sign Control | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | |
| RT Channelized | - | - | None | |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Veh in Median Storage, | # - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | |
| Grade, % | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | |
| Peak Hour Factor | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | |
| Heavy Vehicles, % | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | |
| Mvmt Flow | 13 | 19 | 24 | 0 | 11 | 8 | 11 | 98 | 0 | 10 | 182 | 2 | |

| Major/Minor | Minor2 | | Ν | 1inor1 | | ľ | Major1 | | Μ | lajor2 | | | |
|----------------------|--------|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|--------|---|---|--------|---|---|--|
| Conflicting Flow All | 336 | 327 | 191 | 336 | 328 | 101 | 188 | 0 | 0 | 98 | 0 | 0 | |
| Stage 1 | 206 | 206 | - | 121 | 121 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 130 | 121 | - | 215 | 207 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 4.1 | - | - | 4.1 | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 3.5 | 4 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 4 | 3.3 | 2.2 | - | - | 2.2 | - | - | |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 621 | 594 | 856 | 621 | 594 | 959 | 1398 | - | - | 1507 | - | - | |
| Stage 1 | 800 | 735 | - | 888 | 800 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 879 | 800 | - | 792 | 734 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Platoon blocked, % | | | | | | | | - | - | | - | - | |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 592 | 583 | 850 | 573 | 583 | 957 | 1394 | - | - | 1507 | - | - | |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | 592 | 583 | - | 573 | 583 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 1 | 792 | 727 | - | 881 | 793 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 850 | 793 | - | 741 | 726 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Approach | EB | WB | NB | SB | |
|-----------------|---------------|-------|------|------|--|
| HCM Control Del | lay, s/v10.81 | 10.32 | 0.78 | 0.37 | |
| HCM LOS | В | В | | | |

| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | NBL | NBT | NBR | EBLn1V | VBLn1 | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|---------------------------|-------|-----|-----|--------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| Capacity (veh/h) | 185 | - | - | 676 | 696 | 90 | - | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.008 | - | - | 0.083 | 0.028 | 0.006 | - | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s/veh) | 7.6 | 0 | - | 10.8 | 10.3 | 7.4 | 0 | - |
| HCM Lane LOS | А | А | - | В | В | А | А | - |
| HCM 95th %tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |

| 07/17/202 | 24 |
|-----------|----|
|-----------|----|

| L. L P | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------|------|------------|-------|------|------|
| Intersection | | | | | | |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 4.3 | | | | | |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| | | | 101 | VIDIN | | SDIV |
| Lane Configurations | | - କି | - † | 7 | ۰¥ | |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 45 | 144 | 158 | 196 | 99 | 30 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 45 | 144 | 158 | 196 | 99 | 30 |
| Conflicting Peds, #/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | Free | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | 125 | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage | ,# - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, % | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| Heavy Vehicles, % | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mvmt Flow | 53 | 169 | 186 | 231 | 116 | 35 |

| Major/Minor I | Major1 | Ν | lajor2 | N | Minor2 | |
|-----------------------|--------|-------|--------|-------|--------|-----|
| Conflicting Flow All | 186 | 0 | - | 0 | 461 | 186 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 186 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 275 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.1 | - | - | - | 6.4 | 6.2 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.4 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.4 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.2 | - | - | - | 3.5 | 3.3 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1401 | - | - | 0 | 562 | 861 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | 0 | 851 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | 0 | 776 | - |
| Platoon blocked, % | | - | - | | | |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 1401 | - | - | - | 539 | 861 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 539 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 815 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 776 | - |
| | | | | | | |
| Approach | EB | | WB | | SB | |
| HCM Control Delay, s/ | v 1.83 | | 0 | | 13.2 | |
| HCM LOS | | | | | В | |
| | | | | | | |
| Minor Long/Major Murr | | | ГРТ | | 1 | |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvm | IL | EBL | EBT | WBT S | | |
| Capacity (veh/h) | | 429 | - | - | 590 | |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | | 0.038 | - | | 0.257 | |
| HCM Control Delay (s/ | ven) | 7.7 | 0 | - | 13.2 | |
| HCM Lane LOS | ١ | A | A | - | B | |
| HCM 95th %tile Q(veh) |) | 0.1 | - | - | 1 | |

Intersection

| Movement | EBL | EDT | EBR | WBL | | WBR | NBL | NBT | NDD | CDI | SBT | CDD | |
|------------------------|------|------------------|------|------|------------------|------|------|------------------|------|------|------------------|------|--|
| | EDL | EBT | EDK | VVDL | WBT | WDK | INDL | | NBR | SBL | 301 | SBR | |
| Lane Configurations | | - (} | | | - () | | | - () | | | - 4) | | |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 8 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 9 | 7 | 343 | 1 | 2 | 242 | 13 | |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 8 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 9 | 7 | 343 | 1 | 2 | 242 | 13 | |
| Conflicting Peds, #/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Sign Control | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | |
| RT Channelized | - | - | None | |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Veh in Median Storage, | # - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | |
| Grade, % | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | |
| Peak Hour Factor | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | |
| Heavy Vehicles, % | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | |
| Mvmt Flow | 9 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 10 | 8 | 369 | 1 | 2 | 260 | 14 | |

| Major/Minor | Minor2 | | Ν | 1inor1 | | 1 | Major1 | | Ν | lajor2 | | | |
|----------------------|--------|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|--------|---|---|--------|---|---|--|
| Conflicting Flow All | 655 | 656 | 267 | 649 | 663 | 369 | 274 | 0 | 0 | 370 | 0 | 0 | |
| Stage 1 | 272 | 272 | - | 384 | 384 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 384 | 385 | - | 265 | 278 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 4.1 | - | - | 4.1 | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 3.5 | 4 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 4 | 3.3 | 2.2 | - | - | 2.2 | - | - | |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 382 | 388 | 776 | 386 | 384 | 681 | 1301 | - | - | 1200 | - | - | |
| Stage 1 | 739 | 689 | - | 643 | 615 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 643 | 614 | - | 745 | 684 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Platoon blocked, % | | | | | | | | - | - | | - | - | |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 373 | 384 | 776 | 380 | 381 | 681 | 1301 | - | - | 1200 | - | - | |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | 373 | 384 | - | 380 | 381 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 1 | 737 | 687 | - | 638 | 610 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 629 | 610 | - | 739 | 682 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Approach | EB | WB | NB | SB | |
|------------------|--------------|-------|------|------|--|
| HCM Control Dela | ay, s/v13.22 | 11.75 | 0.16 | 0.06 | |
| HCM LOS | В | В | | | |

| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | NBL | NBT | NBR | EBLn1V | VBLn1 | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|---------------------------|-------|-----|-----|--------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| Capacity (veh/h) | 36 | - | - | 451 | 547 | 14 | - | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.006 | - | - | 0.029 | 0.026 | 0.002 | - | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s/veh) | 7.8 | 0 | - | 13.2 | 11.7 | 8 | 0 | - |
| HCM Lane LOS | А | А | - | В | В | А | А | - |
| HCM 95th %tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |

Intersection

| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR | |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| Lane Configurations | | 4 | | | 4 | | | 4 | | | 4 | | |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 4 | 7 | 20 | 3 | 20 | 6 | 15 | 101 | 0 | 3 | 112 | 8 | |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 4 | 7 | 20 | 3 | 20 | 6 | 15 | 101 | 0 | 3 | 112 | 8 | |
| Conflicting Peds, #/hr | 5 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | |
| Sign Control | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | |
| RT Channelized | - | - | None | |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Veh in Median Storage, | # - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | |
| Grade, % | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | |
| Peak Hour Factor | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | |
| Heavy Vehicles, % | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | |
| Mvmt Flow | 4 | 8 | 22 | 3 | 22 | 7 | 16 | 111 | 0 | 3 | 123 | 9 | |

| Major/Minor | Minor2 | | Ν | linor1 | | | Major1 | | Ν | 1ajor2 | | | |
|----------------------|--------|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|--------|---|---|--------|---|---|--|
| Conflicting Flow All | 296 | 280 | 135 | 283 | 284 | 116 | 134 | 0 | 0 | 111 | 0 | 0 | |
| Stage 1 | 136 | 136 | - | 144 | 144 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 160 | 144 | - | 140 | 140 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy | 7.35 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 4.18 | - | - | 4.1 | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | 6.35 | 5.5 | - | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | 6.35 | 5.5 | - | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 3.725 | 4 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 4 | 3.3 | 2.272 | - | - | 2.2 | - | - | |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 613 | 632 | 919 | 673 | 628 | 942 | 1415 | - | - | 1492 | - | - | |
| Stage 1 | 815 | 788 | - | 864 | 782 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 791 | 782 | - | 868 | 784 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Platoon blocked, % | | | | | | | | - | - | | - | - | |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 575 | 621 | 913 | 636 | 618 | 938 | 1412 | - | - | 1492 | - | - | |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | 575 | 621 | - | 636 | 618 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 1 | 812 | 785 | - | 853 | 772 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 750 | 772 | - | 833 | 781 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Approach | EB | WB | NB | SB | |
|-----------------|---------------|-------|------|------|--|
| HCM Control Del | ay, s/v 9.88 | 10.67 | 0.98 | 0.18 | |
| HCM LOS | А | В | | | |

| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | NBL | NBT | NBR | EBLn1V | VBLn1 | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|---------------------------|-------|-----|-----|--------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| Capacity (veh/h) | 233 | - | - | 772 | 667 | 43 | - | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.012 | - | - | 0.044 | 0.048 | 0.002 | - | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s/veh) | 7.6 | 0 | - | 9.9 | 10.7 | 7.4 | 0 | - |
| HCM Lane LOS | А | А | - | А | В | А | А | - |
| HCM 95th %tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0 | - | - |

APPENDIX E

HCM REPORT - FUTURE 2027 BUILD

DKS

| Intersection | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Int Delay, s/veh | 5.4 | | | | | |
| • | | | | | | |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | | ्रस् | ↑ | 1 | ۰¥ | |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 31 | 196 | 152 | 70 | 107 | 43 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 31 | 196 | 152 | 70 | 107 | 43 |
| Conflicting Peds, #/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | | Free | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | 125 | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage | ,# - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, % | , _ | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 68 | 68 | 68 | 68 | 68 | 68 |
| Heavy Vehicles, % | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| Mvmt Flow | 46 | 288 | 224 | 103 | 157 | 63 |
| | | | | | | |

| Major/Minor | Major1 | Ν | 1ajor2 | Ν | /linor2 | |
|----------------------|----------|----------|--------|-------|-----------|-------|
| Conflicting Flow All | 224 | 0 | - | 0 | 603 | 224 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 224 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 379 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.14 | - | - | - | 6.4 | 6.29 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.4 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.4 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.236 | - | - | - | | 3.381 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1333 | - | - | 0 | 465 | 799 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | 0 | 818 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | 0 | 696 | - |
| Platoon blocked, % | | - | - | | | |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | | - | - | - | 446 | 799 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | | - | - | - | 446 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 785 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 696 | - |
| | | | | | | |
| Approach | EB | | WB | | SB | |
| HCM Control Delay, s | s/v 1.06 | | 0 | | 17.29 | |
| HCM LOS | | | | | С | |
| | | | | | | |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvi | mt | EBL | EBT | WBT S | RI n1 | |
| Capacity (veh/h) | int. | 246 | LDI | | 511 | |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | | 0.034 | - | - | 0.432 | |
| HCM Control Delay (s | woh) | 7.8 | 0 | - | 17.3 | |
| HCM Lane LOS | | 7.0 A | A | - | 17.3 C | |
| HCM 95th %tile Q(vel | h) | 0.1 | л - | - | 2.2 | |
| | 9 | 0.1 | _ | - | 2.2 | |

Intersection

| Mayramant | | ГРТ | | | | | | NDT | | ODI | ОРТ | CDD | |
|------------------------|------|--------------|------|------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR | |
| Lane Configurations | | - 4 > | | | - 4) | | | - î÷ | | | - स | | |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 16 | 0 | 10 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 205 | 9 | 4 | 299 | 5 | |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 16 | 0 | 10 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 205 | 9 | 4 | 299 | 5 | |
| Conflicting Peds, #/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Sign Control | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | |
| RT Channelized | - | - | None | - | - | None | - | - | None | - | - | None | |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Veh in Median Storage, | # - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | |
| Grade, % | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | |
| Peak Hour Factor | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | |
| Heavy Vehicles, % | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | |
| Mvmt Flow | 22 | 0 | 14 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 285 | 13 | 6 | 415 | 7 | |

| Major/Minor | Minor2 | | Ν | 1inor1 | | 1 | Major1 | | Ν | lajor2 | | | |
|----------------------|--------|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|--------|---|---|--------|---|---|--|
| Conflicting Flow All | 726 | 738 | 419 | 728 | 735 | 291 | 422 | 0 | 0 | 297 | 0 | 0 | |
| Stage 1 | 430 | 430 | - | 302 | 302 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 296 | 308 | - | 426 | 433 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 4.1 | - | - | 4.1 | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 3.5 | 4 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 4 | 3.3 | 2.2 | - | - | 2.2 | - | - | |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 343 | 348 | 639 | 341 | 349 | 753 | 1148 | - | - | 1276 | - | - | |
| Stage 1 | 607 | 587 | - | 711 | 668 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 717 | 664 | - | 610 | 585 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Platoon blocked, % | | | | | | | | - | - | | - | - | |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - 339 | 344 | 639 | 330 | 345 | 753 | 1148 | - | - | 1276 | - | - | |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - 339 | 344 | - | 330 | 345 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 1 | 604 | 584 | - | 707 | 664 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 713 | 660 | - | 593 | 582 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Approach | EB | WB | NB | SB | |
|------------------|-------------|-------|------|-----|--|
| HCM Control Dela | y, s/v14.54 | 15.96 | 0.15 | 0.1 | |
| HCM LOS | В | С | | | |

| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | NBL | NBT | NBR | EBLn1V | VBLn1 | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|---------------------------|-------|-----|-----|--------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| Capacity (veh/h) | 1148 | - | - | 413 | 330 | 23 | - | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.005 | - | - | 0.087 | 0.004 | 0.004 | - | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s/veh) | 8.2 | - | - | 14.5 | 16 | 7.8 | 0 | - |
| HCM Lane LOS | А | - | - | В | С | А | А | - |
| HCM 95th %tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | 0.3 | 0 | 0 | - | - |

Intersection

| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR | |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---|
| Lane Configurations | | 4 | | IVDL | 4 | | NDL | 4 | NDIX | ODL | 4 | ODIX | _ |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 8 | 19 | 23 | 0 | 9 | 5 | 9 | 62 | 0 | 7 | 115 | 1 | |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 8 | 19 | 23 | 0 | 9 | 5 | 9 | 62 | 0 | 7 | 115 | . 1 | |
| Conflicting Peds, #/hr | 3 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | |
| Sign Control | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | |
| RT Channelized | - | - | None | |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Veh in Median Storage, | # - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | |
| Grade, % | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | |
| Peak Hour Factor | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | |
| Heavy Vehicles, % | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | |
| Mvmt Flow | 13 | 31 | 37 | 0 | 15 | 8 | 15 | 100 | 0 | 11 | 185 | 2 | |

| Major/Minor | Minor2 | | Ν | linor1 | | 1 | Major1 | | Ν | 1ajor2 | | | |
|----------------------|--------|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|--------|---|---|--------|---|---|--|
| Conflicting Flow All | 352 | 342 | 194 | 356 | 343 | 103 | 191 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 | |
| Stage 1 | 213 | 213 | - | 129 | 129 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 139 | 129 | - | 227 | 214 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 4.1 | - | - | 4.1 | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 3.5 | 4 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 4 | 3.3 | 2.2 | - | - | 2.2 | - | - | |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 606 | 583 | 852 | 603 | 583 | 957 | 1395 | - | - | 1505 | - | - | |
| Stage 1 | 794 | 730 | - | 880 | 793 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 869 | 793 | - | 780 | 729 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Platoon blocked, % | | | | | | | | - | - | | - | - | |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 572 | 570 | 847 | 533 | 570 | 955 | 1390 | - | - | 1505 | - | - | |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | · 572 | 570 | - | 533 | 570 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 1 | 785 | 722 | - | 870 | 784 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 834 | 784 | - | 706 | 721 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Approach | EB | WB | NB | SB | |
|----------------|---------------|------|------|------|--|
| HCM Control De | lay, s/v11.09 | 10.6 | 0.97 | 0.42 | |
| HCM LOS | В | В | | | |

| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | NBL | NBT | NBR E | BLn1V | WBLn1 | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|---------------------------|------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| Capacity (veh/h) | 228 | - | - | 671 | 666 | 102 | - | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.01 | - | - | 0.12 | 0.034 | 0.008 | - | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s/veh) | 7.6 | 0 | - | 11.1 | 10.6 | 7.4 | 0 | - |
| HCM Lane LOS | А | А | - | В | В | А | А | - |
| HCM 95th %tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |

| 07/17/202 | 24 |
|-----------|----|
|-----------|----|

| Intersection | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-------|----------------|------|------|------|------|
| Int Delay, s/veh | 2.6 | | | | | |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | | - 4 | et 👘 | | Y | |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 1 | 36 | 15 | 7 | 22 | 1 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 1 | 36 | 15 | 7 | 22 | 1 |
| Conflicting Peds, #/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage | , # - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, % | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| Heavy Vehicles, % | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mvmt Flow | 1 | 51 | 21 | 10 | 31 | 1 |

| Major/Minor | Major1 | Ν | /lajor2 | 1 | Minor2 | |
|-----------------------|--------|-------|---------|-----|--------|-------|
| Conflicting Flow All | 31 | 0 | - | 0 | 81 | 26 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 26 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 54 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.1 | - | - | - | 6.4 | 6.2 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.4 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.4 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.2 | - | - | - | 3.5 | 3.3 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1594 | - | - | - | 926 | 1055 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 1001 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 973 | - |
| Platoon blocked, % | | - | - | - | | |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 1594 | - | - | - | 926 | 1055 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 926 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 1000 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 973 | - |
| | | | | | | |
| Approach | EB | | WB | | SB | |
| HCM Control Delay, s/ | /v 0.2 | | 0 | | 9.01 | |
| HCM LOS | | | | | А | |
| | | | | | | |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvn | nt | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBLn1 |
| Capacity (veh/h) | | 49 | - | - | - | 931 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | | 0.001 | - | - | - | 0.035 |
| HCM Control Delay (s/ | /veh) | 7.3 | 0 | - | - | 9 |
| HCM Lane LOS | | А | А | - | - | А |
| HCM 95th %tile Q(veh | ı) | 0 | - | - | - | 0.1 |

| 07/17/202 | 24 |
|-----------|----|
|-----------|----|

| Intersection | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-------|----------|------|------|------|------|
| Int Delay, s/veh | 4.3 | | | | | |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | | <u>्</u> | 1 | 1 | Y | |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 45 | 147 | 159 | 197 | 100 | 30 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 45 | 147 | 159 | 197 | 100 | 30 |
| Conflicting Peds, #/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | Free | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | 125 | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage | , # - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, % | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| Heavy Vehicles, % | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mvmt Flow | 53 | 173 | 187 | 232 | 118 | 35 |

| Major/Minor | Major1 | Ν | /lajor2 | I | Minor2 | |
|--|---------|--------------|---------|------|-----------|-----|
| Conflicting Flow All | 187 | 0 | - | 0 | 466 | 187 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 187 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 279 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.1 | - | - | - | 6.4 | 6.2 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.4 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.4 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.2 | - | - | - | 3.5 | 3.3 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1399 | - | - | 0 | 559 | 860 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | 0 | 850 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | 0 | 773 | - |
| Platoon blocked, % | | - | - | | | |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | | - | - | - | 535 | 860 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | | - | - | - | 535 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 814 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 773 | - |
| | | | | | | |
| Approach | EB | | WB | | SB | |
| HCM Control Delay, s | s/v 1.8 | | 0 | | 13.29 | |
| HCM LOS | | | | | В | |
| | | | | | | |
| Minor Lane/Major Mv | mt | EBL | EBT | WBTS | SRI n1 | |
| | int | 422 | LDI | | 586 | |
| Capacity (veh/h) HCM Lane V/C Ratio | | 422 0.038 | - | - | 0.261 | |
| HCM Control Delay (s | (vob) | 0.038 | -0 | - | 13.3 | |
| HCM Lane LOS | s/ven) | 7.7 A | A | - | 13.3 B | |
| HCM 95th %tile Q(vel | h) | 0.1 | А | - | в 1 | |
| | 1) | 0.1 | - | _ | | |

Intersection

| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR | |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---|
| Lane Configurations | | 4 | | | 4 | | | 4 | | | 4 | | Ì |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 10 | 0 | 6 | 4 | 0 | 9 | 11 | 343 | 1 | 2 | 242 | 17 | |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 10 | 0 | 6 | 4 | 0 | 9 | 11 | 343 | 1 | 2 | 242 | 17 | |
| Conflicting Peds, #/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Sign Control | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | |
| RT Channelized | - | - | None | |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Veh in Median Storage, | # - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | |
| Grade, % | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | |
| Peak Hour Factor | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | |
| Heavy Vehicles, % | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | |
| Mvmt Flow | 11 | 0 | 6 | 4 | 0 | 10 | 12 | 369 | 1 | 2 | 260 | 18 | |

| Major/Minor | Minor2 | | Ν | 1inor1 | | I | Major1 | | Ν | lajor2 | | | |
|----------------------|--------|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|--------|---|---|--------|---|---|--|
| Conflicting Flow All | 666 | 667 | 269 | 658 | 676 | 369 | 278 | 0 | 0 | 370 | 0 | 0 | |
| Stage 1 | 274 | 274 | - | 393 | 393 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 392 | 394 | - | 265 | 283 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 4.1 | - | - | 4.1 | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 3.5 | 4 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 4 | 3.3 | 2.2 | - | - | 2.2 | - | - | |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 376 | 382 | 774 | 381 | 378 | 681 | 1296 | - | - | 1200 | - | - | |
| Stage 1 | 737 | 687 | - | 636 | 609 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 636 | 609 | - | 745 | 681 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Platoon blocked, % | | | | | | | | - | - | | - | - | |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 365 | 377 | 774 | 372 | 373 | 681 | 1296 | - | - | 1200 | - | - | |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | 365 | 377 | - | 372 | 373 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 1 | 735 | 686 | - | 629 | 602 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 620 | 602 | - | 737 | 679 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Approach | EB | WB | NB | SB | |
|-----------------|--------------|-------|------|------|--|
| HCM Control Del | ay, s/v13.21 | 11.81 | 0.24 | 0.06 | |
| HCM LOS | В | В | | | |

| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | NBL | NBT | NBR | EBLn1V | VBLn1 | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|---------------------------|-------|-----|-----|--------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| Capacity (veh/h) | 56 | - | - | 455 | 542 | 14 | - | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.009 | - | - | 0.038 | 0.026 | 0.002 | - | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s/veh) | 7.8 | 0 | - | 13.2 | 11.8 | 8 | 0 | - |
| HCM Lane LOS | А | А | - | В | В | А | А | - |
| HCM 95th %tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |

Intersection

| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR | |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| Lane Configurations | | 4 | | | 4 | | | 4 | | | 4 | | |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 4 | 11 | 25 | 3 | 27 | 7 | 23 | 104 | 0 | 4 | 113 | 8 | |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 4 | 11 | 25 | 3 | 27 | 7 | 23 | 104 | 0 | 4 | 113 | 8 | |
| Conflicting Peds, #/hr | 5 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | |
| Sign Control | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | |
| RT Channelized | - | - | None | |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Veh in Median Storage, | # - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | |
| Grade, % | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | |
| Peak Hour Factor | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | |
| Heavy Vehicles, % | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | |
| Mvmt Flow | 4 | 12 | 27 | 3 | 30 | 8 | 25 | 114 | 0 | 4 | 124 | 9 | |

| Major/Minor | Minor2 | | Ν | linor1 | | | Major1 | | Ν | 1ajor2 | | | |
|----------------------|--------|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|--------|---|---|--------|---|---|--|
| Conflicting Flow All | 324 | 304 | 137 | 310 | 309 | 119 | 135 | 0 | 0 | 114 | 0 | 0 | |
| Stage 1 | 139 | 139 | - | 165 | 165 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 185 | 165 | - | 145 | 144 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy | 7.35 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 4.18 | - | - | 4.1 | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | 6.35 | 5.5 | - | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | 6.35 | 5.5 | - | 6.1 | 5.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 3.725 | 4 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 4 | 3.3 | 2.272 | - | - | 2.2 | - | - | |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 587 | 612 | 917 | 647 | 609 | 938 | 1413 | - | - | 1487 | - | - | |
| Stage 1 | 812 | 785 | - | 842 | 766 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 767 | 766 | - | 863 | 782 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Platoon blocked, % | | | | | | | | - | - | | - | - | |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 538 | 598 | 911 | 598 | 594 | 934 | 1411 | - | - | 1487 | - | - | |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | 538 | 598 | - | 598 | 594 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 1 | 808 | 781 | - | 826 | 751 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Stage 2 | 713 | 751 | - | 817 | 778 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Approach | EB | WB | NB | SB | |
|------------------|--------------|-------|------|------|--|
| HCM Control Dela | ay, s/v10.09 | 11.02 | 1.38 | 0.24 | |
| HCM LOS | В | В | | | |

| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | NBL | NBT | NBR | EBLn1V | VBLn1 | SBL | SBT | SBR |
|---------------------------|-------|-----|-----|--------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| Capacity (veh/h) | 326 | - | - | 751 | 639 | 57 | - | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.018 | - | - | 0.059 | 0.064 | 0.003 | - | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s/veh) | 7.6 | 0 | - | 10.1 | 11 | 7.4 | 0 | - |
| HCM Lane LOS | А | А | - | В | В | А | А | - |
| HCM 95th %tile Q(veh) | 0.1 | - | - | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0 | - | - |

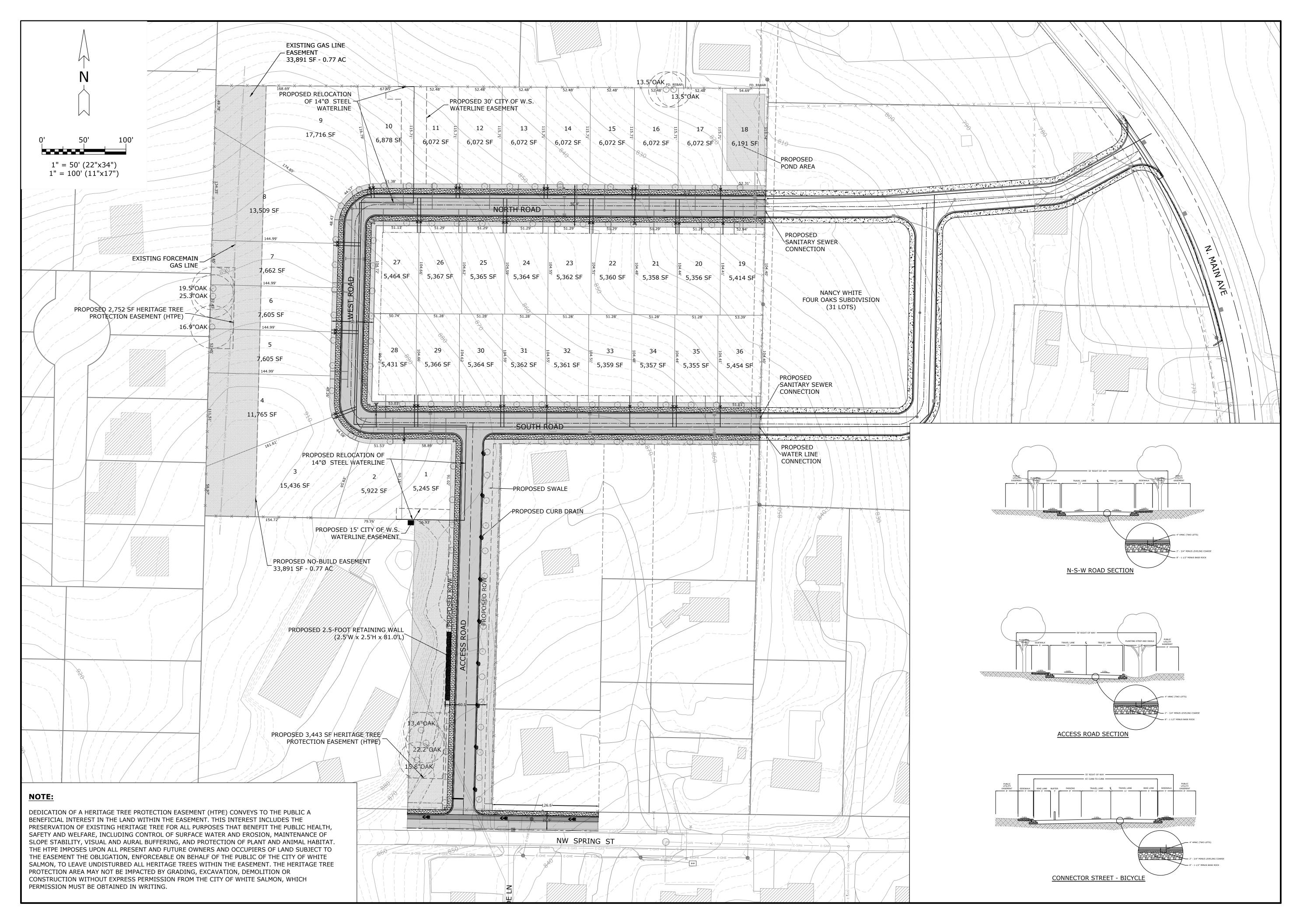
| Intersection | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1.2 | | | | | |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | | ્ ની | ef – | | ۰Y | |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 1 | 33 | 44 | 23 | 13 | 1 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 1 | 33 | 44 | 23 | 13 | 1 |
| Conflicting Peds, #/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage | , # - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, % | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| Heavy Vehicles, % | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mvmt Flow | 1 | 37 | 49 | 26 | 14 | 1 |

| Major/Minor | Major1 | Ν | /lajor2 | 1 | Minor2 | |
|----------------------|---------|----------|---------|-----|--------|-------|
| Conflicting Flow All | 74 | 0 | - | 0 | 101 | 62 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 62 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 39 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.1 | - | - | - | 6.4 | 6.2 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.4 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.4 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.2 | - | - | - | 3.5 | 3.3 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1538 | - | - | - | 903 | 1009 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 966 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 989 | - |
| Platoon blocked, % | | - | - | - | | |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | | - | - | - | 902 | 1009 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 902 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 965 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 989 | - |
| | | | | | | |
| Approach | EB | | WB | | SB | |
| HCM Control Delay, s | /v 0.22 | | 0 | | 9.03 | |
| HCM LOS | | | | | А | |
| | | | | | | |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvr | nt | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBLn1 |
| Capacity (veh/h) | | 53 | - | - | - | 909 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | | 0.001 | - | - | - | 0.017 |
| HCM Control Delay (s | (| 7.3 | 0 | - | - | 9 |
| | s/ven) | 1.0 | v | | | |
| HCM Lane LOS | s/ven) | 7.5 A | A | - | - | Ă |

APPENDIX F

HCM REPORT - SITE PLAN

DKS



| | | & FIELD SERVICES | | 180 N STH STREET - SHITTE 201 | HOOD RIVER, OREGON 97031 | 541-386-6480 - WWW.HRKUS.COM | | © HRK Engineering 2023 - All rights reserved. These drawings are the property of HRK Engineering LLC and are not to | be used or reproduced in any manner, without prior written permission. | | | |
|-------------|--|---|--|--|--------------------------|------------------------------|----|--|--|--|--|--|
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| PRO | ојест СН | ER | RY | | LL I VIS | | | ES | ; | | | |
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| REV | ISIO | N | | | | | | | | | | |
| DESCRIPTION | SITE PLAN REVIEW | CITY OF WHITE SALMON SPR COMMENTS 10/9/2023 | CITY OF WHITE SALMON SPR COMMENTS 11/21/2023 | CITY OF WHITE SALMON CONSISTENCY REVIEW 03/04/2024 | | | | | | | | |
| N CHKD | U U | U U | U U | U U | | | | | | | | |
| DRWN | 3 AP | 3 AP | 3 AP | 4 AP | | | | | | | | |
| DATE | 09/07/23 | 11/08/23 | 11/28/23 | 05/13/24 | | | | | | | | |
| Z SHE | ET N | ∩ AME | m | 4 | | | | | | | | |
| SHF | ET N | 0. | SI | TE | PL/ | ۹N | | | OF 4 | | | |
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EXHIBIT 8B

August 16, 2024

Mr. Andrew Dirks Public Works Director City of White Salmon 100 North Main Avenue P.O. Box 2139 White Salmon, Washington 98672

SUBJECT: CHERRY HILL SUBDIVISON TRANSPORTATION IMPACT STUDY CITY OF WHITE SALMON, KLICKITAT COUNTY, WASHINGTON G&O #24859.01

Dear Mr. Dirks:

At the City's request we have reviewed the Transportation Impact Study prepared by DKS Associates for the proposed Cherry Hill subdivision. The Study contain 59 total pages (including cover) that are dated by the Engineer of Record on May 24, 2023. Our review comments follow:

GENERAL COMMENTS

- The report indicates (Page 5) that the subdivision will include up to 36 single family homes, and will have one access onto Spring Street. The International Fire Code requires 2 separate access roads for subdivisions that create more than 30, one-family dwellings. The fire code official should review the subdivision to confirm this requirement.
- 2. The report indicates (Page 8) that the City does not have a TSP. We recommend updating the report to include the City's recently completed TSP and ensure coordination with TSP-listed projects.
- 3. The report indicates (Page 17) that no concerns for conflicts with nearby accesses exist. We note that the Hillside Lane (private road) will be located adjacent to the proposed access. The misalignment of the proposed access and Hillside Lane may be undesirable for the City.



Mr. Andrew Dirks August 16, 2024 Page 2

> 4. The report indicates (Page 17) that the project frontage along Spring Street is very limited (approximately 100 feet total) and that construction of pedestrian/bicycle facilities may be impractical with in the overall project frontage. The City may wish to require the developer to consider the overall impacts to Spring Street as a result of the proposed development and require network improvements which can accommodate these impacts, outside of the limited project frontage.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on this Study. Please feel free to contact us with any questions or further review of subsequent information related to this development.

Sincerely,

GRAY & OSBORNE, INC.

Midae

Michael Woodkey, P.E.

MW/js Encl. By email



Phone: 360-567-1806

www.earth-engineers.com

EXHIBIT 9

November 15, 2021

Legacy Development Group PO Box 4 Hood River, Oregon 97031 Attention: Cameron Curtis, President

Phone: (541) 490-6339 E-mail: <u>cameron@curtishomesllc.com</u>

Subject: Geotechnical Investigation Report Proposed Spring Street Subdivision Klickitat County Tax Lot No. 0310247500400 Intersection of Northwest Spring Street and Northwest Cherry Hill Road White Salmon, Klickitat County, Washington EEI Report No. 20-071-1

Dear Mr. Curtis:

Earth Engineers, Inc. (EEI) is pleased to provide our attached Geotechnical Investigation Report for the above referenced project. This report includes the results of our field investigation, an evaluation of geotechnical factors that may influence the proposed construction, and geotechnical recommendations for the proposed structures and general site development.

We appreciate the opportunity to perform this geotechnical study and look forward to continued participation during the design and construction phases of this project. If you have any questions pertaining to this report, or if we may be of further service, please contact our office.

Sincerely, **Earth Engineers, Inc.**

Johnel

Troy Hull, P.E. Principal Geotechnical Engineer

Jacqui Boyer Geotechnical Engineering Associate

Attachment: Geotechnical Investigation Report

Distribution (electronic copy only): Addressee

GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION REPORT



Earth Engineers, Inc.

For the:

Proposed Spring Street Subdivision Klickitat County Tax Lot No. 0310247500400 Intersection of Northwest Spring Street and Northwest Chery Hill Road White Salmon, Klickitat County, Washington

Prepared for:

Legacy Development Group PO Box 4 Hood River, Oregon 97031 Attention: Cameron Curtis

Prepared by:

Earth Engineers, Inc. 2411 Southeast 8th Avenue Camas, Washington 98607 Phone: 360-567-1806

EEI Report No. 21-071-1

November 15, 2021

Jacqui Boyer Geotechnical Engineering Associate



Troy Hull, P.E. Principal Geotechnical Engineer

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APPENDICES: Appendix A – Site Location Plan

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Appendix D – Soil Classification Legend

Appendix E – Surcharge-Induced Lateral Earth Pressures for Wall Design

1.0 PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 Project Authorization

Earth Engineers, Inc. (EEI) has completed a geotechnical investigation report for the proposed development to be located on Klickitat County Tax Lot No. 0310247500400 off of Northwest Spring Street near the intersection with Northwest Cherry Hill Road in White Salmon, Klickitat County, Washington. Our geotechnical services were authorized by Cameron Curtis with Legacy Development Group on September 24, 2021 by signing our Proposal No. 21-P066-R1 issued on February 18, 2021 and revised on May 6, 2021.

1.2 Project Description

Our current understanding of the project is based on the information Greg Hagbery (formerly with Legacy Development Group) provided to EEI Geotechnical Engineering Associate Jacqui Boyer via e-mail on February 17, 2021. We have also been provided with the following documents pertaining to the project:

- A survey titled "Cherry Hill Estates" prepared by T.N. Trantrow Surveying, P.L.S. dated July 21, 1992. This survey shows the boundaries of the subject property with respect to the surrounding properties. The survey indicates that the subject 7.93-acre property is Lot 4 of the Cherry Hill Estates.
- A conceptual plan titled "Pre-App Proposal" prepared by Legacy Development Group Inc. dated January 2021. This plan shows the preliminary neighborhood layout of the proposed subdivision, including the proposed roadway and lot divisions on the property. See Figure 1 below. The plan also shows a site location map for the subject property with respect to its vicinity. It should be noted that it is our understanding these plans are preliminary.
- A survey titled "Property Boundary Survey for Curtis Homes, Location: Tract of Land Located in the Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter of Section 24, Township 3 North, Range 10 East, Willamette Meridian, Klickitat County, Washington" prepared by Terra Surveying, dated December 2020. This topographic property survey shows the existing property topography with 1-foot contour lines, and elevations based on the N.A.V.D. 99 vertical datum.

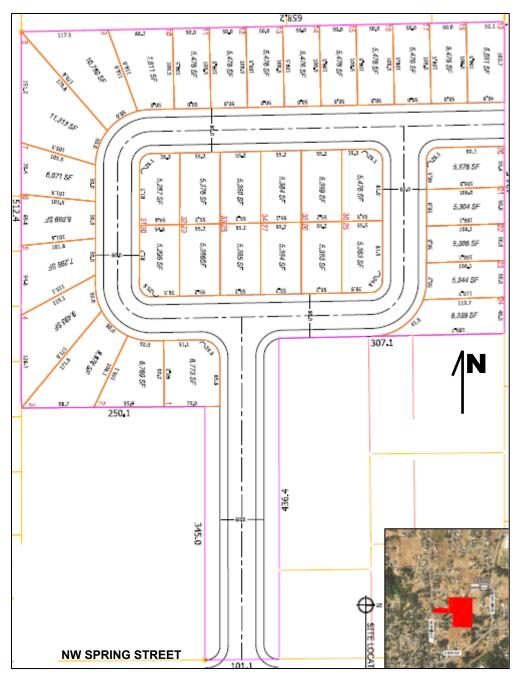


Figure 1: Preliminary site plan for the subject property. The subject property is outlined in pink and the proposed lots are outlined in orange. Base plan source: referenced above.

As shown on Figure 1 above, we understand that the plan is to divide the subject property into 36 residential lots ranging in size from 5,287 square feet to 11,313 square feet. The plan indicates that the proposed roadway is 60-feet wide, and accesses the property from Northwest Spring Street to the south.

At this time, we have not been provided detailed design drawings for the project. For the purposes of this report, we are assuming maximum house foundation loads of 3 kips per linear foot for wall footings, 40 kips for column footings, and 150 psf for floor slabs. We also assume maximum cuts

and fills will be minimal, on the order of 2 feet. Finally, we have assumed that the proposed subdivision residences will be constructed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code (IRC).

1.3 Purpose and Scope of Services

In order to provide geotechnical recommendations for the proposed development, we performed a subsurface investigation to better define the subsurface soil, rock, and groundwater properties. We performed 11 test pits (TP-1 through TP-11) around the subject property. The depths of the explorations ranged from 4 to 9.5 feet. In order to characterize soil strength, we supplemented some of the test pits with drive probe testing.

Select soil samples collected from the test pits were tested in the laboratory to determine the material's properties for our evaluation. Laboratory testing was accomplished in general accordance with ASTM procedures.

This report briefly outlines the testing procedures, presents available project information, describes the site and subsurface conditions, and presents geotechnical recommendations regarding the development of the single family residential lots as follows:

- A discussion of subsurface conditions encountered including pertinent soil and rock properties as well as the encountered groundwater conditions.
- Geotechnical related recommendations for foundation design including allowable bearing capacity and estimated settlements.
- A qualitative evaluation of slope stability.
- Seismic design parameters in accordance with the ASCE 7-16.
- Structural fill recommendations, including an evaluation of whether the in-situ soils can be used as structural fill.
- Floor slab support recommendations.
- Retaining wall design parameter recommendations, including earth pressures, backfill and drainage.
- Construction recommendations including wet/dry weather site preparation and drainage recommendations.
- Asphaltic concrete pavement section thickness design recommendations based on an assumed CBR value, as well as assumed traffic loading conditions.
- Discussions on geotechnical issues that may impact the project.

2.0 SITE AND SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

2.1 Site Location and Description

As noted above, the project area is located on Klickitat County Tax Lot No. 0310247500400 in White Salmon, Washington. The property is accessed from Northwest Spring Street to the south, and is bounded by residential properties to the west, north and east. See Figure 2 below for the project vicinity map.

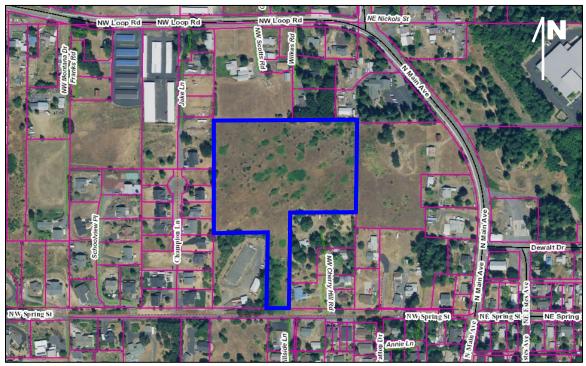


Figure 2: Vicinity map (base map source - http://imap.klickitatcounty.org/). The subject property is outlined in blue.

At the time of our investigation, the property was vacant. The site was vegetated with grass, shrubs, scattered trees, and blackberry bushes. It should be noted that some of the vegetation appeared burned. There is also an access road in the southern portion of the property off of Northwest Spring Street.

In terms of topography, the subject property is generally sloping down to the northeast at about 7H:1V (Horizontal:Vertical). Slopes in the area of the proposed lots (i.e. the northern portion of the property) are up to about 3.5H:1V. The steepest slope on the subject property is located along the access road (i.e. the southern portion of the property), up to 1.9H:1V. See Appendix B for the site topography taken from the survey referenced above.

While on site, we did not observe signs of previous or current soil movement, such as leaning tree trunks, clearly identifiable landslide head scarps, or surface cracking in the soils. See Photos 1 through 4 below for current site conditions.



Photo 1: Current site conditions (taken from TP-3, facing northeast).



Photo 2: Current site conditions (taken from TP-4, facing north).



Photo 3: Current site conditions (taken from TP-8, facing southwest).



Photo 4: Current site conditions (taken from TP-11, facing Northwest Spring Street to the south).

2.2 Mapped Geology and Soils

The underlying geologic unit mapped in the area of the subject property is Qtb – Olivine basalt and andesite from the upper Miocene to Quaternary¹.

We reviewed the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Soil Survey² to define the surface soils on the subject property. The USDA maps the soils on the subject property to be Unit 86B-Chemawa ashy loam on 8 to 15 percent slopes, and 86C-Chemawa ashy loam on 15 to 30 percent slopes. This well drained soil unit is formed on terraces from a parent material of volcanic ash. A typical profile for this soil unit is ashy loam overlying ashy silt loam with a depth to a restrictive feature of more than 80 inches.

As part of our due diligence for this report, we reviewed the Washington State Department of Natural Resources (DNR) Geologic Information Portal (<u>https://geologyportal.dnr.wa.gov/</u>). According to the DNR portal, portions of the property are mapped within a moderate susceptibility to shallow landslides. It should be noted that the portal does not map any historic landslide deposits or fault lines on or in proximity to the subject property. In addition, the portal does not map the subject property within a liquefaction susceptibility area due to the presence of shallow bedrock.

According to the USGS Fault and Fold Database of the United States, the Hood River fault zone is located approximately 2.9 miles south of the site and the Faults near the Dalles is approximately 5.5 miles northeast of the site. The Hood River fault zone defines the eastern margin of a half graben, and is described to contain normal right lateral faults with a slip rate of less than 0.2mm/year³. The Faults near the Dalles are described as northwest striking, right-lateral strike slip faults, and are categorized as having a slip rate of less than 0.2mm/year, although no slip data in Quaternary deposits are available⁴.

2.3 Subsurface Materials

As stated above, we explored the site with 11 test pits (TP-1 through TP-11) located around the subject property. The test pits were advanced by Legacy Development Group of Hood River, Oregon using an excavator with a 2-foot wide toothed bucket. In addition, we performed supplemental drive probe testing at TP-5, TP-8, and TP-10. For the approximate exploration locations, see the "Exploration Location Plan" in Appendix B. Results of the test pits are reported in Appendix C. Upon completion, the test pits were loosely backfilled with the excavated soil and tamped down with the excavator bucket.

¹ Bela, J.L, 1982, Geologic and Neotectonic Evaluation of North-Central Oregon: The Dalles 1 degree x 2 degree Quadrangle, Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries, Geological Map Series 27, scale 1:250,000.

² Soil Survey Staff, Natural Resources Conservation Service, United States Department of Agriculture. Web Soil Survey. Available online at <u>http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/</u>.

³ Personius, S.F., compiler, 2002, Fault number 866, Hood River fault zone, in Quaternary fault and fold database of the United States: U.S. Geological Survey website, <u>https://earthquakes.usgs.gov/hazards/qfaults</u>.

⁴ Personius, S.F., and Lidke, D.J., compilers, 2003, Fault number 580, Faults near The Dalles, in Quaternary fault and fold database of the United States: U.S. Geological Survey website, <u>https://earthquakes.usgs.gov/hazards/qfaults</u>.

Drive probe tests extended from the ground surface at the locations referenced above to the depth of drive probe refusal. The drive probe test is based on a "relative density" exploration device used to determine the distribution and to estimate strength of the subsurface soil units. The resistance to penetration is measured in blows-per-1/2-foot of an 11-pound hammer which free falls roughly 39 inches driving a 3/4-inch outside diameter pipe with a 1-inch diameter endcap into the ground. This measure of resistance to penetration can be used to estimate relative density of soils. For a more detailed description of this geotechnical exploration method, please refer to the Slope Stability Reference Guide for National Forests in the United States, Volume I, USDA, EM-7170-13, August 1994, P 317-321. Results of the drive probe tests are reported in the exploration logs in Appendix C.

Select soil samples were tested in the laboratory to determine material properties for our evaluation. Laboratory testing was accomplished generally in accordance with ASTM procedures. The testing performed included moisture content tests (ASTM D2216), and fines content determinations (ASTM D1140). The test results have been included on the exploration logs located in Appendix C.

Generally, we encountered a surficial layer of topsoil overlying fill soils, overlying native soils with decomposed rock, which eventually transitioned to bedrock with depth. The thickness of the strata varied across the site. Each individual stratum encountered is discussed in further detail below.

TOPSOIL

The surficial layer encountered in all of our explorations consisted of a dry to moist, light brown sandy silt with rootlets. The thickness of this stratum in our test pits was 6 to 12 inches.

FILL/TILLED SOILS

In all of our test pits, we encountered what we interpret to be fill/tilled soils underlying the surficial topsoil layer. The soil was generally a light brown to brown sandy silt to silty sand with rootlets, wood chips and charcoal pieces. We also encountered boulders, as well as wood, plastic and metal debris within this stratum. It is possible these organic soils are the result of agricultural tilling or clearing the area in the past. Laboratory moisture content testing on samples obtained within this stratum ranged from 9 to 12 percent, indicating a dry condition. Fines content laboratory testing for samples obtained within this stratum ranged from 39 to 89 percent passing the #200 sieve. Based on the excavator digging effort and supplementary drive probe testing, we consider this stratum to be medium stiff/medium dense to very stiff/very dense. The fill/tilled soils extended to depths ranging from 2 to 4 feet bgs in our explorations. It should be noted that this stratum extended to the terminal depth of our exploration at TP-6 due to practical digging refusal on a boulder.

NATIVE SOILS

In all of our explorations (except for TP-6), we encountered native soils underlying the fill soils. The soil was generally an orange-brown to reddish brown to dark brown silt with varying amounts of sand. We also encountered decomposed rock fragments in this stratum (red to black to gray to white). Laboratory moisture content testing on samples obtained within this stratum ranged from

8 to 50 percent, indicating a dry to wet condition. It should be noted that the relatively high moisture content was likely a result of the decomposed rock encountered in this stratum (i.e. the material may hold a significant amount of moisture, but it did not visually appear wet). While in the field, the native soils generally appeared to be moist. Fines content testing on samples obtained within this stratum ranged from 60 to 98 percent passing the #200 sieve. Based on the excavator digging effort and supplementary drive probe testing, we consider this native silt stratum to be very stiff to hard. The silt stratum extended to the terminal depths of our explorations at depths ranging from 5 to 9.5 feet bgs. It should be noted that all of our test pits terminated due to practical digging refusal on hard soil/decomposed rock, except for TP-5 and TP-8 which were terminated due to practical excavator reach.

The above subsurface description is of a generalized nature to highlight the major subsurface stratification features and material characteristics. The exploration logs included in the Appendices should be reviewed for specific information at specific locations. These records include soil descriptions, stratifications, and locations of the samples. The stratifications shown on the logs represent the conditions only at the actual exploration locations. Variations may occur and should be expected between locations. The stratifications represent the approximate boundary between subsurface materials and the actual transition may be gradual. The fill extent at each exploration location was estimated based on an examination of the soil samples, the presence of foreign materials, field measurements, and the subsurface data. The explorations performed are not adequate to accurately identify the full extent of existing fill soil across the site. Consequently, the actual fill soil extent may be much greater than that shown on the exploration logs and discussed herein. The samples that were not altered by laboratory testing will be retained for at least 90 days from the date of this report and then will be discarded.

2.4 Groundwater Information

Groundwater was not observed during out subsurface investigation. According to a historical well log (available from <u>http://apps.wrd.state.or.us/apps/gw/well_log/</u>) drilled approximately 700 feet north of the property, static groundwater was encountered 325 feet below the ground surface.

Although a static groundwater level was not encountered at the time of our subsurface investigation, it is possible for a perched groundwater level to be present within the depths explored at some future time depending upon climatic and rainfall conditions. In general, we do not expect that groundwater will influence the proposed construction.

2.5 Seismic Design Parameters and Hazards

In accordance with ASCE 7-16, we recommend a Site Class C (very dense soil and soft rock profile) for this site when considering the average of the upper 100 feet of bearing material beneath the foundations. This recommendation is based on the results of our subsurface investigation as well as our understanding of the local geology.

Inputting our recommended Site Class as well as the site latitude and longitude into the Seismic Design Maps (SEAOC/OSHPD) website (<u>http://seismicmaps.org</u>), we obtained the seismic design parameters shown in Table 1 below.

| | (|
|--|----------------|
| Parameter | Recommendation |
| Site Class | С |
| Ss | 0.512g |
| S ₁ | 0.235g |
| Fa | 1.295 |
| Fv | 1.500 |
| S_{MS} (= $S_s x F_a$) | 0.663g |
| S _{M1} (=S ₁ x F _v) | 0.353g |
| S _{DS} (=2/3 x S _s x F _a) | 0.442g |
| Design PGA (=S _{DS} /2.5) | 0.177g |
| MCE _G PGA | 0.228g |
| F _{PGA} | 1.200 |
| PGA _M (=MCE _G PGA x F _{PGA}) | 0.273g |
| Noto: Site letitude - 45 7260 | $\frac{1}{2}$ |

Table 1: Seismic Design Parameter Recommendations (ASCE 7-16)

Note: Site latitude = 45.736933, longitude = -121.488038

The return interval for these ground motions is 2 percent probability of exceedance in 50 years.

As stated above, the property is not mapped within a liquefaction hazard zone; which coincides with the findings of our subsurface investigation. Because we do not consider the soils to be liquefiable (and because there are not any significant slopes on the property), there is not a risk of seismically induced lateral spreading.

With respect to slope stability, we do not consider the subject property to be oversteepened and at risk of sliding given the subject property slopes are generally not steeper than 2H:1V (except for a portion of the proposed access road). The slopes steeper than 2H:1V along the access road should be regraded to be 2H:1V to avoid the risk of shallow soil movement.

3.0 EVALUATION AND FOUNDATION RECOMMENDATIONS

3.1 Geotechnical Discussion

The following geotechnical factors may influence the proposed construction:

- 1. Presence of possible fill/tilled soils As stated above, we encountered rootlets in the upper soils at all of our test pits to depths ranging from 2 to 4 feet bgs. It is possible these organic soils are the result of agricultural tilling or clearing the area in the past. The presence of such materials could result in excess settlements and unsatisfactory foundation performance. As such, for structures (i.e. buildings, pavement, retaining walls, etc.) we recommend overexcavating the fill/tilled soils down to the hard native soils encountered at depths of 2 to 4 feet bgs (i.e. any new foundations for the proposed subdivision penetrate through the compressible soils to bear on the sandy silt soils).
- 2. Moisture sensitive soils The fine-grained portion of the soils encountered at the site are expected to be moisture sensitive. The increase in moisture content during periods of wet weather can cause significant reduction in the soil strength and support capabilities and will also be slow to dry. As such, water should not be allowed to collect in foundation excavations or on prepared subgrades, and care should be taken when operating construction equipment on the exposed subgrade. While not required, we recommend consideration be given to performing construction in the dry summer months to reduce the risk of damaging the site soils with the construction equipment. See more detailed recommendations for drainage in Section 4.1.
- 3. Practical digging refusal encountered In our subsurface investigation, all of the test pits terminated with practical excavation refusal on hard soil/decomposed rock (except for TP-5 and TP-8 which were terminated due to practical excavator reach). The depth to practical excavation refusal ranged from 4 to 9.5 feet in our explorations. Excavations through this stratum may be difficult and require specialized equipment.
- 4. Lack of detailed design drawings We have not been provided with a detailed design drawing set for the proposed construction. Once the drawings for the project are complete, we should review those drawings to determine if the design complies with our recommendations or if our recommendations need to be modified.

In summary, provided the recommendations in this report are adhered to, we do not foresee any major issues that would preclude the proposed construction. The above-mentioned factors are listed to draw the attention of the reader to the issues to address during design and construction of the proposed development.

3.2 General Site Preparation

Prior to the start of any earthwork, the test pit locations performed for our subsurface investigation, that fall under or adjacent to structurally improved areas, should be located, excavated to their bottoms, and backfilled with well-graded granular structural fill in properly compacted lifts, under the observation of a representative of the Geotechnical Engineer.

We envision that the topsoil, vegetation, roots, soft soils, and any other deleterious soils will need to be stripped from beneath the proposed building areas and proposed roadways. Topsoil in our test pits ranged from about 6 to 12 inches thick. In addition, as stated above, beneath new structures we recommend overexcavating the fill/tilled soils encountered across the property to depths ranging from 2 feet to 4 feet. It should be expected that the depth of these materials may vary across the site. A representative of the Geotechnical Engineer should determine the depth of removal at the time of construction.

After stripping and excavating to the proposed subgrade level, as required, the building areas and roadways should be inspected by a representative of the Geotechnical Engineer and proofrolled with a fully loaded, tandem axle, rubber tire dump truck or water truck. Soils that are observed to rut or deflect excessively under the moving load, or are otherwise judged to be unsuitable, should be undercut and replaced with properly compacted fill. If the subgrade cannot be accessed with a dump truck, then the subgrade will need to be visually evaluated by a representative of the Geotechnical Engineer by soil probing.

Any utilities present beneath the proposed construction will need to be located and rerouted as necessary and any abandoned pipes or utility conduits should be removed to inhibit the potential for subsurface erosion. Utility trench excavations should be backfilled with properly compacted structural fill as discussed in Section 3.3 below.

3.3 Structural Fill

Structural fill should be free of organics or other deleterious materials, have a maximum particle size less than 3 inches, be relatively well graded, and have a liquid limit less than 45 and plasticity index less than 25. In our professional opinion the onsite native soils are likely not appropriate for use as structural fill due to their variable, fine grained, moisture sensitive nature. As such, it may be more practical to import granular, well graded, crushed rock gravel structural fill. We recommend all structural fill be moisture conditioned to within 3 percentage points below and 2 percentage points above optimum moisture as determined by ASTM D1557 (Modified Proctor). If water must be added, it should be uniformly applied and thoroughly mixed into the soil by disking or scarifying.

Fill should be placed in relatively uniform horizontal lifts on the prepared subgrade which has been stripped of deleterious materials and approved by the Geotechnical Engineer or their representative. If loose soils exist on the prepared subgrades, they should be re-compacted. Each loose lift should be about 1-foot thick. The type of compaction equipment used will ultimately

determine the maximum lift thickness. Structural fill should be compacted to at least 92 percent of the maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D1557. Each lift of compacted engineered fill should be tested by a representative of the Geotechnical Engineer prior to placement of subsequent lifts.

Any structural fill placed on slopes at or greater than 5H:1V should be properly benched. Level benches excavated into the existing slope should be a minimum of 4 feet wide laterally, and should be cut into the slope for no more than every five feet of vertical rise. The placement of fill should begin at the base of the fill. All benches should be inspected by a representative of the Geotechnical Engineer and approved prior to placement of structural fill lifts. If evidence of seepage is observed in the bench excavations, a supplemental drainage system may need to be designed and installed to prevent hydrostatic pressure buildup behind the fill. Final fill and/or cut slopes should be kept at or below a slope of 2H:1V. The fill should extend horizontally outward beyond the exterior perimeter of the building and pavements at least 5 feet and 3 feet respectively, prior to sloping.

To reiterate, each lift of compacted engineered fill should be tested by a representative of the Geotechnical Engineer prior to placement of subsequent lifts.

3.4 Foundation Recommendations

Once the site has been properly prepared as discussed above, the proposed residences can be supported on a conventional shallow foundation system. Spread footings for building columns and continuous footings for bearing walls can be designed for an allowable soil bearing pressure of up to 2,000 psf for foundations bearing on the very stiff to hard native soils first encountered in our test pits at depths of about 2 to 4 feet bgs, or on properly compacted, granular structural fill overlying the native soils. The above allowable soil bearing pressure can be increased by one-third when including short-term wind or seismic loads. Minimum footing dimensions should be in compliance with the 2018 IRC.

Lateral frictional resistance between the base of footings and the subgrade can be expressed as the applied vertical load multiplied by a coefficient of friction of 0.30 for concrete foundations bearing directly on the very stiff to hard native soils or structural fill. In addition, lateral loads may be resisted by passive earth pressures based on an equivalent fluid pressure of 300 pounds per cubic foot (pcf) for footings poured "neat" against the above-mentioned soil. These are ultimate values—we recommend a factor of safety of 1.5 be applied to the equivalent fluid pressure, which is appropriate due to the amount of movement required to develop full passive resistance. To be clear, no safety factor has been applied to the friction factor recommended above either.

Exterior footings and foundations in unheated areas should be located at a depth of at least 18 inches below the final exterior grade to provide adequate frost protection. If the residences are to be constructed during the winter months or if the foundation soils will likely be subjected to freezing temperatures after foundation construction, then the foundation soils should be

adequately protected from freezing. Otherwise, interior foundations can be located at nominal depths compatible with architectural and structural considerations.

The foundation excavations should be observed by a representative of the Geotechnical Engineer prior to steel or concrete placement to assess that the foundation materials are capable of supporting the design loads and are consistent with the materials discussed in this report. Unsuitable soil zones encountered at the bottom of the foundation excavations should be removed and replaced with properly compacted structural fill as directed by the Geotechnical Engineer.

After opening, foundation excavations should be observed and concrete placed as quickly as possible to avoid exposure of the excavation to wetting and drying. Surface run-off water should be drained away from the excavations and not be allowed to pond. If possible, the foundation concrete should be placed during the same day the excavation is made. If the soils will be exposed for more than 2 days or for any length of time during precipitation events, consideration should be given to placing a thin layer of rock atop the exposed subgrade to protect it from the elements.

Based on the known subsurface conditions we anticipate that properly designed and constructed foundations could experience maximum total and differential settlements on the order of 1-inch and 1/2-inch, respectively.

We recommend that the perimeter foundations include footing drains on the exterior of the buildings. The footing drains typically consist of a 3 or 4 inch diameter perforated drain pipe placed in a trench excavated next to the base of the footing and surrounded on the sides and above by drain rock. To increase the drain pipe life, we recommend it be sleeved with a sock (i.e. filter fabric). Footing drains do a have a useful life and eventually need to be replaced—because they can get silted up. Footing drains should be discharged to an approved outlet point and should not be connected directly to crawl space drains or storm drains, unless there is a backflow preventer installed to prevent the different drain lines from backing up into each other.

3.5 Floor Slab Recommendations

For the purposes of this report, we have assumed that maximum floor slab loads will not exceed 150 psf. Based on the existing soil conditions, the design of slabs-on-grade can be based on a subgrade modulus (k) of 150 pci. This subgrade modulus value represents an anticipated value which would be obtained in a standard in-situ plate test with a 1-foot square plate.

It is our professional opinion that the floor slabs can be grade supported on a minimum of 6 inches of properly compacted well-graded granular structural fill placed on the very stiff to hard native soils first encountered in our test pits at depths of about 2 to 4 feet bgs. The structural fill should be placed as outlined in Section 3.3 above. The floor slabs should have an adequate number of joints to reduce cracking resulting from any differential movement and shrinkage.

Where feasible, the slab area native subgrade should be proof-rolled with a heavily loaded tandem axel dump truck, or similar rubber-tired vehicle, to identify as "soft" spots prior to the placement of any structural fill. Soils that are observed to rut or deflect excessively under the moving load, or are otherwise judged to be unsuitable, should be undercut and replaced with properly compacted structural fill. In the case that the subgrade area is not accessible to a large rubber-tired vehicle, the Geotechnical Engineer's representative may need to approve the slab subgrade using a steel probe rod.

The 6-inch thick well graded granular structural fill should provide a capillary break to limit migration of moisture through the slab. If additional protection against moisture vapor is desired, a vapor retarding membrane may also be incorporated into the design. Factors such as cost, special considerations for construction, and the floor covering suggest that decisions on the use of vapor retarding membranes be made by the project design team, the contractor, and the owner.

3.6 Retaining Wall Recommendations

While we are not aware of any specific retaining walls for the project, we are providing these general recommendations for preliminary planning purposes. Once more detailed plans are known about retaining walls, we should be provided the drawings so that we can update our recommendations if necessary. For the purposes of this report, we have assumed that no walls will be greater than 10 feet tall.

Retaining wall footings should be designed in accordance with the recommendations contained in Section 3.4 above. Lateral earth pressures on walls, which are not restrained at the top, may be calculated on the basis of an "active" equivalent fluid pressure of 35 pcf for level backfill, and 60 pcf for sloping backfill with a maximum 2H:1V slope. Lateral earth pressures on walls that are restrained from yielding at the top (i.e. stem walls) may be calculated on the basis of an "at-rest" equivalent fluid pressure of 55 pcf for level backfill, and 90 pcf for sloping backfill with a maximum 2H:1V slope. The stated equivalent fluid pressures do not include surcharge loads, such as foundation, vehicle, equipment, etc., adjacent to walls, hydrostatic pressure buildup, or earthquake loading. Surcharge loads on walls should be calculated based on the attached formulas shown in Appendix E.

We recommend that retaining walls be designed for an earth pressure determined using the Mononobe-Okabe method to mitigate future seismic forces. Our calculations were based on one-half of the Design Peak Ground Acceleration (PGA) value of 0.177g, which was obtained from Table 1 above. We have assumed that the retained soil/rock will have a minimum friction angle of 29 degrees and a total unit weight of about 115 pounds per cubic foot. For seismic loading on retaining walls with level backfill, new research indicates that the seismic load is to be applied at 1/3 H of the wall instead of 2/3 H, where H is the height of the wall⁵. We recommend that a Mononobe-Okabe earthquake thrust per linear foot of 4.7 psf * H² be applied at 1/3 H, where H is the height of the wall measured in feet. Note that the recommended earthquake thrust value is appropriate for slopes

⁵ Lew, M., et al (2010). "Seismic Earth Pressures on Depp Building Basements," SEAOC 2010 Convention Proceedings, Indian Wells, CA.

behind the retaining wall of up to 10 degrees. For a maximum 2H:1V slope, we recommend 16 psf * H². This assumes a granular backfill retained by the walls.

All backfill for retaining walls should be select granular material, such as sand or crushed rock with a maximum particle size between $\frac{3}{4}$ and 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches, having less than 5 percent material passing the No. 200 sieve. Because of their fines content, the native soils do not meet this requirement, and it will be necessary to import material to the project for wall backfill. Non-expansive soils can be used for the last 18 to 24 inches of backfill, thus acting as a seal to the granular backfill. All backfill behind retaining walls should be moisture conditioned to within ± 2 percent of optimum moisture content, and compacted to a minimum of 90 percent of the material's maximum dry density as determined in accordance with ASTM D1557 (Modified Proctor). This recommendation applies to all backfill located within a horizontal distance equal to 75 percent of the wall height, but should be no less than 4 feet.

An adequate subsurface drain system will need to be designed and installed behind retaining walls to prevent hydrostatic buildup. A waterproofing system should be designed for any basement walls where moisture intrusion is not desirable.

3.7 Pavement Section Thickness Recommendations

After the site has been stripped and prepared in accordance with Section 3.2 of this report (i.e. the fill is overexcavated), the pavement subgrade should be proofrolled with a fully loaded dual axle dump truck. Areas found to be soft or yielding under the weight of a dump truck should be overexcavated as recommended by the Geotechnical Engineer's representative and replaced with additional crushed rock gravel fill.

The pavement section thickness recommendations presented below in Tables 2 and 3 are considered typical and minimum for the assumed parameters. In order to achieve the assumed 20-year design life, pavement does need regular maintenance to protect the underlying subgrade from being damaged. The primary concern is subgrade water saturation which can cause it to weaken. Proper site drainage should be maintained to protect pavement areas. In addition, cracks that develop in the pavement should be sealed on a regular basis.

Using the AASHTO method of flexible pavement design, the following design parameters have been assumed:

- An assumed California Bearing Ratio (CBR) value of 20 for the very stiff to hard native soils.
- A pavement life of 20 years.
- A terminal serviceability (Pt) of 2 (i.e. poor pavement condition).
- A regional factor (R) of 3.0.
- Assumed total car trips of:
 - 10 cars per day for car parking (which equates to 2.2 daily equivalent single axle loads, ESALs)

- 60 cars per day for drive lanes (which equates to 13.4 daily equivalent single axle loads, ESALs)

The project Civil Engineer should review our assumptions to confirm they are appropriate for the anticipated traffic loading. See Tables 2 and 3 below for recommended pavement section thicknesses based on the above assumptions.

| Pavement Materials | Parking Areas | Drive Lanes |
|---|---------------|-------------|
| Asphaltic Concrete | 2.5 inches | 3 inches |
| Crushed Aggregate Base Course (less than 5% fines) | 6 inches | 6 inches |

Table 2: Asphaltic Concrete - Recommended Minimum Thicknesses (inches)

| Pavement Materials | Parking Areas | Drive Lanes |
|---|---------------|-------------|
| Portland Cement Concrete | 6 inches | 6 inches |
| Crushed Aggregate Base Course (less than 5% fines) | 6 inches | 6 inches |

Asphaltic concrete materials should be compacted to at least 91 percent of the material's theoretical maximum density as determined in general accordance with ASTM D2041 (Rice Specific Gravity). The crushed aggregate base course should consist of well-graded crushed stone with a maximum particle size no greater than 2 inches. Aggregate base course materials should be free of organics or other deleterious materials, be relatively clean (i.e. less than 5 percent soil passing the U.S. #200 sieve), well graded, and have a liquid limit less than 45 and plasticity index less than 25. The base course should be moisture conditioned to within 2 percent of optimum and compacted to a minimum of 95 percent of ASTM D1557 as outlined in Section 3.3 of this report. When placed, the lift base course thickness should generally not exceed 12 inches prior to compacting. The type of compaction equipment used will ultimately determine the maximum lift thickness. In addition, we recommend that the structural fill be placed within +/- 2 percent of the optimum moisture for that material.

4.0 CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS

EEI should be retained to provide observation and testing of construction activities involved in the foundation, earthwork, and related activities of this project. EEI cannot accept any responsibility for any conditions that deviate from those described in this report, nor for the performance of the foundations if not engaged to also provide construction observation for this project.

4.1 Moisture Sensitive Soils/Weather Related Concerns

The soils encountered at this site are expected to be sensitive to disturbances caused by construction traffic and to changes in moisture content. During wet weather periods, increases in the moisture content of the soil can cause significant reduction in the soil strength and support capabilities. In addition, soils that become wet may be slow to dry and thus significantly retard the progress of grading and compaction activities. It will, therefore, be advantageous to perform earthwork and foundation construction activities during dry weather.

4.2 Drainage and Groundwater Considerations

Water should not be allowed to collect in the foundation excavations or on prepared subgrades for the floor sections during construction. Positive site drainage should be maintained throughout construction activities. Undercut or excavated areas should be sloped toward one corner to facilitate removal of any collected rainwater, groundwater, or surface runoff. If groundwater is encountered, a system of sumps and pumps may be required to keep footing excavations drained until the footing is placed to prevent softening of the subgrade soils.

A site grading plan should be developed to provide rapid drainage of surface water permanently away from the building areas and to inhibit infiltration of surface water around the perimeter of the building and beneath slabs. The grades should be sloped away from the building areas. Roof runoff should be piped (tightlined) away from the subdivision residences and commercial buildings. As discussed in Section 3.4, we recommend the foundations include footing drains on the exterior of the homes.

4.3 Excavations

In Federal Register, Volume 54, No. 209 (October 1989), the United States Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) amended its "Construction Standards for Excavations, 29 CFR, part 1926, Subpart P". This document and subsequent updates were issued to better insure the safety of workmen entering trenches or excavations. It is mandated by this federal regulation that excavations, whether they be utility trenches, basement excavations or footing excavations, be constructed in accordance with the new OSHA guidelines. It is our

understanding that these regulations are being strictly enforced and if they are not closely followed, the owner and the contractor could be liable for substantial penalties.

The contractor is solely responsible for designing and constructing stable, temporary excavations and should shore, slope, or bench the sides of the excavations as required to maintain stability of both the excavation sides and bottom. The contractor's "responsible person", as defined in 29 CFR Part 1926, should evaluate the soil exposed in the excavations as part of the contractor's safety procedures. In no case should slope height, slope inclination, or excavation depth, including utility trench excavation depth, exceed those specified in local, state, and federal safety regulations.

We are providing this information solely as a service to our client. EEI does not assume responsibility for construction site safety or the contractor's compliance with local, state, and federal safety or other regulations.

5.0 REPORT LIMITATIONS

As is standard practice in the geotechnical industry, the conclusions contained in our report are considered preliminary because they are based on assumptions made about the soil, rock, and groundwater conditions exposed at the site during our subsurface investigation. A more complete extent of the actual subsurface conditions can only be identified when they are exposed during construction. Therefore, EEI should be retained as your consultant during construction to observe the actual conditions and to provide our final conclusions. If a different geotechnical consultant is retained to perform geotechnical inspection during construction, then they should be relied upon to provide final design conclusions and recommendations and should assume the role of geotechnical engineer of record, as is the typical procedure required by the governing jurisdiction.

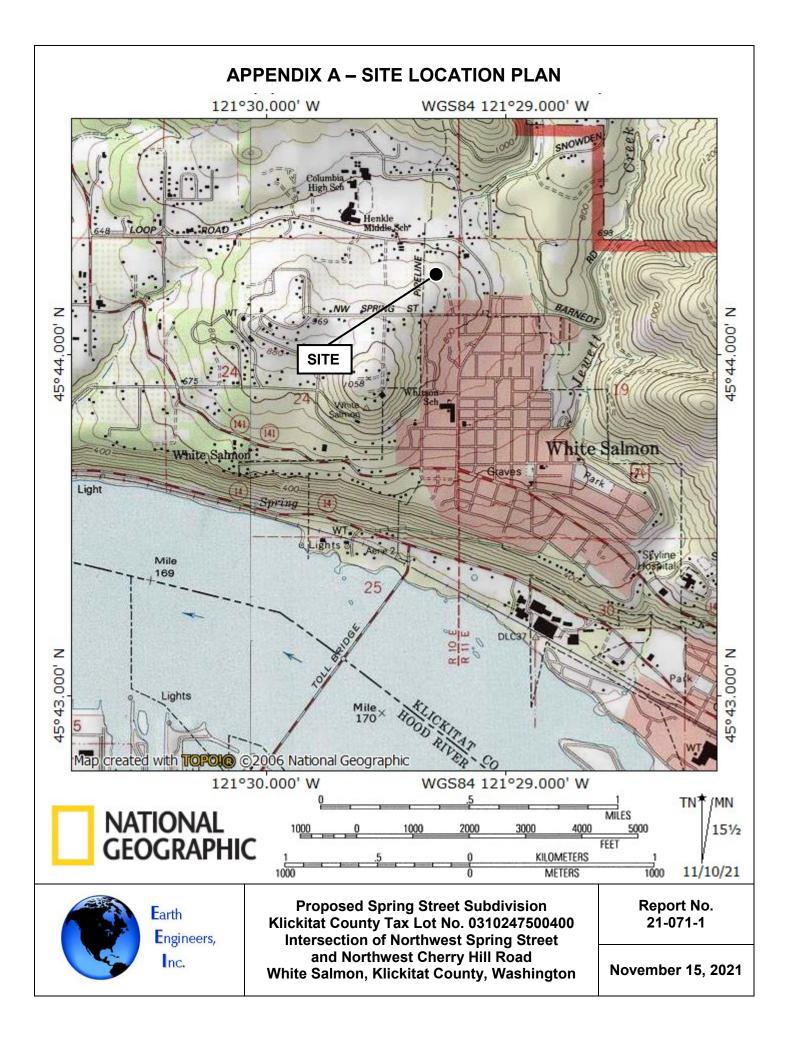
The geotechnical recommendations presented in this report are based on the available project information, and the subsurface materials described in this report. If any of the noted information is incorrect, please inform EEI in writing so that we may amend the recommendations presented in this report, if appropriate, and if desired by the client. EEI will not be responsible for the implementation of its recommendations when it is not notified of changes in the project.

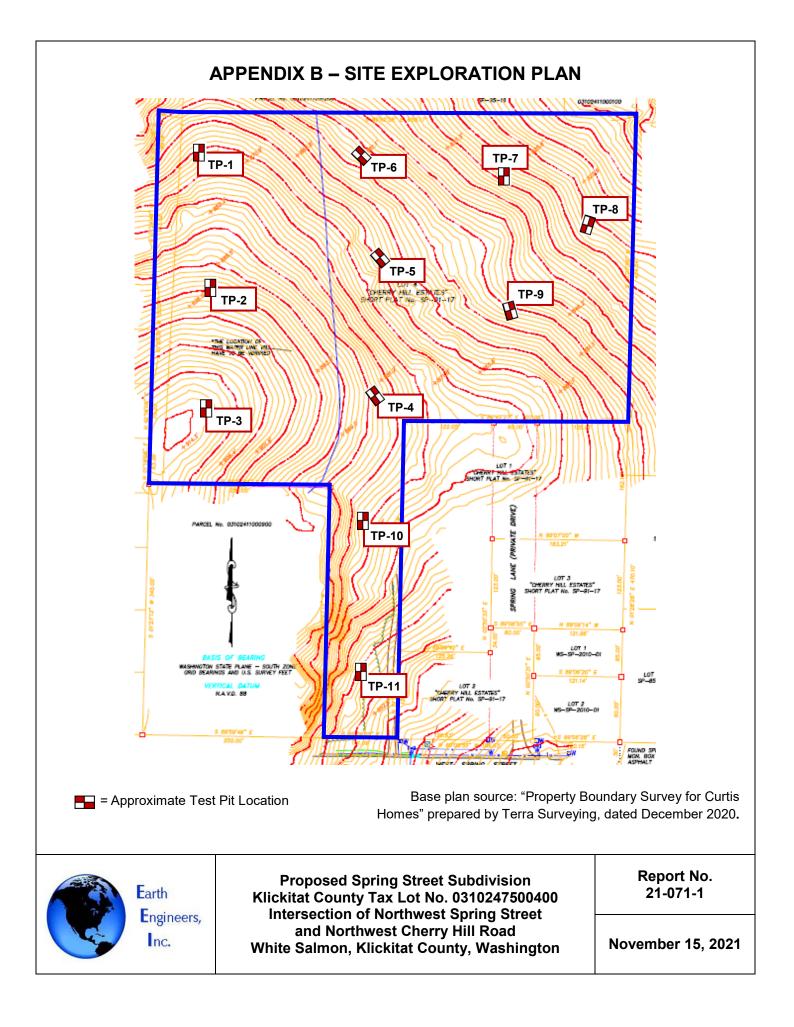
Once construction plans are finalized and a grading plan has been prepared, EEI should be retained to review those plans, and modify our existing recommendations related to the proposed construction, if determined to be necessary.

The Geotechnical Engineer warrants that the findings, recommendations, specifications, or professional advice contained herein have been made in accordance with generally accepted professional geotechnical engineering practices in the local area. No other warranties are implied or expressed.

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of our client, Legacy Development Group for the proposed Spring Street Subdivision located on Klickitat County Tax Lot No. 0310247500400 off of Spring Street near the intersection with Northwest Cherry Hill Road in White Salmon, Klickitat County, Washington. EEI does not authorize the use of the advice herein nor the reliance upon the report by third parties without prior written authorization by EEI.

APPENDICES





| 6 | 32 | Ū. | N. | Earth | | Ар | pe | nc | li | x C |): T | es | t P | it T | Έ- | Sheet 1 of |
|------------|-------------|------------|--------|--|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| | | | | Engineers, Inc. | Client: Legacy Development Project: Proposed Spring St Site Address: Tax Lot No. 0 White Salmon, Klickitat Cour Location of Exploration: See Logged By: Jacqui Boyer | reet Su 310247 hty, Wa | bdivisio 500400 Ishingto |) | | | Ex Ex Ex Ap | cavatic cavatic proxim | on Con on Meth on Equi ate Gr | tractor: nod: Ex pment ound S | Legac cavato Takeu surface | y Development Group r with 2 foot toothed bucket ichi TB240 Elevation (ft msl): 875 15, 2021 |
| | | | | l | _ithology | | | | | | | | Sampli | ng Dat | а | |
| Depth (ft) | Water Level | Lithologic | Symbol | Soil ar | c Description of nd Rock Strata | Sample Number | Digging Effort | Blo 6 | ows Inc | Probe Per hes | Pocket Pen. (tsf) | Moisture Content (%) | % Passing #200 Sieve | Liquid Limit | Plastic Limit | Remarks |
| _ | | | | Topsoil - light brown to moist (8-inches thi | sandy silt with rootlets, dry ck) | | Mod. | | | | | | | | | |
| | - | | | | ew to little sand, rootlets, coal pieces, dry, medium | GRAB 1 | | | | | 2.5 | 9 | 89 | | | possible tilled soils |
| | - | | | Silt (ML) - brown to re decomposed rock fra few gravel, moist, ver | eddish brown sandy silt with gments (black to red) and ry stiff to hard | GRAB 2 | Hard | | | | 4.5+ | 36 | 60 | | | scraping on hard soil |
| | - | | | dark brown to red to basalt encountered | orange to gray decomposed | GRAB 3 | | | | | | 28 | 98 | | | practical digging refusal on hard soil/decomposed rock |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| 6 | 195 | STATE A | Earth | | Ар | pe | n | di | X | С | : T | es | t P | it T | 'P-2 | 2 Sheet 1 of |
|----------------------|-------------|----------------------|---|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|-------|----------------------|-----|----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--|
| | | | Engineers, Inc. | Client: Legacy Development Project: Proposed Spring Str Site Address: Tax Lot No. 03 White Salmon, Klickitat Cour Location of Exploration: See Logged By: Jacqui Boyer | reet Su 310247 hty, Wa | bdivisio 500400 ashingto | 0 | | | | Ex Ex Ex Ap | cavatic cavatic proxim | n Cont n Meth n Equi ate Gre | tractor: nod: Ex pment: ound S | Legac cavato Takeu urface | y Development Group r with 2 foot toothed bucket ichi TB240 Elevation (ft msl): 895 15, 2021 |
| | | | l | ithology | | | | | | | | | Sampli | ng Dat | а | |
| Depth (ft) | Water Level | Lithologic Symbol | Soil ar | c Description of d Rock Strata | Sample Number | Digging Effort | В | lows | Prob S Per hes | e | Pocket Pen. (tsf) | Moisture Content (%) | % Passing #200 Sieve | Liquid Limit | Plastic Limit | Remarks |
|) | | | Topsoil - light brown to moist (10-inches th | sandy silt with rootlets, dry iick) | | Easy | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 — | | | Fill - light brown sanc chips and charcoal p very stiff | y silt with rootlets, wood eces, dry, medium stiff to | | | | | | | | | | | | possible tilled soils |
| | | | Silt (ML) - orange-bro silt with decomposed red), moist, very stiff | wn to reddish brown sandy rock fragments (black to to hard | GRAB 1 | Mod. | | | | | 4.5+ | 50 | | | | |
| | | | | | GRAB 2 | | | | | | | 24 | | | | |
| | | | dark brown to red to basalt encountered | prange to gray decomposed | GRAB 3 | Hard | | | | | | 36 | | | | practical digging refusal |
| | | | | | | L | | | | | | | | | | rock |
| j Jotes vith e | exca | avated s | erminated at a depth of soil on 10/15/2021. App d December 2020. | approximately 8 feet bgs. Gr | roundv ed fror | vater w n surve | as i | not e | enco "Pro | unt | ered a | at the t undary | ime of Surve | the ex ey for C | ploratio Curtis H | on. Test pit loosely backfill lomes" prepared by Terra |

| | 122 | | Earth | | Ар | pe | n | d | ix | C |): T | es | t P | it T | Ъ-: | 3 Sheet 1 of 1 |
|--|-------------|----------------------|--|--|------------------------------|--------------------------------|----|------|-----------------------|----------|----------------------|---|------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---|
| | | | Engineers, Inc. | Client: Legacy Development Project: Proposed Spring St Site Address: Tax Lot No. 03 White Salmon, Klickitat Cour Location of Exploration: See Logged By: Jacqui Boyer | reet Su 310247 nty, Wa | bdivisio 500400 ashingto | C | | | | Ex Ex Ex Ap | cavatic cavatic cavatic proxim | on Meth on Equi ate Gr | tractor: nod: E> pment ound S | Legac cavato Takeu Surface | ry Development Group or with 2 foot toothed bucket Juchi TB240 Elevation (ft msl): 914 15, 2021 |
| | | | l | i _ithology | | | _ | | | | | | Sampli | ng Dat | а | |
| Depth (ft) | Water Level | Lithologic Symbol | Geologi Soil ar | c Description of nd Rock Strata | Sample Number | Digging Effort | | Blov | e Pro ws F nche | er es | Pocket Pen. (tsf) | Moisture Content (%) | % Passing #200 Sieve | Liquid Limit | Plastic Limit | Remarks |
| 0 _ | | | Topsoil - light brown to moist (12-inches th | sandy silt with rootlets, dry nick) | | Mod. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 — 2 — 3 — | | | | ly silt with rootlets, wood ieces, dry, medium stiff to | GRAB 1 | | | | | | | 10 | | | | possible tilled soils |
| 4 — | | | Silt (ML) - brown silt decomposed rock fra moist, very stiff to ha | with few sand and gravel, igments (black to red), rd | GRAB 3 GRAB 2 | Hard | | | | | | 15 | 94 | | | |
| 5 — 6 — – | | | dark brown to red to decomposed basalt e | | GRAB 4 GF | | | | | | | 19 | 95 | | | practical digging refusal on hard soil/decomposed rock |
| 8 — 9 — 10 — 11 — 12 — 13 — 14 — | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 Notes | s: T | est pit te | rminated at a depth of | f approximately 7 feet bgs. G proximate elevation interpolat | roundw | vater wa | as | s no | t en | cour | ntered | at the t | ime of | the ex | plorati | on. Test pit loosely backfilled |

| | 10 | | Earth | | Ар | pe | n | ndi | ix | С | : T | es | t P | it T | Ρ-4 | 4 Sheet 1 of 1 |
|--------------------------|-------------|----------------------|---|--|---|---------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---|
| | | | Engineers, Inc. | Site Address: Tax Lot No. 03 White Salmon, Klickitat Cour | posed Spring Street SubdivisionExcavation Contractor: Legacy Development Groups: Tax Lot No. 0310247500400Excavation Method: Excavator with 2 foot toothed bucketon, Klickitat County, WashingtonExcavation Equipment: Takeuchi TB240Exploration: See Appendix BApproximate Ground Surface Elevation (ft msl): 884Jacqui BoyerDate of Exploration: October 15, 2021 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | _ithology | | | | | | | | | Sampli | ng Dat | а | |
| Depth (ft) | Water Level | Lithologic Symbol | Soil ar | c Description of nd Rock Strata | Sample Number | Digging Effort | | Blow | Prob /s Pe ches | er | Pocket Pen. (tsf) | Moisture Content (%) | % Passing #200 Sieve | Liquid Limit | Plastic Limit | Remarks |
| 0 | | | to moist (6-inches thi Fill - light brown sand | sandy silt with rootlets, dry ck) ly silt with rootlets, wood ieces, dry, medium stiff to | | Easy Mod. | | | | | | | | | | possible tilled soils |
| 3 — 4 — 5 — 6 — | - | | Silt (ML) - reddish bro decomposed rock fra moist, very stiff to ha | gments (black to red), | GRAB 2 GRAB 1 | Hard | | | | | | 41 43 | | | | |
| 7 — - 8 | - | | | | GRAB 3 | | | | | | | 44 | | | | practical digging refusal on consolidated soil |
| - 9 — - | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 — | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 — | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 — _ | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 — _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 — _ | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Note with | exc | avated s | erminated at a depth of oil on 10/15/2021. App I December 2020. | approximately 8 feet bgs. Growing for the set of the se | roundw ed fron | vater wa n surve | as ey | s not titlec | enco d "Pro | oun ope | tered a rty Bo | at the t undary | time of y Surve | the ex ey for (| plorati Curtis F | on. Test pit loosely backfilled lomes" prepared by Terra |

| (a) | | Earth | | Ар | pe | ndix C | :: T | es | t Pi | it T | P-5 | Sheet 1 of |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| | | Engineers, Inc. | Client: Legacy Developmen Project: Proposed Spring SI Site Address: Tax Lot No. 0 White Salmon, Klickitat Cou Location of Exploration: See Logged By: Jacqui Boyer | treet Su 310247 inty, Wa | bdivisio 500400 Ishingto | | Exc Exc Exc Ap | cavatic cavatic cavatic cavatic proxim | on Meth on Equi ate Gro | tractor: nod: Ex pment ound S | Legac cavato Takeu urface | y Development Group r with 2 foot toothed bucket ichi TB240 Elevation (ft msl): 870 15, 2021 |
| | | | _ithology | | | | | | Samplii | ng Dat | а | |
| Depth (ft) Water Level | Lithologic Symbol | Soil ar | c Description of nd Rock Strata | Sample Number | Digging Effort | Drive Probe Blows Per 6 Inches | Pocket Pen. (tsf) | Moisture Content (%) | % Passing #200 Sieve | Liquid Limit | Plastic Limit | Remarks |
| 0 1 2 3 | | to moist (6-inches thi Fill - brown sandy sill | sandy silt with rootlets, dry ck) with rootlets, wood chips dry, medium stiff to hard | | Easy Mod. | 5 12 10 12 16 39 | | | | | | possible tilled soils |
| 4 5 65 7 3 3 | | Silt (ML) - reddish bro decomposed rock fra moist, hard | own sandy silt with gments (black to red), | GRAB 2 GRAB 1 | Hard | ●32 ●47 ●50 | | 39 | | | | drive probe refusal at 5-inches practical refusal due to |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | excavator reach |

| | | Engineers, Inc. | Project: Proposed Spring St Site Address: Tax Lot No. 0 White Salmon, Klickitat Cou Location of Exploration: See Logged By: Jacqui Boyer | Client: Legacy Development Group Project: Proposed Spring Street Subdivision Site Address: Tax Lot No. 0310247500400 White Salmon, Klickitat County, Washington Location of Exploration: See Appendix B Logged By: Jacqui BoyerReport Number: 21-071-1 Excavation Contractor: Legacy Development Grie Excavation Method: Excavator with 2 foot toothe Excavation Equipment: Takeuchi TB240 Approximate Ground Surface Elevation (ft msl): Date of Exploration: October 15, 2021ithologySampling Data | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------------------|---|--|--|-------------------|------|----------------------------------|----------------------|----|-------------------------|--------|--|---|--|
| Water Level | Lithologic Symbol | Geologi | Lithology c Description of nd Rock Strata | Sample Number | Digging Effort | Blow | Probe /s Per ches 40 60 | Pocket Pen. (tsf) | (% | % Passing #200 Sieve | ng Dat | | Remarks | |
| _ | | to moist (6-inches thi Fill - brown silty sand | sandy silt with rootlets, dry ck) with rootlets, wood chips es, dry, medium dense to | | Easy | | | | | | | | possible tilled soils | |
| _ | | boulder encountered | | GRAB 1 | Mod. | | | | 12 | 39 | | | practical digging refusal on boulder | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | 32 | The second | Earth | | Ap | pe | nc | dix | ‹ C | :: T | es | t P | it T | P- 7 | 7 Sheet 1 of 1 |
|---|-------------|----------------------|---|---|------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------------|---|------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| | | | Engineers, Inc. | Client: Legacy Development Project: Proposed Spring Str Site Address: Tax Lot No. 03 White Salmon, Klickitat Cour Location of Exploration: See Logged By: Jacqui Boyer | reet Su 310247 nty, Wa | ubdivisio 7500400 ashingto |) | | | Ex Ex Ex Ap | cavatic cavatic cavatic proxim | on Meth on Equi ate Gr | tractor: nod: Ex pment ound S | Legac cavato Takeu Surface | y Development Group r with 2 foot toothed bucket ichi TB240 Elevation (ft msl): 840 15, 2021 |
| | | | | _ithology | | | _ | | | | | Sampli | ng Dat | а | - |
| Depth (ft) | Water Level | Lithologic Symbol | Soil ar | c Description of nd Rock Strata | Sample Number | Digging Effort | Bl 6 | ows Inch | | Pocket Pen. (tsf) | Moisture Content (%) | % Passing #200 Sieve | Liquid Limit | Plastic Limit | Remarks |
| 0 | | | Topsoil - light brown to moist (8-inches thi | sandy silt with rootlets, dry ck) | | Easy | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 — 2 — | - | | chips and charcoal p very stiff | ly silt with rootlets, wood ieces, dry, medium stiff to ncountered (abandoned | | | | | | | | | | | possible tilled soils |
| | - | | Silt (ML) - orange-bro silt with decomposed red), moist, very stiff | own to reddish brown sandy rock fragments (black to to hard | GRAB 1 | Mod. | | | | | 41 | | | | |
| 5 — | - | | | | | Hard | | | | | | | | | practical digging refusal on hard soil/decomposed rock |
| 7 — 8 — 9 — 10 — 11 — 12 — 13 — 14 — | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| with (| exc | avated s | erminated at a depth o soil on 10/15/2021. App d December 2020. | f approximately 6 feet bgs. Go proximate elevation interpolat | roundv ed fror | vater wa n surve | as n y titl | ot ei ed " | ncour Prope | ntered a erty Bo | at the t undary | ime of / Surve | the ex ey for (| ploratio Curtis F | on. Test pit loosely backfillec lomes" prepared by Terra |

| | | | Earth | Appendix C: Test Pit TP-8 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------|----------------------|--|--|------------------|-------------------|--|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---|--|--|
| | | | Engineers, Inc. | Client: Legacy Development GroupReport Number: 21-071-1Project: Proposed Spring Street SubdivisionExcavation Contractor: Legacy Development GroupSite Address: Tax Lot No. 0310247500400Excavation Method: Excavator with 2 foot toothed bucketWhite Salmon, Klickitat County, WashingtonExcavation Equipment: Takeuchi TB240Location of Exploration: See Appendix BApproximate Ground Surface Elevation (ft msl): 833Logged By: Jacqui BoyerDate of Exploration: October 15, 2021 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | l | ithology Sampling Data | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Depth (ft) | Water Level | Lithologic Symbol | Soil ar | c Description of nd Rock Strata | Sample Number | Digging Effort | Drive Probe Blows Per 6 Inches | Pocket Pen. (tsf) | Moisture Content (%) | % Passing #200 Sieve | Liquid Limit | Plastic Limit | Remarks | | |
| 0 - 1 2 3 4 5 | | | to moist (10-inches th Fill - light brown sand chips and charcoal p very stiff Silt (ML) - light browr | y silt with rootlets, wood eces, dry, medium stiff to to brown silt with few sand, gments (black to red), | 2 GRAB 1 | Easy Mod. | 6 5 11 16 18 21 24 29 50 | | 12 | | | | possible tilled soils drive probe refusal at 2-inches | | |
| 6 — 7 — 8 — 9 — | | | weathered rock fragm | nents encountered | GRAB 3 GRAB | Hard | | | 24 | 91 | | | practical refusal due to excavator reach | | |
| enco | unt | ered at t | he time of the explorat | approximately 9.5 feet bgs. E on. Test pit loosely backfilled ırtis Homes" prepared by Terr. | with e | excavat | ed soil on 10/ | 15/202 | 21. App | proxima | ately 4. ate ele | 5 feet vation i | bgs. Groundwater was not interpolated from survey | | |

| | 1 E | Berley | Earth | Appendix C: Test Pit TP-9 | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------|----------------------|---|--|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------|--|--|
| | | | Engineers, Inc. | Client: Legacy Development GroupReport Number: 21-071-1Project: Proposed Spring Street SubdivisionExcavation Contractor: Legacy Development GroupSite Address: Tax Lot No. 0310247500400Excavation Method: Excavator with 2 foot toothed buWhite Salmon, Klickitat County, WashingtonExcavation Equipment: Takeuchi TB240Location of Exploration: See Appendix BApproximate Ground Surface Elevation (ft msl): 859Logged By: Jacqui BoyerDate of Exploration: October 15, 2021 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Lithology | | | | | | | ng Dat | а | | |
| Depth (ft) | Water Level | Lithologic Symbol | Soil a | c Description of nd Rock Strata | Sample Number | Digging Effort | Drive Probe Blows Per 6 Inches | Pocket Pen. (tsf) | Moisture Content (%) | % Passing #200 Sieve | Liquid Limit | Plastic Limit | Remarks | |
| 0 | - | | to moist (8-inches thi Fill - light brown sand | sandy silt with rootlets, dry ck) dy silt with rootlets, wood ieces, dry to moist, medium | | Easy | | | | | | | possible tilled soils | |
| 3 — 4 — 5 — | - | | | lark brown silt with few sand, agments (black to red), rd | GRAB 2 GRAB 1 | Mod. | | | 44 | | | | practical digging refusal on hard soil/decomposed rock | |
| 6 — - 7 — 8 — | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 — - 0 — | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 1 — - | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 — - 3 — | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 — - 5 | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | Engineers, Inc. | Client: Legacy Development Group Report Number: 21-071-1 Project: Proposed Spring Street Subdivision Excavation Contractor: Legacy Development Group Site Address: Tax Lot No. 0310247500400 Excavation Method: Excavator with 2 foot toothed bucket White Salmon, Klickitat County, Washington Excavation Equipment: Takeuchi TB240 Location of Exploration: See Appendix B Approximate Ground Surface Elevation (ft msl): 876 Logged By: Jacqui Boyer Date of Exploration: October 15, 2021 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|---|---|------------------|-------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|---|--|--|
| Depth (ft) Water Level | Lithologic Symbol | Geologi | ithology c Description of nd Rock Strata | Sample Number | Digging Effort | Drive Probe Blows Per 6 Inches | Pocket Pen. (tsf) | Moisture Content (%) | % Passing #200 Sieve | ng Data Limit Limit | Plastic Limit | Remarks | | |
| | | to moist (6-inches thi Fill - light brown sand chips and charcoal pi stiff to hard | y silt with rootlets, wood eces, dry to moist, medium od debris encountered | | Easy | 7 6 7 22 49 43 49 | | | | | | possible tilled soils drive probe refusal at | | |
| | | | n to dark brown silt with few rel, decomposed rock ed), moist, hard | GRAB 1 | Mod. Hard | ●50 | | 29 | 90 | | | 3-inches | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | 125 | | Earth | Appendix C: Test Pit TP-11 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|----------------------|---|--|------------------|-------------------|-------------|--------------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|---|--|
| | | | Engineers, Inc. | Client: Legacy Development GroupReport Number: 21-071-1Project: Proposed Spring Street SubdivisionExcavation Contractor: Legacy DevelopmentSite Address: Tax Lot No. 0310247500400Excavation Method: Excavator with 2 foot toWhite Salmon, Klickitat County, WashingtonExcavation Equipment: Takeuchi TB240Location of Exploration: See Appendix BApproximate Ground Surface Elevation (ft rLogged By: Jacqui BoyerDate of Exploration: October 15, 2021 | | | | | | | | | | r with 2 foot toothed bucket ichi TB240 Elevation (ft msl): 860 | |
| | Lithology Sampling Data | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Depth (ft) | Water Level | Lithologic Symbol | Soil ar | c Description of nd Rock Strata | Sample Number | Digging Effort | B | rive F Blows 6 Inc | | Pocket Pen. (tsf) | Moisture Content (%) | % Passing #200 Sieve | Liquid Limit | Plastic Limit | Remarks |
| 0 | | | Topsoil - light brown to moist (8-inches thi | sandy silt with rootlets, dry ck) | | Easy | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 2 | | | Fill - light brown sand | y silt with rootlets, wood eces, dry to moist, medium | | | | | | | | | | | possible tilled soils |
| 3 | | | | | GRAB . | Mod. | | | | | 9 | | | | |
| 4 — | | | Silt (ML) - red to brow decomposed rock fra moist, very stiff to ha | gments (black to red), dry to | GRAB 2 | Hard | | | | | 8 | 81 | | | practical digging refusal on hard soil/decomposed rock |
| 6 — 7 — 8 — 9 — 10 — 11 — 12 — 13 — 14 — | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| with e | exc | avated s | rminated at a depth of oil on 10/15/2021. App December 2020. | approximately 5 feet bgs. Grover for the second sec | oundw ed fron | vater wa | as ey ti | not e | encour "Prope | ntered a | at the tundary | ime of / Surve | the ex | ploratio | on. Test pit loosely backfilled lomes" prepared by Terra |

APPENDIX D: SOIL CLASSIFICATION LEGEND

| APPA | APPARENT CONSISTENCY OF COHESIVE SOILS (PECK, HANSON & THORNBURN 1974, AASHTO 1988) | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|---|----------------------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Descriptor | SPT N ₆₀ (blows/foot)* | Pocket Penetrometer, Qp (tsf) | Torvane (tsf) | Field Approximation | | | | | |
| Very Soft | < 2 | < 0.25 | < 0.12 | Easily penetrated several inches by fist | | | | | |
| Soft | 2 - 4 0.25 - 0.50 | | 0.12 – 0.25 | Easily penetrated several inches by thumb | | | | | |
| Medium Stiff | Stiff 5 – 8 0.50 – 1.0 | | 0.25 – 0.50 | Penetrated several inches by thumb w/moderate effort | | | | | |
| Stiff | 9 – 15 1.0 – 2.0 | | 0.50 – 1.0 | Readily indented by thumbnail | | | | | |
| Very Stiff | 16 – 30 | 2.0 - 4.0 | 1.0 – 2.0 | Indented by thumb but penetrated only with great effort | | | | | |
| Hard | > 30 | > 4.0 | > 2.0 | Indented by thumbnail with difficulty | | | | | |

 * Using SPT N_{60} is considered a crude approximation for cohesive soils.

| APPARENT DENSITY OF COHESIONLESS SOILS (AASHTO 1988) | | | | | | |
|---|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Descriptor SPT N ₆₀ Value (blows/foot) | | | | | | |
| Very Loose | 0 - 4 | | | | | |
| Loose | 5 – 10 | | | | | |
| Medium Dense | 11 – 30 | | | | | |
| Dense | 31 – 50 | | | | | |
| Very Dense | > 50 | | | | | |

| PERCENT OR PROPORTION OF SOILS (ASTM D2488-06) | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Descriptor | Criteria | | | | | | |
| Trace | Trace Particles are present but estimated < 5% | | | | | | |
| Few | Few 5 – 10% | | | | | | |
| Little | Little 15 – 25% | | | | | | |
| Some | Some 30 – 45% | | | | | | |
| Mostly | Mostly 50 - 100% | | | | | | |
| | · | | | | | | |
| Use "about" | Percentages are estimated to nearest 5% in the field. Use "about" unless percentages are based on laboratory testing. | | | | | | |

| MOISTURE (ASTM D2488-06) | | | | |
|---|----------|--|--|--|
| Descriptor | Criteria | | | |
| Dry Absence of moisture, dusty, dry to the touch, v below optimum moisture content (per ASTM D698 or D1557) | | | | |
| Moist Damp but no visible water | | | | |
| Wet Visible free water, usually soil is below water table, well above optimum moisture content (per ASTM D698 or D1557) | | | | |

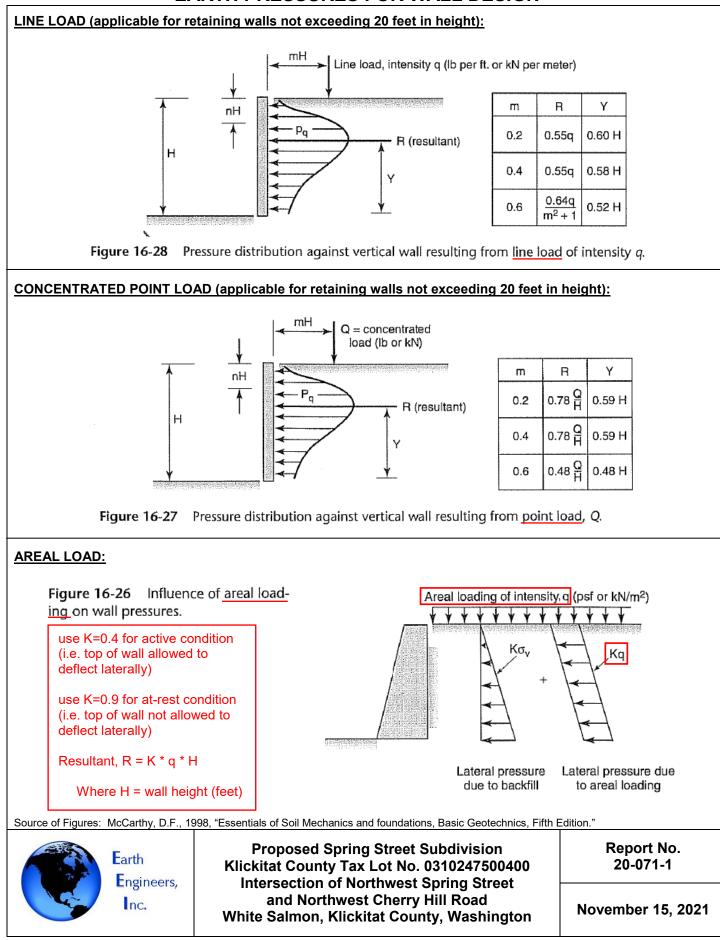
| SOIL PARTICLE SIZE (ASTM D2488-06) | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Descriptor | Size | | | |
| Boulder | > 12 inches | | | |
| Cobble | 3 to 12 inches | | | |
| Gravel - Coarse Fine | ³ / ₄ inch to 3 inches No. 4 sieve to ³ / ₄ inch | | | |
| Sand - Coarse Medium Fine | No. 10 to No. 4 sieve (4.75mm) No. 40 to No. 10 sieve (2mm) No. 200 to No. 40 sieve (.425mm) | | | |
| Silt and Clay ("fines") | Passing No. 200 sieve (0.075mm) | | | |

| | UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (ASTM D2488) | | | | | | |
|--------------|---|---------------|----|--|--|--|--|
| | Major Division | | | Description | | | |
| Coarse | Gravel (50% or | Clean | GW | Well-graded gravels and gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines | | | |
| Grained | more retained | Gravel | GP | Poorly graded gravels and gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines | | | |
| Soils | on No. 4 sieve) | Gravel | GM | Silty gravels and gravel-sand-silt mixtures | | | |
| | $011100. \pm 31000)$ | with fines | GC | Clayey gravels and gravel-sand-clay mixtures | | | |
| (more than | Sand (> 50% passing No. 4 sieve) | Clean sand | SW | Well-graded sands and gravelly sands, little or no fines | | | |
| 50% retained | | | SP | Poorly-graded sands and gravelly sands, little or no fines | | | |
| on #200 | | Sand | SM | Silty sands and sand-silt mixtures | | | |
| sieve) | | with fines | SC | Clayey sands and sand-clay mixtures | | | |
| Fine Grained | Silt and Clay (liquid limit < 50) | | ML | Inorganic silts, rock flour and clayey silts | | | |
| Soils | | | CL | Inorganic clays of low-medium plasticity, gravelly, sandy & lean clays | | | |
| | | | OL | Organic silts and organic silty clays of low plasticity | | | |
| (50% or more | Silt and Clay | | MH | Inorganic silts and clayey silts | | | |
| passing #200 | Silt and Clay (liquid limit > 50) | | СН | Inorganic clays or high plasticity, fat clays | | | |
| sieve) | (iiquiu iiiiii > 50) | | OH | Organic clays of medium to high plasticity | | | |
| Hig | hly Organic Soils | | PT | Peat, muck and other highly organic soils | | | |



| GRAPHIC SYMBOL LEGEND | | | | |
|-----------------------|----------|--|--|--|
| GRAB | \times | Grab sample | | |
| SPT | | Standard Penetration Test (2" OD), ASTM D1586 | | |
| ST | | Shelby Tube, ASTM D1587 (pushed) | | |
| DM | | Dames and Moore ring sampler (3.25" OD and 140-pound hammer) | | |
| CORE | | Rock coring | | |

APPENDIX E: SURCHARGE-INDUCED LATERAL EARTH PRESSURES FOR WALL DESIGN





CITY OF WHITE SALMON

EXHIBIT 10A

CITY HALL

Notice of Application/SEPA Determination (Optional DNS Process)

NOTICE OF APPLICATION/SEPA Comment Period Deadline: February 8th, 2024

PROJECT NAME: Cherry Hill NW Subdivision

FILE NUMBERS: WS-SUB-2024.001, WS-SEPA-2024.001

DESCRIPTION: The applicant, Alex Pedroza of HRK Engineering & Field Services, has submitted an application for a preliminary plat to subdivide one tax parcel (03102475000400) off NW Spring Street, between NW Cherry Hill Rd and Champion Ln into 33 residential lots. The project is located in the R1 zone in the City of White Salmon.

DATE OF NOTICE OF COMPLETE APPLICATION: January 11th, 2024

DATE OF NOTICE OF APPLICATION (NOA): January 25th, 2024

APPROVALS REQUIRED (to the extent known): Preliminary Plat, Final Plat, Building Permits.

APPLICATION PROCESS: A Preliminary Plat application for this development is required per City of White Salmon Municipal Code (WSMC) Chapter(s) 16.20 and 16.30. Preliminary Plat applications receive review and recommendation by the Planning Commission under procedures set forth in Chapter 19.10 (WSMC). The application requires a public hearing before the Planning Commission, which will receive and examine available information, conduct a fair and impartial public hearing, prepare a record thereof, and enter findings, conclusions, recommendations or decision per WSMC. No hearing is scheduled, as the application will undergo a consistency review of these requirements, in addition to consideration of public comment.

STUDIES REQUIRED (to the extent known): environmental checklist, geotechnical report and arborist report are provided. The SEPA comment period will end February 8th, 2024. It is probable that a Determination of Non-Significance or Mitigated Determination of Non-Significance will be issued for this proposal (WAC 197.11.355 optional DNS process). This may be the only opportunity to comment on the environmental impacts of this proposal or appeal any State Environmental Policy Act related decisions. A copy of the subsequent threshold determination and any other information concerning this action may be obtained by contacting the City of White Salmon Planning Department. These documents are available for review Tuesday - Friday, 8:30 - 5:00 p.m., at White Salmon City Hall, 100 N Main Street, White Salmon WA 98672, by request via e-mail, or via the public notice package:

Cherry Hills Estates Plat / https://rb.gy/rmc7ek

COMMENT PERIOD: There is a 10-day public comment period per WSMC 19.10.150. Submit written comments on or before **5 p.m., February 8th, 2024.** Comments should address completeness of the application, quality or quantity of information presented, and the project's conformance to applicable plans or code.

<u>PUBLIC HEARING</u>: A public hearing is required for this project and will be noticed separately. **<u>STAFF CONTACT</u>**: Erika Castro-Guzman at (509) 281-4077 or erikac@whitesalmonwa.gov



WHITSON HUGH PO BOX 3 WHITE SALMON WA 98672

ROGERSON KENNETH 1055 CHAMPION LANE WHITE SALMON WA 98672

REYES MIGUEL PO BOX 2601 WHITE SALMON WA 98672

CRISP DANIEL 1035 CHAMPION LN WHITE SALMON WA 98672

WOOLPERT STEVEN PO BOX 1507 WHITE SALMON WA 98672

MADSEN MORRES 1060 CHAMPION LN WHITE SALMON WA 98672

TRABANT CARL 1070 CHAMPION LN WHITE SALMON WA 98672

ANDERSON JAMES PO BOX 2409 WHITE SALMON WA 98672

PUD #1 of Klickitat County PO Box 187 White Salmon, WA 98672

WA Dept. of Transportation Planning Department 11018 NE 51st Circle Vancouver, WA 98682-8866 Tonya Brumley, Community Affairs Mgr NW Natural 1125 Bargeway Rd The Dalles. OR 97058

Amber Johnson, Habitat Biologist WA Dept of Fish and Wildlife PO Box 484 White Salmon, WA 98672

Kim Gleason, Design Engineer/GIS Klickitat County Public Works 228 W. Main St, MSCH 19 Goldendale, WA 98620

> Dept Fish and Wildlife PO Box 213 Lyle, WA 98635

Klickitat County Assessor Office 205 S Columbus, Room 200 Goldendale, WA 98620

Klickitat County Treasurer 205 S Columbus, MSCH 22, Room 201 Goldendale, WA 98620

> WA Dept of Archaeology PO Box 48343 Olympia, WA 98504-8343

WA State Dept of Natural Resources Rivers Aquatic District PO Box 280 Castle Rock, WA 98611

Department of Ecology, Central 1250 West Alder Street Union Gap, WA 98903

> SEPA CENTER Dept. Natural Resources PO Box 47015 Olympia, WA 98504

Gary Burke, The Honorable Chairman Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation 46411 Timine Way Pendleton, OR 97801

Gerald Lewis, The Honorable Tribal Council Chairman The Confederated Tribes and Bands of the Yakama Nation PO Box 151 Toppenish, WA 98948

Eugene Greene, Jr., The Honorable Council Chairman The Confederated Tribes of Warm Springs pPO Box C Warm Springs, OR 97761

Jennifer Oatman, The Honorable Chairman Nez Perce Tribe PO Box 305 Lapwai, ID 83540

Klickitat County Health PO Box 159 White Salmon, WA 98672

Underwood Conservation District PO Box 96 White Salmon, WA 98672

WA State Dept of Natural Resources Southeast Region 713 Bowers Rd Ellensburg, WA 98926

Department of Natural Resources PO Box 178 Husum, WA 98623

> SEPA Responsible Official 600 Capitol Way North Olympia, WA 98501

> > City of Bingen PO Box 607 Bingen, WA 98605

GIBBS RUSSELL PO BOX 2486 WHITE SALMON WA 98672

FRAME TRUSTEE DAVID 1025 CHAMPION LN WHITE SALMON WA 98672

TAMA ROBIN 1015 CHAMPION LN WHITE SALMON WA 98672

HALLYBURTON II RICHARD PO BOX 104 BINGEN WA 98605

GERMAIN LINDA 2863 HAZEL AVE HOOD RIVER OR 97031

MORRIS BRIAN PO BOX 1548 WHITE SALMON WA 98672

SONNENTAG KYLER 926 HILLSIDE LN WHITE SALMON WA 98672

JOHNSON AMBER 936 HILLSIDE LN WHITE SALMON WA 98672

FLINCHBAUGH RICHARD 182 NW SPRING WHITE SALMON WA 98672

DALLAS RUSSELL PO BOX 591 WHITE SALMON WA 98672 ERASMUS CHRISTIAAN PO BOX 655 WHITE SALMON WA 98672

CLARK REBECCA 21520 SW ORNDUFF RD HILLSBORO OR 97123

WITHERRITE LINDA 633 SE EMIGRANT AVE PENDLETON OR 97801

JOSTAD-MADIAN FAMILY LLC PO BOX 1669 WHITE SALMON WA 98672

WOODS LILLIAN PO BOX 402 WHITE SALMON WA 98672

DELAY CAROL PO BOX 684 WHITE SALMON WA 98672

> RONDORF DENNIS PO BOX 237 HUSUM WA 98623

WOODCOCK KATHERINE PO BOX 416 CASCADE LOCKS OR 97014

PICKENS TRUSTEE MICHAEL 180 NW SPRING ST WHITE SALMON WA 98672

HERMAN DOROTHY 1001 NW CHERRY HILL RD WHITE SALMON WA 98672 BAXTER SHELLEY 1006 NW CHERRY HILL RD WHITE SALMON WA 98672-8248

COLSON JOHN 1065 CHAMPION LN WHITE SALMON WA 98672

CHERRY HILL NW LLC PO BOX 4 HOOD RIVER OR 97031

GRAY DANIEL PO BOX 1071 WHITE SALMON WA 98672

GARDNER FUNERAL HOME INC 1270 N MAIN WHITE SALMON WA 98672

WILKES JACCOB 5 HILKEY LN WHITE SALMON WA 98672

JEWELL CLIFFORD 180 SNOWDEN RD WHITE SALMON WA 98672

DALLAS RUSSELL PO BOX 591 WHITE SALMON WA 98672

VAZQUEZ LAURA PO BOX 1454 WHITE SALMON WA 98672

CUSTY TRUSTEE JUDITH 1506 NE 84TH AVE VANCOUVER WA 98664

GILDERHUS DANIELLE 138 NW SPRING ST WHITE SALMON WA 98672

HUNSAKER WILLIAM 178 NW SPRING ST WHITE SALMON WA 98672

GILDERHUS MICHAEL 1080 NW PATTON DR WHITE SALMON WA 98672

MAIN STREET WHITE SALMON LLC 40 ROCKY RD TROUT LAKE WA 98650

> ANSON JERRY 253 NW LOOP RD WHITE SALMON WA 98672

BANISH NOLAN PO BOX 867 WHITE SALMON WA 98672

PERALA GREGORY 245 NW LOOP RD WHITE SALMON WA 98672

> HARRIS DOUGLAS PO BOX 350 BINGEN WA 98605

White Salmon's New Chapter in Housing



Search

Planning

Page Notice of Application/SEPA Determination - Cherry Hill NW Subdivision has been updated.

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Notice of Application/SEPA Determination - Cherry Hill NW Subdivision



NOTICE OF APPLICATION/SEPA

Comment Period Deadline: February 8th, 2024

See the supporting documents (below) for Subdivision and SEPA Application materials.

PROJECT NAME: Cherry Hill NW Subdivision

FILE NUMBERS: WS-SUB-2024.001, WS-SEPA-2024.001

DESCRIPTION: The applicant, Alex Pedroza of HRK Engineering & Field Services, has submitted an application for a preliminary plat to subdivide one tax parcel (03102475000400) off NW Spring Street, between NW Cherry Hill Rd and Champion Ln into 33 residential lots. The project is located in the R1 zone in the City of White Salmon.

DATE OF NOTICE OF APPLICATION (NOA): January 25th, 2024

APPROVALS REQUIRED (to the extent known): Preliminary Plat, Final Plat, Building Permits.

APPLICATION PROCESS: A Preliminary Plat application for this development is required per City of White Salmon Municipal Code (WSMC) Chapter(s) 16.20 and 16.30. Preliminary Plat applications receive review and recommendation by the Planning Commission under procedures set forth in Chapter 19.10 (WSMC). The application requires a public hearing before the Planning Commission, which will receive and examine available information, conduct a fair and impartial public hearing, prepare a record thereof, and enter findings, conclusions, recommendations or decision per WSMC. No hearing is scheduled, as the application will undergo a consistency review of these requirements, in addition to consideration of public comment.

STUDIES REQUIRED (to the extent known): environmental checklist, geotechnical report and arborist report are provided. The SEPA comment period will end **February 8th, 2024**. It is probable that a Determination of Non-Significance or Mitigated Determination of Non-Significance will be issued for this proposal (WAC 197.11.355 optional DNS process). This may be the only opportunity to comment on the environmental impacts of this proposal or appeal any State Environmental Policy Act related decisions. A copy of the subsequent threshold determination and any other information concerning this action may be obtained by contacting the City of White Salmon Planning Department. These documents are available for review below in the supporting documents.

COMMENT PERIOD: There is a minimum 10-day public comment period per WSMC 19.10.150. Submit written comments on or before **5 p.m., February 8th, 2024.** Comments should address completeness of the application, quality or quantity of information presented, and the project's conformance to applicable plans or code.

PUBLIC HEARING: A public hearing is required for this project and will be noticed separately.

STAFF CONTACT: Erika Castro-Guzman at (509) 281-4077 or erikac@whitesalmonwa.gov

Supporting Documents

- NOA_Optional DNS Process_Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision (182 KB)
- Letter of Transmittal_Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision (305 KB)
- G SPR 8x11.5_Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision (8 MB)
- GR 22x34_Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision (6 MB)
- G Subdivision Application_Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision (2 MB)
- Completeness Response_Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision (228 KB)
- SEPA ENVI Checklist Combined_Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision (23 MB)
- Easement Information_Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision (56 KB)
- Subdivision Guarantee_Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision (199 KB)
- Sample of Proposed CCRs_Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision (1 MB)
- Statement of critical Slope_Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision (573 KB)
- Arborist Report_Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision (386 KB)
- Arborist Report_Photos_Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision (784 KB)
- Completeness Review_Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision (4 MB)
- Determination of Complete Application_Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision (134 KB)

Contact Information

Phone: 1-509-493-1133

Hours: Tues-Fri 8:30am-5pm

White Salmon City Hall

100 N Main St. White Salmon, WA 98672

Erikac@whitesalmonwa.gov

Edit Contact Details

View Full Contact Details



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State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA) Register

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202400404 - White Salmon City of

| Lead | SEPA # | 202400404 |
|--|-----------------------------|--|
| Agency White Salmon | Docume nt Type | ODNS/NOA |
| City of | Date Issued | 01/25/2024 |
| File # WS- | Commen ts Due | 02/08/2024 |
| SEPA- 2024.001 | Proposal Name | Cherry Hill NW Subdivision |
| Website https://rb.g y/rmc7ek | Proposal Descripti on | The applicant, Alex Pedroza of HRK Engineering & Field Services, has submitted an application for a |
| Contact Erika Castro Guzman (509) 281- 4077 erikac@w | | preliminary plat to subdivide one tax parcel (03102475000400) off NW Spring Street, between NW Cherry Hill Rd and Champion Ln into 33 residential lots. The project is located in the R1 zone in the City of White Salmon. |
| hitesalmo nwa.gov | Related Record | |

| CoReuntgioynKLICeCKntrITAalTTToSubmitComment | Location | Address: NW Spring Street, White Salmon, WA 98672 Parcel: 03102475000400 Section/Township/Range: 24-3-1 Other identifying information: Off NW Spring Street, between NW Cherry Hill Rd and Champion Ln. Legal Description: LOT 4 SP 91-17 IN NENE 24-3-10: (CHERRY HILL ESTATES) |
|--|--------------------------|--|
| s erikac@w | Applican t | Alex Pedroza, EIT |
| hitesalmo nwa.gov | Applican t Contact | HRK Engineering & Field Services 489 N 8th Street - Suite 201 Hood River, OR 97031 541-386-6480 |
| | Docume nts | 0. Letter of Transmittal - 21-002 - 2023 1204.pdf (305 KB) 1. 2023 1129 - Cherry Hill Estates Sub - SPR 22x34.pdf (7 MB) 1. 2023 1129 - Cherry Hill Estates Sub - SPR 8x11.5.pdf (8 MB) 1. White Salmon Subdivision Application re Cherry Hill Estates 2. 2023 1204 Cherry Hill Estates - Completeness Response.pdf (229 KB) 2. Owners within 300 ft re Cherry Hill Estates SEPA ENVI Checklist - Combined.pdf (23 MB) 3. Easement Information re Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision Guarantee.pdf (200 KB) |

4. Sample of Proposed CCRs re Cherry Hill Estates.pdf (2 MB) **4**. StatementofCritialSlopeCURTISHO MES.pdf (573 KB) **5**. Curtis TreeReport 7Nov23.pdf (387 KB) 5. Photos for Curtis Homes Braun 7Nov23.docx (2 MB) Completeness Review - Cherry Hills Estates - 2023.11.21.pdf (4 MB) Determination of Complete Application - Cherry Hills Estates -2024.01.11.pdf (135 KB) NOA Optional DNS Process_Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision (1).pdf (182 KB)

Please email SEPA Help with any updates, problems, or questions about SEPA Register.

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EXHIBIT 10B

WS SEPA 2004.001 Cherry Hill NW Subdivision

Nathen Erickson <nathene@klickitatcounty.org> To: Erika Castro-Guzman <erikac@ci.white-salmon.wa.us>

Mon, Feb 5, 2024 at 4:54 PM

Hi Erika,

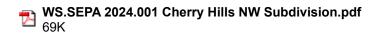
Attached are Public Works comments for WS SEPA 2004.001 Cherry Hill NW Subdivision.

Let me know if you need any additional information.

Thanks,

Nathen Erickson

Design Engineer I Klickitat County Public Works Department Ph. (509)-773-4616 Fax (509) 773-5713



KLICKITAT COUNTY



PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

115 WEST COURT STREET, MS 303, GOLDENDALE , WASHINGTON 98620 • FAX 509 773-5713 • VOICE 509 773-4616 Jeff Hunter – Public works director

Date: February 5, 2024

To: Erika Castro-Guzman, City of White Salmon

From: Nathen Erickson, Public Works

Re: WS-SUB-2024.001 & WS-SEPA-2024.001; Cherry Hill NW Subdivision Parcel #04101210260100

The following are Public Works comments regarding the Cherry Hill NW Subdivision:

- According to the submitted SEPA, the estimated new trips for the project is 80 trips. This estimated amount of trips does not agree with the ITE Trip Generation Manual.
- Traffic Access and Impact Study (TAIS)
 - Since this project generates more than 40 ADT, a Traffic Access and Impact Study (TAIS) will be required for this Project.
 - The fitted curve equation shown in the ITE Trip Generation manual should be used instead of the average rate since the correlation rate of the fitted curve equation is so high.
 - Describe the distribution of traffic entering and exiting the project site.
 - Determine level of service for existing conditions, build out year <u>with and without</u> project at key intersections and segments. <u>LOCATION: Snowden Road/N Main Ave. and NW Loop Road</u> <u>Intersection; SR 141 and NW Loop Intersection; Snowden Road/N Main Ave and NW</u> <u>Spring St Intersection.</u>
 - Determine if mitigation is required for safety and/or LOS at the evaluated intersections shown above.
- The required study shall be prepared in a professional format comprising of the items marked above so they can be used by the various County departments and on occasion be reviewed by the public on request. A licensed engineer in the State of Washington who specializes in traffic engineering shall stamp every study.
- Please feel free to contact Nathen Erickson (509) 773-4616 to review road requirements.
- Preliminary fees:

| Review Type | Cost | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Traffic Access and Impact Study Review | \$78/hr + Full Price of 3 rd Party Consultant if Required | | |
| SEPA Review | \$78 | | |

• Public Works shall not approve of access for the project onto the County road until the applicant submits a traffic study for review and said study is accepted by Klickitat County Public Works.



SEPA 202400404 comments for WS-SEPA-2024.001

ECY RE CRO SEPA Coordinator <crosepa@ecy.wa.gov> To: "erikac@whitesalmonwa.gov" <erikac@whitesalmonwa.gov> Tue, Feb 6, 2024 at 3:47 PM

Please see the attached comment letter for the Cherry Hill NW Subdivision.

Share these comments with the applicant.

Thank you,

Joy Espinoza

SEPA/ERTS Coordinator - Central Region

Department of Ecology

Ph: 509.379.3967 | crosepacoordinator@ecy.wa.gov

202400404_Klickitat_Cherry Hill NW Subdivision.pdf 197K



STATE OF WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Central Region Office 1250 West Alder St., Union Gap, WA 98903-0009 • 509-575-2490

February 6, 2024

Erika Castro Guzman City of White Salmon PO Box 2139 White Salmon, WA 98672

RE: 202400404; WS-SEPA-2024.001

Dear Erika Castro Guzman:

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the Notice of Application for the Cherry Hill NW Subdivision. We have reviewed the application and have the following comment.

Toxics Cleanup

Historical aerial photos indicate sections of your property was occupied by orchard during the period when the pesticide lead arsenate was applied, often resulting in shallow soil contamination from lead and/or arsenic. Ecology **requires** soil sampling if vacant, commercial, industrial, or agricultural properties are converted to residential use as there may be an increased risk of exposure to soil with elevated concentrations of arsenic and lead.

Ecology can provide sampling services at no cost. If sampling indicates elevated levels of lead and arsenic, cleanup will be required prior to occupancy. There are simple steps that can be taken to reduce exposure and Ecology can provide free technical assistance.

Additionally, Ecology uses Model Remedies to guide cleanup for lead and arsenic pesticide contamination in historical orchards of Central Washington. The Model Remedy document is an excellent source of technical guidance and is available at https://apps.ecology.wa.gov/publications/SummaryPages/2109006.html.

Compliance with a Model Remedy ensures your project meets the minimum standards of the Model Toxics Control Act, and if implemented as described, your property will be successfully cleaned up to Washington State standards.

Additional information, including precautions you can take to reduce exposure, is available at <u>https://ecology.wa.gov/dirtalert</u>.

February 6, 2024 Page 2 of 2

Please contact Hector Casique, Project Manager, at 509-208-1288 or email hector.casique@ecy.wa.gov, for further information or to schedule your initial sampling.

Sincerely,

loy Espinoza

Joy Espinoza SEPA Coordinator Central Regional Office 509-379-3967 crosepacoordinator@ecy.wa.gov



Spring St Development

Kevin Herman <kevinmherman@gmail.com> To: Erika Castro-Guzman <erikac@ci.white-salmon.wa.us>

Thu, Feb 8, 2024 at 5:17 PM

Hi, Erika.

I understand that there is a traffic study that shows there's 340 estimated new trips a day out of that future development? How can this project continue forward without our road being finished?

The second most important reason given to us for us to be annexed was fixing our road. What does the mayor and council members plan to do about that? Or do they plan to do anything?

I also have concerns about drainage, as my house is right next to where water runoff would take place. Will the city also re-establish property markers?

In addition, I would like the easement going across my property reduced to 40 ft. There's absolutely no reason for a massive easement of 60 ft for the small drive way we have.

I appreciate your time.



Cherry Hill NW subdivision

lam at gorge.net <lam@gorge.net> To: erikac@whitesalmonwa.gov

Thu, Feb 8, 2024 at 3:57 PM

Hello Erika, this is a comment for the Cherry Hill NW subdivision. I am all for more housing especially affordable housing in the White Salmon area. Two concerns I have at this time are: 1) does the city have enough water capacity to supply 33 new homes? I know there was a water moratorium before Shambo development could be built. 2) It sure seems like with a development of this size Spring Street between Main and El Camino Real should be required to be upgraded to a full-width county road instead of the lane and a half it currently is. Thank you for including this in the public comments.

Lee Monroe 635 El Camino Real White Salmon, WA



Comment on Cherry Hill NW Subdivision Application

Shelley Baxter <shelldolphin@gmail.com> To: Erika Castro-Guzman <erikac@ci.white-salmon.wa.us> Thu, Feb 8, 2024 at 10:25 AM

Comment on Cherry Hill NW Subdivision Application

As the direct neighbor on the southern edge of this subdivision I am mostly concerned with the amount of daily traffic this will create. Current standard estimates have 10 daily trips per household on average. This would be 340 new trips onto Spring St. The city requirements are for the provision of a very short inadequate abatement on the north side of Spring St.

At least, a Traffic Access and Impact Study must be required.

In addition, the project must be on hold until the city has funds for a complete fix of Spring St. per the Transportation Lite Plan.

Regards,

Shelley Baxter

1006 NW Cherry Hill Rd.

White Salmon.

Cherry Hill Sepa comment Feb 2024.docx
5K

Comment on Cherry Hill NW Subdivision Application

As the direct neighbor on the southern edge of this subdivision I am mostly concerned with the amount of daily traffic this will create. Current standard estimates have 10 daily trips per household on average. This would be 340 new trips onto Spring St. The city requirements are for the provision of a very short inadequate abatement on the north side of Spring St.

At least, a Traffic Access and Impact Study must be required.

In addition, the project must be on hold until the city has funds for a complete fix of Spring St. per the Transportation Lite Plan.

Regards, Shelley Baxter 1006 NW Cherry Hill Rd. White Salmon.



NW Cherry Hill Project

Sumati S. <retrosuzk@gmail.com> To: erikac@whitesalmonwa.gov Thu, Feb 8, 2024 at 10:16 AM

As a citizen of White Salmon for over 27 years I am making a statement in regards to the Curtis Homes Project NW Cherry Hill on Spring St.

I am opposed to adding thirty three homes to the neighborhood until NW Spring Street gets repaired.

Has a traffic study been done? If each home has two cars that's 66 more cars trying to share the tight lane that currently exists. The road has erosion damage from storm water with stuck drains.

There is no room for walking traffic, not even a path.

Safety is the issue here. Spring street needs some love and attention. The poison oak is out of control. This should be a lovely walking street with a path not necessarily more concrete but weed free. Something like Indian

This should be a lovely walking street with a path not necessarily more concrete but weed free. Something like Indian Creek has in Hood River.

Thanks for listening,

Susan Svensson 495 NW Spring St. White Salmon, WA 98672 541 980-3584

February 8, 2024 11am

Into the forest I go to lose my mind and find my soul. John Muir

EXHIBIT 10C

CITY OF WHITE SALMON PLANNING DEPARTMENT NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING FOR:

Cherry Hill NW, LLC Preliminary Plat File #WS-SUB-2024.001 and #WS-SEPA-2024.001

Planning Commission Public Hearing 5:30 pm October 9, 2024 at Council Chambers 119 NE Church Street, White Salmon, WA

Public Hearing

The City of White Salmon will hold a public hearing on October 9th at 5:30pm to receive public testimony and seek Planning Commission recommendation prior to a land use decision on a preliminary plat subdivide one 7.93 acre tax parcel (03102475000400) off NW Spring Street, between NW Cherry Hill Rd and Champion Ln into 35 residential lots. The abbreviated legal description is: LOT 4, Cherry Hill Estates SP-91-17. The project is located in the R1 zone in the City of White Salmon. A Notice of Application was issued January 25th, 2024.

The applicant is Alex Pedroza of HRK Engineering & Field Services, representing Cherry Hill NW, LLC and Cameron Curtis of Legacy Development Group.

The application includes the SEPA checklist and preliminary plat plan. These and other application documents are available for viewing by e-mail request or at White Salmon City Hall, 100 N. Main, White Salmon, Washington during regular business hours Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

Written comments regarding the subdivision proposal may be submitted until 4:30pm on October 9, 2024 and oral comments may be provided at the public hearing on October 9. Comments can be submitted by mail to City of White Salmon, PO Box 2139, White Salmon WA 98672 or in person at City Hall, 100 N. Main St., White Salmon WA 98672. E-mail correspondence should be sent to Erika Castro-Guzman at erikac@ci.white-salmon.wa.us.

Notice of SEPA Determination of Non-significance (DNS)

The lead agency has determined that this proposal will not have a probable significant adverse impact on the environment. An Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) is not required under RCW 43.21C.030 (2)(c). This decision was made after review of an environmental checklist and other information on file with the lead agency. This DNS is issued using the Optional DNS process in WAC 197-11-355. As such, there is no further comment period on this DNS.

You may appeal this determination in writing no later than 5:00pm on Monday, September 23rd by filing a notice of appeal in accordance with White Salmon Municipal Code 18.20.170 and WAC 197-11-680. You should be prepared to make specific factual objections. Please e-mail Erika Castro-Guzman at <u>erikac@ci.white-salmon.wa.us</u> with questions to SEPA appeal procedures.

The lead agency is the City of White Salmon. The responsible official is Troy Rayburn, City Administrator, City of White Salmon, PO Box 2139, White Salmon WA 98672.

To publish on September 9, 2024.



EXHIBIT 11

March 25, 2024

Cameron Curtis Legacy Development Group 403 highway 35 - Hood River, Oregon 97031

Subject: Analytical Results for March 13, 2024 Cherry Hills Estates Soil Sampling Event

Dear Mr. Curtis,

This letter is to provide the analytical results for the soil that was sampled by HRK Engineering & Field Services (HRK) per the Department of Ecology comment filed under the Notice of Application/SEPA Optional DNS comment period. The soil originated from the Cherry Hill Estates property (parcel 0310247500400) in White Salmon, WA.

Five composite samples were obtained by HRK on March 13, 2024, and sent to Specialty Analytical for the analysis of Arsenic (As) and lead (Pb) (see Attachment A for soil sampling locations). The analytical results were received by HRK on March 20, 2024, and a copy is provided as Attachment B. The analytical results indicate that As metal was detected in all of the five samples at concentrations ranging from 3.59 to 4.51 ppm. Pb was also detected in all five samples at concentrations ranging from 11.1 to 14.1 ppm. The As and Pb constituents detected in the soil samples are summarized in the table below and are compared to the statistical-based background concentration for the region where the soil originated and Washington state-wide average¹.

| Metal | Soil Sample 1 Analytical Result (ppm) | Soil Sample 2 Analytical Result (ppm) | Soil Sample 3 Analytical Result (ppm) | Soil Sample 4 Analytical Result (ppm) | Soil Sample 5 Analytical Result (ppm) | Background Concentration For Soil in the Yakima Basin ² Region (ppm) | Washington State-Wide Background Concentration For Soil (ppm) | |
|-------|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| As | 4.51 | 4.04 | 3.59 | 4.25 | 4.46 | 5.13* 41.79** | 6.99* 41.81** | |
| | | | | | | 41.79 | 41.81 | |
| Pb | 14.1 | 12.7 | 11.1 | 11.6 | 11.4 | 11.00 | 17.09 | |
| | *Result using Atomic Absorption (AA) analysis *Result using Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) analysis | | | | | | | |

The results for the As and Pb metal constituents analyzed in the soil samples are at concentrations similar to, or within the background concentrations in the region where the soil originated and the average for Washington state.

¹Natural Background Soil Metals Concentrations in Washington State, Washington State Department of Ecology, Toxics Cleanup Program publication, October 1994.

²The Yakima Basin Region consists of Yakima, Kittitas, Klickitat, Chelan, and Benton counties.

March 25, 2024

Page 2 of 2

In comparison, the Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA) Method A clean-up levels for As and Pb are 20 ppm and 250 ppm, respectively that were developed assuming direct human contact with the soil including protection of groundwater (As) and prevention of unacceptable levels in blood (Pb)³.

If you have any questions or require anything else, don't hesitate to contact me at the information provided below.

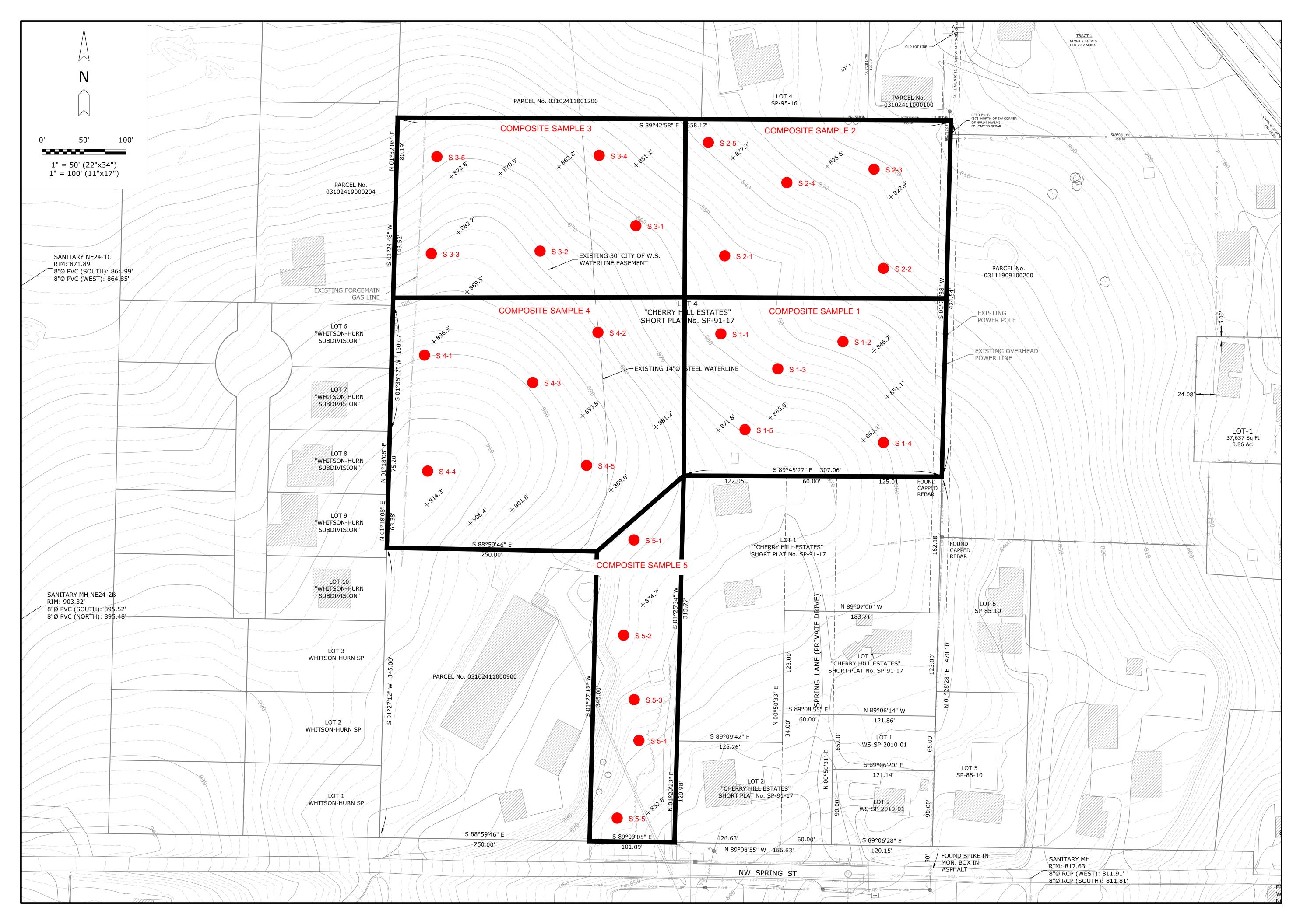


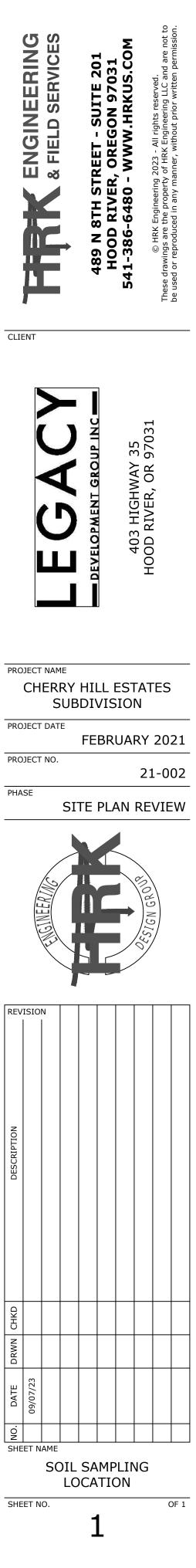
Phillip E. Kovacs, PE Senior Environmental Engineer <u>pkovacs@hrkus.com</u> 503-409-3346

³Washington Administrative Code (WAC) 173-340-900.

Attachment A

Soil Sampling Locations





Attachment B

Analytical Results



Specialty Analytical

9011 SE Jannsen Rd Clackamas, OR 97015 TEL: (503) 607-1331 Website: www.specialtyanalytical.com

March 20, 2024 Apedroza HRK Engineering 489 N. 8th Street Suite 201 Hood River, OR 97031 TEL: (541) 386-6480 FAX:

RE: Cherry Hill Estates / Z1-002

Order No.: 2403148

Dear Apedroza:

There were no problems with the analysis and all data for associated QC met EPA or laboratory specifications, except where noted in the Case Narrative, or as qualified with flags. Results apply only to the samples analyzed. Without approval of the laboratory, the reproduction of this report is only permitted in its entirety.

If you have any questions regarding these tests, please feel free to call.

Sincerely,

di UD

Marty French Lab Director

Specialty Analytical

WO#: 2403148 Date Reported:

3/20/2024

| CLIENT: Project: | HRK Engineering Cherry Hill Estates | / Z1-002 | | | | |
|---------------------|--|----------|--------|-------------------------|--------|----------------------|
| Lab ID: | 2403148-001 | | | Matrix: | SOIL | |
| Client Sample ID | Sample 1 | | | Collection Date: | 3/12/2 | 2024 10:30:00 AM |
| Analyses | | Result | RL Qua | l Units | DF | Date Analyzed |
| ICP/MS METALS- | TOTAL RECOVER | ABLE | | SW 6020B | SW | /3050B Analyst: JRC |
| Arsenic | | 4510 | 1290 | µg/Kg-dry | 10 | 3/18/2024 3:52:28 PM |
| Lead | | 14100 | 323 | µg/Kg-dry | 10 | 3/18/2024 3:52:28 PM |
| Lab ID: | 2403148-002 | | | Matrix: | SOIL | |
| Client Sample ID | Sample 2 | | | Collection Date: | 3/12/2 | 2024 10:30:00 AM |
| Analyses | | Result | RL Qua | l Units | DF | Date Analyzed |
| ICP/MS METALS- | TOTAL RECOVER | ABLE | | SW 6020B | SW | /3050B Analyst: JRC |
| Arsenic | | 4040 | 1270 | µg/Kg-dry | 10 | 3/18/2024 3:55:47 PM |
| Lead | | 12700 | 318 | µg/Kg-dry | 10 | 3/18/2024 3:55:47 PM |
| Lab ID: | 2403148-003 | | | Matrix: | SOIL | |
| Client Sample ID | Sample 3 | | | Collection Date: | 3/12/2 | 2024 10:30:00 AM |
| Analyses | | Result | RL Qua | l Units | DF | Date Analyzed |
| ICP/MS METALS- | TOTAL RECOVER | ABLE | | SW 6020B | SW | /3050B Analyst: JRC |
| Arsenic | | 3590 | 1180 | µg/Kg-dry | 10 | 3/18/2024 3:25:27 PM |
| Lead | | 11100 | 295 | µg/Kg-dry | 10 | 3/18/2024 3:25:27 PM |
| Lab ID: | 2403148-004 | | | Matrix: | SOIL | |
| Client Sample ID | Sample 4 | | | Collection Date: | 3/12/2 | 2024 10:30:00 AM |
| Analyses | | Result | RL Qua | l Units | DF | Date Analyzed |
| ICP/MS METALS- | TOTAL RECOVER | ABLE | | SW 6020B | SW | /3050B Analyst: JRC |
| Arsenic | | 4250 | 1200 | µg/Kg-dry | 10 | 3/18/2024 3:59:06 PM |
| Lead | | 11600 | 301 | µg/Kg-dry | 10 | 3/18/2024 3:59:06 PM |

Specialty Analytical

 WO#:
 2403148

 Date Reported:
 3/20/2024

| CLIENT: Project: | HRK Engineering Cherry Hill Estates | / Z1-002 | | | | | |
|---------------------|--|----------|---------|-------------------------|--------|-------------|--------------|
| Lab ID: | 2403148-005 | | | Matrix: | SOIL | | |
| Client Sample ID | Sample 5 | | | Collection Date: | 3/12/2 | 2024 10:30: | 00 AM |
| Analyses | | Result | RL Qual | Units | DF | Date An | alyzed |
| ICP/MS METALS- | TOTAL RECOVER | ABLE | | SW 6020B | sw | 3050B | Analyst: JRC |
| Arsenic | | 4460 | 1260 | µg/Kg-dry | 10 | 3/18/202 | 4 4:02:25 PM |
| Lead | | 11400 | 315 | µg/Kg-dry | 10 | 3/18/202 | 4 4:02:25 PM |



Specialty Analytical 9011 SE Jannsen Ra Clackamas, Oregon 97015 TEL: 503-607-1331 FAX: 503-607-1336 Website: www.specialtyanalytical.com

Accreditation Program Analytes Report

WO#: 2403148 20-Mar-24

| Client: | HRK Engineering |
|----------|------------------------------|
| Project: | Cherry Hill Estates / Z1-002 |

| rogram Name | Sample ID | ClientSampleID | Matrix | Test Name | Analyte | Statu |
|-------------|--------------|----------------|--------|------------------------------------|---------|-------|
| ORELAP | 2403148-001A | Sample 1 | Soil | ICP/MS METALS-TOTAL RECOVERABLE | Lead | А |
| | | | Solid | | Lead | А |
| | | | | | Arsenic | А |
| | | | Soil | | Arsenic | А |
| | 2403148-002A | Sample 2 | | | Arsenic | А |
| | | | Solid | | Lead | А |
| | | | Soil | | Lead | А |
| | | | Solid | | Arsenic | А |
| | 2403148-003A | Sample 3 | | | Lead | А |
| | | | Soil | | Arsenic | А |
| | | | | | Lead | А |
| | | | Solid | | Arsenic | А |
| | 2403148-004A | Sample 4 | Soil | | Arsenic | А |
| | | | Solid | | Arsenic | А |
| | | | Soil | | Lead | А |
| | | | Solid | | Lead | А |
| | 2403148-005A | Sample 5 | | | Lead | А |
| | | | Soil | | Arsenic | А |
| | | | | | Lead | А |
| | | | Solid | | Arsenic | А |

WO#:

2403148

3/20/2024

| Client: Project: | HRK Engineering Cherry Hill Estates / Z1-002 | | | | | | Т | estCode: 6 | 5020_S | | |
|---------------------|---|----------|----------------------|--------------|------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|----------|------|
| Sample ID: ICV | SampType: ICV | TestCo | ode: 6020_S | Units: µg/Kg | | Prep Dat | te: | | RunNo: 53 | 213 | |
| Client ID: ICV | Batch ID: 2323 | 3 Test | tNo: SW 6020E | SW3050B | | Analysis Da | te: 3/18/20 | 24 | SeqNo: 68 | 7698 | |
| Analyte | Resu | ult PQL | SPK value | SPK Ref Val | %REC | LowLimit | HighLimit | RPD Ref Val | %RPD | RPDLimit | Qual |
| Arsenic | 491 | 10 100 | 5000 | 0 | 98.3 | 90 | 110 | | | | |
| Lead | 493 | 30 25.0 | 5000 | 0 | 98.6 | 90 | 110 | | | | |
| Sample ID: MB- | 23233 SampType: MBLI | K TestCo | ode: 6020_S | Units: µg/Kg | | Prep Dat | te: 3/18/20 | 24 | RunNo: 53 | 213 | |
| Client ID: PBS | Batch ID: 2323 | 3 Test | iNo: SW 6020E | SW3050B | | Analysis Da | te: 3/18/20 | 24 | SeqNo: 68 | 7700 | |
| Analyte | Resu | ult PQL | SPK value | SPK Ref Val | %REC | LowLimit | HighLimit | RPD Ref Val | %RPD | RPDLimit | Qual |
| Arsenic | Ν | ID 100 | | | | | | | | | |
| Lead | Ν | D 25.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| Sample ID: LCS | -23233 SampType: LCS | TestCo | ode: 6020_S | Units: µg/Kg | | Prep Dat | te: 3/18/20 | 24 | RunNo: 53 | 213 | |
| Client ID: LCS | S Batch ID: 2323 | 3 Test | iNo: SW 6020E | SW3050B | | Analysis Da | te: 3/18/20 | 24 | SeqNo: 68 | 7701 | |
| Analyte | Resu | ult PQL | SPK value | SPK Ref Val | %REC | LowLimit | HighLimit | RPD Ref Val | %RPD | RPDLimit | Qual |
| Arsenic | 451 | 10 1000 | 5000 | 0 | 90.2 | 73.4 | 120 | | | | |
| Lead | 499 | 90 250 | 5000 | 0 | 99.9 | 80 | 120 | | | | |

Specialty Analytical

Qualifiers: B

WO#:

2403148

3/20/2024

| Client: Project: | HRK Engin Cherry Hill | eering Estates / Z1-002 | | | | | | Т | estCode: 6 | 020_S | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------|--------------|--------------|------|---------------|-------------------|-------------|------------|----------|------|
| Sample ID: LCSD- | 23233 | SampType: LCSD | TestCoo | le: 6020_S | Units: µg/Kg | | Prep Date | e: 3/18/20 | 24 | RunNo: 532 | 213 | |
| Client ID: LCSS |)2 | Batch ID: 23233 | TestN | lo: SW 6020B | SW3050B | | Analysis Date | e: 3/18/20 | 24 | SeqNo: 687 | 7702 | |
| Analyte | | Result | PQL | SPK value | SPK Ref Val | %REC | LowLimit | HighLimit | RPD Ref Val | %RPD | RPDLimit | Qual |
| Arsenic | | 4600 | 1000 | 5000 | 0 | 92.0 | 80 | 120 | 4508 | 1.98 | 20 | |
| Lead | | 4980 | 250 | 5000 | 0 | 99.5 | 80 | 120 | 4995 | 0.344 | 20 | |
| Sample ID: 240314 | 48-003ADUP | SampType: DUP | TestCoo | le: 6020_S | Units: µg/Kg | -dry | Prep Date | e: 3/18/20 | 24 | RunNo: 532 | 213 | |
| Client ID: Sampl | e 3 | Batch ID: 23233 | TestN | lo: SW 6020B | SW3050B | | Analysis Date | e: 3/18/20 | 24 | SeqNo: 687 | 7704 | |
| Analyte | | Result | PQL | SPK value | SPK Ref Val | %REC | LowLimit | HighLimit | RPD Ref Val | %RPD | RPDLimit | Qual |
| Arsenic | | 3760 | 1260 | | | | | | 3594 | 4.45 | 20 | |
| Lead | | 11800 | 314 | | | | | | 11150 | 5.46 | 20 | |
| Sample ID: 240314 | 48-003AMS | SampType: MS | TestCoo | le: 6020_S | Units: µg/Kg | -dry | Prep Date | e: 3/18/20 | 24 | RunNo: 532 | 213 | |
| Client ID: Sampl | e 3 | Batch ID: 23233 | TestN | lo: SW 6020B | SW3050B | | Analysis Date | e: 3/18/20 | 24 | SeqNo: 687 | 7705 | |
| Analyte | | Result | PQL | SPK value | SPK Ref Val | %REC | LowLimit | HighLimit | RPD Ref Val | %RPD | RPDLimit | Qual |
| Arsenic | | 10200 | 1150 | 5728 | 3594 | 116 | 70 | 130 | | | | |
| Lead | | 19100 | 286 | 5728 | 11150 | 138 | 70 | 130 | | | | SMI |

Specialty Analytical

Qualifiers: B Ana

B Analyte detected in the associated Method BlankS Spike Recovery outside accepted recovery limits

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

WO#:

2403148

3/20/2024

| Client: Project: | HRK Engin Cherry Hill | eering Estates / Z1-002 | | | | | | 1 | SestCode: 6 | 020_8 | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------|--------------|--------------|--------|--------------|-------------|-------------|------------|----------|------|
| Sample ID: | 2403148-003AMSD | SampType: MSD | TestCoo | de: 6020_S | Units: µg/Kg | -dry | Prep Dat | te: 3/18/20 |)24 | RunNo: 532 | 213 | |
| Client ID: | Sample 3 | Batch ID: 23233 | TestN | lo: SW 6020B | SW3050B | | Analysis Dat | te: 3/18/20 |)24 | SeqNo: 687 | 7706 | |
| Analyte | | Result | PQL | SPK value | SPK Ref Val | %REC | LowLimit | HighLimit | RPD Ref Val | %RPD | RPDLimit | Qual |
| Arsenic | | 10000 | 1150 | 5727 | 3594 | 112 | 70 | 130 | 10240 | 2.06 | 20 | |
| Lead | | 17100 | 286 | 5727 | 11150 | 104 | 70 | 130 | 19080 | 10.8 | 20 | |
| Sample ID: | CCB | SampType: CCB | TestCoo | de: 6020_S | Units: µg/Kg | | Prep Dat | te: | | RunNo: 53 | 213 | |
| Client ID: | ССВ | Batch ID: 23233 | TestN | lo: SW 6020B | SW3050B | | Analysis Dat | te: 3/18/20 |)24 | SeqNo: 68 | 7710 | |
| Analyte | | Result | PQL | SPK value | SPK Ref Val | %REC | LowLimit | HighLimit | RPD Ref Val | %RPD | RPDLimit | Qual |
| Arsenic | | ND | 100 | | | | | | | | | |
| Lead | | ND | 25.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| Sample ID: | CCB | SampType: CCV | TestCoo | de: 6020_S | Units: µg/Kg | | Prep Dat | te: | | RunNo: 53 | 213 | |
| Client ID: | CCV | Batch ID: 23233 | TestN | lo: SW 6020B | SW3050B | | Analysis Dat | te: 3/18/20 |)24 | SeqNo: 68 | 7760 | |
| Analyte | | Result | PQL | SPK value | SPK Ref Val | %REC | LowLimit | HighLimit | RPD Ref Val | %RPD | RPDLimit | Qual |
| Arsenic | | ND | 100 | 5000 | 0 | 0.244 | 90 | 110 | | | | S |
| Lead | | ND | 25.0 | 5000 | 0 | 0.0376 | 90 | 110 | | | | S |

Specialty Analytical

Qualifiers: B Analyte d

B Analyte detected in the associated Method BlankS Spike Recovery outside accepted recovery limits

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

R RPD outside accepted recovery limits

WO#: 2403148

3/20/2024

| Client: Project: | HRK Engineering Cherry Hill Estates / Z1-002 | | TestCode: 6 | 020_S |
|---------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Sample ID: ICV | SampType: ICV | TestCode: 6020_S Units: µg/Kg | Prep Date: | RunNo: 53213 |
| Client ID: ICV | Batch ID: 23233 | TestNo: SW 6020B SW3050B | Analysis Date: 3/19/2024 | SeqNo: 687952 |
| Analyte | Result | PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val | %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val | %RPD RPDLimit Qual |
| Lead | 4990 | 25.0 5000 0 | 99.8 90 110 | |
| Sample ID: CCB | SampType: CCB | TestCode: 6020_S Units: µg/Kg | Prep Date: | RunNo: 53213 |
| Client ID: CCB | Batch ID: 23233 | TestNo: SW 6020B SW3050B | Analysis Date: 3/19/2024 | SeqNo: 687955 |
| Analyte | Result | PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val | %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val | %RPD RPDLimit Qual |
| Lead | ND | 25.0 | | |
| Sample ID: CCV | SampType: CCV | TestCode: 6020_S Units: µg/Kg | Prep Date: | RunNo: 53213 |
| Client ID: CCV | Batch ID: 23233 | TestNo: SW 6020B SW3050B | Analysis Date: 3/19/2024 | SeqNo: 687959 |
| Analyte | Result | PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val | %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val | %RPD RPDLimit Qual |
| Lead | 4960 | 25.0 5000 0 | 99.1 90 110 | |
| Sample ID: CCB | SampType: CCB | TestCode: 6020_S Units: µg/Kg | Prep Date: | RunNo: 53213 |
| Client ID: CCB | Batch ID: 23233 | TestNo: SW 6020B SW3050B | Analysis Date: 3/19/2024 | SeqNo: 687960 |
| Analyte | Result | PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val | %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val | %RPD RPDLimit Qual |
| Lead | ND | 25.0 | | |
| Qualifiers: B | Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank Snike Recovery outside accented recovery limits | H Holding times for preparation or analys | s exceeded R RPD outside accepted re | covery limits |

S Spike Recovery outside accepted recovery limits

Specialty Analytical

QC SUMMARY REPORT

WO#: 2403148

3/20/2024

| Client: Project: | HRK Engineering Cherry Hill Estates / Z1-002 | -002 TestCode: 6020_S | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Sample ID: CCB Client ID: CCB | SampType: CCB Batch ID: 23233 | TestCode: 6020_S Units: μg/Kg TestNo: SW 6020B SW3050B | Prep Date: Analysis Date: 3/19/2024 | RunNo: 53213 SeqNo: 687960 | | | | | | | |
| Analyte | Result | PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val | %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val | %RPD RPDLimit Qual | | | | | | | |
| Sample ID: CCV | SampType: CCV | TestCode: 6020_S Units: µg/Kg | Prep Date: | RunNo: 53213 | | | | | | | |
| Client ID: CCV | Batch ID: 23233 | TestNo: SW 6020B SW3050B | Analysis Date: 3/19/2024 | SeqNo: 687968 | | | | | | | |
| Analyte | Result | PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val | %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val | %RPD RPDLimit Qual | | | | | | | |
| Lead | 4990 | 25.0 5000 0 | 99.8 90 110 | | | | | | | | |
| Sample ID: CCB | SampType: CCB | TestCode: 6020_S Units: µg/Kg | Prep Date: | RunNo: 53213 | | | | | | | |
| Client ID: CCB | Batch ID: 23233 | TestNo: SW 6020B SW3050B | Analysis Date: 3/19/2024 | SeqNo: 687969 | | | | | | | |
| Analyte | Result | PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val | %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val | %RPD RPDLimit Qual | | | | | | | |
| Lead | ND | 25.0 | | | | | | | | | |

Specialty Analytical

 Qualifiers:
 B
 Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

 S
 Spike Recovery outside accepted recovery limits

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|------------|---|
| NV/ | |
| ZAN | |
| | |

Specialty Analytical 9011 SE Jannsen Rd Clackamas, Oregon 97015 TEL: 503-607-1331 FAX: 503-607-1336 Website: www.specialtyanalytical.com

Sample Receipt Checklist

| Client Name HRK_ENG | INEERING | | Woi | rk Order Number | 2403148 | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| RcptNo: 1 | Date and Time Receive | 3/13/2024 1:50:30 PM | M Received by: Julie Clay | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Completed by | | Revie | ewed by: | | | | | | |
| Completed Date: | <u>3/13/2024 1:51:23 P</u> | <u>M</u> Revie | ewed Date: | | <u>3/13/2024 4:02:38 PM</u> | | | | |
| Carrier name: Client | | | | | | | | | |
| Chain of custody present? | ? | Yes 🖌 | No 🗌 | | | | | | |
| Chain of custody signed v | when relinquished and received? | Yes 🖌 | No 🗌 | | | | | | |
| Chain of custody agrees v | vith sample labels? | Yes 🖌 | No 🗌 | Not Present | | | | | |
| Are matrices correctly ide | ntified on Chain of custody? | Yes 🖌 | No 🗌 | | | | | | |
| Is it clear what analyses w | vere requested? | Yes 🖌 | No 🗌 | | | | | | |
| Custody seals intact on sa | ample bottles? | Yes | No 🗌 | Not Present | ✓ | | | | |
| Samples in proper contair | ner/bottle? | Yes 🗹 | No 🗌 | | | | | | |
| Were correct preservative | es used and noted? | Yes 🖌 | No 🗌 | NA | | | | | |
| Sample containers intact? | , , | Yes 🗹 | No 🗌 | | | | | | |
| Sufficient sample volume | for indicated test? | Yes 🗹 | No 🗌 | | | | | | |
| Were container lables cor | nplete (ID, Pres, Date)? | Yes 🗹 | No 🗌 | | | | | | |
| All samples received with | in holding time? | Yes 🗹 | No 🗌 | | | | | | |
| Was an attempt made to | cool the samples? | Yes 🗌 | No 🗹 | NA | | | | | |
| All samples received at a | temp. of > 0° C to 6.0° C? | Yes 🗌 | No 🗹 | NA | | | | | |
| Response when temperat | ure is outside of range: | Not required | | | | | | | |
| Preservative added to bot | tles: | | | | | | | | |
| Sample Temp. taken and | recorded upon receipt? | Yes 🗹 | No 🗌 | To 16 | 5.3 ℃ | | | | |
| Water - Were bubbles abs | sent in VOC vials? | Yes 🗌 | No 🛄 | No Vials | | | | | |
| Water - Was there Chlorin | ne Present? | Yes 🗌 | No 🗌 | NA | | | | | |
| Water - pH acceptable up | on receipt? | Yes 🛄 | No 🗌 | NA | | | | | |
| Are Samples considered a | acceptable? | Yes 🖌 | No 🗌 | | | | | | |
| Custody Seals present? | | Yes 🗌 | No 🗹 | | | | | | |
| Traffic Report or Packing | Lists present? | Yes 🗌 | No 🗹 | | _ | | | | |
| Airbill or Sticker? | | Air Bill 🗔 | Sticker | Not Present | | | | | |
| Airbill No: | | | _ | | | | | | |
| Sample Tags Present? | | Yes | No 🗹 | | | | | | |
| Sample Tags Listed on C | OC? | Yes | No 🗹 | | | | | | |
| Tag Numbers: | | _ | _ | | _ | | | | |
| Sample Condition? | | Intact 🗹 | Broken | Leaking | | | | | |
| Case Number: | SDG: | SA | AS: | | | | | | |
| | | Adju | isted? | Ch | necked by | | | | |
| Any No and/or NA (not ap | plicable) response must be detai | led in the comments sec | tion be | | | | | | |

| N/Z | Specialty Analytical 9011 SE Jannsen Rd Clackamas, Oregon 97015 TEL: 503-607-1331 FAX: 503-607-1336 Website: www.specialtyanalytical.com |
|--|--|
| Client Contacted? Contact Mode: Client Instructions: | Yes ✓ No NA Person Contacted: Comments: Phone: Fax: □ Email: □ In Person: |
| Date Contacted: Regarding: | Contacted By: |
| CorrectiveAction: | |

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| Analytical Date: Page: of Laboratory Project No (internet); 2/402,148 Client: ///// ////// //////////////////////// | Specialty | | SE Jann | | | | | | | | Chain of Custody Record | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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Specialty Analytical 9011 SE Jannsen Ra Clackamas, Oregon 97015 TEL: 503-607-1331 FAX: 503-607-1336 Website: www.specialtyanalytical.com

Definition Only

WO#: **2403148** Date: **3/20/2024**

Definitions:

KEY TO FLAGS

A: This sample contains a Gasoline Range Organic not identified as a specific hydrocarbon product. The result was qualified against gasoline calibration standards.

A1: This sample contains a Diesel Range Organic not identified as a specific hydrocarbon product. The result was qualified against diesel calibration standards.

A2: This sample contains a Lube Oil Range Organic not identified as a specific hydrocarbon product. The result was qualified against lube oil calibration standards.

A3: The results was determined to be Non-Detect based on hydrocarbon pattern recognition. The product was carry-over from another hydrocarbon type.

A4: The product appears to be aged or degraded.

B: The blank exhibited a positive result greater than the reporting limit for this compound.

BC: Sample concentration is >10x positive result in blank. Data is considered acceptable.

CN: See Case Narrative.

E: Result exceeds the calibration range for this compound. The result should be considered an estimate.

F: The positive result for this hydrocarbon is due to single component contamination. The product does not match any hydrocarbon in the fuels library.

FS: Follow-up testing is suggested.

G: Result may be biased high due to biogenic interferences. Clean up is recommended.

H: Sample was analyzed outside recommended holding time.

HP: Sample was analyzed outside recommended holding time due to VOA having pH >2.



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WO#: **2403148** Date: **3/20/2024**

Definitions:

J: The results for this analyte is between the MDL and the PQL and should be considered an estimated concentration.

K: Diesel result is biased high due to amount of Oil contained in the sample.

L: Diesel result is biased high due to amount of Gasoline contained in the sample.

M: Oil result is biased high due to amount of Diesel contained in the sample.

N: Gasoline result is biased high due to amount of Diesel contained in the sample.

MC: Sample concentration is greater than 4x the spiked value, the spiked value is considered insignificant.

MI: Result is outside control limits due to matrix interference.

NH: Sample matrix is non-homogeneous

MSA: Value determined by Method of Standard Addition.

O: Laboratory Control Standard (LCS) exceeded laboratory control limits but meets CCV criteria. Data meets EPA requirements.

Q: Detection levels elevated due to sample matrix.

R: RPD control limits were exceeded

RF: Duplicate failed due to result being at or near the method-reporting limit.

RP: Matrix spike values exceed established QC limits; post digestion spike is in control.

S: Recovery is outside control limits.

SC: CCV or LCS exceeded high recovery control limits, but associated samples are non-detect. Data meets EPA requirements.



Definitions:

SL: LCS exceeded recovery control limits, but associated MS/MSD passing. Data meets EPA requirements.

SV: CCV exceded low recovery control limits. ND as reported evaluated using EPA method 8260D section 11.4.3.2

- TA: Sample treated with ascorbic acid for the removal of thiocyanates.
- TS: Sample treated with Sodium Sulfite for the removal of chlorine.

EXHIBIT 12

EXAMPLE OF CCRs TO BE CREATED AND RECORDED FOR THE PROPOSED CHERRY HILL ESTATES NEIGHBORHOOD

DECLARATION OF COVENANTS, CONDITIONS, AND RESTRICTIONS FOR LOG CABIN SUBDIVISION

THIS DECLARATION OF COVENANTS, CONDITIONS, AND RESTRICTIONS FOR LOG CABIN SUBDIVISION, a Planned Unit Development, ("Declaration") is made by LEGACY DEVELOPMENT GROUP, INC., an Oregon corporation ("Declarant").

RECITALS

Declarant is the owner of all the real property and improvements thereon located in the City and County of Hood River, Oregon, described as follows (the "Property"):

Lots 1-4, inclusive, and Tract A as shown on the attached Plat Map of LOG CABIN SUBDIVISION, a Planned Unit Development, hereinafter "LOG CABIN PUD," filed for record on <u>JULY 16</u>^{4/c}, 2019, Recording No. <u>2019 2177</u>, in the plat records of Hood River County, Oregon, and described more particularly on attached Exhibit "A."

Declarant desires to impose these mutually beneficial covenants, conditions, restrictions, and easements on the Property, under a comprehensive general plan of improvement and development for the benefit of all Lots and Common Area in LOG CABIN PUD.

Declarant has deemed it desirable for the efficient preservation of the values and amenities in LOG CABIN PUD to create an Architectural and Governance Committee, to which will be delegated and assigned the powers and authority to maintain and administer Log Cabin Lane, Tract A, and all other private common areas and improvements for the benefit of the Owners, and to administer and enforce the covenants, conditions, and restrictions of this Declaration, and to collect and disburse the assessments and charges hereinafter created.

NOW THEREFORE, Declarant declares that the Property shall be held, transferred, sold, conveyed, and occupied subject to the following covenants, conditions, restrictions, easements, charges, and assessments, which shall run with the land, which shall be binding on all parties having or acquiring any right, title, or interest in the Property or any part thereof, and which shall inure to the benefit of each Owner.

ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS

1.1 Architectural Review and Governance Committee or "ARC" shall refer to that committee constituted and acting pursuant to Article 6 of this Declaration.

1

1.2 Common Area shall mean and refer to Tract A shown on the recorded Plat of the Property, including any improvements located thereon, which areas and improvements are intended to be devoted to the common use and enjoyment of the owners. Tract "A" consists of open space, private drainage and stormwater facilities as well as a private road, and is a joint private and public pedestrian access and utility easement. Log Cabin Lane is a private road serving LOG CABIN PUD as well as Parcels 1 and 2 of Partition Plat 2016-11P (CS#2016-059). Tract A including Log Cabin Lane shall be maintained by the Owners of Lots 1-4, with the costs of such maintenance assessed equally to Lots 1-4 and the Owners of such Lots.

1.3 Commonly Maintained Property shall mean the drainage and private stormwater facilities (including associated catch basins and fencing) as well as open space vegetation on Tract A consisting of the trees, shrubs and groundcover areas identified on the Planting Plan attached hereto as Exhibit "B," which have been preserved or installed by Declarant, and which shall be irrigated and maintained by the Owners of Lots 1-4, with the costs of such irrigation and maintenance shared equally by Lots 1-4.

1.4 *Declaration* shall mean the covenants, conditions, restrictions, and all other provisions set forth in this Declaration.

1.5 *Declarant* shall mean and refer to Legacy Development Group, Inc., an Oregon corporation, and its successors or assigns, or any successor or assign to all or the remainder of its interest in the Property.

1.6 General Plan of Development shall mean Declarant's general plan of development of the Property, as approved by appropriate governmental agencies, as may be amended from time to time.

1.7 *Home* shall mean and refer to any portion of a structure situated on a Lot and designed and intended for use and occupancy as a residence by a single family or household.

1.8 Lot shall mean and refer to each and any of Lots 1-4; provided, however, that Lot shall not include Tract A.

1.9 Occupant shall mean and refer to the occupant of a Home, whether such person is an Owner, a lessee, or any other person authorized by the Owner to occupy the Home.

1.10 Owner shall mean and refer to the record owner, whether one or more persons or entities, of the fee simple title to any Lot or a purchaser in possession of a Lot under a land sale contract. The foregoing does not include persons or entities who hold an interest in any Lot merely as security for the performance of an obligation.

1.11 Plat shall mean and refer to the Plat of Log Cabin Subdivision recorded in the Plat Records of Hood River County, Oregon, under Recording No. 2019 2177, on JULY 1(2⁴⁴, 2019.

1.12 *Property* shall have the meaning attributed to such term in the Recitals of this Declaration.

1.13 *Tract* shall mean and refer to Tract A as shown on the Plat.

ARTICLE 2 PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THIS DECLARATION

2.1 Development. The development of LOG CABIN PUD shall consist of the Property, which shall be held, transferred, sold, conveyed, and occupied subject to this Declaration.

2.2 No Right to Annex Additional Property or to Withdraw Property. Declarant reserves no right to annex additional property to or to withdraw property from LOG CABIN PUD.

ARTICLE 3 OWNERSHIP AND EASEMENTS

3.1 Nonseverability. The interest of each Owner in the use and benefit of the Common Area shall be appurtenant to the Lot owned by the Owner. No Lot shall be conveyed by the Owner separately from the interest in the Common Area. Any conveyance of any Lot shall automatically transfer the right to use the Common Area without the necessity of express reference in the instrument of conveyance. There shall be no judicial partition of the Common Area. Each Owner, whether by deed, gift, devise, or operation of law, for such Owner's benefit and for the benefit of all other Owners, specifically waives and abandons all rights, interests, and causes of action for judicial partition of any interest in the Common Area and agrees that no action for judicial partition shall be instituted, prosecuted, or reduced to judgment. Ownership interests in the Common Area and Lots are subject to the easements granted and reserved in this Declaration. Each of the easements granted or reserved herein shall be deemed to be established upon the recordation of this Declaration and shall thenceforth be deemed to be covenants running with the land for the use and benefit of the Owners and their Lots and shall be superior to all other encumbrances applied against or in favor of any portion of LOG CABIN PUD.

3.2 Ownership of Lots. Title to each Lot in LOG CABIN PUD shall be conveyed in fee to an Owner. If more than one person and/or entity owns an undivided interest in the same Lot, such persons and/or entities shall constitute one Owner.

3.3 Easements. Individual deeds to Lots may, but shall not be required to, set forth the easements specified in this Article.

3.4.1 Easements on Plat. The Common Area and Lots are subject to the easements and rights-of-way shown on the Plat.

3.4.2 Easements for Common Area. Every Owner shall have a nonexclusive right and easement of use and enjoyment in and to the Common Area, which shall be appurtenant to and shall pass with the title to every Lot. Tract A is open space and includes public and private access and utility easements, including drainage and stormwater facilities, as shown on the Plat. Log Cabin Lane is a private road serving Lots 1-4 of the LOG CABIN PUD, as well as Parcels 1 and 2 of Partition Plat 2016-11P (CS#2016-059).

3.4.3 Easements Reserved by Declarant. As long as Declarant owns any Lot, Declarant reserves an easement over, under, and across the Common Area in order to carry out sales activities necessary or convenient for the sale of Lots. Declarant, for itself and its successors and assigns, hereby retains a right and easement of ingress and egress to, from, over, in, upon, under, and across the Common Area and the right to store materials thereon and to make such other use thereof as may be reasonably necessary or incident to the construction of the improvements on the Property in such a way as not to interfere unreasonably with the occupancy, use, enjoyment, or access to an Owner's Lot by such Owner or such Owner's family, tenants, employees, guests, or invitees.

3.4.4 Additional Utility and Drainage Easements, Public Walkway Easement. Notwithstanding anything expressed or implied to the contrary, this Declaration shall be subject to all easements granted by Declarant for the installation and maintenance of utilities and drainage facilities necessary for the development of LOG CABIN PUD as shown on the Plat. Tract A includes a 15' public pedestrian access and public utility easement, and variable width public storm sewer easement as shown on the Plat. No structure, planting, or other material that may damage or interfere with the installation or maintenance of utilities, that may change the direction of flow of drainage channels in the easements, or that may obstruct or retard the flow of water through drainage channels in the easement areas shall be placed or permitted to remain within any easement area.

ARTICLE 4 LOTS AND HOMES

Single Family Residential Use. Lots shall only be used for single family 4.1 residential purposes which may include accessory dwelling units (ADU's) subject to conformance with applicable standards. Except with the ARC's consent, no trade, craft, business, profession, commercial, or similar activity of any kind shall be conducted on any Lot, and no goods, equipment, materials, or supplies used in connection with any trade, service, or business shall be kept or stored on any Lot. Nothing in this Section 4.1 shall be deemed to prohibit (a) activities relating to the sale of residences, (b) the right of Declarant or any contractor or homebuilder to construct residences on any Lot, to store construction materials and equipment on such Lots in the normal course of construction, and to use any residence as a sales office or model home for purposes of sales in LOG CABIN PUD and (c) the right of the Owner of a Lot to maintain such Owner's personal business or professional library, keep such Owner's personal business or professional records or accounts, handle such Owner's personal business or professional telephone calls, or confer with business or professional associates, clients, or customers in such Owner's residence. The ARC shall not approve commercial activities otherwise prohibited by this Section 4.1 unless the ARC determines that only normal residential activities would be observable outside of the residence and that the activities would not be in violation of applicable local government ordinances.

4.2 Minimum Square Feet. No residence on any Lot shall have a minimum area of less than 1,200 square feet.

4.3 Garages. Each residence shall have an attached garage, capable of housing at least two vehicles.

4.4 Maintenance of Lots and Homes. Each Owner shall maintain such Owner's Lot and all improvements and landscaping thereon in a clean and attractive condition, in good repair, and in such fashion as not to create a fire hazard. Such maintenance shall include, without limitation, maintenance of windows, doors, garage doors, walks, patios, chimneys, and other exterior improvements and glass surfaces. All repainting or restaining and exterior remodeling shall be subject to prior review and approval by the ARC. Each Owner shall repair damage caused to such Owner's Lot or improvements located thereon by fire, flood, storm, earthquake, riot, vandalism, or other causes within a reasonable period.

4.5 Rental of Homes. An Owner may rent or lease such Owner's Home or a portion thereof, provided that the following conditions are met:

4.5.1 Written Rental Agreements Required. The Owner and the tenant enter into a written rental or lease agreement specifying that (i) the tenant shall be subject to all provisions of

the Declaration, and (ii) a failure to comply with any provision of the Declaration shall constitute a default under the rental or lease agreement;

4.5.2 Minimum Rental Period. The period of the rental or lease is not less than 30 days;

4.5.3 Tenant Must be Given Documents. The Owner gives each tenant a copy of the Declaration.

4.6 Animals. No animals, livestock, or poultry of any kind, other than a reasonable number of household pets that are not kept, bred, or raised for commercial purposes and that are reasonably controlled so as not to be a nuisance, shall be raised, bred, kept, or permitted within any Lot. Owners whose pets cause any inconvenience or unpleasantness to other Owners shall take all steps reasonably necessary to prevent recurrence thereof and Owners whose pets damage other Owners' Lots or personal property shall reimburse such other Owners for reasonable costs actually incurred by such other Owners in repairing such damage. An Owner shall ensure that such Owner's dog is leashed when on the Property and outside of such Owner's Lot.

4.7 Nuisance. No noxious, harmful, or offensive activities shall be carried out on any Lot or Common Area. Nor shall anything be done or placed on any Lot or Common Area that interferes with or jeopardizes the enjoyment of, or that is a source of annoyance to, the Owner or other Occupants.

4.8 Parking. Boats, trailers, commercial vehicles, mobile homes, campers, and other recreational vehicles or equipment, regardless of weight, shall not be parked on any part of the Common Area, Log Cabin Lane, or on any streets on or adjacent to the Property at any time or for any reason, including loading or unloading, and may not be parked on any Lot for more than six hours or such other period as may be permitted by the ARC. The garage on each Lot shallbe used to park the occupant's primary passenger vehicle.

4.9 Vehicles in Disrepair. No Owner shall permit any vehicle that is in a state of disrepair or that is not currently licensed to be abandoned or to remain parked on the Common Area, Log Cabin Lane or on any street on or adjacent to the Property at any time and may not permit them on a Lot for a period in excess of 48 hours.

4.10 Signs. No signs shall be erected or maintained on any Lot except that not more than one "For Sale" or "For Rent" sign placed by the Owner or by a licensed real estate agent, not exceeding 24 inches high and 36 inches long, may be temporarily displayed on any Lot. The restrictions contained in this Section 4.10 shall not prohibit the temporary placement of "political" signs on any Lot by the Owner or Occupant. Provided, however, political signs shall be removed within three days after the election day pertaining to the subject of the sign. Real estate signs shall be removed within three days after the sale closing date.

4.11 Rubbish and Trash. No Lot or part of the Common Area shall be used as a dumping ground for trash or rubbish of any kind. All garbage and other waste shall be kept in appropriate containers for proper disposal and out of public view. Yard rakings, dirt, and other material resulting from landscaping work shall not be dumped onto streets, the Common Area, or any other Lots.

4.12 Fences and Hedges. No fences or boundary hedges shall be installed or replaced without prior written approval of the ARC. No fence shall be erected or otherwise located nearer to any street than the distance of the minimum building setback provided for by the applicable

section of the Hood River Municipal Code. No fence shall have a finished height greater thansix feet. The existing rock wall located along the PUD's southern boundary shall not be removed, and shall be maintained in its present, naturally occurring condition to the greatest extent possible. In the event the rock wall requires maintenance or repair, it shall be at the equal expense of the Owners of Lots 1-4.

4.13 Service Facilities. Service facilities (garbage containers, fuel tanks, clotheslines, etc.) shall be screened so that such facilities are not visible at any time from the street or a neighboring property. All telephone, electrical, cable television, and other utility installations shall be placed underground in conformance with applicable law.

4.14 Antennas and Satellite Dishes. Except as otherwise provided by law or this section, no exterior antennas, satellite dishes, microwave, aerial, tower, or other devices for the transmission or reception of television, radio, or other forms of sound or electromagnetic radiation shall be erected, constructed, or placed on any Lot. With prior written consent from the ARC, exterior satellite dishes or antennas with a surface diameter of one meter or less and antennas designed to receive television broadcast signals only may be placed on any Lot if they are not visible from the street and are screened from neighboring Lots. The ARC may adopt reasonable rules and regulations governing the installation, safety, placement, and screening of such antennas, satellite dishes, and other transmission devices. Such rules shall not unreasonably delay or increase the cost of installation, maintenance, or use or preclude reception of a signal of acceptable quality. (The ARC, in its sole discretion, may determine what constitutes a signal of acceptable quality.) Such rules may prohibit installation of exterior satellite dishes or antennas if signals of acceptable quality can be received by placing antennas inside a Home without causing an unreasonable delay or cost increase.

4.15 Exterior Lighting or Noise-Making Devices. Except with the consent of the ARC, no noise-making devices, other than security and fire alarms, shall be installed or maintained on any Lot. All exterior lighting shall be hooded, shielded, and pointed downward.

4.16 Grades, Slopes, and Drainage. There shall be no interference with the established drainage patterns or systems over or through any Lot so as to affect anyother Lot or Common Area or any real property outside LOG CABIN PUD unless adequate alternative provision is made for proper drainage and is approved by the ARC. The term *established drainage* shall mean the drainage swales, conduits, inlets, and outlets designed and constructed pursuant to the Stormwater Management Plan, on file with the ARC.

4.17 Tree-Cutting Restrictions. No trees identified on the Planting Plan attached hereto as Exhibit "B" shall be removed from Tract A, nor from the Planting Strips for Street Trees on Rocky Road, except in the event they should become safety hazards, as determined by a qualified arborist, or interfere with public utilities as determined by the City of Hood River. No other tree the diameter of which is six inches or more may be removed from any Lot without the prior approval of the ARC unless it is diseased or poses an immediate danger to persons or property and a qualified arborist determines that there is no remedy available to retain said tree.

4.18 Landscaping. All landscaping on any Lot shall be maintained and cared for by the Owner of such Lot. Weeds and diseased or dead lawn, tree, groundcover, or shrubs shall be removed and replaced. Lawns shall be neatly mowed and trees and shrubs shall be neatly trimmed. All landscaping shall be irrigated in a horticulturally proper manner, subject to water

use restrictions or moratoria by government bodies or agencies.

4.19 Damage or Destruction to Home and/or Lot. If all or any portion of a Lot or Home is damaged by fire or other casualty, the Owner shall either (a) restore the damaged improvements or (b) remove all damaged improvements, including foundations, and leave the Lot in a clean and safe condition. Any restoration proceeding under (a) above must be performed so that the improvements are in substantially the same condition in which they existed before the damage, unless the owner complies with the provisions of Article 6. The Owner must commence such work within 60 days after the damage occurs and must complete the work within nine months thereafter.

4.20 Ordinances and Regulations. The standards and restrictions set forth in this Article 4 shall be the minimum required. To the extent that local governmental ordinances and regulations are more restrictive or provide for a higher or different standard, such local governmental ordinances and regulations shall prevail.

4.21 Declarant Exemptions. Declarant shall be exempt from the application of Section 4.10.

ARTICLE 5

COMMON AREA, COMMONLY MAINTAINED PROPERTY, ROAD MAINTENANCE

5.1 Use of Common Areas. There shall be no obstruction of any part of the Common Area or Commonly Maintained Property. Nothing shall be stored or kept in the Common Area or Commonly Maintained Property. The Common Area consists solely of Tract A. The Commonly Maintained Property consists of the private drainage and stormwater facilities as well as open space vegetation located on Tract A, identified on the attached Planting Plan (Exhibit "B").

5.2 Maintenance of Common Area, Commonly Maintained Property. The Owners shall be responsible for maintenance, repair, replacement, and upkeep of the Common Area, at the equal expense of the Owners of Lots 1-4. The Owners of Lots 1-4 shall be responsible for irrigation and maintenance of the Commonly Maintained Property, at the equal expense of Lots 1-4. The water meter located on Lot 1 will reflect water usage for irrigating Tract A. The Owner of Lot 1 shall remit the water bill for the irrigation of Tract A to the ARC for assessment and pro-rata reimbursement pursuant to Section 6.10.

5.3 Road Maintenance. Log Cabin Lane is a variable-width private right of way and loop driveway serving Lots 1-4, as depicted on the Plat, to be used in common by all Owners of Property within the subdivision. All costs for repairs, maintenance, snow removal, grading, rocking, sign and post repair or replacement, drainage cleaning/clearing, and right-of-way clearing/brushing/spraying of Log Cabin Lane shall be shared equally by the Owners of Lots 1-4. Repairs and maintenance shall be made at the discretion of the ARC. The Owners shall at all times use said roadway in a reasonable manner so as to not interfere with the use and enjoyment thereof by other Owners or their invitees.

5.4 Street Trees. Declarant has planted 5, 2" minimum caliper deciduous trees within the Planting Strips abutting Rocky Road, North of the PUD boundary, and bonded for the cost of replanting and maintaining the Street Trees for a period of two years after planting. These

Street Trees shall not be removed, and in the event that they are damaged or destroyed, Declarant shall be immediately notified for purposes of replanting. Reasonable costs incurred in connection with effecting such replanting shall become a special assessment on the Lot and against the Owner who caused or is responsible for the damaged or destroyed tree(s).

5.5 Stormwater Facility. Declarant constructed a privately-owned and maintained stormwater facility in Tract A. The Owners of Lots 1-4 are responsible for maintenance, irrigation and repair of this stormwater facility in accordance with the Stormwater Facility Operations and Maintenance Manual attached hereto as Exhibit "C." All costs for maintenance, irrigation and repairs shall be shared equally by the Owners of Lots 1-4. Declarant and Owners give the City and its authorized agents and employees the right, but not the obligation, of immediate entry to maintain access to the private stormwater facility to inspect, repair, or maintain the private stormwater facility in the event the person(s) responsible (i.e. owner/developer/their successors or assigns) fail to operate, maintain, and repair the private stormwater facility in a timely manner, as required. If upon inspection by the City, the private stormwater facility is not being properly operated, maintained, or repaired, the City shall make the necessary repairs and all expenses for those repairs or maintenance shall be paid by the person(s) responsible. The City is under no obligation to maintain or repair private stormwater facilities.

5.6 Condemnation of Common Area. If all or any portion of the Common Area is taken for any public or quasi-public use under any statute, by right of eminent domain, or by purchase in lieu of eminent domain, the Declarant shall receive and expend the entire award in a manner that, in the Declarant's discretion, is in the best interest of the Property and the Owners. The Declarant shall represent the interest of all Owners in any negotiations, suit, action, or settlement in connection with such matters.

5.7 Damage or Destruction of Common Area. If all or any portion of the Common Area is damaged or destroyed by an Owner or any of Owner's guests, occupants, tenants, licensees, agents, or members of Owner's family in a manner that would subject such Owner to liability for such damage under Oregon law, such Owner hereby authorizes the ARC to repair such damage. The ARC shall repair the damage and restore the area in a workmanlike manner as originally constituted or as may be modified or altered subsequently by the ARC in the discretion of the ARC. Reasonable costs incurred in connection with effecting such repairs shall become a special assessment on the Lot and against the Owner who caused or is responsible for such damage.

ARTICLE 6

ARCHITECTURAL REVIEW AND GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

6.1 Architectural Review. No improvement shall be commenced, erected, placed, or altered on any Lot until the construction plans and specifications showing the nature, shape, heights, materials, colors, and proposed location of the improvement have been submitted to and approved in writing by the ARC. This Article's purpose is to assure quality of workmanship and materials and harmony between exterior design and the existing improvements and landscaping and as to location with respect to topography and finished grade elevations. The ARC shall not be responsible for determining compliance with structural and building codes, zoning codes, or other governmental regulations, all of which are the applicant's responsibility. The procedure and specific requirements for ARC approval or consent may be set forth in design guidelines and standards adopted from time to time by the ARC. The provisions of this Article shall apply in all instances in which this Declaration requires the ARC's consent.

6.2 ARC Decision. The ARC shall use all reasonable efforts to render its decision on an application for approval of the design and construction of an improvement or any other proposal submitted to it for approval or consent within 15 business days after its receipt of a complete written applications together with all materials required with respect to such application. If the ARC fails to render approval, conditional approval or disapproval of such applications within 30 business days after receipt of a complete application or request an extension, the application shall be deemed approved. The ARC shall be entitled to request one or more extensions of time, not to exceed 45 business days. In the event of such extension requests, if the ARC does not render a decision within 15 days after the expiration of the extension(s), the application shall be deemed approved. Provided, however, the applicant may agree to further extensions to allow the applicant to complete or supplement the application.

6.3 ARC Discretion. The ARC, at its sole discretion, may withhold consent to any proposed design, improvement or proposal submitted to it if the ARC finds the proposal would be inappropriate for the particular Lot or incompatible with the design standards that the ARC intends for the subdivision. Consideration of siting, shape, size, color, design, height, solar access, impairment of the view from other Lots within the subdivision, disturbance of existing terrain and vegetation, effect on enjoyment of other Lots, and other factors which the ARC reasonably believes to be relevant, may be taken into account in determining whether or not to approve, conditionally approve, or deny a proposal.

6.4 Appointment of Architectural and Governance Committee; Turnover. Until the earlier to occur of (a) six months following the conveyance of the last Lot owned by Declarant to a third party or (b) notification by Declarant to the Owners of Declarant's determination to relinquish control of the ARC (the "Turnover Date"), the Architectural and Governance Committee shall consist of one to three persons (who need not be Owners), appointed from time to time by Declarant. Thereafter, the ARC shall consist of three members elected by the Owners in accordance with section 6.8. Prior to the Turnover Date, Declarant shall have the right to remove or replace any member of the ARC at any time.

6.5 Election by Owners.

6.5.1 The first meeting of Owners to elect members of the ARC shall occur not less than 30 days after the Turnover Date. At such meeting, the Owners shall elect three Owners to serve as members of the ARC. At such time, the members of the ARC appointed by Declarant shall resign.

6.5.2 Subsequent meetings of the Owners shall occur on an annual basis during the month in which the initial meeting of Owners occurred, unless another annual date is agreed upon by the ARC. The purpose of the meetings shall be to determine annual repair and maintenance needs of Common Areas and Commonly Maintained Improvements, approve associated contracts including stormwater facilities inspection and maintenance, landscaping and snow removal, and to authorize assessments for the costs, in addition to any other business that may come before the ARC. The ARC shall give at least seven calendar days' notice of each such annual meeting. All meetings of Owners shall take place at a location in Hood River County, Oregon, specified in the notice. Notice of any meeting may be waived by any Owner at any time. No Owner who is present at a meeting may object to the adequacy of the notice given.

6.5.3 An Owner may give proxy to any other Owner, so long as the proxy is in writing and signed and dated by such Owner. A proxy shall expire on the earlier to occur of (i) 11 months after the date of the proxy, or (ii) the date of sale of such Owner's Lot by such Owner. There shall be no quorum requirements with respect to meetings of the Owners. Each owner shall have one vote for each Lot owned by such Owner. If there is more than one Owner of any Lot, such owners together shall be considered a single Owner with respect to such Lot. Voting for members of the ARC shall be conducted on an at-large basis.

6.5.4 Except as provided in section 6.7, all members of the ARC shall serve two-year terms. Any member may serve more than one term. In the event a member dies, resigns, or ceases to be an Owner of a Lot, the resulting vacancy shall be filled by designation of the ARC. The member so selected shall serve the remainder of the replaced member's term.

6.6 Majority Action. A majority of the members of the ARC shall have the power to act on behalf of the ARC, without the necessity of a meeting, provided that all members of the ARC have been delivered prior notice of the proposed action. The ARC may render its decision only by written instrument setting forth the action taken by its members consenting thereto.

6.7 Nonwaiver. Consent by the ARC to any matter proposed to it or within its jurisdiction shall not be deemed to constitute precedent or waiver impairing its right to withhold approval as to any similar matter thereafter proposed or submitted to it for consent.

6.8 Effective Period of Consent. The ARC's consent to any proposal shall automatically be revoked one year after issuance unless construction of the project has been commenced or the Owner has applied for and received an extension of time from the ARC.

6.9 Liability. Neither Declarant, the ARC nor any member thereof, shall be liable to anyone submitting plans to them for approval or to any Owner or Occupant by reason of mistake in judgment, negligence, or disapproval or failure to approve plans. Every person who submits plans to the ARC for approval agrees by submission of such plans and every Owner by acquiring title to their Lot or interest therein, agrees that they will not bring any action or suit against Declarant, the ARC, or any member thereof to recover damages of any nature. The ARC's review and approval or disapproval of plans and specifications shall not be relied upon by the applicant as an indication of sufficiency, structural soundness or in any other way, such review having been made solely to assure that the improvements contemplated would be aesthetically compatible with the existing and planned residences in the subdivision. The scope of the ARC's review is not intended to include any review or analysis of structural, geophysical, engineering, or other similar considerations nor of any compliance with applicable building codes, rules, laws and ordinances

6.10 Collection of Costs for Maintenance, Repair and Insurance of Common Areas, Commonly Maintained Property and Streets, and Tract A Taxes. The Declarant hereby covenants for all of the Property in LOG CABIN PUD, that each Owner and each vendee of any Lot, whether or not it shall be so expressed in any deed or other conveyance or agreement for conveyance, is deemed to covenant and agree to pay to the ARC (1) regular annual or periodic assessments or charges as established by the ARC for maintenance, repair and property and liability insurance for all Common Areas, Commonly Maintained Property, Log Cabin Lane, including snow removal, and a pro-rata share of the ad valorem real property taxes levied by the County for Tract A; and (2) special assessments for capital improvements, such assessments to be fixed, established, and collected from time to time as hereinafter provided. The regular and special assessments, together with such interest thereon and costs of collection thereof, as hereinafter provided, shall be a charge on the Lot and shall be a continuing lien upon the property against which each such assessment is made. Each such assessment, together with interest, costs, and reasonable attorneys' fees, shall also be the personal obligation of the person or entity who was the Owner of such property at the time such assessment became due. The obligation shall remain a lien upon the property until paid or foreclosed, but shall not be a personal obligation of successors in title unless expressly assumed by them.

ARTICLE 7

ENFORCEMENT, AMENDMENT, GENERAL PROVISIONS

7.1 Enforcement; Attorney Fees. These covenants, conditions and restrictions may be enforced by the ARC, the City of Hood River at its sole discretion, or the Owner of any Lot within the subdivision by any proceeding at law or in equity. Failure by the ARC or any Owner to enforce any covenant, condition, or restriction herein contained shall in no event be deemed a waiver of their right to do so thereafter. In the event any suit or action is instituted to enforce these covenants, conditions and restrictions, or any of them, the prevailing party in such suit or action shall recover its costs, disbursements, and reasonable attorney fees incurred, therein, at trial or on any appeal therefrom.

7.2 Severability. Invalidation of any one of these covenants, conditions, or restrictions by judgment or court order shall not affect the other provisions hereof and the same shall remain in full force and effect.

7.3 **Duration.** These covenants, conditions and restrictions shall run with the land and shall continue to remain in full force and effect at all times with respect to the Property, and each part thereof, now or hereafter made subject thereto (subject, however, to the right amend as provided in Section 7.4) in perpetuity.

7.4 Amendment. This Declaration or any provision hereof, or any covenant, condition or restriction contained herein, may be modified or amended, as to the whole of the Property or any part thereof with the written consent of the Owners of seventy-five percent (75%) of the Lots subject to this Declaration, provided such amendment shall not become effective until recorded in the Official Records of Hood River County, Oregon. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any modification or amendment pertaining to maintenance and repair of the Stormwater Facility addressed in Article 5.5 shall require prior approval of the Hood River City Council.

7.5 Covenants Run with the Land. This Declaration shall run with the land and shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Declarant and the Owners of the Property and their respective successors and assigns

7.6 Joint Owners. In any case in which two or more persons share the ownership of any Lot, regardless of the form of ownership, the responsibility of such persons to comply with this Declaration shall be a joint and several responsibility and the act or consent of any one or more of such persons shall constitute the act or consent of the entire ownership interest.

7.7 Lessees and Other Invitees. Lessees, invitees, contractors, family members, and other persons, excluding the general public, entering Log Cabin Planned Unit Development under rights derived from an Owner shall comply with all of the provisions of this Declaration restricting or regulating the Owner's use, improvement, or enjoyment of such Owner's Lot and other areas within the subdivision. The Owner shall be responsible for obtaining such compliance and

shall be liable for any failure of compliance by such persons in the same manner and to the same extend as if the failure had been committed by the Owner.

7.8 Nonwaiver. Failure by the Declarant, the ARC or by an Owner to enforce any covenant or restriction herein contained shall in no event be deemed a waiver of the right to do so thereafter.

7.9 Number and Captions. As used herein, the singular shall include the plural and the plural the singular, and the neuter shall each include the masculine, feminine and neuter, as the context requires. All captions used herein are intended solely for convenience of reference and shall in no way limit any of the provisions of this Declaration.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Declarant has executed this instrument this day of <u>July</u>, 2019.

LEGACY DEVELOPMENT GROUP, INC.

By:

Cameron Curtis, President

STATE OF OREGON

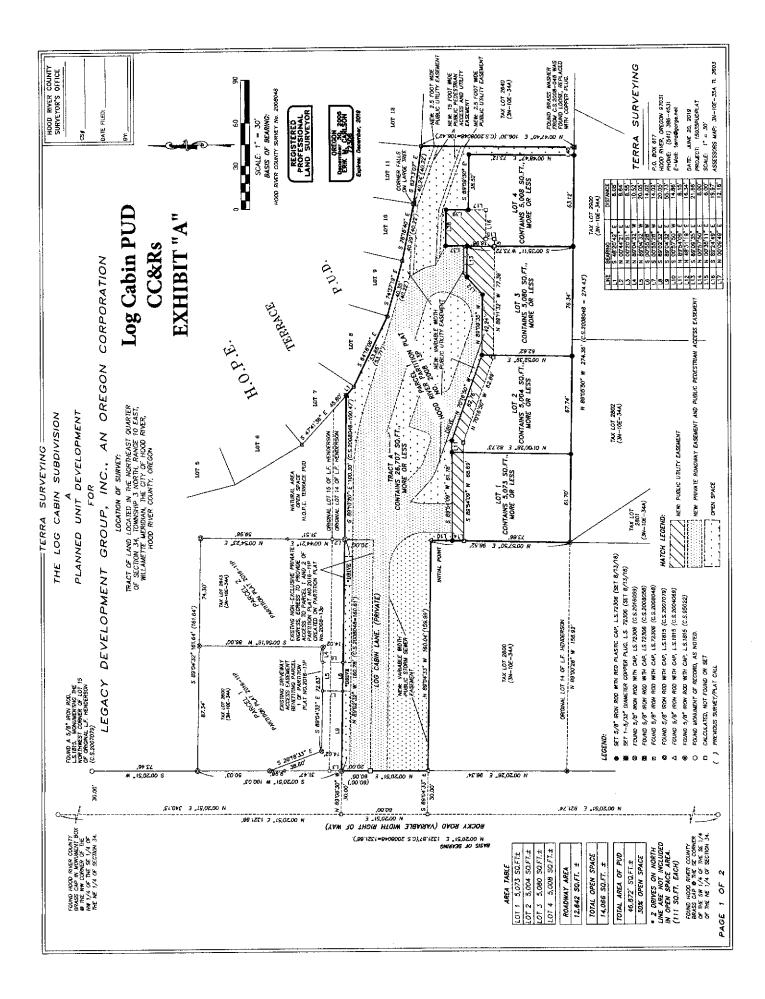
County of Hood River

This instrument was acknowledged before me on July 15¹, 2019, by Cameron Curtis, President, Legacy Development Group, Inc.

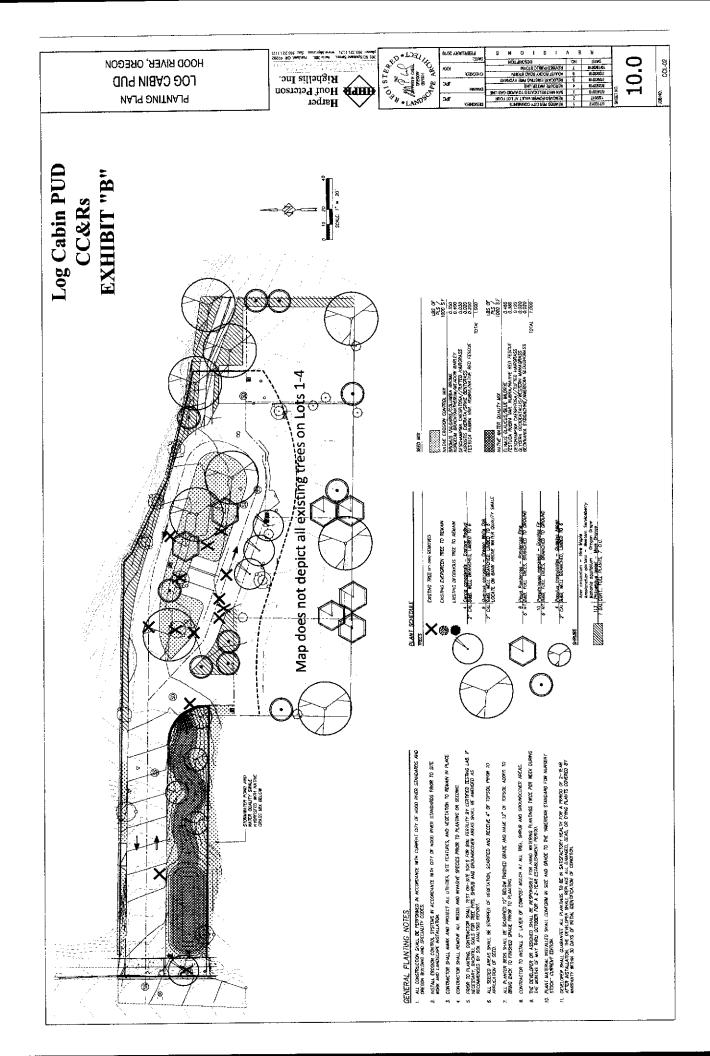


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Notary Public for Oregon My commission expires: _



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Stormwater Operations and Maintenance Plan Log Cabin Subdivision

June 2019

Prepared by :

Ken Valentine, PE Project Engineer Harper Houf Peterson Righellis Inc. 205 SE Spokane Street, Suite 200 Portland, OR 97202 Log Cabin PUD CC&Rs EXHIBIT "C"

Introduction:

This Operations and Maintenance manual is provided as a guidance for the Log Cabin Subdivision (LCS) home owners to maintain the stormwater Facilities on the site. This manual is considered the minimal effort required for maintenance and additional maintenance items may be required at the discretion of the homeowners and or the City of Hood River for the safety of the residents and proper function of the facilities. The City of Hood River has a right - but not an obligation – to enter into the LCS stormwater easement for needed maintenance or repairs and that any costs incurred by the City during such an event would become the responsibility of the homeowners and that the City would seek reimbursement for these costs. The City will agree to contact the association according to a time duration that best fits the needs of the situation – the contact person should be clearly identified with a list of alternate contacts in the event that the primary contact is not able to reply. This document should be recorded with the Log Cabin Subdivision Declarations of Covenants, conditions and restrictions.

Cost Responsibility:

All homeowners within the LCS will share the costs for maintaining and operating the stormwater system on the site as stated in the Declarations of Covenants, conditions and restrictions for the Log Cabin subdivision.

Stormwater Management System:

The LCS stormwater system includes a series of storm pipes, catch basins, manholes, water quality swale and detention facility. The system works by capturing stormwater from the roofs and other impervious surfaces and directing it to a water quality swale and detention pond area. The stormwater daylights to the swale The stormwater is released from the pond through an outlet control structure fitted with an orifice on a metal plate. The orifice allows stormwater to be released from the site at a rate similar to the pre-developed condition. The stormwater is released into a public storm pipe within Rocky Road.

The onsite stormwater system consists of the following features and appurtenances:

3 manholes 1 catch basin 228 linear feet of 12-inch PVC pipe 100 linear feet of 4-inch PVC pipe 4 cleanouts 100 linear feet of fence 100 linear feet of water quality swale 4000 square foot detention basin Associated landscaping

Log Cabin Subdivision Stormwater System Operations and Maintenance Plan

Operations and Maintenance Plan:

The following section describes the minimum requirements for the operation and maintenance of the stormwater facility. The inspector should carry the following sheets and provide comments on the condition and findings. The entire system should be inspected annually and after every large storm event.

CAUTION! NO ONE SHOULD ENTER MANHOLES OR OTHER CONFINED STRUCTURES DUE TO RISK OF DEATH. SEE THE UNITED STATE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINSTRATION STANDARD 1910.

Detention Basin

Detention basins are constructed ponds with temporary storage for the detention of large storm events. The stormwater is stored and released slowly over a matter of hours.

Inspections

All facility components and vegetation shall be inspected for proper operations and structural stability. These inspections shall occur, at a minimum, quarterly for the first two years from the date of installation, and two times *per year thereafter*. It is recommended that a visual inspection be made within 48 hours after each major storm event to ensure proper function. The facility owner must keep a log, recording all inspection dates, observations, and maintenance activities. The following items shall be inspected and maintained as stated:

Date: ___/ ___ Inspector's Name: _

Inlet shall ensure unrestricted stormwater flow to the detention basin.

Inlet pipe shall be kept clear at all times. Sources of sediment and debris shall be identified and corrected.

- Determine if pipe is in good condition:
- If more than 4 inches of settlement, add fill material and compact soils.
- □ If alignment is faulty, correct alignment.

Inspection Comments:

Swale coarse sediments, reduces incoming velocity, and distributes runoff evenly over the detention basin. A minimum 1-foot freeboard shall be maintained.

- □ Sediment exceeding 3 inches in depth, or so thick as to damage or kill vegetation, shall be removed.
- □ Sediment accumulation shall be hand-removed with minimum damage to vegetation using proper erosion control measures.

Inspection Comments:

Embankment, dikes, berms, and side slopes retain water in the detention basin.

- □ Slopes shall be stabilized using appropriate erosion control measures when soil is exposed or erosion channels are forming.
- □ Structural deficiencies shall be corrected upon discovery:
- □ If cracks exist, repair or replace structure.
- □ If erosion channels are forming, stabilize surface. Sources of erosion damage shall be identified and controlled.

Inspection Comments:

Control devices (e.g., weirs, baffles, etc.) shall direct and reduce flow velocity. Structural deficiencies shall be corrected upon discovery:

□ If cracks exist, repair or replace structure.

Inspection Comments:

Overflow structure conveys flow exceeding detention basin capacity to an approved stormwater receiving system.

- \Box Overflow structure shall be kept clear at all times.
- \Box Orifice shall be kept clean at all times.
- □ Sources of erosion damage shall be identified and controlled when soil is exposed at the top of overflow structure or erosion channels are forming.
- □ Rocks or other armoring shall be replaced when only one layer of rock exists.
- Inspection Comments: _

Sediment and debris management shall prevent loss of detention basin volume caused by sedimentation. Detention basin shall be cleaned of sediment when 1 foot of sediment accumulates in the pond.

Gauges located at the opposite ends of the detention basin shall be maintained to monitor sedimentation.

- □ Gauges shall be checked two times per year.
- □ Sources of restricted sediment or debris, such as discarded lawn clippings, shall be identified and prevented.
- Debris in quantities sufficient to inhibit operation shall be removed routinely, e.g., no less than quarterly or upon discovery.
- \Box Litter shall be removed upon discovery.

Inspection Comments: ____

Vegetation shall be healthy and dense enough to provide filtering while protecting underlying soils from erosion. Proper horticultural practices, consistent with the maintenance of a stormwater quality facility, shall be employed to ensure that plants are vigorous and healthy.

- \square Mulch shall be replenished as needed, but not inhibiting water flow.
- □ Vegetation, large shrubs, or trees that limit access or interfere with planter operation shall be pruned or removed.
- □ Fallen leaves and debris from deciduous plant foliage shall be raked and removed.
- Nuisance or prohibited vegetation from the City of Salem Non-Native Invasive Plant list shall be removed when discovered. Invasive vegetation shall be removed immediately upon discovery.
- Dead vegetation shall be removed upon discovery.
- □ Vegetation shall be replaced within as soon as possible to maintain cover density and control erosion where soils are exposed.

Inspection Comments:

Spill prevention measures shall be exercised when handling substances that can contaminate stormwater.

□ Releases of pollutants shall be corrected as soon as identified.

Inspection Comments: ___

Training and/or written guidance information for operating and maintaining ponds shall be provided to all property owners and tenants. This Facility Maintenance Form can be used to meet this requirement.

Inspection Comments:

Access to the detention basin shall be safe and efficient. Egress and ingress routes shall be maintained to design standards. Roadways shall be maintained to accommodate size and weight of vehicles, if applicable.

- □ Obstacles preventing maintenance personnel and/or equipment access to the detention basin shall be removed.
- \Box Gravel or ground cover shall be added if erosion has occurred.

Inspection Comments:

Nuisance insects and rodents shall not be harbored in the detention basin. Pest control measures shall be taken when nuisance insects/rodents are found to be present.

□ Holes in the ground located in and around the infiltration basin shall be filled.

Inspection Comments:

If used at this site, the following will be applicable:

Signage shall clearly convey information.

□ Broken or defaced signs shall be replaced or repaired.

Fences shall be maintained to preserve their functionality and appearance.

- □ Collapsed fences shall be restored to an upright position.
- □ Jagged edges and damaged fences shall be repaired or replaced.

Inspection Comments:

| yance: Pipes |
|--|
| nce (pipes) system shall be routinely inspected and cleaned on a scheduled cycle. |
| n should consist of cleaning main line as needed to keep pipes free of debris. Manholes and catch basins visually inspected annually and cleaned when sediment has reached 12 inches in depth or 50 percent of has been taken. No one should enter manholes without proper training and equipment for entering spaces. |
| Structural deficiencies shall be corrected upon discovery: |
| f cracks exist, repair or replace structure. |
| / / Inspector's Name: |
| the conveyance system shall be safe and efficient. Egress and ingress routes shall be maintained to indards. Roadways shall be maintained to accommodate size and weight of vehicles, if applicable. preventing maintenance personnel and/or equipment access to the conveyance system shall be removed. Gravel or ground cover shall be added if erosion has occurred. |
| ection Comments: |
| vention measures shall be exercised when handling substances that contaminate stormwater. Releases of pollutants shall be corrected as soon as identified. |
| nd litter shall be removed to prevent clogging. |
| ection Comments: |
| and/or written guidance information for operating and maintaining closed channel conveyance hall be provided to all property owners and tenants. This Facility Maintenance Form can be used to meet rement. |
| |

Fence Maintenance

The metal fence protecting the stormwater detention facility should be inspected annually for signs of damage including finish, rails and footings. The damage should be immediately repaired with similar materials to the original fence.

Inspection Comments: _____

Additional Inspection Comments:



CITY OF WHITE SALMON

EXHIBIT 13A

CITY HALL

October 9, 2023

Alex Pedroza, EIT 489 North 8TH Street – Suite 201 Hood River, Oregon 97031 apedroza@hrkus.com

RE: Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision – Notice of Incomplete Application

City staff have completed their completeness review of the Cherry Hills Estates Preliminary Plat application for a proposed 34-lot plat. The following information is needed to make your application complete.

Planning

- 1. Please provide an updated title report within the past 30 days to review encumbrances for this property. The title report filed is several years old.
- **2.** Please include a statement from your surveyor confirming steep slope critical areas are presently not on-site.
- **3.** Please indicate whether street lighting will be proposed for this development. If so, demonstrate compliance with lighting requirements prescribed under WSMC Chapter 8.40.
- **4.** Please show the existing 30-foot easement for the City water transmission line on the existing conditions sheet, as reflected in the following Klickitat County Assessor link below:

https://imap.klickitatcounty.org/SurveyData/229623a.pdf

If this is proposed to be re-located by the applicant, provide the suitable re-location and request (in writing and on proposed plat sheet) for easement vacation. See Public Works consistency comment #6 below for further details.

5. Please provide an arborist report to evaluate the presence or absence of heritage trees, as defined and regulated under WSMC 18.10.317. If found, please provide an assessment of protection needs on-site.

The following comment below is a consistency review-level comment and does not represent an entire compliance review. An initial response is anticipated, though not required at this stage.

Public Works

6. Note, the existing 14" steel water line is a transmission line feeding the entire City from

100 Main Street PO Box 2139 White Salmon, Washington 98672 Telephone: (509) 493-1133 Web Site: <u>white-salmon.net</u>



CITY OF WHITE SALMON CITY HALL

its water reservoir to the water treatment facility, located immediately west of the subject site's southernmost entrance. This steel water line re-location likely cannot be approved as shown. Please show an alternative location, alternate plat configuration, or present re-location options for City consideration.

A re-submittal will not be accepted without both responding to all completeness items #1 - #5 and including a cover letter describing where these changes are found within the re-submittal, or under what report.

For further questions, contact Erika Castro Guzman, City Community Development/Special Project Coordinator, at 493-1133 ext. 209.

Sincerely,

City of White Salmon

Alex Capron, AICP Consultant Land-Use Planner



EXHIBIT 13B

November 21, 2023

Alex Pedroza, EIT 489 North 8TH Street – Suite 201 Hood River, Oregon 97031 apedroza@hrkus.com

RE: Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision – Notice of Incomplete Application #2

City staff have completed their 2nd completeness review of the Cherry Hills Estates Preliminary Plat application for a proposed 34-lot plat. The following information is needed to make your application complete.

Planning

- 1. With steep slopes confirmed by the surveyor, please both provide an amended SEPA Checklist and delineate steep slopes on site, per WSMC 18.10.414. If alterations to steep slopes or buffers are proposed, please submit a geotechnical report addressing the following requirements under both WSMC 18.10.413 and WSMC 18.10.414.
- 2. Please show the proposed water line easement benefitting the City, bordering proposed lots 8, 9 and 18, as shown on sheet 3 of the site plan.
- **3.** Please provide an arborist report to evaluate the presence or absence of heritage trees, as defined and regulated under WSMC 18.10.317. If found, please provide an assessment of protection needs on-site.
 - Staff follow-up: Please reflect arborist report recommendations (Braun Arboricultural Consulting LLC, dated November 7th, 2023) on the proposed site plan/plat, including delineated heritage tree protection areas (Oak trees #1-8 as shown on Figure I. Candidate Heritage Trees). This includes a 15-foot building setback line for proposed lots, per WSMC 18.10.317.E(3) and WSMC 18.10.212. The access road and sidewalk will likely need to be shifted to the east of the current alignment to account for these protection areas, including the sidewalk on the east side, not the west side of the road.
 - **Staff follow-up**: Please provide a draft heritage tree protection easement exhibit or exhibits for future recording and approximate areas shown on the face of the plat, per WSMC 18.10.317.E(5).

The following comment below is a consistency review-level comment and does not represent an entire compliance review. An initial response is anticipated, though not required at this stage.

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Public Works

4. Per the City's recently-adopted Transportation Systems Plan (TSP) "Lite", (August 30, 2023), the City will require extended frontage improvements along NW Spring Street, per the adopted Safe Routes to School network shown on Figure 7 and described on page 3-10 of the plan (excerpt attached). This includes extending right-of-way frontage improvements east 127 feet from the project's entrance to where Lot 2 of the original Cherry Hills Estates Plat SP 91-17 terminates (1001 NW Cherry Hill Rd, parcel 03102475000200). Improvements must be installed or bonded prior to issuance of a future building permit certificate of occupancy.

Note, As shown in the attached Appendix C: Project List and Maps, NW Spring Street is a high-priority project for pedestrian and bike improvements. The City is currently applying for state funding to construct these improvements. If the City receives funding and constructs these improvements on the north side of NW Spring Street, the City may elect to waive this requirement. Please see the below cross-section from the City's TSP "Lite":

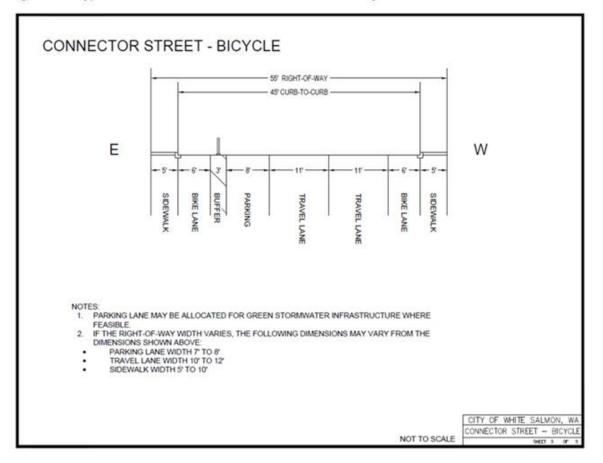


Figure 3 Typical Cross-Section for Connector Street on the Bicycle Network

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CITY OF WHITE SALMON CITY HALL

A re-submittal will not be accepted without both responding to all completeness items #1 - #5 and including a cover letter describing where these changes are found within the re-submittal, or under what report.

For further questions, contact Erika Castro Guzman, City Community Development/Special Project Coordinator, at 493-1133 ext. 209.

Sincerely,

City of White Salmon

Alex Capron, AICP Consultant Land-Use Planner

Encl: Transportation Systems Plan "Lite" – Safe Routes to Schools excerpt and Appendix C: Project List and Maps

Safe Routes to School

White Salmon has designated a network of streets and walking paths as a Safe Routes to School (SRTS) network connecting to Whitson Elementary, the only public school inside the city limits. The network includes portions of Center, O'Keefe, Tohomish, Hood, Main, Jewett, Wauna, Fields, and Spring streets (Figure 7). This plan includes a December 2021 resolution considered by Klickitat County, which would extend the SRTS network to include areas outside the city limits connecting to Henkle Middle School and Columbia High School along NW Loop Road and NW Jewett Boulevard. Appropriate safety and access improvements for students along and across school walking and bicycling routes may include traffic calming (e.g., speed humps and neighborhood traffic circles), crosswalk and crossing improvements, modifications to speed limits and zones, lighting improvements, pathway connections, and bikeways. Projects along and across this SRTS network may be eligible for Washington State Safe Routes to School program funding (see the Funding section of Chapter 6 below for further detail). The City will work with the White Salmon Valley School District to update the SRTS map shown on the following page (Figure 7).



Many streets do not have sidewalks.



City of White Salmon 3-10

White Salmon Transportation System Plan

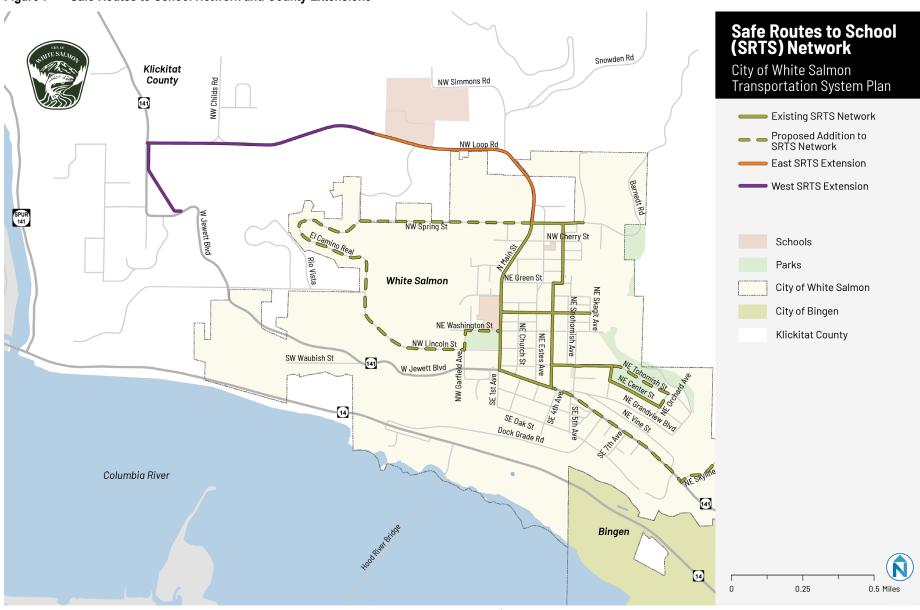


Figure 7 Safe Routes to School Network and County Extensions



City of White Salmon

White Salmon TSP "Lite" Appendix C: Project List and Maps

August 2023



| Category | Status | Source | Description | Project Name (Near-Term Projects) | On the Bike Network? Map | D Location | Final Score | Phase |
|------------------------|-------------|------------|--|---|--------------------------|---|-------------|-----------------|
| | | | Designate as bike boulevard for entire length. Add curb and | | | | | |
| | | | sidewalk west of Estes or consider pedestrian lane between | NW Spring Street Pedestrian and Bike | | | | |
| Bicycle and Pedestrian | Recommended | TSP | Country View Road and Estes. | Improvements | Yes | 1 NW Spring St from Country View to Barnedt | 35.5 | 1 - Near Term |
| - | | | Reconstruct, add sidewalk one side. Add high-visibility pedestrian | | | | | |
| | | | and bicycle crossing with curb extensions on Estes freight | Spring Street Pedestrian Improvements | | Spring St from Estes to Barnedt, and crossing | | |
| Pedestrian | Planned | STIP & TSP | corridor. | and Street Rebuild | Yes | 14 improvements at Estes and Spring | 35.0 | 1 - Near Term |
| | | | | Church Avenue Sidewalk and Street | | | | |
| Pedestrian | Planned | STIP | Reconstruct with curb on both sides and sidewalk on west side. | Rebuild | Yes | 39 Church Ave from Columbia to Jewett | 33.6 | 1 - Near Term |
| | | | Reconstruct with sidewalk on one side. Columbia between Main | Columbia Street Sidewalk and Street | | | | |
| Pedestrian | Planned | STIP | and Estes | Rebuild | No | 24 Columbia St from Main to Estes | 28.8 | 1 - Near Term |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Pedestrian | Planned | STIP | Reconstruct road and add sidewalks to both sides. | Scenic Street Sidewalk and Street Rebuild | No | 31 Scenic St from Main to Estes | 23.2 | 1 - Near Term |
| | | | | Grandview Boulevard Sidewalk and Street | | | | |
| Pedestrian | Planned | STIP | Reconstruct with sidewalk one side. | Rebuild | Yes | 7 Grandview Blvd from Pioneer to O'Keefe | 20.2 | 1 - Near Term |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Reconstruct Oak from 1st to Dock Grade with sidewalk on one | | | | | |
| | | | side. Designate as bike boulevard with shared lane marking until | Oak Street Multimodal Improvements | | Oak St from 1st to Dock Grade, 1st from Wysers to | | |
| Bicycle and Pedestrian | Planned | STIP & TSP | Dock Grade/6th. Reconstruct 2nd Ave with sidewalk on one side. | and Street Rebuild | Yes | 55 Oak, and 2nd Ave from Wyers to Oak | 16.7 | 1 - Near Term |
| | | | | Waubish Street Sidewalk and Street | | | | |
| Roadway | Planned | STIP | Reconstruct with sidewalk on south side. | Rebuild | No | 14 Waubish St from SR 141 to west end | 10.5 | 1 - Near Term |
| | | | Construct dedicated bicycle lanes with protective buffers. Green | | | | | |
| Bicycle | Recommended | TSP | stormwater infrastructure where possible instead of parking. | | Yes | 19 N Main St | 43.3 | 2 - Medium Term |
| | | | Add high-visibility pedestrian and bicycle crossing across Main. | | | | | |
| Intersection | Recommended | TSP | Repaint crossing on Cherry if needed. | | Yes | 16 Main St & Cherry St | 32.8 | 2 - Medium Term |
| | | | Designate as bike boulevard with shared lane marking and | | | | | |
| Bicycle and Pedestrian | Recommended | TSP | striped pedestrian lane. | | Yes | 18 Fields Ave | 28.1 | 2 - Medium Term |
| | | | Build new shared-use path on the south side of SR-14 and along | | | | | |
| | | | SR 141, via Oak St in Bingen, connecting Heritage Plaza to new | | | | | |
| | | | Bluff Trail crossing, riverside park, dock, and downtown White | | | | | |
| | | | Salmon to downtown Bingen. Construct planted parkway, and | | | | | |
| Bicycle and Pedestrian | Recommended | TSP | narrow travel lanes. | White Salmon-Bingen Loop Trail | No | 73 New Multi-Use Trail | 27.7 | 2 - Medium Term |
| | | | Consider a bike path on the north side adjacent to the sidewalk | | | | | |
| | | | for students bicycling to school. Consider widening existing | | | | | |
| Bicycle and Pedestrian | Recommended | TSP | asphalt shared-use path on south side. | | Yes | 5 NW Loop Rd | 26.8 | 2 - Medium Term |
| | | | Designate as bike boulevard with sidewalk or pedestrian lane on | | | | | |
| | | | one side. Provides option for pedestrians and bicyclists who | | | | | |
| Bicycle and Pedestrian | Recommended | TSP | prefer not using Jewett/141. | | | 58 NE Vine St | | 2 - Medium Term |
| Bicycle and Pedestrian | Recommended | TSP | Shared-use path. | | No | 29 SR-141 | 26.1 | 2 - Medium Term |
| | | | Reconstruct with sidewalks on both sides, and designate as bike | | | | | |
| Bicycle and Pedestrian | Recommended | TSP | boulevard. | | Yes | 22 NE Green St | 25.9 | 2 - Medium Term |
| | | | Add sidewalk on north side east of Main, consider pedestrian lane | | | | | |
| Pedestrian | Recommended | TSP | west of Main. | | No | 15 NE Cherry St | 25.5 | 2 - Medium Term |
| Dedectrian | Deserve | TCD | Add pedestrian facilities such as sidewalks or pedestrian lanes | | N | NA NUAL La sela Ch | 05.0 | 2 14 11 7 |
| Pedestrian Transit | Recommended | TSP | along the El Camino Real - Lincoln corridor. Bus stop improvements and possible relocation. | | | 34 NW Lincoln St | | 2 - Medium Term |
| Pedestrian | Recommended | TSP | Reconstruct with sidewalk and curb on both sides. | | | 30 Main St Bus Stop | | 2 - Medium Term |
| reuestiidii | Recommended | TSP | Mini traffic circle to intersect bicycle boulevard with bike facilities | | No | 36 NE Washington St | 23.6 | 2 - Medium Term |
| Intersection | Decommended | тср | on Main and act as traffic calming device. | | Vec | 12 Envine St 9 Main St | 22 5 | 2 Madium Tarre |
| Intersection | Recommended | TSP | Consider curb extensions and bike route signage. | | | 12 Spring St & Main St | | 2 - Medium Term |
| Intersection | Recommended | TSP | Freight route. Incorporate green stormwater infrastructure where | | Yes | 45 Tohomish St & Wauna Ave | 22.5 | 2 - Medium Term |
| Roadway | Pocommonded | тср | possible instead of parking. | | No | DE NE Estas Ava | 217 | 2 Madium Tama |
| Roadway | Recommended | TSP | | | No | 25 NE Estes Ave | 21.7 | 2 - Medium Term |

| | | | Create bicycle and pedestrian pathway through Firemen's Park, | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------|-------|--|-----------------------|-----|----|---|------|-----------------|
| | | | connecting to high-visibility crosswalks on Grandview and Jewett. | | | | | | |
| | | | Repaint 5th St ped crossing. Add ped-activated signal or RRFB for | | | | | | |
| Intersection | Recommended | TSP | Jewett crossing. | | Vec | FF | Jewett/141 & Grandview, Pioneer, and 5th | 21 E | 2 - Medium Term |
| Intersection | Recommended | 13P | Short-term railing on Dock Grade Rd, longer-term protected | | Yes | 22 | Jewelly 141 & Grandview, Pioneer, and 5th | 21.5 | |
| Bicycle and Pedestrian | Recommended | TSP | shared-use path. | | No | 70 | Dock Grade Rd | 21 5 | 2 - Medium Term |
| | Recommended | 135 | Repave until extent of residential settlement. Add sidepath for | | INO | 70 | | 21.5 | |
| Bicycle and Pedestrian | Recommended | TSP | walking and bicycling along one side of roadway for full extent. | | No | 41 | NW Lincoln St | 10 6 | 2 - Medium Term |
| | Recommended | 135 | Stairway/pedestrian trail proposed to connect White Salmon with | | No | 41 | | 10.0 | |
| | | | Hood River Bridgehead and the Park & Ride, with viewing | | | | | | |
| Pedestrian | Recommended | TSP | platforms and north- and south-end trailheads. | Bluff Connector Trail | No | 66 | Bluff Trail | 12.2 | 2 - Medium Term |
| Tedestrian | Recommended | 136 | Add pedestrian facilities such as sidewalks or pedestrian lanes | | NO | 00 | | 12.5 | |
| Pedestrian | Recommended | TSP | along the El Camino Real - Lincoln corridor. | | No | 17 | El Camino Real | 14.0 | 3 - Long Term |
| New connection to | Recommended | 135 | | | No | 17 | | 14.0 | 5 - Long Term |
| existing street | Recommended | TSP | Street extension between Spring St and Loop Rd. | | No | 0 | New Street | 14.0 | 3 - Long Term |
| existing street | Recommended | IJF | Designate as bike boulevard east of Estes. Fill sidewalk gaps on | | No | 5 | New Street | 14.0 | 5 - Long Term |
| Bicycle and Pedestrian | Recommended | TSP | north side. Provide wayfinding signage towards the Bike Park. | | Yes | 18 | Tohomish St | 13.7 | 3 - Long Term |
| Roadway | Planned | STIP | Chipseal paving. | | No | | Hood St | | 3 - Long Term |
| New connection to | | 5111 | Concept for new one-way multimodal road in parallel to existing | | | 20 | | 13.7 | 5 Long Term |
| existing street | Recommended | TSP | Dock Grade Road. | | No | 74 | New Street (Dock Grade Rd) | 13.3 | 3 - Long Term |
| Transit | Recommended | TSP | Bus stop improvements. | | No | | Downtown White Salmon Bus Stop | | 3 - Long Term |
| New connection to | Recommended | 131 | | | 110 | 50 | | 15.0 | 5 Long Term |
| existing street | Recommended | TSP | Street extension between Spring St and Loop Rd. | | No | 8 | New Street | 13.0 | 3 - Long Term |
| J | | | Designate as bike boulevard with shared lane markings between | | 110 | | | 10.0 | 5 Long Term |
| Bicycle | Recommended | TSP | Pioneer and Orchard. | | Yes | 59 | NE Grandview Blvd | 12 7 | 3 - Long Term |
| Intersection | Recommended | TSP | Add traffic circle to calm and control traffic access to hospital. | | No | | Jewett/141 & Skyline Dr | | 3 - Long Term |
| Intersection | Planned | WSDOT | Planned traffic circle project. | | No | | Jewett/141 & Dock Grade Rd | | 3 - Long Term |
| Intersection | Planned | WSDOT | Planned traffic circle project. | | No | | Jewett/141 & Estes Ave | | 3 - Long Term |
| | | | Add high visibility bicycle/pedestrian crosswalk across Estes on | | | | | | 5 |
| 1 | | | south side of Green, using the island median as a mid landing. | | | | | | |
| Intersection | Recommended | TSP | Consider adding pedestrian crossing signage or RRFB. | | Yes | 23 | Estes Ave & Green St | 12.0 | 3 - Long Term |
| | | | Traffic circle, potential to add RRFB to crossing with advance | | | | | | |
| Intersection | Recommended | TSP | signage on Main northbound before the curve. | | Yes | 6 | Main Ave/Loop Rd & Snowden Rd | 12.0 | 3 - Long Term |
| Intersection | Recommended | TSP | Add traffic circle to calm and control traffic access to schools. | | No | | Loop Rd & Bruin Country Rd | 12.0 | 3 - Long Term |
| | | | Add protected crossing with potential median island. High | | | | · · · | | |
| Intersection | Recommended | TSP | visibility crosswalk with signage and ped/bike-activated signal. | | Yes | 75 | Jewett/141 & Vine St | 11.7 | 3 - Long Term |
| Pedestrian | Planned | STIP | Reconstruct road, add sidewalk on east side. | | No | | Garfield Ave | | 3 - Long Term |
| Bicycle and Pedestrian | Recommended | TSP | Add separated shared-use path for students cycling to school. | | Yes | 3 | NW Simmons Rd | 11.3 | 3 - Long Term |
| Intersection | Planned | WSDOT | Crosswalk and landing across Jewett/141 at Grandview. | | No | 54 | Jewett and Grandview | 11.0 | 3 - Long Term |
| Intersection | Planned | STIP | Add traffic circle and crosswalk. | | No | 47 | Jewett and Garfield | 11.0 | 3 - Long Term |
| | | | Designate as bike boulevard. Continue sidewalk, filling gaps | | | | | | |
| Bicycle and Pedestrian | Recommended | TSP | between Washington St and Green St. | | Yes | 32 | NE Snohomish Ave | 10.3 | 3 - Long Term |
| | | | Add high-visibility crossing at the three-way stop controlled | | | | | | |
| Intersection | Recommended | TSP | intersection. | | Yes | 46 | O'Keefe Ave & Tohomish St | 10.0 | 3 - Long Term |
| New connection to | | | | | | | | | |
| existing street | Recommended | TSP | Extend SW Waubish St and formalize SW Dogwood Ln. | | No | | SW Waubish St | 10.0 | 3 - Long Term |
| Intersection | Planned | WSDOT | Hood River Bridge and SR 14 Interchange upgrade project. | | No | 72 | Hood River Bridge & SR 14 | 9.0 | 3 - Long Term |
| | | | Add traffic signal if 7th becomes connection to new parallel Dock | | | | | | |
| Intersection | Recommended | TSP | Grade Road. | | No | | Jewett/141 & 7th Ave | | 3 - Long Term |
| Intersection | Recommended | TSP | Traffic circle/roundabout. | | No | | Dock Grade Rd and SR-14 | | 3 - Long Term |
| Transit | Recommended | TSP | Bus stop improvements. | | No | 40 | Pioneer Center/Senior Services Bus Stop | 9.0 | 3 - Long Term |
| | | | Potential signalisation (full or ped-activated) of intersection. Add | | | | | | |
| Intersection | Recommended | TSP | high-visibility bike/ped crossing. | | Yes | 71 | Dock Grade Rd & Oak St | 8.0 | 3 - Long Term |

| | | | Reconstruct/repave road and add sidewalk on East side from Oak | | | |
|------------------------|-------------|------|--|-----|---------------------|-------------------|
| Pedestrian | Recommended | TSP | to Wyers. Add full sidewalk and curb on West side to Jewett. | No | 60 SE 4th Ave | 8.0 3 - Long Term |
| | | | Designate as bike boulevard with shared lane marking between | | | |
| Bicycle | Recommended | TSP | Grandview and Tohomish. | Yes | 49 NE Pioneer Pl | 8.0 3 - Long Term |
| Intersection | Recommended | TSP | Add roundabout/traffic circle to alleviate dangerous intersection. | No | 42 SR 14 & SPUR 141 | 8.0 3 - Long Term |
| New connection to | | | | | | |
| existing street | Recommended | TSP | New street connecting Main St and Spring St. | No | 10 New Street | 8.0 3 - Long Term |
| New connection to | | | | | | |
| existing street | Recommended | TSP | Extend NE Tillotson Dr to Snowdon Rd. | No | 7 NE Tillotson Dr | 8.0 3 - Long Term |
| Other | Recommended | TSP | Build a public boat dock along the river bank. | No | 78 Columbia River | 7.7 3 - Long Term |
| | | | Designate as bike boulevard with shared lane marking and | | | |
| Bicycle and Pedestrian | Recommended | TSP | striped pedestrian lane. | Yes | 63 SE 5th Ave | 7.7 3 - Long Term |
| Roadway | Planned | STIP | Reconstruct road. | No | 21 Achor Ave | 7.7 3 - Long Term |
| New connection to | | | Build new street network with sidewalks in undeveloped area with | | | |
| existing street | Recommended | TSP | residential zoning. | No | 37 New Street | 6.0 3 - Long Term |
| New connection to | | | | | | |
| existing street | Recommended | TSP | Formalize and complete Dogwood Ln to Jewett/151. | No | 35 SW Dogwood Ln | 6.0 3 - Long Term |
| New connection to | | | Build new road completing a new street network to the north and | | | |
| existing street | Recommended | TSP | west of the schools. Include bike and pedestrian facilities. | No | 2 New Street | 6.0 3 - Long Term |
| New connection to | | | Build new street network with sidewalks in undeveloped area with | | | |
| existing street | Recommended | TSP | residential zoning. | No | 27 New Street | 5.0 3 - Long Term |
| Bicycle and Pedestrian | Recommended | TSP | Add bike route with signage. | Yes | 61 NE Orchard Ave | 4.7 3 - Long Term |
| | | | Reconstruct with sidewalk and curb on north side to access | | | |
| Pedestrian | Recommended | TSP | Pioneer Park Sports Complex. | No | 56 NE Center St | 4.7 3 - Long Term |
| | | | Reconstruct with curb and sidewalk on one side and designate as | | | |
| Bicycle and Pedestrian | Recommended | TSP | bike boulevard. | Yes | 51 NE O'Keefe Ave | 4.7 3 - Long Term |
| New connection to | | | | | | |
| existing street | Recommended | TSP | Complete Snohomish Ave between Green St and Wisconsin St. | No | 20 NE Snohomish Ave | 4.7 3 - Long Term |
| New connection to | | | Build new road completing a new street network to the north and | | | |
| existing street | Recommended | TSP | west of the schools. Include bike and pedestrian facilities. | No | 1 New Street | 4.0 3 - Long Term |
| New connection to | | | Formalize and build new street connection between W Winds Rd | | | |
| existing street | Recommended | TSP | and SW Eyrie Rd via Amos Bertie Ln and Cherry Blossom Ln. | No | 28 New Street | 0.0 3 - Long Term |



Recommended & Long-Term Projects

City of White Salmon Transportation System Plan

Recommended TSP ProjectsLong-term projects

Long-term projects (not in TSP time frame)

Project Types

Linear/Corridor-Based Projects

- Bicycle
- ——— Bicycle and Pedestrian
- New connection to existing street
- —— Pedestrian
- ----- Roadway

Point-Based Projects

- Intersection
- Transit
- Other
- xx Project ID Number

Schools

Parks

City of White Salmon

City of Bingen

Klickitat County



0



CITY OF WHITE SALMON

CITY HALL

EXHIBIT 13C

March 4, 2024

Alex Pedroza, EIT 489 North 8TH Street – Suite 201 Hood River, Oregon 97031 apedroza@hrkus.com

RE: Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision WS-SEPA-2024.001 – Consistency Review

City staff have completed their consistency review of the Cherry Hills Estates Preliminary Plat application located at parcel 0310247500400 for a proposed 34-lot plat (one of which houses a detention vault). The following information is needed to make your application compliant with City development standards and agency review feedback.

Planning

1. Please amend the amended water transmission easement on Lot 8 as shown in the screenshot below:



- **2.** Please show regulated steep slopes and their buffers within the westerly edge of the southern narrow portion of the lot, as depicted by the surveyor.
 - a. If impacts to steep slopes and/or their buffers are proposed, please provide a narrative assessing the following per WSMC 18.10.413(B) and 18.10.415 (new ordinance attached), including:
 - (1) Improvements shall minimize alterations to the natural contours of the slope,
 - (2) There is no feasible alternative to realign/shift the roadway and associated grading impacts connecting NW Spring St to the plat,
 - (3) demonstration that proposed grading will not increase the threat of the geological hazard on adjacent properties,
 - (4) that any alterations contain a design to eliminate or mitigate geological



hazardous areas,

- (5) The use of a retaining wall that allows the maintenance of existing natural slopes is preferred over graded artificial slopes and
- (6) alterations are certified by a qualified geotechnical engineer or geologist licensed in the state of Washington.
- **3.** Please provide a tree protection plan per WSMC 18.40(F) and describe how grading impacts in the south end of the site (if still proposed) will be mitigated to preserve mapped heritage trees.
- 4. White Salmon recently adopted heritage tree regulations under WSMC 18.40 (ordinance attached) that are vested to this development. There are no substantive changes, save for removal of the 15-foot building setback. Per WSMC 18.40(F)(4), please show established heritage tree driplines referenced in the Braun Arboricultural Consulting LLC November 7th 2023 Report within a draft easement or face of plat with the following language:

"Dedication of a Heritage Tree Protection Easement (HTPE) conveys to the public a beneficial interest in the land within the easement. This interest includes the preservation of existing heritage tree for all purposes that benefit the public health, safety and welfare, including control of surface water and erosion, maintenance of slope stability, visual and aural buffering, and protection of plant and animal habitat. The HTPE imposes upon all present and future owners and occupiers of land subject to the easement the obligation, enforceable on behalf of the public of the city of White Salmon, to leave undisturbed all heritage trees within the easement. The heritage tree protection area may not be impacted by grading, excavation, demolition or construction without express permission from the city of White Salmon, which permission must be obtained in writing."

- **5.** Please indicate where proposed sewer and water connections will occur to the proposed plat from off-site, per WSMC 13.12.110 and 13.16.005.
- 6. Per Klickitat County Public Works Department comment filed under the Notice of Application/SEPA Optional DNS comment period (attached) and supported by WSMC 16.45, please provide a traffic access and impact study to address their requirements and determine if mitigation or design modifications are necessary at the listed intersections within the comment letter.
- 7. Per the Department of Ecology comment filed under the Notice of Application/SEPA Optional DNS comment period (attached), the applicant must show the City documentation soil sampling and cleanup requirements (if any) have occurred prior to final plat approval. Please indicate when this will be addressed, either prior to or post preliminary plat recommendation.



A re-submittal will not be accepted without both responding to all compliance items #1 - #7 and including a cover letter describing where these changes are found within the re-submittal, or under what report.

For further questions, contact Erika Castro Guzman, City Community Development/Special Project Coordinator, at 493-1133 ext. 209.

Sincerely,

City of White Salmon

Alex Capron, AICP Consultant Land-Use Planner

Encl: Ord. 2023-11-1152 (WSMC 18.10), Ord. 2023-11-1153 (WSMC 18.40), Public comments (2) received



EXHIBIT 13D

June 14, 2024

Alex Pedroza, EIT 489 North 8TH Street – Suite 201 Hood River, Oregon 97031 apedroza@hrkus.com

RE: Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision WS-SEPA-2024.001 – 2nd Consistency Review

City staff have completed their 2nd consistency review of the Cherry Hills Estates Preliminary Plat application located at parcel 0310247500400 for a proposed 34-lot plat (one of which houses a detention vault). The following information is needed to make your application compliant with City development standards and agency review feedback.

Planning

- *REPEAT COMMENT* If impacts to steep slopes and/or their buffers are proposed, please provide a narrative assessing the each of the following provisions pulled from WSMC 18.10.413(B) and 18.10.415 (new ordinance attached), including how your proposal meets the following criteria:
 - (1) Improvements shall minimize alterations to the natural contours of the slope,

a. Appears satisfied.

- (2) There is no feasible alternative to realign/shift the roadway and associated grading impacts connecting NW Spring St to the plat,
 - a. This subsection has not been addressed. Address this first. If road is shifted away from proposed 15-foot steep slope buffer, all other criteria do not need be addressed.
- (3) demonstration that proposed grading will not increase the threat of the geological hazard on adjacent properties,
 - a. This subsection ties to #6 below.
- (4) that any alterations contain a design to eliminate or mitigate geological hazardous areas,

a. Address #3 and #6 to satisfy this.

(5) The use of a retaining wall that allows the maintenance of existing natural slopes is preferred over graded artificial slopes and

a. Appears satisfied.

(6) alterations are certified by a qualified geotechnical engineer or geologist licensed in the state of Washington.



a. This subsection has not been addressed.

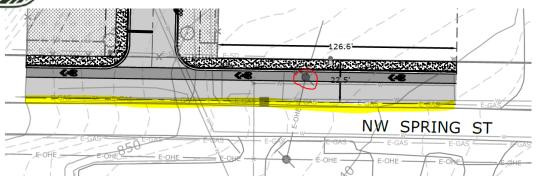
- 2. Please provide a standard draft face of plat with the proposed subdivision, including a statement from all persons having interest in subdivided land (a below), formatted City Department Head signature lines and certification statements (Public Works, Engineering, Planning, Fire; b e below) and Klickitat County Treasurer statement certifying taxes paid are up to date for face of plat, per <u>WSMC 16.60.010</u> Preliminary Plat and <u>WSMC 16.60.020</u> Final Plat. Statement lines are outlined below.
 - a. Ownership notary block. A certificate bearing the typed or printed names of all persons having an interest in the subdivided land, signed by such persons and acknowledged by them before a notary public, consenting to the subdivision of such land and reciting a dedication by them of all land shown on the plat to be dedicated for public uses and a waiver by them and their successors of all claims for damages against any governmental authority arising from the construction and maintenance of public facilities and public property within the subdivision (WSMC 16.60.020.D(7));
 - b. Fire. I hereby certify that this subdivision has been examined by me and that it contains adequate safe provisions for water supply and access for purposes of fire protection.
 - c. Engineering/City Administrator. I hereby certify that this subdivision has been reviewed and examined by me and that it conforms to the City of White Salmon standards for survey data, layout for roads, alley and easements, road names, and numbers, and other improvements as required or as applicable.
 - d. Public Works. I hereby certify that this subdivision has been examined by me and that it contains adequate provisions for water supply and sewage disposal for domestic and/or commercial use.
 - e. Planning. I hereby certify that this subdivision has been examined by me and that it conforms with the City of White Salmon Zoning Ordinance, Comprehensive Plan and any other applicable laws and/or policies.
 - f. A certification statement and signature line for the Klickitat County Treasurer should be included, as follows "I hereby certify that all taxes, and compensating taxes and/or penalties and property contained within the plat shown herein have been paid, discharged, or satisfied" per WSMC 16.60.020.D(8).

Public Works

3. A full half street improvement on NW Spring Street is required, since there is no road base, and could otherwise create failures in the sidewalk in curb (see image below).



CITY OF WHITE SALMON CITY HALL



- **4.** please re-located the existing power pole out of the proposed bike lane and onto the abutting property.
- **5.** The submitted Transportation Impact Study contains an expired PE stamp. Please submit a revised report with an up-to-date stamp, as well as address the following:
 - A. The 6-year Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) 2020 2025 is out of date, as the City has since adopted a 2023 2028 TIP.
 - B. Per the reference on page 14, the growth rate provided is inaccurate based upon current expected growth as of 2024 (5.12%). Please update.
 - C. Please confirm the LOS is accurate based upon the current version of the ITE Trip Generation Manual.
- 6. Note, while not required to be addressed for this preliminary plat application, all development must first demonstrate stormwater requirements, specifically Low Impact Development is infeasible before designing a stormwater detention vault, per WSMC 13.01.050. A geotechnical assessment (including boring pits to test soil infiltration) may be required to demonstrate whether LID is feasible. This design is due at civil site construction permit to also demonstrate no runoff goes off-site per WSMC 13.01.050(B)(1):

If the development proposes more than two thousand square feet of impervious surface, the developer shall calculate the estimated runoff volume for the design storm specified by the city official. The runoff volume shall be calculated as follows: impervious area (sf) \times 0.10 (ft) = runoff volume (cf).

A re-submittal will not be accepted without both responding to all compliance items #1 - #6 and including a cover letter describing where these changes are found within the re-submittal, or under what report.

For further questions, contact Erika Castro Guzman, City Community Development/Special Project Coordinator, at 493-1133 ext. 209.

Sincerely,



CITY OF WHITE SALMON CITY HALL

City of White Salmon

Alex Capron, AICP Consultant Land-Use Planner



EXHIBIT 14

October 16, 2024

Chair Hohensee White Salmon Planning Commission

RE: Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision – Closed Record Public Hearing – 10/23/24

City staff, City Attorney Kelly Hickock, and the City's planning consultant discussed public comment provided at the October 9th Planning Commission meeting for subdivision application WS-SUB-2024.001. As commented by the public, two outstanding comments arose, including:

- Absence of staff considering specific habitat and potential corridors as they exist today, including Mule and black-tailed deer habitat that has presence in the area (confirmed via WDFW's Priority Habitat Species Map: <u>https://geodataservices.wdfw.wa.gov/hp/phs/</u>).
- 2. Additional burden of proof on that of the City regarding project's impacts to NW Spring St, responsibilities of the applicant, existing pavement condition and roadway width, and future projects in NW Spring St. RCW 58.17.110 was referenced in public comment.

Comment #1 will be addressed as a future condition of approval regarding fence standards relating to provisions found within <u>WSMC 18.10.314</u>.

Regarding comment #2, City staff and their planning consultant recommend Planning Commission Remand this preliminary plat back to the applicant, requesting additional information of their Traffic Engineer (See exhibit 8a), as outlined in the enclosed Public Works Letter written by Public Works Director Andrew Dirks. Exhibit 8b (prepared by G&O, City's 3rd party traffic engineering reviewer) is also attached, along with all original exhibits.

No revised staff recommendation will be provided at this time until item #2 is resolved.

Sincerely,

Alex Capron, AICP Consultant Land-Use Planner

Encl: Public Works Letter to Mr. Cameron Curtis (applicant/owner) and Planning Commission Chair Hohensee



10/16/24

Mr. Cameron Curtis

Subject: Cherry Hill Subdivision.

Mr. Curtis,

I have been requested by the Planning Commission Chair Hohensee and the City's Planning Consultant Alex Capron, AICP, Senior Planner with Facet NW to give an overall status of NW Spring from my observations and excavation within the roadway. NW Spring has roughly 20' of "paved" travel width. There is no sub-base material in the roadway. It consists of oil and rock compacted on the original dirt road. It is substandard for the amount of traffic it supports, currently. It was annexed by the City in 2022 from Klickitat County in its current condition, under previous administration.

The traffic impacts of your proposed subdivision that will be accessed via NW Spring St will need to be reviewed to determine the requirements, extent, and proportionality of roadway improvements to NW Spring St. The following will need to be addressed by your traffic engineer:

- Evaluation of project construction vehicle traffic impacts to NW Spring St., including frequency, duration and anticipated size of vehicles.
- Impacts resulting from the 394 proposed trips onto NW Spring St for proposed residents, should permenant secondary access not be provided to Main St.

While future development may indicate that there is a potential for your subdivision to be accessed through the proposed Four Oaks subdivision to the east, this is not a guarantee. The above requirements will need to be addressed with this in mind and focus primarily on access from NW Spring St.

Public Works would also like to offer the flowing information that will be considered during the review of the traffic impact:

- Public Works has secured funding to replace the watermain in NW Spring St and install the N Main Booster pump station with the hopes of having the project out to bid by the end of 2024.
- As a result of the watermain project, NW Natural Gas will have to relocate their gas main within NW Spring St.
- Public Works has also applied for funding through the Transportation Improvement Board to improve NW Spring St as described in the Transportation System Plan, we expect to hear the results in Mid-May, 2025.

Because of these pending projects and applications, the timing of this development will be a factor in the final condition of NW Spring St.



CITY OF WHITE SALMON PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

Sincerely,

Andrew Dirks Public Works Director City of White Salmon



EXHIBIT 16

DATE: November 4, 2024

TO: Zach Gustin | Curtis Homes

FROM: Jenna Bogert, P.E. | DKS Associates

SUBJECT: White Salmon Cherry Hill Subdivision – Response to Comments

This letter responds to the comments received from the City of White Salmon and its consultant, Gray & Osborne, regarding the Cherry Hill Subdivision Transportation Impact Study (TIS).¹ The comments and responses are summarized below.

City Comment: The traffic impacts of your proposed subdivision that will be accessed via NW Spring St will need to be reviewed to determine the requirements, extent, and proportionality of roadway improvements to NW Spring St. The following will need to be addressed by your traffic engineer: Impacts resulting from the 394 proposed trips onto NW Spring St for proposed residents, should permanent secondary access not be provided to Main St.

DKS Response: Should access onto Main Street not be permitted, all traffic generated by the development would enter/exit the site via the access on NW Spring Street. Per Figure 3 in the TIS, this would result in most (95%) of trips traveling through the intersection of NW Spring Street/N Main Avenue. As shown in Table 5 of the TIS under the Future 2027 Build condition (which assumes roughly 80% of the project trips travel through the intersection at NW Spring Street/N Maine Avenue), drivers on Spring Street will experience an average of 11 seconds of delay when turning onto Main Avenue, which is an increase of less than half a second over the No-Build condition. Additionally, the volume-to-capacity ratio (v/c) shows that roughly 12% of the capacity of the intersection will be utilized. Based on this, it can be assumed that the average driver delay at the intersection would increase by a very minimal amount (one or two seconds) and that there would be plenty of capacity remaining at the intersection should the proposed subdivision only have access to NW Spring Street.

Gray & Osborne Comment 1: The report indicates that the subdivision will include up to 36 single-family homes, and will have a direct access onto Spring Street. As part of a future development, a second access onto Main Avenue is also discussed. The International Fire Code requires two separate access roads for subdivisions that create more than 30, one-family dwellings. The fire code official should review the subdivision and proposed future access to confirm this requirement.

DKS Response: Based on conversations with the City, the site will only be permitted to construct up to 30 single-family homes, removing the need for a second access per fire code.

¹ Cherry Hill Subdivision Transportation Impact Study, DKS Associates, July 2024.

Gray & Osborne Comment 2: The report indicates that the City is in the process of developing a Transportation Plan Lite. The TSP Lite was adopted in August 2023. We recommend updating the report to include the City's recently completed TSP and ensure coordination with TSP-listed projects.

DKS Response: A summary of recommended projects within the vicinity of the proposed subdivision are provided here, and can be found in Figure 18 of the City's TSP Lite. Project 10 is a desired through street connection between NW Spring Street and N Main Avenue; Project 11 is improved bicycle and pedestrian facilities on NW Spring Street; Project 12 is intersection improvements for pedestrians and bicyclists at NW Spring Street/N Main Avenue.

Gray & Osborne Comment 3: The report indicates that no concerns for conflicts with nearby accesses exist. We note the that Hillside Lane (private road) will be located adjacent to the proposed access. The misalignment of the proposed access and Hillside Lane may be undesirable for the City.

DKS Response: Because secondary access to the property will not be permitted, the only access to this property is via NW Spring Street, and because of the property extents, it is impossible for access to this parcel to be aligned with Hillside Lane. DKS has no conflict or safety concerns for the offset of these two access points because of the following reasons: the amount of traffic accessing Hillside Lane is very low (3-5 single-family homes), any left turns onto Hillside Lane from NW Spring Street would not conflict or overlap with left turns on NW Spring Street into the proposed Cherry Hill subdivision access, and lastly, there is no history of crashes near either access in the last 5 years.

Gray & Osborne Comment 4: The proposed connection to Main Avenue through the Four Oaks subdivision may result in a skewed or offset intersection. Future submittals related to this intersection should be reviewed.

DKS Response: See response to Gray & Osborne Comment 1.

Gray & Osborne Comment 5: The report indicates that the project frontage along Spring Street is very limited (approximately 100 feet total) and that construction of pedestrian/bicycle facilities may be impractical with in the overall project frontage. The City may wish to require the developer to consider the overall impacts to Spring Street as a result of the proposed development and require network improvements which can accommodate these impacts, outside of the limited project frontage.

DKS Response: The developer cannot be conditioned to construct or pay more than their proportionate share of their impacts to the transportation system. Any improvements or contributions to the City beyond the project frontage improvements would not be proportional to the development's impact to the street system and therefore would be an unconstitutional exaction.





EXHIBIT 16

December 5, 2024

Chair Hohensee White Salmon Planning Commission

RE: Cherry Hill Estates Subdivision – Closed Record Public Hearing – 12/11/24

City staff, city's planning consultant, city's traffic engineer consultant (G&O), and Zach Gustin, Development Manager for Curtis Homes (Applicant) met on October 21, 2024 to discuss public comment provided at the October 9th Planning Commission meeting for subdivision application WS-SUB-2024.001, as well as the October 23rd Planning Commission meeting results and direction.

The remaining issue to be addressed is in regards to NW Spring Street and its ability to meet existing residents safety needs while the subject project is constructing improvements with exclusive access via NW Spring Street.

City Staff & Planning Consultant Follow-up: The applicant has tentatively agreed to provide a Safe Routes to Schools (SRTS) path per RCW 47.04.300 and RCW 58.17.110 authorizing police powers of the city to preserve health, safety, and public welfare of surrounding properties while development occurs. Specifically, SRTS will connect to the subject site to previously agreed-upon improvements east of the flag lot entry to Main Street, separated by a rolled curb, and four-foot-wide path. Further, previous Condition of Approval (COA) #16 in the original September Staff Recommendation will be removed. Original COA #16 is provided below for reference:

16. Prior to issuance of a future building permit certificate of occupancy, frontage improvements meeting Public Works standards must be installed or bonded for at the intersection of the access road and NW Spring St and running east roughly 125 linear feet. These improvements will be required for half of NW Spring St including a 11' travel lane, 6' bike lane, and 5' sidewalk. The improvements shall join and provide a transition with the existing NW Spring St to provide safe access.

In exchange, the four-foot-wide separated shoulder will be paved to support accessibility requirements, consistent with the City's 3rd Party Traffic Engineering Consultant G&O's recommendation (see Exhibit 17). This is reflected in added COA #2, as follows:

2. Prior to breaking ground on site improvements, a 4-foot wide walking path consistent with Public Right-of-Way Access Guidelines for accessible pedestrian access along the north end of Spring Street, separated by an asphalt rolled curb or similar, must be constructed.

City staff, their planning consultant and traffic engineering consultants recommend approval



CITY OF WHITE SALMON CITY HALL

with an added SRTS COA #2, connecting the subject site to Main Street, and occurring prior to commencing site improvement installation for utilities, roadways and other public infrastructure on the subject property, or bonding for these improvements prior to final plat.

A revised Staff Report Dated December 5th, 2024 and Exhibits are made available in the City's PC meeting Packet.

Sincerely,

Alex Capron, AICP Consultant Land-Use Planner

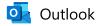


EXHIBIT 17

RE: White Salmon - Cherry Hill Subdivision - Spring Street Items

From Michael Woodkey < mwoodkey@g-o.com>

Date Tue 12/3/2024 9:29 AM

- To Alex Capron <ACapron@facetnw.com>
- Cc 'Andrew Dirks' <andrewd@ci.white-salmon.wa.us>; 'Mike Meskimen' <mmeskimen@g-o.com>

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Hi Alex,

We are available to attend on 12/11. A couple items for discussion on the proposed pathway:

1. The Public Right-of-Way Access Guidelines (PROWAG) requires walking surfaces of *accessible* pedestrian access routes to be stable, firm, and slip resistant. This generally excludes gravel surfacing, as described in the below question:

| Common Questions 🔗 | |
|---|---|
| Must accessible surfaces be paved? | |
| Concrete, asphalt, and other paved surfaces are more rel construction methods can be used to provide firm and st adequately unless it is sufficiently stabilized by binders, o repeated maintenance. | table surfaces. Loose material like gravel will not perform |

2. For pedestrian access routes with less than 60-inches of clear width, passing spaces (60-inch by 60-inch clear) must be provided at 200-ft intervals.

Given that this is a new pedestrian facilities along an existing roadway, we believe the above requirements would be applicable to construction of the pathway. We are available to meet to discuss the impacts of the above requirements prior to meeting on the 12/11.

Thanks,

Michael Woodkey, P.E. | (509) 453-4833, Ext 1404 | (509) 654-0396 Cell Gray & Osborne, Inc. | 180 Iron Horse Court, Yakima, WA 98901

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From: Alex Capron <ACapron@facetnw.com> Sent: Tuesday, November 26, 2024 5:31 PM To: Michael Woodkey <mwoodkey@g-o.com>; Mike Meskimen <mmeskimen@g-o.com> **Cc:** Andrew Dirks <andrewd@ci.white-salmon.wa.us> **Subject:** Fw: White Salmon - Cherry Hill Subdivision - Spring Street Items

Hi Michael & Mike:

Would you be able to attend the Planning Commission meeting on 12/11?

Your feedback and technical input regarding the SRTS standards (4-ft wide gravel path, ect) would be greatly appreciated by both us and PC, I'd imagine.

Development Team approach (in-consultation with Andrew) is to keep the original findings of fact and frontage improvement requirements, in addition to SRTS provisions consistent with RCW 58.17.110 (responding to public comment).

The applicant has an opportunity to question this before planning commission in the closed record hearing. See bullet #2 below.

Happy Thanksgiving!

Alex Capron, AICP (he/him/his) Senior Planner O: 425-822-5242 D: 425-650-1319

E: acapron@facetnw.com

[facetnw.com]facetnw.com

Formerly DCG/Watershed

From: Zach Gustin <<u>zachg@curtishomesllc.com</u>>
Sent: Tuesday, November 26, 2024 8:55 AM
To: Alex Capron <<u>ACapron@facetnw.com</u>>
Cc: Erika Castro-Guzman <<u>erikac@ci.white-salmon.wa.us</u>>; Andrew Dirks <<u>andrewd@whitesalmonwa.gov</u>>; Cameron
Curtis <<u>cameron@curtishomesllc.com</u>>
Subject: Re: White Salmon - Cherry Hill Subdivision - Spring Street Items

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Good morning All,

I'm reaching out to follow up on my questions in the email below which are:

- When will you be able to share the recommendation report that you'll be providing to the Planning Commission for our review,

-Whether the City of White Salmon is open to discussing removing the additional 126 lineal feet of half street improvements we'd previously agreed to in lieu of providing the walking path along the North side of Spring Street, and

- Can you share any information on the scope of work that is being proposed for the waterline and gas line replacement projects?

Also, I'm sorry to see that the request for Spring Street improvement funds didn't get approved by the Washington TIB.

Thanks for your time, and I look forward to hearing from you soon.

Best regards,

Zach

Zach Gustin Land Development Manager BUILDING A LEGACY YOU CAN LIVE IN <u>CurtisHomesllc.com</u> | 406.490.1216

CCB#188273 WA#CURTIHL901CS

On Thu, Nov 21, 2024 at 10:56 AM Zach Gustin <<u>zachg@curtishomesllc.com</u>> wrote:

Hey Alex,

I hope you're having a good week. I'm reaching out to see if you have an estimate for when you'll be sending me the memo/packet that will be presented to the Planning Commission for consideration.

Also, I wanted to share with you that I've discussed the request to include a gravel path along the North side of Spring Street to accommodate the Safe Routes needs with Cameron, and it is something he's willing to do. However, because this will add additional costs to our project for construction, we'd like to discuss eliminating the additional 126 lineal feet of offsite improvements to Spring Street that we'd previously agreed to to offset the additional costs. Is that something the City is willing to work with us on?

I'm assuming this request to eliminate the 126 lineal feet of Spring Street improvement will be less of an issue if the City is granted the TIB funds tomorrow. Fingers crossed for good news there.

Andrew, a question I have for you is; have you heard anything from NW Natural regarding their plan for the gas line relocation? If not, do you have a point of contact or work order number with them you can share with me so I can reach out to them for the information?

Thanks for your time, and I look forward to discussing these items with you all.

Best regards,

Zach

Zach Gustin Land Development Manager BUILDING A LEGACY YOU CAN LIVE IN <u>CurtisHomesllc.com</u> | 406.490.1216 On Tue, Nov 12, 2024 at 2:40 PM Zach Gustin <<u>zachg@curtishomesllc.com</u>> wrote:

Hi Alex,

Please find attached a copy of DKS' responses to Mr. Dirks' comment on the impacts to the residents of Spring Street and the Gray & Osborne comments for the Transportation Impact Study.

Thanks for your time, and I look forward to discussing DKS' responses and other project aspects tomorrow.

Best regards,

Zach

Zach Gustin Land Development Manager BUILDING A LEGACY YOU CAN LIVE IN <u>CurtisHomesllc.com</u> | 406.490.1216

CCB#188273 WA#CURTIHL901CS

On Mon, Nov 11, 2024 at 8:29 AM Zach Gustin <<u>zachg@curtishomesllc.com</u>> wrote:

Good morning Alex,

Thanks for your email. Yeah, we can make a meeting at 11am on Wednesday, the 13th, work for us.

Thanks for putting this together for us, I'll keep an eye out for the MS Teams invite.

Best regards,

Zach

Zach Gustin Land Development Manager BUILDING A LEGACY YOU CAN LIVE IN <u>CurtisHomesllc.com</u> | 406.490.1216

CCB#188273 WA#CURTIHL901CS

On Sat, Nov 9, 2024 at 4:41 PM Alex Capron <<u>ACapron@facetnw.com</u>> wrote:

Hi Zach,

Appears Michael and/or Mike, Traffic Engineers at G&O can make 11am on Wednesday, November 13th. Does that work for you?

If so, I'll send an MS Teams invite.

Thank you,

Alex Capron, AICP (he/him/his) Senior Planner O: 425-822-5242 D: 425-650-1319

E: <u>acapron@facetnw.com</u>

[facetnw.com]facetnw.com

Formerly DCG/Watershed

From: Zach Gustin <<u>zachg@curtishomesllc.com</u>>
Sent: Tuesday, November 5, 2024 8:28 AM
To: Alex Capron <<u>ACapron@facetnw.com</u>>
Cc: Cameron Curtis <<u>cameron@curtishomesllc.com</u>>; Erika Castro-Guzman <<u>erikac@ci.white-</u>
salmon.wa.us>; Michael Woodkey <<u>mwoodkey@g-o.com</u>>; Mike Meskimen <<u>mmeskimen@g-o.com</u>>;
Andrew Dirks <<u>andrewd@whitesalmonwa.gov</u>>
Subject: Re: White Salmon - Cherry Hill Subdivision - Spring Street Items

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Good morning Alex,

Thanks for the follow up, and yes please keep us in the loop on the meeting times for discussing the revised staff report. We are still working to get answers to your original questions, so please let us know if there are additional questions you'd like addressed before we meet sometime next week.

Thanks again for your time and help, and we look forward to meeting with you all.

Bests,

Zach

Zach Gustin Land Development Manager BUILDING A LEGACY YOU CAN LIVE IN <u>CurtisHomesllc.com</u> | 406.490.1216

CCB#188273 WA#CURTIHL901CS

On Mon, Nov 4, 2024 at 4:44 PM Alex Capron <<u>ACapron@facetnw.com</u>> wrote:

Hi Zach & Cameron:

Received. Thanks for that explanation.

As we approach the tentative 12/11 meeting (and 12/4 PC Packet date for a revised staff report, as necessary), it would be good to discuss. We were originally going to offer next Monday, though that's Veteran's Day so City Hall is closed. We're circulating times internally and will offer you some choices, should you be interested.

Best Regards,

Alex Capron, AICP (he/him/his) Senior Planner O: 425-822-5242 D: 425-650-1319

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Formerly DCG/Watershed

From: Zach Gustin <<u>zachg@curtishomesllc.com</u>>
Sent: Wednesday, October 30, 2024 3:42 PM
To: Alex Capron <<u>ACapron@facetnw.com</u>>; Andrew Dirks <<u>andrewd@whitesalmonwa.gov</u>>
Cc: Cameron Curtis <<u>cameron@curtishomesllc.com</u>>; Erika Castro-Guzman <<u>erikac@ci.white-salmon.wa.us</u>>
Subject: White Salmon - Cherry Hill Subdivision - Spring Street Items

You don't often get email from <u>zachg@curtishomesllc.com</u>. Learn why this is important

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Good afternoon Alex and Andrew,

I'm writing to check in with you following the last Planning Commission meeting and to share the attached letter regarding the comments in Andrew's October 16th letter to Cameron.

Also, I apologize for the delay in reaching out to connect with you. As I'm sure you're aware, it's a busy time of year for construction as the weather changes and the days get shorter.

I look forward to catching up with you to discuss the attached letter, and to start working to coordinate on our respective projects, so we can have a productive meeting with the Planning Commission on December 11th.

Thanks for your time, and best regards,

Zach

Zach Gustin Land Development Manager BUILDING A LEGACY YOU CAN LIVE IN <u>CurtisHomesllc.com</u> | 406.490.1216 CCB#188273 WA#CURTIHL901CS Hi Z